

The Centre Democrat.

CHAS. R. KURTZ, - - EDITOR & PROP

Actual, average, sworn circulation of this paper for the year ending June 30, 1899, was OVER 2300 COPIES PER WEEK.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION: Regular Price - - - - - \$1.50 per year. If paid in Advance - - - - - \$1.00

Special Club Rate: THE CENTRE DEMOCRAT will be sent one year with any one of the below named papers, at the following low rate: With Cincinnati Weekly Enquirer - - - - - \$1.50 New York 3-times-a-week World - - - - - \$1.65

Advertising: Rate 65 per inch, per year. Small space, short time, special position, extra compensation, etc., will be charged extra and estimates only given upon inspection of contract. Local notices 10 cents per line.

DEMOCRATIC STATE TICKET.

FOR STATE TREASURER, WILLIAM T. CREAMY - - - - - Columbus County. FOR SUPREME COURT JUDGE, HON. S. L. MESTREZAT - - - - - Fayette County. FOR SUPERIOR COURT JUDGE, CHARLES J. REILLY - - - - - Lycoming County.

DEMOCRATIC COUNTY TICKET.

FOR SHERIFF, CYRUS BRUMGART - - - - - Millheim. FOR TREASURER, WM. T. SPEER - - - - - Bellefonte. FOR REGISTER, A. G. ARCHER - - - - - Ferguson Twp. FOR RECORDER, J. C. HARPER - - - - - Bellefonte. FOR COMMISSIONERS, DANIEL HECKMAN - - - - - Benner Twp. PHILIP H. MEYER - - - - - Harris Twp. FOR CORONER, W. U. IRWIN - - - - - Julian. FOR AUDITORS, W. H. TIBBENS - - - - - College Twp. JOHN H. BECK - - - - - Walker Twp.

EDITORIAL.

IF the latest utterances of Andrew Carnegie are correctly reported, this administration cannot retain even a coaling station in his affections.

THE republican papers virtually call their readers fools when they talk about the prosperity caused by abundant harvest, as a result of republican rule.

GOVERNOR STONE has appointed Prof. John Hamilton and W. C. Patterson, of State College, delegates to the Farmer's Convention, to be held in Boston, Oct. 3.

IT is now said the plank in the Republican state platform, referring to the reduction of state expenditures, was adopted after the meeting had a "recess" - and was considered only as a big joke.

CHAIRMAN Rilling's appointees on the State Democratic finance committee are Colonel Jackson L. Spangler, Bellefonte; Colonel Frank J. Fitzsimmons, Scranton; W. J. Brennen, Pittsburg; R. H. Lindsay, Fayette county, and Andrew Kaul, St. Mary's, Elk county.

THE censor at Manila refused to allow a dispatch to be telegraphed, stating that thirty-six per cent of the officers and twenty-five per cent of the men of General McArthur's division were sick. The truth of the report is shown by official records, but his instructions were to "let nothing go that would hurt McKinley's Administration."

GEN. LAWTON, who led the advance against the Philippines last summer, is now quoted as declaring that "what we want is to stop this accursed war. It is time for diplomacy; time for mutual understandings." That is what some noted Englishmen told King George III, but the King could not see it until too late.

CANDIDATE Creamy is anxious to meet Candidate Barnett in joint discussion during the present campaign, but he insists that "the discussion must be confined to state issues, which are the only pertinent issues of this campaign." It is not probable that either Colonel Barnett or his managers will agree to these conditions, and consequently it is not probable that the joint discussions will take place. The republicans are not particularly interested in state issues this year.

ONE of the noticeable features of this campaign in our state is the manner in which our republican friends want to avoid the issue - they want to talk about the war over in Manila, stand by the flag, and such like. They don't want to come down to the gross mismanagement of the state under the present administration, how everything is being done to benefit Quay and his followers and strengthen their hold as a machine on the people. When a state campaign is on they want to talk about national issues, and they are wise in doing it and can fool some people from the important issue in the campaign.

WHEAT is selling in Centre county at from 55 to 65 cents, at this time the quotations for silver are 59 and 60 cents per ounce. Is this not the same old deadly parallel for the farmer? We think so, because normal conditions prevail and there is no famine abroad. Silver and wheat are keeping close pace right along and the farmer who would not believe it several years ago is realizing it now. Gold standard prices for everything he buys and short crops is what is making him feel uncomfortable. Do you notice how little the republican papers have to say about these things at present? They prefer to talk about the weather, or anything else.

TRUST AND POLITICS.

Five of the men most prominent in politics in Pennsylvania have been interviewed on the trust plank of the Democratic State platform. Three of them declare, without giving reasons, that the question is not a political one. The other two take a different view. Here are their opinions:

Governor W. A. Stone - I do not see any cause for alarm in the increase of trust organizations. * * * The question of trusts is not a political question. It may be pushed forward by political parties who have slipped and fallen on old issues, but it is not and never can be a political issue.

