

SHELLING TRENCHES.

Army Gunboats Bombarded the Philippines Rebels.

MUTINY OF LUNA'S SOLDIERS.

A Battle Between Two Branches of the Filipino Army Averted at the Last Moment by Aguinaldo Ordering a Court Martial.

Manila, May 9.—The army gunboats Laguna de Bay and Covadonga have had a series of hot fights with the rebels along the San Fernando river, which flows through the province of Pampanga.

They left Manila on Sunday and crossed Manila bay, to open up communication by water with General MacArthur's army at the front.

Proceeding up the river they discovered bamboo obstructions in the channel and the shores lined with trenches.

All the rapid fire guns on the two boats were turned upon the rebel positions. Filipino sharpshooters made a few ineffectual attempts to pick off men on the decks, and then fled from their defenses. Many dead were left in the trenches.

Another stand was made at the village of Sepmoan, which was shelled and destroyed by the gunboats. Obstructions in the river were then removed, and the Laguna de Bay and her consort continued up the river, shelling more shore trenches en route.

A Filipino force fired upon the boats from the town of Guagua, which was then shelled and captured. The town had been partly burned by insurgents on the approach of the Americans, and is now occupied by our troops.

An insurgent launch at Guagua was destroyed in the fight. An inspection of the town graveyard showed 400 newly made insurgent graves.

Jose Infante, the Mezillo governor of Guagua under the so-called Filipino republic, was still at the post when the Americans arrived and did not attempt to escape. He informed the invaders that 500 armed insurgents retreated to Bacolor upon hearing the cannonading.

From 5,000 to 8,000 natives, the governor said, had been killed since the beginning of the rebellion.

He furnished the first authentic confirmation of the report that General Luna had been seriously wounded. The general was shot both in the shoulders and abdomen at the battle of San Tomas.

There were no casualties on the American side in the gunboats' running fight along the river.

Bacolor will be the next center of the American operations. A force of several thousand Filipinos has gathered there, with the intention, it is believed, of flanking General MacArthur's left and diverting his movements against the Filipino army to the northward.

The demoralization of the Filipino army has culminated in an open revolt by General Mascardo and his 6,000 men against General Luna, second only to Aguinaldo in command. Mascardo refused to accept orders from Luna, and there was almost a battle between the two Filipino armies. Finally the controversy was submitted to Aguinaldo, who ordered a court martial.

The capture of Balbog, Macabale, San Tomas, Minalin and some small villages was effected last week with trifling losses to the Americans, and the week ended up with the capture of San Fernando. Lawton's next move will be the capture of Bacolor, where the rebel General Mascardo and his 6,000 troops are located.

Colonel Manuel Arguelles and Lieutenant Jose Bernal, of the Filipino army, came in under a flag of truce three days last week and conferred with General Otis. They urged a cessation of hostilities until the Filipino congress could be assembled. General Otis, however, insisted upon an unconditional surrender.

ADMIRAL DEWEY'S WELCOME. New Yorkers Propose to Make It a Record Breaker.

New York, May 10.—At a meeting of the board of aldermen yesterday an enthusiastic resolution calling for an official reception to Admiral Dewey upon his arrival in this city was adopted unanimously.

It is proposed to make Admiral Dewey's welcome to New York a record breaker. A \$100 a plate banquet at the Waldorf-Astoria will be one of the big features of the day. Alfred Chasaud, who is the secretary of the banquet committee, as at present projected, sees the way clear to its being a \$30,000 feast, but if the committee accedes—as it undoubtedly will—to the suggestion that it combine with the civic committee in making the banquet part of the city's official program, at least 1,000 will be ready to take part in a \$100,000 festivity.

Comptroller Foster says the city should give Admiral Dewey such a reception as a hero never had before, and President of Council Randolph C. Guggenheimer insists that there should be no sparing of money nor pains to make the reception a grand and memorable affair. And when these two officials are so unreserved in their utterances it is safe to assume that the mayor is of the same mind, and is only restrained from a similar declaration by his unfeeling custom of silence until the time for his official action arrives.

