

ALMOST A RACE RIOT.

Negro Soldiers Arouse the Citizens of Texarkana, Ark.

TRAIN HELD FOR SEVEN HOURS.

No Arrests Were Made, However, and the Train Proceeded—At Luka, Miss., the Ammunition Car Was Burned and Three Women Are Reported Killed.

Texarkana, Ark., Feb. 1.—There passed through Texarkana yesterday eight train loads of negro soldiers, 1,200 in number, composing the Tenth United States Cavalry, en route to San Antonio. When they arrived here several of them were intoxicated. A number of the colored soldiers kicked in a door and entered a resort and started to run the place at the point of loaded rifles. Constable James Rochele was notified, and going to the place saw them coming from the house, where they had broken up the furniture. A chase for the cars resulted, and just as they reached them Rochele captured the leader of the gang. As soon as he did so a hundred rifles were leveled at him, and every negro loaded his gun. Every car window held a negro with a cocked rifle, and the negro escaped into the cars. The news spread, and every officer in Texarkana and hundreds of citizens flocked to the scene. County Attorney Horace Vaughan placed himself in communication with the governor, and as a result the trains were held here for seven hours. The negroes wanted were kept in a car, with an armed guard outside. The trains were surrounded by irate Texarkanians, who were supplied with dynamite, ready to send the negroes to destruction. The negroes learned of this, and finally agreed to hand over the guilty ones upon identification, but as this was impossible no arrests were made and the trains proceeded.

AMMUNITION CAR FIRED.

Reported Killing of Three Negro Women Who Were Following Troops.

Luka, Miss., Feb. 1.—At 3 o'clock in the morning a special train bearing the negro troops of the Tenth Cavalry, en route to Cuba, passed through here. Some unknown persons set fire to the ammunition car, which was almost filled with cartridges and powder. It was entirely destroyed, and the rest of the train was barely saved. Three negro women who were following the troops are reported to have been killed in the burning car. A dozen of the men were injured. At Walker switch the burning car was discovered by trainmen and sidetracked. The lives of the crew were in danger, as the cartridges were exploding in every direction. By the time the switch was reached the car was a mass of flames. The loss will be heavy.

ACCUSED OFFICERS SUSTAINED.

Captains Who Charged Cowardice Are Sentenced by Court Martial.

Albany, Feb. 1.—As a result of the court martial in the cases of Captain A. J. Biecker, of the Seventy-first New York regiment, charged with a violation of the regulations in discussing publicly the action of other officers and of conduct prejudicial to military discipline, and of Captain W. F. Meeks, of the same regiment, on the same charges, the men were found guilty and sentenced each of them to be reprimanded in general orders and fined \$100 each. Major General Roe remitted the fines. The governor fully concurs in the opinion of the court as to the gravity of the offense and the conduct of the accused. The publication of this order is deemed sufficient reprimand. Captains Biecker and Meeks charged Lieutenant Colonel Wallace A. Downs, Major C. H. Smith and Captain J. H. Whittle with cowardice at the battle of San Juan.

Receipts and Expenditures.

Washington, Feb. 1.—The report of the government receipts and expenditures for January shows the receipts to have been about \$41,775,000 and the expenditures about \$51,207,000, leaving a deficit for the month of about \$9,500,000. The customs receipts were nearly \$18,000,000, the largest for the month of January since 1893, and an increase of about \$1,250,000 over December. The internal revenue receipts for January will be approximately \$21,500,000, a slight decrease from December, but an increase over January, 1898, of over \$8,500,000. The war and navy expenditures in January were about \$23,850,000, an increase over December of about \$1,300,000.

Victorious Chinese Rebels.

London, Feb. 1.—The Shanghai correspondent of The Daily Mail says: "Ten thousand rebels are besieging Shu Chau, the third most important city in the province of Anhui. If Shu Chau falls all the northern and central portions of Anhui will be at the mercy of the rebels. An imperial general, while trying to recapture Ku Yang, was defeated on Jan. 23, losing 2,000 men."

Alarming News From Congo State.

Brussels, Feb. 1.—The Independence Belge says: "Most alarming reports have been received from the Congo state. It is rumored that the troops of Major Lothaire, the Belgian commander on the Upper Congo, have joined the rebels, and that he himself is wounded and a prisoner."

1899 FEBRUARY, 1899

Calendar table for February 1899 with columns for Su, Mo, Tu, We, Th, Fr, Sa and dates 5 through 28.

