THE PHILIPPINE

FOLLY

What It Cost to Chase Imperial Ideas

MILLIONS

The American People are Paying Dearly For cluded in San Francisco from the mails Accumulating That Future Generations of eulogy from the influential journal. Must Face-How the Figures Stand.

ernment thus far \$63,000,000 in money and 664 in men. Besides, about 6,500 soldiers have been wounded and many times | American Nation their painful astonishthat number have been made invalids. Yet the war seems no nearer an end than it was months ago. The Americans con. trol less than 100 square miles of territory and are rapidly losing the little they possess. An army officer returned from Manila makes the astounding statement that eighty per cent. of the soldiers in the Philippiues will get pensions for dysentery and other intestinal com-

to speak, estimates that the war is costing the government about \$280,000 a day. When the entire 35,000 men are in ators, two members of the Institute, a the Philippines the daily cost will exceed rear admiral, two lawyers and a half a \$300,000. This estimate does not include | dozen others, all men of position. the extra cost of the naval forces, which will amount to \$1,370,000 for the 137 days of the war over and above the normal cost of maintaining a squadron on the Asiatic station.

The expenditures for transporting troops, equipment, supplies, subsistence, maintenance of the navy and the payment to Spain of the \$20,000,000 indemnity and other incidental costs will foot up not less than \$200,000,000, with the probabilities that this sum will be largely augmented by indefinite campaigning. This enormous cost has practically resulted in no material gain for the United States. The Americans have outposts strongly intrenched as far north as San Fernando, to the south twenty miles and to the east about seven miles. This is not a continuous line, as the rebels often break through.

The military jurisdiction of the United States, extremely limited about Manila, is more so in Cavite province, having a population of 133,926 more inhabitants than Manila province has. Cagayan province, north of Manila, has a population of 112,357 and has never been entered by American troops. The same is true of Ilocos Norte province, in the northwest, with a population of 156,000; Albay province in the southeast, population 296,850, and Batangas province, population 212,000. Of the twenty-seven provinces of Luzon not more than four have been entered by American troops.

The American forces have landed only on some of the other islands, Mindana, Balabac, Mindoro, Paragua, Panay, Cebu and Negros, where they are compelled to remain in fortified cities. From this it will appear that the military jurisdiction of the United States is nil in the Philippines except in the immediate vicinity of Manila. It does not extend even as far as did that of the Spanish forces. In addition to this is the island of Sulu. and it is not known how the sultan of that island feels toward the United States, no American force having attempted to occupy the country.

GIANT STEEL ORDERS.

Russia's Mammoth Contract to Carnegie For Steel Rails.

The Carnegie Steel company recently signed a contract with the Russian gov-

the next 26 months 180,000 tons of steel | at Roland. It has been idle for 12 years.

highest quoted this year. pany has an order aggregating \$4,500.- now for about twelve years. 000, which has never been surpassed in the history of the steel trade.

Taking an So-pound rail as the standsented will be that much greater.

Struck by a Train.

Charles Heimer was struck by an engine on the Beech Creek road at Beech Creek, Saturday morning, while returning from taking his cow to pasture. Mr. Heimer heard a train coming and supposing that it was on the main track. stepped onto the other track, and was struck by the locomotive. His injuries consist of several ribs being loosened from the backbone, the half of his left foot cut off, right leg bruised and internal injuries.

AN APPEAL TO AMERICANS.

Islanders Alone.

Frenchmen Ask Us to Let the Philippine

The newspaper articles appearing almost daily in Paris are exceedingly friendly to the Philippines. There is tendency to arraign the United States. BEING EXPENDED The anti-expansion pamphlets written by Edward Atkinson, of Boston, and ex-McKinley's Expansion-Immense Debt to Manila, received over half a column

Saturday a body styling itself the "Committee of Protection and Defeuse of The Philippine war has cost the gov- the Native Races" publishes this formal

"The undersigned express to the North ment caused by the conduct of the Federal Government towards the inhabitants of Philippines. They had supposed that the noble citizens of the United States would recognize in the Filipinos the right of disposing of themselves as they best see fit, a right which the Americans themselves used so well 120 years ago. We can understand them making war to deliver the oppressed, but not to become in turn the oppressors. The committee hopes that the descendants of the companions of Washington will not suffer themselves longer to be misled by per-An officer of high rank, well qualified sons interested in the imposition of policy of adventure and violence."

This declaration is signed by two sen-

REVENUES OF HAVANA.