Secretary Chasaud has in his possession the admiral's letter of acceptance. He has had it framed. The admiral simply expresses his pleasure at receiving the invitation, and in accepting it says he cannot say when he will be able to leave Manila.

Bride and Groom Asphyxiated. Philadelphia, May 10.—William C. Binz, aged 25, and his wife, Henrietta, aged 21, were yesterday found suffocated from illuminating gas in their room at their home, 2561 Hancock street. Two gas burners in the room were turned on full head. The young couple were married in September last, and their brief married life had been extremely happy. It is believed that Binz, who was a somnambulist, turned on the gas in his sleep.

ADMIRAL DEWEY'S SUCCESSOR.

Rear Admiral Watson Selected to Command the Asiatic Squadron.

Washington, May 9.—The navy department has selected a successor to Admiral Dewey to command the Asiatic station. Orders were issued yesterday detaching Rear Admiral Watson from command of the Mare



REAR ADMIRAL WATSON.

Island navy yard and ordering him to report to Admiral Dewey at Manila, to relieve that officer when he feels that he can be spared there. Rear Admiral Kempff, at present on waiting orders, has been ordered to succeed Admiral Watson in command of the Mare Island navy yard.

MOLINEUX RELEASED.

Mrs. Adams' Alleged Murderer Re-arrested on Another Charge.

New York, May 10.—Roland Burnham Molineux, who has spent several weeks in the Tombs prison, charged with the murder of Mrs. Kate J. Adams, was discharged yesterday afternoon, the grand jury having failed to re-indict him, and was immediately arrested on a warrant charging him with sending cyanide of mercury to Harry Cornish.

The grand jury, which had been considering the Molineux case for several days, came into court and announced to Judge McMahon that the charge against Molineux had been considered and dismissed. Molineux was at once brought into court. When he arrived before the bar Judge McMahon asked:

"Is there any further charge against the prisoner?"

"There is no existing charge," said Assistant District Attorney Blumenthal.

"Discharged," said the judge, abruptly.

Molineux and his counsel, Mr. Weeks, at once left the courtroom, but were met at the door by a detective, who arrested Molineux on the Cornish charge. He was taken before Judge Jerome, who continued the case until today, Molineux being released on \$10,000 bail.

Clever Capture of Cuban Bandits.

Santiago de Cuba, May 10.—Maurice Baldwin, an American newspaper correspondent, and three Cuban companions were attacked near Bayamo by seven bandits. Mr. Baldwin made a feint as though soldiers were approaching, and so distracted the attention of the bandits. Then he and his companions quickly covered the bandits and ordered them to drop their arms. One of the bandits, resisting, was wounded in the leg. The entire party of seven was captured and turned over to the gendarmes. Two of the captured bandits have been recognized as recent employes of the government.

The Adulteration of Food.

Chicago, May 10.—Freeze, preservative, em, rosoline and laktone are things few people know of, but that they take these adulterants into their stomachs was stated by Professor A. S. Mitchell, analytical chemist of the Wisconsin dairy and food commission, to the senatorial committee on pure food investigation yesterday.

"The use of antiseptics as preservatives," said Professor Mitchell, "has become alarmingly great. They are used as coloring and to stop the development of germs in dairy products, also in chopped meats, bulkey steers, fish, hams and possibly corned beef."

General Henry Homeward Bound.

San Juan, Porto Rico, May 10.—Major General Guy V. Henry, the retiring governor general of Porto Rico, left for the United States yesterday on board the United States transport McPherson. His departure was attended with lively and affecting demonstrations, participated in by school children, large crowds of citizens and delegations from surrounding towns. General Henry and Mrs. Henry were presented with a portrait of the former and received many other gifts and testimonials of affection. He was visibly affected by the unmistakable tokens of good will.

Italy Is Not Sending Criminals Here.