United States Senator Penrose - I do not consider the question of trusts a political issue at this juncture. There may be abuses which may creep in at some time in the future to lead them to figuring as such, but at the present time there is no such danger.

Ex-State Senator William H. Andrews - I do not believe that the question of trusts should figure as a political issue. I do not see how you can prevent their formation, for they are the outcome of business competition and a natural growth of the times. I believe as Governor Stone says, that they are less an evil and more a power for good than anything else. This question has been forced on us by the Democrats, but I believe their party is as much responsible for the existence of trusts as the Republican party.

Senator William Flinn - Trusts, in my judgment, are undoubtedly a political issue, for the reason that if unrestrained they will combine corporations to prevent competition, control tariff to raise prices and command transportation rebate against independent producers. How else can these matters be regulated except by legislation? You can therefore put me down as differing in toto from Governor Stone and Senator Penrose on the subject.

William T. Creamy - With combinations of capital for legitimate business purposes I have no fault to find, but against the criminal associations of wealth to create monopoly, to increase the prices of staple articles, to restrict production and destroy competition, I cannot speak too strongly.

The opinions of Stone, Penrose and Andrews is the opinion of the Republican machine in Pennsylvania, as the trio are high lieutenants in the management of the party. It is surprising that they have spoken at all on an issue so near the people, even if they have not said anything.

MEANING OF THE FLAG.

The president's declaration, in a recent speech, that "our flag does not mean one thing in the Philippines and another thing in the United States" - transparent in its sincerity and friction - calls forth varied comments. Thus the New York World:

Our flag in the United States means "government of the people, by the people, for the people." Does it mean this in the Philippines?

At home our flag means "government with the consent of the governed." Are we asking the consent of the Filipinos to "establish a government" for them, as the president puts it?

Our flag means "no taxation without representation." Mr. McKinley purposes to tax the Filipinos. Does he mean to give them a seat in our congress?

At home our flag means the supremacy of the civil over the military power. Will it signify any such thing in the Philippines for years to come, even after the inhabitants have been subjugated?

The president simply proposes to establish a government by military power. It is not the American idea - no more than Jefferson Davis was of a confederacy of splinters and sticks, always ready to tumble to atoms.

POPULISTS ALSO.

The following is the conclusion of the platform adopted by the Populists of Pennsylvania, last week, in their state convention at Philadelphia:

"As American citizens we are ashamed and humiliated by the war of 'criminal aggression' being carried on in the Philippines.

"We protest against this staining of our flag, consecrated to the cause of liberty, not of oppression; the cause of self-government, not of subjugation; emblem that we would have stand for right, not might; love, not greed; and to the President we say, Cease to make war upon the Filipinos, accord to them the right of all men born in the image of their Creator, the right to be free and govern themselves, - extend to them henceforth the hand of protection, withdraw the hand of chastisement, bring home the troops that are engaged in the un-American work of crushing a people struggling to be free.

"To an alliance with Great Britain, whose ideals, though unfortunately shared by our President, are not ours, we are strenuously opposed, as we are to entangling alliances with any foreign nation. The Monroe doctrine we would emphasize and extend it so as to embrace the Philippines, saying to monarchial Europe: Hands off the Republics of America and the Philippines, they are under our protection.

"So do we proclaim our position, as standing for a rule of love on earth, not of greed; for liberty, equality, fraternity and the brotherhood of man."

Those must be important reasons that induce President McKinley to confide the command of an army of 50,000 to a mere brigadier general, when three major generals are available. Otis may be a good man to command a small force, but the conviction is growing that he is not big enough for his place.

REAL prosperity is not when some people (the trusts) are making all the money, but when all the people are making some money.

DIFFERENCE AMONG GRANGERS.

It is often amusing to note the different views entertained by people in the same situation. Recently the Grangers of this county passed a set of resolutions severely censuring Gov. Stone and Secretary of Agriculture John Hamilton for removing Grangers from public office. The resolutions and the reply were published in this paper. The latest along the line of the controversy comes in the form of a different set of resolutions from other Granges, who do not agree with our people and evidently are working to clear the administration's skirts. The following appeared in the papers on Wednesday morning:

Harrisburg, Pa., Sept. 12. - At the recent joint session of the Pomona Granges of Blair, Bedford and Huntingdon counties, held at Marklesburg, Pa., at which National Master Mercer, State Lecturer W. B. Packard, State Secretary J. T. Allman, Member of the Executive Committee Geo. W. Oster and John T. Patton, chairman of the Finance Committee were present, resolutions were unanimously adopted indorsing Governor Stone and Professor John Hamilton, Secretary of Agriculture, and commending them for their selection of so many patrons to office under the present administration, and also in the selection of a large number of members of the grange as delegates to the Farmers' National Congress, which will convene at Boston on October 3, 1899.