MOON'S PHASES table with columns for Third Quarter, New Moon, First Quarter, Full Moon and corresponding dates and times.

PLOWED THROUGH THE WORKERS.

Locomotive Runs Down Twenty-Six. Two Dead, Many Injured.

Altoona, Pa., Jan. 30.—A gang of 26 track repairmen were working on the railroad at the western opening of the Gallitzin tunnel at 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon when they heard the approach of a locomotive, which was running west through the tunnel. The workmen all stepped from the north track, on which the westbound trains move, to the south track. The smoke in the tunnel prevented them from seeing the approaching locomotive, which in order to avoid obstructions on the north track was running on the south track. Rushing out of the tunnel the locomotive ploughed right through the gang of workmen, all huddled together on the south track. One man was instantly killed, one died in the Altoona hospital and 16 were more or less seriously injured. None escaped without injury.

The dead are: David Wilt, aged 40, killed instantly; Thomas W. Sanker, aged 25, died in hospital. The more seriously injured are: H. C. Hull, gang foreman, ankle broken; George Smith, aged 23, left leg broken; George Guyer, arm and nose broken; Henry Burkin, arm broken. The locomotive that struck the men was running empty from Altoona to Conemaugh to bring east a freight train.

ITEMS OF STATE NEWS.

Harrisburg, Feb. 1.—Speaker Farr issued a writ last night for a special election in Cumberland county, to be held Feb. 21, to fill the vacancy in the house of representatives created by the death of Representative Harry Manning, of Newville.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., Feb. 1.—The remains of Detective Joseph Moore, who perished in the fire which destroyed the Oterhout building a week ago, were found in the debris yesterday afternoon. There were only a few bones, and in all probability the man met death in his bedroom.

Pittsburg, Feb. 1.—Michael Rumniski, who strangled himself to death in the county jail on Jan. 17, confessed before committing suicide that he had not only killed his wife, but had strangled his baby three years ago. He was jealous of his wife, and killed the child because he did not think it was his.

Harrisburg, Jan. 31.—These gubernatorial appointments were yesterday sent to the senate and laid upon the table: Dr. John V. Shoemaker of Philadelphia, to be surgeon general of the National Guard of Pennsylvania; Thomas Potter, Jr., of Philadelphia, to be quartermaster general of the National Guard; Edwin H. Robbins of Greensburg, to be commissary general of the National Guard; Rev. Dr. George E. Reed of Carlisle, to be state librarian.

Chester, Pa., Jan. 31.—Sixty-seven cadets of the Pennsylvania Military academy were poisoned yesterday, presumably from eating turkey. In rapid succession one after another was stricken, and several of the children of Colonel Hyatt, the academy's principal, were also taken ill. Physicians were called in, and the condition of the sick gradually improved until all were out of danger. The doctors made an investigation of the food, and decided that the turkeys had caused the trouble. They are believed to have been cold storage birds.

Harrisburg, Feb. 1.—A judge's retirement bill was introduced in the house yesterday by Mr. Hosack, of Allegheny. The measure provides that when any law judge, after having attained the age of 70 years, and having held his commission for at least 20 years consecutively, or, if not continuously in the same court, having faithfully served as a judge altogether 20 years, shall, before the expiration of his term resign, he shall thereafter, in consideration of such resignation and retirement, receive in equal quarterly instalments an amount of money equal to two-thirds of the annual salary payable to him at the time of such resignation.

Sunbury, Pa., Feb. 1.—Two alleged swindlers who had been unsuccessfully chased by detectives through New York and New Jersey were captured here yesterday afternoon. They gave their names as M. Meyer and Charles Baraban, of New York. The arrest was made by J. W. Crossley, manager, and O. G. Hull, representative of the Liggett & Myers Tobacco company, of St. Louis. The allegation is that the men had represented themselves to be agents for that company, and had induced merchants throughout the middle states to lay in large stocks of cigarettes, offering mirrors as premiums and promising each purchaser that an additional mirror would be furnished by the company for every 25 labels forwarded to it. The men admitted their guilt and were locked up to await trial.

York, Jan. 28.—Chief of Police White, of this city, today received a message from Boston, announcing the surrender there of ex-Constable Charles Still, of York. Still has been a fugitive from justice since 1895. Two years ago he was arrested at London, England, but efforts to bring him to York failed. Still was convicted of administering stupefying drugs with felonious intent and receiving stolen money. The county commissioners at the time refused to advance money to cover the expenses of his return on legal grounds. A bill was then introduced in the legislature authorizing the county commissioners to advance money for bringing back the fugitive from justice, but failed of passage, and the London authorities were instructed to release Still. Until today his whereabouts were unknown. His return is attributed to ill health, caused by the use of opiates, to which he was addicted.

