The Centre Democrat.

CHAS. R. KURTZ, - - EDITOR & PROP

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EDITORIAL.

KENTUCKY POLITICS.

tion of Kentucky nominated Senator Wm. sovereign state by revolution, assassina-Goebel as the candidate of that party for tion and military force has failed, and Governor with a full state ticket. A few must necessarily recoil upon the heads of not controlled by Judas, stood, and todissatisfied democrats, like the unsavory the perpetrators. Mr. Taylor may call day stands, for expansion-a spreading W. C. P. Breckenridge, and the adherents himself Governor for a little while, and of the principles embodied in the Decla- carrying the mails. If the mail service of the Louisville and Nashville Railroad keep possession of the capitol buildings ration of Independence, not by force, but Company, who did not like Mr. Goebel, for a time by the aid of hired men in uni- by way of a noble example. by Ex-Gov. John Young Brown for Gov- armed moonshiners and desperadoes for Christianity, and that man who unelection so close that for several weeks and so entirely void of every color of Mr. Sibley apparently has forgotten the result was in doubt. In 1896 through legality. the divisions of the democracy Gov.

The democrats had made a vigorous campaign and had fairly won but were defrauded of the fruits of their victory by these illegal and corrupt methods of the republicans and their corporation allies. They resorted to every means known to gard to the expenditure of the \$50,000,000 the law to prevent the consumation of the fraud, but the certificates of election were awarded to Mr. Taylor and his associates Of this sum \$42,500 was expended as on the republican ticket, and Gov. Bradley, his republican predecessor saw to it commission, some of whose members that Mr. Taylor was inaugurated. By this time the feeling had become so intense that the adherents of the Taylor odd thousands for cost of travel, Pulladministration boasted that if Mr. Goe- man car accommodations, carriage hire, bel would contest and succeed in obtaining a decision in his favor he would never be Governor, and in order to make good has never seen the light, the commistheir boast, they brought hundreds of sioners were supplied with fountain pens moonshiners from the "feud counties" which are also the republican strongholds of the state to reinforce the state troops who were crowding the streets of the to be accepted as a blessing ?- Post. state capitol to do the bidding of the revolutionists.

The democrats, nothing daunted, instituted their contest before the legislature, produced their evidence and in due time | was tendered a position on this commisthe committee appointed to hear the evi. sion and handled the whitewash brush Goebel the legally elected Governor, as also the democratic candidate for Lieutenant Governor. On the day the report of the committee was to be presented to mill from Loganton to his timber tract the legislature for their approval or rejec- about two miles north of that place. The street was shot down by an unknown separator on the present site of the saw person concealed in the government mill.

building, the building at the time swarming with the armed republican toughs and moonshiners from the feud counties and mountainous regions of the state. When an attempt was made to enter the building to find the assassin these armed men, in the employ of the Taylor party, prevented every attempt to seek out and arrest the murderer.

Almost simultaneous with the attempt

to murder Mr. Goebel and make good THE CENTRE DEMOCRAT will be sent one year with any one of the below named papers, at the following low rate: With Cincinnatti Weekly Enquirer - - - \$1.50 to prevent that body from adopting the New York 3-times-a-week World - - \$1.65 report of the contest committee and dethese threats, Mr. Taylor issued an report of the contest committee and declaring Mr. Goebel the legally elected Governor. This order was executed by the state troops, headed by the republican Adjutant-General, and the legislature of a sovereign state dispersed at the point of the bayonet. The legislature, however, after several attempts succeeded in avoiding the bayonets of the republican troops and hired ruffians from the mountains and declared Mr. Goebel the legally elected Governor and he was duly sworn and inaugurated, although he was mortally wounded and his death was only a question of a few hours. Gov. Goebel has since died and the Lieutenant Governor has duly qualified as Governor.

The democrats have so far kept from committing any violent acts, have acted and conducted all their proceedings strictly within the letter of the law. The law of the state has made Mr. Goebel Governor. The tribunal designated by law to determine such a contest has given judgment in his favor, and his title as Governor came to him clothed with every ceremony of the law. The Lieutenant Governor, who has qualified as Governor since the death of Governor Goebel, was declared elected by the same process, and his title to the office is equally well established. Mr. Taylor and his adherents are openly and violently resisting the legally declared result of the election, and by military force keep the legally elected chief executive of the state from exercising the functions of his office. They have by their shameless and outrageous conduct placed themselves in the attitude of revolutionists, and they must henceforth be considered in this light, and dealt with accordingly.