QUAYITE TO BE REWARDED.

During the recent republican primaries in this county one of the most active workers against the Hasting's people was Henry Musser, of this place. He wrote and had published several severe attacks upon Gen. Hastings, and especially about the General's offer to contribute so liberally towards the Curtin Monument fund. In other ways he did all in his power to help down the Hastings element. Henry was a faithful Quay healer, and now he is about to receive his reward. There is a vacancy in the North Ward for Justice of the Peace, caused by the resignation of L. A. Shaffer, and that is to be his slice of patronage. On Monday, we are told, Ed. R. Chambers started for Harrisburg with a petition in his inside pocket, asking for the appointment of Mr. Musser to this position, and it was numerously signed by the representative Quayites of this place. No doubt by the time this paper is published Mr. Musser will have the desired appointment from Gov. Stone. There is one thing about these Quayites that we must admire, it is the manner in which they look after the welfare of those who were faithful in the "lost cause."

WILLING TOOL.

Governor Stone refuses to issue a requisition upon Governor Voorhees, of New Jersey, for the extradition of Michael J. Costello, of Philadelphia, charged with offering a bribe of \$500 to Representative Engler, of Lycoming county, to vote for the McCarrell jury bill. The Pennsylvania executive says that he cannot act until the man wanted is under arrest in New Jersey. There have been numerous instances where requisitions have been issued at Harrisburg in similar cases. The failure to arrest Costello at this time prevents his trial before the November election. This is another instance of how the Gov. uses his office to shield the corrupt Quay politicians.

TALK of an extra session of Congress is again prevalent, but President McKinley is not anxious to give an account of his stewardship any sooner than need be. Autocratic government through military strabs is much easier than trusting the people.

SOME people who claim to be on the inside think that no attorney whose first name was not "Abner" could have secured the immunity so far enjoyed by Capt. Carter, from the sentence passed on him seventeen months ago.

IT remains for the American people to say whether they are ready to abandon the principles of the Declaration of Independence, and go into the business of subduing reluctant colonies after the manner of George III.

IT is not surprising that the present day Republicans are anxious to make the people believe that the Declaration of Independence is too antiquated for present use.

Who raised the valuations? - Fisher and Riddle.

Where was this done? - All over the county.

Who put up the tax rate? - Fisher and Riddle.

How much the increase? - About one-half mill.

- Mrs. Adam Reish, of Zion, came to town on Wednesday and called to see us and renewed their subscription for the next year.

- We hear that Christ H. Murray, Esq., formerly a law student at this place, but recently located at Philadelphia, owing to bronchial troubles, moved to Colorado with his wife and child, expecting to find relief in that climate. His condition has shown little improvement since he moved there.

The doctors all tell us. "While there's life there's hope," And the politicians say, "Where there's voters there's soap."

GAME LAWS.

Dates Between Which Game May Be Legally Killed.

For the benefit of sportsmen and others interested, we publish the time in which game may be legally killed in this state. The hunting season is close at hand and this digest should be cut out and carefully consulted.

Quail and partridge, October 15 to December 15.

Pheasants, ruff grouse and prairie chicken, October 15 to December 15.

Wild turkey, October 15 to December 15.

Woodcock, month of July and October 15 to December 15.

Rail and reed bird, September 1 to November 30.

Plover, July 15 to January 1.

Geese and duck, September 1 to May 1.

Elk and deer, November 1 to November 30.

Squirrel, October 15 to December 15.

Hare and rabbit, November 1 to December 15.

No more than ten pheasants or ruff grouse, two wild turkeys, ten woodcock or fifteen quail must be killed by one person in one day, and no more than two deer in one year.

Market hunting, buying, selling and the shipment of game birds and mammals are prohibited. The killing of birds other than game birds is prohibited, Sunday gunning is prohibited. Decoys may be used in hunting duck or geese only.

All game must be shot with a gun. The penalty for hunting deer with dogs or in the waters of any stream or pond is \$100 for each offense and imprisonment of one day for each dollar of penalty imposed.

The use of ferrets in hunting game is prohibited. English and Mongolian pheasants are protected for five years from June 4, 1897. Killing, wounding or taking any game birds or animals with trap, net, snare, bird-lime, poison or drugs is prohibited.

English sparrow, kingfisher, hawk, horned owl, barred owl, green heron and night heron are not protected. Fifteen days' time is allowed after expiration of season to dispose of game.

It is always unlawful to take or attempt to take any game except by the use of guns held at arms' length. Fine \$50. To have trapped game in possession fine \$20.

Brandt-Beck.

The home of J. H. Beck, in Nittany valley, was the scene of a beautiful ceremony Wednesday noon, September 6, when that gentleman's daughter, Marie Elizabeth, became the wife of Walter E. Brandt, of Mount Joy. The bride is a former student of State College, and the groom a member of the class '99.