Washington, May 10.—An authoritative statement was made yesterday to correct the widely published report that the Italian government was encouraging the sending of released convicts and all manner of criminals to the United States. Official information shows that the Italian government has adopted just the contrary course to that indicated, and has issued instructions to all port officers not to permit any convicts, criminals, paupers or persons likely to become a charge on the community to take passage from Italy for the United States.

French Official Mail Bag Mutilated.

Washington, May 10.—The official mail bag from the Paris foreign office, which reached the French embassy yesterday, was in a damaged condition, a hole being rent in one end large enough to permit a hand and arm to be inserted and the contents of the bag examined. An examination showed that nothing had been removed. The reports of late of the payment to Spain of \$20,000,000, through the medium of the French embassy, may have led to this mutilation of the French bag. The hole was too carefully made to be the result of an accident.

OUR BRITISH ALLIES.

We Will Stand Together at the Disarmament Conference.

WILL ADVOCATE ARBITRATION

For the Settlement of International Disputes—Our Delegates Committed to the Arbitration Project More Strongly Than to Any Other Subject.

Washington, May 10.—The United States and Great Britain will stand together in the advocacy of the adoption of a scheme for the settlement of international disputes by arbitration which will be presented to the disarmament conference at its meeting in The Hague on the 16th day of the present month. The American delegates, headed by Ambassador White, are equipped with a fairly digested plan for the execution of this long cherished project, while the British delegates are prepared with a plan which is almost identical with the American project.

The details cannot be procured for publication in advance of the presentation of the projects to the conference. It is known, however, that there are essential differences between this last plan and that embodied in the treaty drafted by Secretary Olney and Sir Julian Pauncefote, which failed of action in the senate when submitted for ratification. The differences are rather in the methods provided for securing an impartial adjudication than in the principles of the former convention, and it is believed that on these points the British and American propositions are not precisely similar.

It cannot be said that the American delegates go to the conference with any strong expectations that their own scheme for securing the adjustment of disputes by arbitration, or, indeed, any project of the kind, will secure the adherence of the entire conference, or even a majority of the delegates. But they are content to plant the seed and make a beginning which, it is hoped by the president and Secretary Hay, will in the end have substantial results. The American delegates go committed to this arbitration project much more strongly than to anything likely to figure before the conference.

Regarding disarmament, their instructions are to tell the conference that the present armament of the United States and any within the possibilities of the future are so far below the present minimum armaments with which any of the great powers of Europe are likely to be content that there is really no reason why the United States should be called upon to agree to it.

Other points upon which the delegates have been instructed are the exemption from seizure of individual property and the extension of the Red Cross rules to warlike operations at sea. As to the former the president expressed himself very strongly in his last message to congress, and the delegates go charged to give practical effect to these views. Another point in the instructions is that relating to the amelioration of the horrors of war, and with this, too, the American delegates are deeply concerned.

MILES AND EAGAN CENSURED.

The Beef Investigators' Report Advises No Further Proceedings.

Washington, May 8.—By direction of the president, who approves the findings, acting Secretary of the War Meikelo yesterday made public the report and findings of the military court appointed to investigate the charges made by Major General Miles, commanding the army, that beef supplied to the army during the war with Spain was unfit for the use of the troops.

The most important features of the report are:

The finding that the general's allegations that the refrigerated beef was treated with chemicals were not established; that his allegations concerning the canned fresh or canned roast beef were sustained as to its suitability for food as used on the transports and as a long continued field ration; censure of General Miles for "error" in failing to promptly notify the secretary of war when he first formed the opinion that the food was unfit; censure of the commissary general (General Eagan) for the too extensive purchase of the canned beef as an untried ration; censure of Colonel Maus, of General Miles' staff, the finding that the packers were not at fault, and that the meats supplied to the army were of the same quality as those supplied to the trade generally, and the recommendation that no further proceedings be taken in the premises.

The Confederate Veterans.

Charleston, S. C., May 10.—In gala dress of bunting and festoons of electric lights Charleston last night welcomed the visitors and delegates to the ninth annual reunion of the United Confederate Veterans. The reunion proper began this morning in the reception of Captain Coghlan and the crew of the cruiser Raleigh. Among the distinguished ex-Confederates now here are Generals Gordon (commander-in-chief of the organization), Wheeler, Wade Hampton, Stephen D. Lee, Evans, Cabell, George P. Harrison and Harden.