Kentucky, backed by the Louisville & slaughtering going on in the Philip-Last fall the Democratic State Conven- Nashville Railroad Company, to rule a nominated an independent ticket headed form calling themselves state militia and | True Americanism is but another name ernor. The republicans placed in nomi- from the fued counties of the mountainous dertakes to shoot the former into another nation a full ticket headed by Attorney- regions of the state, but he will be a people is the arch enemy of the latter, General Taylor for Governor. The con- mere disturber of the peace, and cannot and the quicker his missionary career is test was a very exciting one and the long maintain a position so revolutionary ended the better.

the power of the state government unre- requirement and will be able to maintain strictedly to defeat the democratic ticket | themselves and finally regain full control last fall. He did not scruple to make use of the machinery of the state government. of the state troops to overawe and intimi- This revival by the republicans of Kendate the voters in many sections of the tucky of the old carpetbag methods to down still rules, and His laws will not state, and especially in the City of Louis- gain control of the state government ville, and when the result, by reason of against the expressed will of the people nation on earth? his interference at the polls, was in doubt will thoroughly unite the democratic he used the machinery of the state ad- party, and in the future the democratic ministration to compel the election com- majority will be so large that republican missioners of the counties where irregu- moonshiners from the mountains and the larities had been committed by his parti- Louisville & Nashville railroad with its was the trust that furnished the sinews sans to certify the returns in favor of the hired desperadoes will not dare question of war (dollars) in '96, and they will election of Mr. Taylor and his associates the result. It is reported that Mr. Mcon the republican ticket. He accom- Kinley is apprehensive that these troubles plished his object and reversed the ver- might make the electoral vote of the state dict of the people, expressed through the doubtful. He may set his mind entirely ballot box. This illegal and revolution- at rest. There will be no doubt about the ary proceeding on the part of Gov. electoral vote of Kentucky, or any other Bradley and his adherents, urged on and southern state. All democrats will heresupported by the Louisville and Nash- after work harmoniously together for ville Railroad Company, was heralded home rule, law and order, and against all over the country as a republican vic- assassination, militarism and revolution.

COMES HIGH.

Official whitewashing comes dear in this country when on an extensive scale. It appears from a response of Secretary Gage to a resolution of Congress in rewar fund that it cost the United States \$105,144 to whitewash former Secretary compensation for the embalmed beef were also in the enjoyment of large salaries. Besides this, \$12,000 was expended for their meals, to say nothing of several etc. Although the full report of this luxurious commission, which was printed by the Government at a cost of \$18,831, costing \$12 each in order that they might make precious notes of testimony. Alger has recently pronounced William I. Bryan a "curse to the country," is he

Our townsman, Judge James A. Beaver, after declaring in the presence of Co. B. his opinion that the reports of mismangement in the war department were untrue,

Will Take the Saw Mill Site.

Andrew Knarr is removing the old saw tion, Mr. Goebel while walking along the Salona creamery will erect a cream

SIBLEY CAUTERIZED.

Democrat Digs Into the Vitals of His Recent Flop and Speech.

In the oncoming conflict of right with might, of God with Magog, of good with evil, no doubt need dwell in the minds of the people as to which side Congressman Joseph C. Sibley will be found.

The attempt being made to establish the supremacy of Baalism upon the ruins "hired man."

In joining the party of force and deception, in foisting the almighty dollar commercialism) above the Almighty God, he has won the applause of every form of privileged interest.

In a most able speech delivered upon the floor of Congress in 1895 Mr. Sibley quoted Thomas Jefferson as saying, 'banking institutions, were more dangerous than standing armies." To-day Mr. Sibley musters up gall to defend government by both standing armies and banks Standard Oil Company's bank undoubtedly prefered). To-day Mr. Sibley stands up and defends the policy of the administration in turning the destiny of this Nation over to those who strove to overthrow it in the fifties. To-day Mr. Sibley defends the administration unrepublican imperialistic policy. Lest Mr. Sibley may have forgotten why we took up arms against Spain, let me quote President McKinley's own words: "The war was undertaken, not that the United States should increase her territory, but that the oppression at our doors be stopped. This noble sentiment should continue to animate us, and we must give to the world a full demonstration of the sincerity of our purpose."