Receipts in Five Months Exceed Those of Two Years Under Spanish Rule,

The Administration Economica, which is charged with the disbursement of the finances of the provisional government of Havana and the province, publishes to May, inclusive, the receipts were \$763,194 and the expenses \$178,228, the balance being cash on hand. This causes general astonishment among the for what they do the merchants and Cubans, and is unprecedented in the history of Havana. Never before have the figures been published openly. The officials formerly merely made semiofficial statements, which were not itemized. No two years of the Spanish regime have yielded as much as the past five

The English La Lucha, in an editorial based on this fact, says the Cubaus and dust or a cake or two of baking chocolate Americans are watching the results of at a time. Some of the employees of military rule, recognizing the immense another of the railroads monthly send influence which will be exerted in the groceries, and we know this to be true of work for the big mackine and a mile in future political struggle by the present

"The greatest praise is due to the Americans here at this evidence of their intent to maintain methods of the strict-

THE CANTEEN WILL STAY.

Matter Settled So Far as the War Department is Concerned.

With regard to the question of the have the advantage of inspecting the maintenance of canteens at United States | goods before you buy. army posts the Acting Secretary of War decided Friday so far as the department is concerned the matter is settled in favor other person, must pay their full share of of maintaining the present system.

When the subject was brought up by the case of the Camp Meade canteen the matter was thoroughly investigated by the department and reports from officers in all branches of the service showed that from every standpoint the army canteen, as now operated, is infinitely better for the interests of the soldier than the old system of post traders and low groggeries on the outskirts of the posts.

Deal for the Old Curtin Furnace.

During the past few days J. M. Warner, of Philadelphia, a member of the ernment, in Philadelphia, for the largest | iron firm of Rodgers, Brown & Co., and | whether dry goods or groceryman, is exorder of steel ever made in the history of Walter Kennedy, of Pittsburg, of the Empire Steel & Iron Company, have The Carnegie company has agreed to been in Bellefonte closing a deal for the deliver to the Russian government within lease of the old Curtin charcoal furnace

rails, at a price that is said to be the This plant is the oldest in Centre county, and probably in the state, having It is safe to say that the price is not originally been built in 1817 by Roland less than \$25 per ton, at the mill. Such Curtin, father of the "War Governor," being the case, the Carnegie Steel com- and rebuilt in the '40s. It has been idle

Injured by a Fall.

Christ Parker, of Phoenixville, who ard, it means that the Carnegie company | was one of the workmen who came here will supply about 1300 miles of railroad, to assist in the erection of the large iron although it is doubtful if such a heavy bridge had a serious fall last Saturday. rail will be used for this traffic, and a He was on the top of one of the piers 60-pound rail is usually used in building drawing a burr with a wrench. The new railroads, so that the mileage repre- thread slipped causing him to loose his balance and he plunged down into the creek. His face had a severe gash, his right arm broken and the other sprained. He is a man of about 70 years and very active. He is getting along nicely from his injuries.

Altoona Glass Works. The establishment of a glass works inboard of trade having received subscripcessful venture. Work on the new plant preference to buying from a neighboring as county commissioner and was a deleis expected to begin in a few weeks.

SOME TIMELY

ADVICE

Why You Should Patronize Home Institutions

TAKE CARE OF BELLEFONTE.

burg and New York-Obligations that Many Forget.

The following communication was submitted to us by a prominent citizen of Bellefonte, who is not interested or engaged in any mercantile business. It is so meritorious as to receive a prominent position in these columns:

STAND BY BELLEFONTE.

EDITOR DEMOCRAT: Now, that we have every prospect of a good boom for our town, it may not be out of place to say a word for the benefit of our merchants, and those who conduct our other and around Bellefonte, would be more considerate of their home merchants, it would be better for the town and dull times would be almost, if not altogether, unknown among us.

Some time ago the Watchman made a commendable effort to ascertain why so many of our women buy their needed goods in Philadelphia in place of Bellefonte. Those who attempted to give a reason, to our mind, only demonstrated that they were too lazy to go to our stores to ascertain what they had for sale that they might need.

Let us put this in another light. When railroads were to be built, or the glass works put upon a basis upon which they could be operated, or a lock factory started, no class of people contributed more liberally than our merchants. They the statement showing that from January | did this, no doubt, for a two-fold purpose. One is to create trade for themselves, the other to help the public by providing employment for a large number of work. men. All this is to be commended, and other business interests of the town should be remembered by the railroads, especially their employees and the employees of every industry or manufactory about town when buying time comes. To put it a little more direct : We know of persons engaged on some of the railroads, which were helped much by the business men of town, who send to Philadelphia for all their groceries and household goods even though they do manufactories about town. There are ing. families in this town who buy everything in the dry goods line, even down to their thread, at Mr. Wanamakers.