The interior of the house was tastefully decorated with evergreens, and a gate representing "life everlasting" hung in the folding doors, through which the bridal party passed to reach the improvised altar of laurel and greens.

The wedding march was rendered by Miss Walker, of Lock Haven. The bridal party was preceded by Misses Ruth Beck and Mary Kathryn Jackson as flower girls. The bridesmaids were Misses Grace and Helen Beck, the bride's sisters. Rev. W. K. Diehl, of St. Mark's Lutheran church, of Snydertown, officiated.

After a bountiful repast the happy pair, amidst the good wishes of the numerous friends present, left for an extended trip to the lakes. Upon their return they will reside at Mount Joy, where the groom is in business with his father.

Benner-Searson.

Married by Rev. J. F. Tallhelm, of Julian, at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Hoy in Houseville, Mr. Ira T. Benner and Miss Lillie May Searson, both of Lemont. The attendants were Miss Callie R. A. Hoy and Mr. R. R. Hoy. The bridal party appeared very attractive. The bride and Miss Hoy were dressed in pure white, carrying white roses.

The dinner, which was served immediately after the ceremony at 5 o'clock, was skillfully prepared. There were about thirty guests present, and the artist, E. E. Shuey, appeared on the scene and the portrait of the bridal party, including minister, wife and nephew, J. F. Tallhelm, Jr., were taken. We predict for the newly married couple a smooth voyage along life's journey with only a few ripples on the surface to make life seem more real.

Hoover-Gray.

On Wednesday evening Sept. 6th Grant Hoover, of Bellefonte, and Miss Annie Gray, of State College, were quietly married at the home of the bride's sister, by Rev. Noble, of the M. E. church at that place. They departed for a wedding tour to Buffalo, Niagara Falls and other points of interest.

Mr. Hoover is one of Bellefonte's hustling insurance men who has been successful in establishing a good and reliable agency at this place and now finds it advisable to have a partner share the proceeds with him. Miss Gray is an accomplished young lady and will make a most desirable companion for him. We extend our best wishes to the young couple.

HOOD'S PILLS cure Liver Ills, Biliousness, Indigestion, Headache. Easy to take, easy to operate. 25c.



Don't thee wed for money, friend; For money hath a sting; Don't thee wed a pretty face; 'Tis but a foolish thing; Don't thee wed for place nor fame; 'Twill disappoint thy hope; But when thee marries, choose a girl Who uses Ivory Soap.

IT FLOATS.

COPYRIGHT 1898 BY THE PROCTOR & GAMBLE CO. CINCINNATI

Got His Wives Mixed.

Early in this century a man named Church lost four wives, who were buried in the same lot in the old cemetery at Athol, Mass. In course of time it became necessary to remove the remains to another cemetery. The bereaved husband undertook the job himself, but in conveying the sainted dead in a furniture wagon the bones unfortunately got mixed, and when ready for reinterment he was unable to tell which was Emily and which was Hannah, etc. Being a very conscientious man, he feared it would be wrong to use the headstones, so he procured new ones, which were inscribed as follows: "Here lies Hannah Church, and probably a portion of Emily, who was born," etc. On another stone as follows: "Sacred to the memory of Emily Church, who seems to be mixed with Matilda, who was born, etc. Then followed these lines:

"Stranger, pause and drop a tear. For Emily Church lies buried here, Mixed in some perplexing manner With Mary, Matilda and probably Hannah." - Ex.

Something to do, indeed.

On Friday, our legal friend Chambers came into our sanctum smiling and handed the editor an envelope mailed from Harrisburg. At first we imagined that it was a notice from the Quay people, down there, to let up on their representatives in this locality, but such was not the case. The letter was a notice to Mr. Chambers to visit no less than sixty-seven various beneficiary institutions about the state twice a year, to investigate how they are expending the State's appropriations, and whether the same is being done according to law. Edward called for the express purpose of informing the editor that he actually has something to do for that salary of \$2100. We agree that he has an opportunity to earn his salary, if he does carefully investigate the immense expenditures made by the state to colleges, hospitals and other kindred institutions. There is no doubt but that there are a great many loopholes and much money is very extravagantly used.

EARLY OPENING

OF

Fall & Winter Clothing

For Men, Boys and Children

SEASON OF 1899 & 1900.

- Hat Opening---Men's and Women's. Neckwear Opening---Men's and Women's. Glove Opening---Men's and Women's. Handkerchief Opening---Men's and Women's. Hosiery Opening---Men's and Women's. Underwear Opening---Men's, Boys' & Children's. Umbrella and Mackintosh Opening---Men's and Women's. Opening of fine Woolens for Clothing made to order by the best cutters and tailors.

Montgomery & Co.