The American people, animated by their own struggles for liberty in the past, recognizing Cuba's right to be free. arose en masse and declared war against her oppressors. That same motive that impelled our people to take up arms against Spain still dwells in their breasts, and that man who undertakes to draw a line between the rights of a Filipino and a Cuban simply because the nation in declaring that "Cuba is and of right ought to be free" did not make it more sweeping by including all others who might fall into our hands is no longer fit The attempt of the republican party of to represent Americanism. If the pines is justifiable on commercial grounds then the slaying of Abel by Cain was justifiable. Democracy has ever, when

that for centuries statesmanship "for The democrats are fully aroused and revenue only" stood up and defended Bradley, a republican, was elected and, feel entirely secure in their position, sea piracy, whereby the plundering of true to the instincts of his party, he used | They are securely fortified by every legal | one nation by another was recognized a respectable vocation.

Has Mr. Sibley forgotten that the same God who ruled when Babylon, Rome and Spain (England on the road) went be changed to meet the designs of any

Mr. Sibley most ably defends the trust. Why, of course; he would be inconsistent to contend otherwise. The trust is the power behind the imperialistic throne, it again come to the rescue in 1900 with a corruption fund to which every man, woman and child in the land to day is a forced contributor.

In the fifties the battle cry of the slave trust was "extension"-more market for black men; the battle cry of the industrial trust is "expansion"-more people's backs to ride upon; the aim of both, the overthrow of republicanism; let Mr. Sibley deuy it if he dare.

Of Mr. Sibley it can truly but painfully be said: "Oh, how are the mighty fallen." "Most valiant service art thou (Mr. Sibley) rendering the cause of democracy.". Keep it up; I know of no more fit role for thee to play in the coming campaign than to allow thyself to make the tail to the Republican presidential kite. Respectfully submitted.

WILLIAM LOOSER. Greenville, Pa., Feb. 6, 1900.

CAMPAIGN DEBTS.

Banker Hepburn's letter to Secretary Gage seems to be continually bringing the answer. The bank's "great political claims, in view of what was done during the canvass of 1896" have been headed by Mr. Gage, and the coffers of this "very strong bank" have been filled to overflowing with funds from the United States Treasury. While this "very strong bank" was a United States depository prior to the receipt of this significant letter from Mr. Hepburn the government had only \$200,000 on deposit with that bank at the time, but immediately after this the deposits were gradually increasdence and make a report, heard the case, more freely than any. He no doubt ed, and in a few months the deposits of and formulated a report declaring Mr. knows how the \$105 000 was expended. the United States amounted to the enormous sum of \$24,000,000. Hepburn's letter increased the deposits by \$23,800,000 besides the bank was given the opportunity to purchase from the government the New York Custom House property at an insignificant price. This is a clear case of paying political debts with the money of the people.

CURRENT COMMENT.

Notes and Comments, Political and Otherwise, on Matters of Interest.

By Andrew J. Palm.

Our Republican friends are boasting considerably about what they call the absence of the soup house, and hold forth the idea that everybody is prosperous. It is worthy to note, however, of the republic finds in him a most able that the Republican papers of Philadelphia on the day after Christmas gave a list showing the number of persons who had been fed by charity the day before. The number fed in different places varied from 75,000 in the homes and asylums to 225 fed by the Life Line League. The total number was 110,425. It would be well in view of this not to destroy all the soup houses just yet. They will be in great demand by and by. McKinley has sent many thousands of our idle men to risk their lives in killing off our fellow men in his scheme of benevolent assimilation, but as they will all be asking for pensions by and by, it isn't much advantage after all over the soup

> The New York World has done a great work in securing a monster petition of the best men of the country urging President McKinley to offer his services toward stopping the criminal aggression of the English against the Boers in South Africa. But what does the World take McKinley for? He has no sense of consistency, and he has never been credited with courage, but lacking both consistency and courage he still has sense enough to know that if he would say to John Bull, "You are murdering innocent men in the Transvaal, let me show you how not to do Bull would quick make reply, "You're another, You began first, now quit before you begin lecturing us." Oh, no, Mr. McKinley isn't going to mention anything like that to England. He is more likely to send a commission of college professors over to learn how an Englishman can stick a lance through two prisoners at once, a bril-Hant feat that they call "pig sticking." It's so English, you know, that we ought by all means to have it.