We do not deny that these people may do this if they so desire, but is it right? In doing so they turn away from the very men who helped them. Beside that, the very articles they send away and pay cash for can be bought at any of our home groceries and dry goods stores for the same money, cash, and you

The merchants and business men of the town are entitled to the support of all classes of our people. They, like every taxes and thus contribute to the keeping up of the town, its streets, schools and everything else of a public nature. The money sent away from town, that could with all reason and just as conveniently, and much more profitably, be left with our own merchants would help much to advance the welfare and happiness of the community, and if there is any profit in it they should have it in preference to Mr. Wanamaker or the groceries of Philadelphia and Pittsburg. There are still other considerations which should impel our people, and especially those who are employed in our manufactories, shops or furnaces to buy all their supplies from our home merchants. The time always comes when these factories must, for a time, be idle. Then the home merchants, pected to furnish supplies on credit. When you have the cash go to them and when you don't have they will be under obligations to give credit.

Will our people give heed to these suggestions? We doubt it; and yet they should cheerfully and freely. The glass works would not have been successfully operated for the last three years but for the contributions made by our merchants and business men. Why should not the men engaged in these works buy all their supplies in Bellefonte, especially when it can be done as cheaply, and the articles be just as good as if bought at ome wholesale house in Philadelphia or Pittsburg.

These suggestions are made to help the town and everybody in it. Stand by there were but three varieties known. Bellefonte, her merchants and her indus

CITIZEN.

The Democrat can heartily endorse the above, which is so direct and appropriate that further comment in that line is useless. But one fact presents itself to us in this connection, that deserves attention.

The editor of this paper has often heard various merchants of Bellefonte complain of the immense amount of merchandise, purchased by local consumers, outside of town. True it is, they have dustry in Altoona is now assured, the cause to complain. At the same time many of our merchants are guilty of a tions for over \$25,000 worth of stock, the similar practice—send out of town for amount necessary to guarantee for suc- those goods which they do not handle, in of the Union county committee, served for railroad ballasting. Fifty men will merchant. We have set down and pa. gate to the Chicago convention in 1896.

tiently listened to merchants plaintively relate their tale of woe about lack of home patronage and urge us to tear such and such a party up the back, when the same merchants got all their printing, such as envelopes, letter heads, statements, bill heads and other commercial stationery done away from Bellefontethat is how consistent some of these business men are. Then, strangest of all, many of the employees in our various Keep Your Cash in Your Community-The printing offices in Bellefonte, knowing Mistake in Doing Your Buying in Pitts- these facts, are thoughtless enough to carry their cash to the counters of the very store keepers who least patronize the home printer-forget the friends who indirectly give them employment. That is the way it goes. Most of us are thoughtless, inconsiderate and ungrateful in matters that are worthy of more

FIREMEN AT TYRONE.

The firemen and citizens of Tyrone are preparing for the seventh annual convention of the Volunteer Firemen of Pennsylvania, to be held in Tyrone, business interests. If the consumers, in Thursday and Friday, August 10th and

The delegate convention will be held Thursday afternoon, when all the formal business of the association will be trans-

Friday afternoon will be spectacula: exciting and entertaining. A parade of all visiting firemen will be held, moving at 1 o'clock. Immediately afterward the steamer contest will take place for a first prize of \$50 and a second prize of \$25. The races will also take place Friday afternoon, and special prizes will be awarded for the races and events.

The Central District association is composed of volunteer firemen of Centre and Clearfield counties, and Tyrone and Bellwood in Blair county. The present officers are: President, W. W. Carns, Tyrone; vice president, T. C. Waltz, Bellefonte, and A. W. Baird, Osceola Mills; secretary, John C. Barclay, Clearfield; treasurer, E. W. Gray, DuBois.

A Mile in Thirty-Eight Seconds.

The first big class E-1 locomotive, built at the Juniata shops, made its first long run last week, when it left Altoona for New Jersey. On its trip over the middle division the speed of the new flyer was tested and it made a mile in thirtyeight seconds. Puffing along at the rate men engaged in at least some of the fifty seconds was made without half try-

No Grip on Luzen.