To Prosecute the Faith Curists.

New York, May 10.—President Murphy, of the health board, reiterated today the intention of the department of proceeding against faith cure healers. He said that Dr. Roberts would get a warrant on what he believed was good evidence against Mrs. Miller, who treated the Kranz girl, in Brooklyn, for a case of gangrene. President Murphy also said that the county medical society has been communicated with in an endeavor to procure the aid of the society in one large crusade against faith cure and similar healers.

Michigan's Income Tax Bill.

Lansing, Mich., May 10.—The senate yesterday afternoon passed an income tax bill which provides for a tax of one-fourth of one per cent on all incomes of \$1,000 and upward. Originally the bill applied only to persons, but an amendment makes it apply to all corporations within the state. It is estimated that if the bill becomes a law it will yield fully \$1,000,000.

ITEMS OF STATE NEWS.

Harrisburg, May 8.—Joseph Knoll, aged 60 years, a restaurant keeper, residing on Fourth street, was seriously and probably fatally burned yesterday by the explosion of a gasoline stove.

Shenandoah, Pa., May 6.—While Bernard Sucoctie, aged 23 years, and Henry Chesona, aged 25, coal miners, were loading coal cars in the Turkey Run colliery, near here, yesterday, they were caught under a fall of top coal and almost instantly killed. It took a gang of men over three hours to dig them out. Their bodies were badly mangled. Both men were single.

McConnellsburg, Pa., May 9.—William C. Beatty, who was shot by Clem Pennel at Barnes' Gap, Fulton county, recently, while in company with a posse which was trying to arrest the outlaw, died at his home in Buck valley Sunday. Pennel is being harbored by friends, and no effort is being made to capture him. He is armed, and swears he will kill any man who attempts to take him.

Seranton, Pa., May 10.—Grand Commander John Gowland, of Phillipsburg, yesterday opened the seventh annual convocation of the Knights of Malta of Pennsylvania in the presence of all the principal officers and over 500 delegates. The annual reports of officers showed a membership of 15,000, embraced in 214 commanderies located in 79 places in 22 counties of the state. The order has property valued at \$170,000 and paid \$28,000 in relief during its past year.

Harrisburg, May 10.—Permission having been granted by the war department for the participation by the two regiments of colored immunes at Camp Meade in the parade that will be a feature of the unveiling of the Hartranft equestrian statue Friday afternoon, the chief marshal is ready to announce his orders and will do so formally. General Levi I. Dodd is the marshal, and he will be here this afternoon. Postmaster General Smith and other members of the president's cabinet will be here, as will also Major General Miles.

Philadelphia, May 6.—The Phoenix Bridge works, of Phoenixville, has just contracted with representatives of the Japanese government to build a large steel bridge for the Imperial railroad of Japan. The contract was secured after a sharp competition with a number of the leading bridge building firms of Europe. The company has also contracted to build a number of steel bridges and viaducts for railroads in Brazil, Canada, Central America and Peru, besides building 12 steel railroad bridges for the Eastern Chinese railroad, the southeastern terminus of the Great Trans-Siberian railroad now being built by the Russian government.

Yardley, Pa., May 6.—As a result of a premature explosion of powder at the stone quarries of James Shuvelin last night Shuvelin, the lessee, and John Burns, the foreman, were instantly killed; John Pott, another employee, had his right leg crushed, and three Italians, who were engaged in loading carts directly beneath where the blast exploded, were severely injured. Shuvelin and Burns were engaged in tamping the powder in the crevices of the rock, when a spark from a steel rod which was used ignited the fuse. There were 325 pounds of powder in the hole at the time. The men were hurled over 100 feet into the air by the explosion, and when found afterward were 200 feet away from the quarry.