The United States mail service now carries a letter 7,000 miles for two cents, and yet nobody is complaining that it is too cheap. The telegraph companies, however, continue right along exacting at least three times as much for their services as it is worth. There is no more reason why the government should not assume control of the telegraph than there is why it should give the mail service over to some trust or corporation. The wonder is that the Mark Hannas and Pierpont Morgans have not discovered before this that the government ought not to be troubled about the matter of at the present time were in the control of private individuals it is safe to say that the powers controlling our public affairs would see to it that the government should have nothing to do with it. They would point out the dangers of government control of the mail service, and the majority would be take enough interest in the matter to declare that private control of the public mail service should cease. public ownership of the telegraph and railroads never ought to have been given into the hands of private parties. and should be taken charge of by the government without unnecessary delay

We hear so much flapdoodle about the dear old flag, exalted patriotism, how sweet it is die for one's country etc., that one would almost be led to believe that men are anxious to give themselves a sacrifice to the god of war that they may be referred to as beroes. We find, however, that of the patriots who were so madly in love with their country that they were willing to leave the comforts of peace and civilfration to fight against Spain, 5,772 deserted. In the civil war the desertions from the Union army were 117,640. The sweetness of dying for one's country may sound well in story books, but it is the mythiest sort of myth when it comes down to actual business. The sweetness in military matters is confined exclusively to those gentlemen who draw big salaries as officers and to the shallowpated hero worshipers who seem to think that the business of destroying life and property and causing untold suffering is more worthy of honor than saving life and relieving distress. If it were not for the army contractors who grow rich by stealing from the government and the brass buttoned dudes who receive big salaries and the plaudits of the multitude the war spirit would die out in a generation. It is high time that we should either cease to hang men for committing a single murder or quit paying and teaching thousands to commit wholesale murder.

John Rockefeller, the plous man who rakes in a million dollars clear cash every two weeks, refused to appear before the industrial commission at Washington to run the risk of being asked annoying questions, condescended to write out answers to such questions as pleased him to notice. He is rich, and why shouldn't he be allowed to have his own way? Mr. Rockefeller founds a college occasionally, but the professors must take good care to teach that the earth is round or flat, according as the founder may dictate, or they will wake up some morning and find themselves out of a job. His reply to the industrial commission is simply a defense of trusts, which he de clares are a necessity as well as a good thing. He admits that they might possibly abuse their great power and charge too much for products, or they might engage in bazardous speculation but of course the Standard Oil trust wouldn't do anything of the sort. same day, however, on which Mr Rockefeller's opinion appeared in the papers the announcement was made that the price of oil had gone up three cents a gallon. This would add a million dollars a week to the the profits of the Standard. It is not surprising that Mr. Rockefeller appears as champion of the necessity and goodness of trusts, for there is no business so mean that it will not be defended by those engaged in it.



"You see, madam, Ivory Soap is really the most economical. The cake is so large that it easily divides into two cakes of the ordinary size. There is twice as much soap as you get in the usual cake of toilet soap. Then it is very economical in use, for although it lathers quickly, it is always firm and hard, even in hot water. As it floats, you can not lose it or leave it to waste in the bowl. We sell it to all of our best trade for general use."

-Special Muslin Sale now on at Aikens store, this place.

CURRENT COMMENT.

Notes and Comments, Political and Otherwise, on Matters of Interest.

By Andrew J. Palm.

Gold is to be made the standard, the only standard of value. Gold that has played the coward and traitor in every time of danger, gold that sneaked away at the first alarm of conflict in our civil war and did not come out of its hole till long after the danger was over, gold that never was true to any nation in time of dire distress brazenly comes to the front and asks to be crowned king, and the demand has been granted. Waii street's god, the golden calf, is to be set up as a fetich for the nation to worship. Great is the power of mammon. Supreme at last is the will of Wall street.