In our campaign in the Philippines, territorially we do not hold more than enough of ground to camp in and give the army mules pasturage. From a military point of view we are little better off than we were at the beginning of the war. We occupy Manila and defend without decisive results an area of country that extends our lines only to weaken Hail Stones Weighed Two and a Half Ounces them .- Times.

Strike Sends Price Up.

to the strike among the miners in the until the hail, which lay three feet deep have cowless milk. Clearfield region. It is predicted that on the tracks, could be shoveled off. there will be a still further advance. in the strike situation.

nesday, June 14th, at Wm. Hoy's near picked up. Houserville, Centre county, Pa., by Rev. W. H. Mattern, of Stormstown. The contracting parties were George W. Sarson and Minnie S. Bubb. The house was stroyed and all skylights and 2,000 winhandsomely decorated for the occasion dow glasses were broken. and a large number of guests were in at-

Raises "Long Johns."

Wreck Near Julian.

While No. 58 freight train was coming Tuesday morning, eight loaded coal cars | will get theirs in full. were piled up and strewn over the track about two miles west of Julian. The tracks were blocked from 10:30 until late in the afternoon. Passengers on trains were transfered.

Thomas C. Barber Dead.

Thomas C. Barber, a prominent Democratic politician, died at Mifflinburg Tuesday after a lingering illness. Mr. Barber was for several terms chairman

HYDROPHOBIA AMONG CATTLE

A Number Bitten and the Disease Developed

A CHILD'S NARROW ESCAPE

Farmers Up Buffalo Run are Alarmed-A Horse Killed-A Large Bull Grows Vicious-Peculiar Symptoms of Cattle When the Disease Develops.

There are numerous cases of hydrophobia in the county and people are on the lookout for dogs showing these symptoms. In order to get the correct condition of matters Dr. John Bilger, the veterinary surgeon, was seen and he furnished the following information:

Some weeks ago a dog came to the home of Geo. Confer, who lives on the Butler farm, along Marsh Creek, and it appeared to be mad. Mr. Confer was in the act of hitching up his horse when he saw the dog coming towards him. He play base ball in a uniform. yelled and struck at the brute which turned aside and then leaped up and bit his horse in the nose. From there it went to the fields and bit several young cattle in the herd. In exactly twenty days after this occurrence, the horse took sick, became feverish and violent, and died soon after. A fine young heifer also himself busy looking for work. took sick. At first the cattle became stuped, and would separate from the marriage it is a wedding check. herd, occasionally grazing. They are subject to frequent spasms, become vicious and attack other cattle, blow, bellow and are in the habit of doing much smelling or scenting. This heifer at times displayed symptoms of paralysis. Some other of Confers cattle, it is feared, may take the same course and to marry a rake with the hay fever. are under treatment.

Hydrophobia broke out on the farm of Wm. Lowry, up Buffalo Run. May 29th, a rabid cur came to his place and bit a lot of his cattle and came to his house where it snapped at his child, and fortunately the teeth only penetrated the child's sleeve. Then it got in a tussle with Mr. Lowry's dog and started off. Mr. Lowry at once killed his dog. but the vicious canine got away. About nut. twenty days after his cattle developed hydrophobia and up to this time one died, one was killed and one is sick.

A bull owned by Samuel Emerick, who ives above Snow Shoe Intersection developed hydrophobia and became extremely violent. It was penned up. On Sunday it was decided best to kill the animal as it was in a terrible condition. The brain of this animal was removed and sent to the State Veterinary at Harrisburg, for examination.

Dr. Bilger attended all the above cattle and was acquainted with the facts as

HELD UP A TRAIN.

at Selin's Grove.

At Selins Grove on Saturday a terrible of "two souls with but a single thought." storm was the cause of a number of Bituminous coal has been advanced in strange events. Train No. 6, on the

Two weeks ago it jumped to \$1.90 on the which fell in this place and used it to in the collection. He watched the ushers strength of a rumor that there would be freeze ice cream. Several boys who were for a time, then whispered to his father : a strike. There is practically no change bathing were severely bruised and cut "Papa, mor'n half the folks has got in about the head and body before they free!" could get to shelter. Many hail stones over two inches in diameter and weigh-A very pretty wedding took place Wed- ing over two and one-half ounces were

The storm centered over this place. and was about two miles in width. All vegetation in its path was entirely de-

School Fund Payment.