Harrisburg, May 8.—Six bills granting pensions and gratuities have been vetoed by Governor Stone, as follows: Emma C. Shadel, widow of Sergeant Elmer C. Shadel, providing for \$3 a month; appropriating \$275 to William District, a cook in the Fourteenth regiment, N. G. P., for injuries at Camp Hastings; pension of \$8 a month for Mary E. Givens, widow of W. E. Givens; appropriating \$150 to Charles H. Robinson, seaman in First Naval battalion of the state, for injuries; also \$750 for William P. Powell, second lieutenant, Ninth regiment, N. G. P., for accident and disability at Hazelton during riots in 1897; also providing compensation for Daniel B. Hughes, member of the National Guard, for disability contracted at Lattimer during the riots the same year.

Pottsville, Pa., May 8.—The powder mill plant of the Pottsville Water company, located in the Indian Run valley, several miles west of here, blew up yesterday, destroying 18 tons of powder. No workmen were about the plant at the time of the explosion, but John K. Seiders, who lives nearby, was slightly hurt. A gang of tramps, it is believed, set fire to a magazine, which contained 1,200 kegs of blasting powder and 30 kegs of rifle powder, in all about 14 tons. When the flames reached the powder it exploded with a terrific report. Pottsville and vicinity was shaken and many window panes in the houses in the western suburb of this place were broken. Five minutes afterwards the drying house, containing four tons of powder, went up. The two explosions wrecked the entire plant. The loss will amount to about \$10,000.

Filipino "Actors" Barred.

Washington, May 10.—It was stated at the immigration bureau that the action of Commissioner North, at San Francisco, in refusing a landing to a company of native Filipinos under contract to exhibit at a dime museum in New York city was entirely proper. The contention of the Filipinos that they are actors, and not laborers, probably will not be sustained except it can be conclusively shown that they came within the rulings of the department as to character and standing in the theatrical profession, which now appears extremely doubtful.

Municipal Ownership Halts.

Detroit, May 10.—Negotiations for municipal ownership of Detroit's street railways have come to a halt. The situation today gives little apparent hope for reaching of an agreement as to price and terms of purchase between the city's street railway commissioners and the owners of the street railways. According to the attitude of the commissioners there must be some concession by the companies or municipal ownership and operation as at present contemplated cannot be accomplished.

LEGAL NOTICES.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of a certain writ of Levari Facias issued out of the Court of Common Pleas, of Centre county, Pa., and to me directed, there will be exposed to Public Sale at the Court House, in the Borough of Bellefonte, on

SATURDAY, MAY 20, 1899.

At 10:30 o'clock a. m., the following described real estate, to-wit:

All the following described message or lot of ground situated in Huston township, Centre county, Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows to-wit: Beginning at a nail driven on the bank of the Bald Eagle Creek; thence by land of Samuel Gray, south 38 degrees east 60 perches to a post, thence by land of John I. Thompson, south 64 1/2 degrees west 52 perches to a post; thence north 70 degrees west 70 perches to a post on bank of Bald Eagle Creek; thence north 86 1/2 degrees east 42 1/2 perches to place of beginning, containing 18 acres and 58 1/2 perches. Thereon erected a log house, stable and other outbuilding.

Sized, taken in execution, and to be sold as the property of G. G. Ammerman, administrator of the estate of John Ammerman, late of Huston township, deceased, and John Ammerman.

TERMS—No deed will be acknowledged until purchase money is paid in full.

Sheriff's Office, Bellefonte, Pa., May 4, 1899. W. M. CRONISTER, Sheriff.

AUDITORS NOTICE.

In the matter of the estate of the minor children of Rebecca Snyder, deceased, late of Penn township, in the Orphans' Court of Centre county, Pa.

The undersigned, having been appointed an auditor by the said Orphans' Court to make distribution of the funds in the hands of Jacob Snyder, guardian of the minor children of Rebecca Snyder, deceased, to those legally entitled to receive the same, as per account filed in the said court, will attend to the duties of his appointment at this office in the borough of Harrisburg, on Monday the 22nd day of May, A. D. 1899, at 10 o'clock A. M., when and where all persons interested can appear and state their respective claims or be debarred from coming in on said fund.