Who says that monopoly doesn't pay? The Puliman Car company has been declaring 8 per cent dividends on \$54,000,000 of stock, and in addition a present of \$18,000,000 in stock has been made to the stockholders. The stock has been watered over and over again until it is now many times the amount paid in, yet the public must pay big dividends on the whole \$54,000,000. Since the Wagner and Pullman companies have united the last hope of anything better from the Pullman company has disappeared. If this were a government of the people, by the people and for the people, something would be done, and that right speedily.

Mark Hanna is annoyed by the many suggestive cartoons in which he is made to appear as the leading man. With an air of injured innocence he declares that the position of United States senator should be one of dignity. Marcus is quite right, but unfortunately in this world, populated chiefly by sinners, of whom Mark is not the least, and what should be is not permitted to be. Senators who get their seats by bribery should be ousted and consigned to political oblivion, but instead of that they are sometimes placed at the head of their party. It is the man and not the position from which dignity must come. Some men would dignify a prison cell, while others would disgrace a throne. Marcus Aurelius Hanna doesn't belong to the first class.

The independents have been making much ado over Beveridge's speech in the senate. He was selected to go over to the Philippines because of his spouting ability and not because he is a man likely to say anything against his employer. His speech was the effort of a special pleader, and to a great extent squarely contradicts Prof. Schurman, the head of McKinley's Philippine commission. Analyzed, Beveridge's speech simply means that because the Philippines offer a good opening for American speculators and office holders and has abundant room on which to plant the American flag we should take the islands by force. All this, of course, in the name of God and destiny. Beveridge had spent months in preparing his speech and repeated it verbatim as written, yet Senator Hoar punctured his bubble in a ten minute

The man who looks for the Republican party to kill the trusts might as reasonably expect a father to murder his own offspring. The leaders of the party are sharers in the plunder of the trusts, and the policy of the party for years has been indicated by men prominent in trusts, syndicates, combinations and monopolies. The party that Imposes a high protective tariff to enable the manufacturer to sell goods to his countrymen at a higher price than he sells them abroad will never lay a straw in the way of trusts. The G. O. P. will, of course, threaten them with dreadful things in its platform to fool the rank and file, as it has done for a generation on the silver question, but do anything to curb the trusts! Never. Why the senate a few days ago killed an amendment to the census bill which proposed that the census should include information regarding trusts. Dictator McKinley and his advisers are sorry that the people know as much about trusts as they do, and he will take good care that the census doesn't add anything to their information.

Wedding Anniversaries.

1st, Iron; 5th, Wooden; 1oth, Tin; 15th, Crystal; 20th, China; 25th, Silver; 30th, Cotton; 35th, Linen; 40th, Woolen; 45th, Silk; 50th, Gold; 75th, Diamond.

Hood's Pills

Are prepared from Nature's mild laxatives, and while gentle are reliable and efficient. They

Rouse the Liver

Cure Sick Headache, Biliousness, Sour Stomach, and Constipation. Sold everywhere, 25c. per box. Prepared by C.I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

SALE REGISTER.

All Public Sale Bills Printed at This Office will be Inserted in this Column Free.

farm-four work h tle, I short horn bull, I part Jersey buil, fine ewes, 5 hogs, two horse wagon, Deer binder, Deering mower, grain drill, plo harrows, etc. Sale at 10 a.m. sharp. W scheen, auctioneer

Wednesday, February 28-L H. Wian, 3/ mile east of Bellefonte, on the Beaver farm—one fresh cow, 2 heifers—one fresh; 1 carriage, buggy, sleigh, harness, etc. Sale at 1 o'clock. Wm. A. Ishler, auct.

FRIDAY, MARCH 2-Renjamin Alkey, 1 mile east of Curtin Works. 4 horses, 7 head cattle. farm implements, barness, etc.

FRIDAY, MARCH 9-I. F. Behrer, dec'd, estate, on the S. T. Gray farm. 1 mile east of Storms-town-2 horses, 4 cows, 6 head young cattle, farm implements, etc. Thos. Huey, adm'r.

Monday, March 12-W. H. Myers, 3 miles east of Boalsburg, on Susan Potter farm-b-work horses, 3 colts, 6 mileh cows, 26 head of young cattle, 12 sheep, 20 shoats, 3 brood sows and farm implements. Wm. Goheen, auct.