State Treasurer Beacom expects to pursue the same policy this year that he did A Clearfield county farmer is still last in the distribution. His plan is to raising the same kind of potatoes he first | pay to each district its share of the fund planted when he settled in that county as soon as it can be made to appear to 54 years ago. "Long John" is the variety, him that the district is in actual need of and the farmer, who is now 84 years old, the money. There is only \$1,000,000 in still thinks it is the best tuber grown. At the general fund and this balance the the time he began to raise these potatoes treasurer expects to increase to \$3,000,-000 by September 1, when the active payment of the appropriation will begin. Philadelphia, Pittsburg and other large districts will receive their share in ineast on the Bald Eagle Valley railroad stallments, while the smaller districts

Nicholes Buys Cannon.

Czar Nicholas, of Russia, has ordered \$6,000,000 of 6 and 12-pounder quickfiring cannon of the American Ordnance company of Bridgeport, Conn.; also 1,600 cassons and limbers.

Stone Quarries at Salona.

The stone quarries at Salona started Monday on a big order for crushing stone

FACT, FUN AND FANCY.

Bright, Sparkling Paragraphs-Selected and Original.

A Batter-v.

When electric motors go like mad, A tearing round the block, The man who's hit will feel he's had A real electric shock.

A good by word-"Adieu."

A kind word to the cook never spoils the dinner.

Ought a prize-fighter to have a slug-gish disposition?

An unbridled passion sometimes leads

to the halter. The evil that men do is soon forgotten

by themselves. A Kansas editor refers to an Indian as

a copper-faced type. The only thing that gives weight to a fish story is the scales.

Don't judge a man by the fit of his coat; it may be a borrowed one.

There is no sympathy between a proud mind and a beggar's purse. A small boy's idea of greatness is to

The heiress to a million need not doubt

that she has an ideal figure. All corkers do not come from Cork, nor

all "greasers" from Greece. Bicycling can't be so bad when it keeps riders in the right path.

When a man is out of a job he can keep When a girl declines a proposal of

Beauty is nature's first gift to woman, and it is the first one she loses.

The more fickle a woman is the more it

seems to hurt her when told of it. The domestic who builds air castles

must be partial to light housework. A grass widow would be green indeed

The darkest cloud, financially speaking, is one that has no silver lining.

It requires a good deal of thrashing to get all the wild oats out of some boys.

It's some consolation to find yourself at the bottom of the ladder when it breaks. Two slender persons many be great friends, though but slight acquaintances. The old saying that "Money makes the mare go" is something of a horse chest-

A girl never objects to the cold treatment of a young man who orders ice

The man who doesn't put his hand to the plow will get none of the plow-

shares. A girl is all right until she gets womanish and a woman is all right until she

Kidnapper Barrow tried to dodge behind Adam's old excuse. He blamed it on the woman.

There are some things in this world that no man is able to find out, but it's

different with a woman. Mr. Fitzsimmons probably is the only man who ever managed to swallow \$37,-

000 worth of knock-out drops. When a backelor and a spinster studiously avoid matrimony it is another case

Wireless telegraphy, chainless bicycles. boneless ham. First thing we know we the eastern market to \$2.05 a ton, owing Northern Central railroad, was held up shall have hairless butter. We already

A little fellow went to church last Sun-A number of persons gathered the hail day morning and was greatly interested

Wonderful Number 4.

There are 4 cardinal points, 4 winds, 4 quarters of the moon, 4 seasons, 4 figures in the quadrille, 4 rules in arithmetic, 4 suits of cards, 4 quarters to the hour, 4 legs for furniture, most animals go on four legs; the dead are placed between 4 planks, the prisoner between 4 walls. We have 4 incisors and 4 canine teeth and our forks have 4 prongs; all animals, when butchered, are cut into 4 quarters. The violin, greatest of musical instruments, has but 4 strings. Four of a kind is a pretty good hand at poker, even if they are only 4's. There are 4 great continents; every great railway has 4 tracks; when we grow old we have 4 eyes; every room has 4 corners and 4 sides-the inside, the outside, the right side and the wrong side. Poor, indeed, is the man who hasn't \$4.

Courting at Howard.

A young man not many miles from this place is raising a mustache and he did not like the color of it. The other night he blackened it with stove polish and then courted his best girl. The next morning her face looked like the map of Centre county with railroads running from her mouth to her ears .- Howard Hustler.

Will Never be a Success.

A boy who is a success at rolling and smoking cigarettes will never be a success at anything else, and the day is not very far distant when the cigarette fiend counting room in the land.