S. D. GETTIG, Auditor.

DIVORCE NOTICE.

Kate Blair Foster, by her father and next friend William Blair Foster, vs. Forbes H. Foster.

You are hereby notified that the undersigned, a commissioner appointed by the Court of Common Pleas of Centre county to take the testimony in the above stated case, will report the same to the said court, will meet the parties interested to perform the duties of his appointment at his office in the village of Rebersburg, Miles township, Centre county, Pa., on Monday the 26th day of May, A. D. 1899, at ten o'clock a. m., at which time and place all persons interested can attend if they see fit.

Fortney & Walker, W. J. CARLIN, Commissioners. Rebersburg, Pa.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of FELIX FOGLEMAN, dec'd., late of College township.

The undersigned having been granted letters of administration of said estate, notice is hereby given to all persons knowing themselves indebted to the decedent to make immediate payment of their claims. Claims are requested to present them duly authenticated to the undersigned, JACOB BOTTORF, Adm'r., Lemont, Pa.

BARGAINS, WANTS, ETC.

WANTED—Correspondents and Agents for the finest illustrated monthly magazine in the United States. We pay liberal commissions. You can devote part or all your time to the work. Send twenty cents for full outfit for catalog. Address, THE GREAT EASTERN BOARD OF TRADE BUILDING, Reading, Pa. x25

THRESHING OUTFIT—FOR SALE.

ENGINE, TANK AND MACHINE. A horse power Nicholas & Shephard steam traction engine and tank, in good condition. 30 inch cylinder and 44 inch separator, threshing machine, made by same firm. Can be seen at the residence of the undersigned. Will be sold on reasonable terms. For further information, address T. F. WOLF, Box 42, Madison, Pa. x15

MONEY TO LOAN.

In large and small sums on first class real estate security. Apply in person or address, W. G. RUNKLE, Attorney at Law, Bellefonte, Pa.

INFORMATION WANTED.

Certain patrons, through negligence, or for peculiar reasons known to themselves, removed from one locality to another, without notifying this office. We are anxious to locate them so they may receive their paper regularly and for other reasons, important to us. Any one who can furnish the present address of the following will confer a special favor. We give the former address:

- J. H. SCOTT, (formerly) Stormstown, Pa. GEO. T. MILLER, (formerly) Bellefonte, Pa. ELIAS FRAVEL, (formerly) Warriors Mark, Pa. JOHN GIEFORD, (formerly) Osceola Mills, Pa. R. DAVIS, (formerly) Moshannon, Pa. G. W. SMITH, (formerly) Boyesville, Pa. W. M. REYMOND, (formerly) Bellefonte, Pa.

FOR SALE CHEAP—An account of \$15,000 against John A. Mardock, Phillipsburg, Pa., on year's subscription. This will be sold at a very liberal reduction. Address THE CENTRE DEMOCRAT, Bellefonte, Pa.

WANTED—Information as to the present address of Jared C. Logan, former address Akron, Ohio. An account of \$9.00, for unpaid subscription, against said party, will be sold at a liberal price. Address this office.

MONEY TO LOAN.

On first-class real estate security. A limited amount in sums of from \$500 to \$1000 and any number of loans desired in larger sums. Bring deeds and apply in person to W. GALER MORRISON, 214 E. Bishop St., Bellefonte, Pa.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

FORTNEY & WALKER, (D. F. Fortney and W. Harrison Walker) Attorneys-at-law—Office in Woodring building, opposite court house. Prompt attention to all legal business.

ORVIS, BOWER & ORVIS, Attorneys-at-law—In Fruner's building. Practices in all the courts. German and English.

J. K. JOHNSTON, Attorney-at-law—Office in Temple Court. Collections and legal business.

H. S. TAYLOR, Attorney-at-law—Office in Temple Court. Tax collector of Bellefonte borough. Collections promptly attended to.