MONDAY, MARCH 12-W, H. Dietz will offer at public sale at his residence in Howard at o'clock, 2 horses, 3 good cows, 5 young cattle blooded boar, two-horse wagen, drill, cultivator, carriage and householu goods. Jos. L.

Tuesday, March 13—Isaac Frain, 3 miles east of Jacksonville, in Marion township, at 9 a. m.—29 horses and colts, 4 cows, 5 young cattle, 24 Shorpshire sheep. 6 Poland China hogs and a large supply of farm implements, etc. Jos. L. Neff, auctioneer. THURSDAY, MARCH 15-Farm Stock: 5 head horses, 5 cows, 19 head young cattle 26 sheep, 13 shouts, farm fundements, etc., 3/ mile west of Pine Grove Mills, on the John F. Krebs farm by 1 F. Meyers.

farm, by J. F. Meyers. THURSDAY, MAR. H 15-Frederick Robb, of Romola, Pa., -3 horses, 3 cows, 8 head young cattle, 2 brood sows, farm implements oats and potatoes by the bushel and many other articles not mentioned here.

FRIDAY, MARCH 16-8. P. Hockman. 1½ miles porthwest of Spring Mills, on the George Krape farm-farm implements, live stock, household goods, etc., at 10 a.m.

Saturdat, March 17—J. Zeigler, Admr., will offer at public sale, at the late residence of Michael Lebkicher, at Snow Shoe Intersection, I dinner table, cook store, cooking utensils, chairs, bedsteads and springs, clock, 2 toilet sets, churn, meat stands, carpenter tools, etc., at 1 o'clock. Jos. L. Neff, Auct.

MONDAY MARCH 19-R. F. Emrick, near Nittany Station; 5 horses, 5 cows, 16 ewes, champion binder, champion mower, thresh-ing machine, farm implements, etc. A. C. McClintic, auct. Sale at 10 o'clock sharp. WEDNESDAY, MARCH 21—John Rayborn 4)2
mires north of Howard, near Romola, Curtin
township at 10 a. m., 3 horses, 5 cows, 4 head
young cattle, farm implements and other
articles not mentioned.

THURSDAY, MARCH 22-Wm. Alkey, 3 miles east of Beliefonte, on Jacksonville road, will sell 7 horses, 23 head of cattle, 25 hogs, an un-usual large selection of farm implements, 8 horse Geiser separator, etc.

Priday, March 23—H. C. Shuey will offer at public sale 5 horses, 5 cows, 2 heifers, 5 young cattle, 1 calf, 2 sows with pigs, 5 shoats, wagon, buggy, mower, binder, also a lot of house-hold goods, etc., at Fairbrook P. O., 4 miles west of Pine Grove Mills, at 10 o'clock a. m. Wm. Goheen, Auct.

SATURDAY, MARCH 24—George W. Tressler, about ½ mile north-east of Oak Hall Station, on the Baker farm—one farm horse, three mileh cows, 2 short horn bulls, 1 steer, 4 or 5 caives, 1 Poland China sow and Pigs, farm implements, etc., Sale at 1 o'lock p. m. sharp. W. M. Goheen, auctioneer.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 28-W. H. Dornblazer, of Lamar, Pa,—; arge lot of horses, cows, live stock and implements. Sale begins at 9 a. m

THURSDAY, MARCH 29-Wm. H. Long, Sr., will offer at public sale at his residence at Jacksonville, I cow, buggy, harness. Zeook stoves, parlor stoves, tables, bureaus bedroom suit, chairs, sofa, lawn mower, cupboard, tabs, carpets, bags, dishes and other articles at 10 offices.

o'clock.
FRIDAY, MARCH 30—Emanuel Musser, 14 mile east of State College, 5 work horses, 12 dairy cows, 6 heifers. Full blooded Guernsy bull, 1 Berk-hire boar, binder, mower, grain drill, dairy wagon, 4 horse wagon. Sale at 10 o'clock. Wm. Goheen, auct.

SATURDAY MARCH 31—J. P. Seibert. 4 miles west of Bellefonte, in Benner twp. on the Wm. P. Humes farm—9 horses 12 head of cattle, lot of shoats, full line of farm implements and household goods. Sale at 10 a, m