S. D. GETTIG, Attorney-at-law—In Fruner Building, English and German. Legal business promptly attended to.

WILLIAM G. RUNKLE, Attorney-at-law—In Crider's Exchange, English and German. Legal business promptly attended to.

J. H. WETZEL, Attorney-at-law—Office in Crider's Exchange, special attention given to surviving and engineering.

W. C. HEINLE, Attorney-at-law—in building opposite court house. Consultation in German and English.

N. B. STANGLER, Attorney-at-law—Office in court house. District attorney.

JOHN M. REICHLIN, Attorney-at-law and Justice of the Peace—in opera house block, opposite court house.

JAMES W. ALEXANDER, Attorney-at-law—High street, near court house. Practices in all the courts.

WILLIAM J. SINGER, Attorney-at-law—in Temple Court building, room No. 21, fourth floor.

J. C. MEYER, Attorney-at-law—in Crider's Exchange. Ex-district attorney, German and English. Prompt attention to all business.

D. R. GEORGE B. KLUMPP, Physician and Surgeon, Bellefonte, Pa. in Office the Larimer building, opposite the Court House, High Street. Telephone 1303. Office hours: 9 a. m., 1 to 3 p. m., 6 to 8:30 p. m.

RAILROAD SCHEDULES.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD AND BRANCHES.

In effect on and after May 17, 1899.

VIA TYRONE—WESTWARD. Leave Bellefonte 9:55 a. m., arrive at Tyrone 11:10 a. m., at Altoona, 1:00 p. m.; at Pittsburg 5:50 p. m.

Leave Bellefonte 1:05 p. m.; arrive at Tyrone 2:15 p. m.; at Altoona 2:55 p. m.; at Pittsburg 6:00 p. m.

Leave Bellefonte 4:44 p. m.; arrive at Tyrone 6:00; at Altoona at 7:40; at Pittsburg at 11:30

VIA TYRONE—EASTWARD. Leave Bellefonte 9:55 a. m., arrive at Tyrone 11:10; at Harrisburg 2:40 p. m.; at Philadelphia 4:45 p. m.

Leave Bellefonte 1:05 p. m., arrive at Tyrone 2:15 p. m.; at Harrisburg 7:00 p. m.; at Philadelphia 11:15 p. m.

Leave Bellefonte 4:44 p. m., arrive at Tyrone 6:00; at Harrisburg at 10:20 p. m.; at Philadelphia 4:30 a. m.

VIA LOCK HAVEN—NORTHWARD. Leave Bellefonte 9:52 a. m., arrive at Lock Haven 10:50 a. m.; at Harrisburg, 11:30 a. m.

Leave Bellefonte 1:42 p. m., arrive at Lock Haven 2:45 p. m.; at Williamsport 3:50 p. m. Leave Bellefonte at 8:11 p. m., arrive at Lock Haven at 9:10 p. m.

VIA LOCK HAVEN—EASTWARD. Leave Bellefonte, 9:52 a. m., arrive at Lock Haven, 10:50, leave Williamsport, 12:40 p. m., arrive at Harrisburg, 3:20 p. m.; at Philadelphia at 6:25 p. m.

Leave Bellefonte, 1:42 p. m., arrive at Lock Haven, 2:45 p. m., Williamsport, 3:50 p. m., Harrisburg, 7:40 p. m., arrive at Philadelphia at 6:52 a. m.

VIA LEWISBURG. Leave Bellefonte at 6:30 a. m., arrive at Lewisburg at 9:15 a. m.; at Harrisburg, 11:30 a. m., Philadelphia, 3:00 p. m.

Leave Bellefonte, 2:15 p. m., arrive at Lewisburg, 4:45 p. m.; at Harrisburg, 7:10 p. m., Philadelphia at 11:15 p. m.

LEWISBURG & TYRONE RAILROAD.

In effect May 17, 1899.

WESTWARD.

Table with columns: STATIONS, TIME, and DISTANCE. Includes stations like Montandon, Lewisburg, Fair Ground, etc.

EASTWARD.