Postmasters Confirmed.

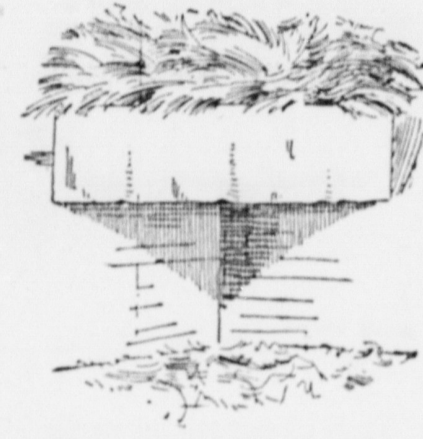
Washington, Feb. 1.—In a list of nominations confirmed by the senate yesterday were the following Pennsylvania postmasters: A. M. Roy, Wellsboro; J. H. Thomas, Carbondale; W. W. Yerkes, Ogontz; A. R. Hougendohler, Columbia; F. L. Jones, Blossburg; J. A. Elliott, Mansfield; H. M. Brownback, Norristown; W. P. Bach, Pottstown; A. C. Allison, Millintown; J. H. Dunn, Parkersburg; G. H. Reitenbaugh, Ardmore; C. F. Zimmerman, Palmyra. Maryland postmasters: H. D. Rees, Crisfield; C. M. Lucas, Chestertown; M. R. Lankford, Princess Anne.



AN EXCELLENT IDEA.

Roosting and Nesting Device for Leghorn Fowls Which Prevents Freezing of Combs.

The cut shows a very excellent roosting and nesting device that has done duty in the cold of a Maine winter. It is in use for a small pen of Leghorns—a breed that must be kept warm at night, if eggs are to be had at this season of the year. The roost is put across the corner of the pen, and a piece of



ROOST PROTECTED BY NEST.

burlap is stretched before it. A few crosspieces are laid across the corner at the curtain's upper edge, and on these is piled a lot of waste hay, making a very warm roosting place. The Leghorns delight to fly upon this hay and lay their eggs, under the impression that they are stealing away their nests. Humoring a Leghorn in this way is conducive to laying, and the eggs can easily be reached. As the whole thing can be put up in five minutes' time, there is no excuse for frost-bitten combs on the Leghorns.—Webb Donnell, in Orange Judd Farmer.

THE RENOVATED EGG.

New Grade of Hens' Fruit Has Just Made Its Appearance in the Cheap Shops of London.

The "family doctor" is responsible for a new terror. This is the renovated egg. We are all familiar with the ordinary gradations of the egg—the new-laid egg, the fresh egg, the breakfast egg, the family egg, and the cooking egg. And, after these, used to come simply the "egg," of which the purveyor could not even boast that it was good enough to cook with, but the purchaser could not deny that it really was an egg. This was the class of egg used, so some aver, to give the gloss to confectioners' pastry; and below even the rank of commercial utility there was still the election egg, a handy missile whose demerits as a comestible became virtues when exploded upon an opposition platform. Here, one might have thought, we had reached the very lowest depths of eggdom; but it seems that there is yet another grade, namely, the renovated egg. This is an egg which has become too palpably stale, soiled and mildewy in appearance to be sold under any appellation whatever until a composition of diluted vitriol has been applied to it. Then the shell puts off its hues of decay and gleams with a maiden snow-white purity that tempts the too trustful passer-by.

The vender will not exactly guarantee that the eggs are new-laid, but "they've just come in, and you can see for yourself, ma'am, what they're like." So the purchaser purchases; but, alas! the virtues of the diluted vitriol have not penetrated beyond the shell, and it is a distressed lodger who rings up the landlady to tell her that the breakfast egg which she has provided ought to have been an election egg at least a month previously.—London Globe.

Quality Determines Price.

Make it a point to have your poultry of the best quality before shipping to market, says the New York Produce Review. One who is not accustomed to visiting the large markets knows nothing of the enormous amount of inferior poultry that is sold and which largely affects the prices, yet there is always a demand for that which is good and at a price above the regular quotations. The assorting of the carcasses before shipping also leads to better prices. Old roosters, which seldom sell at more than half price, should not be in the same boxes or barrels with better stock, and to ship poultry alive and have roosters in the coop with fat hens is simply to lower the price of the hens, as the buyer will estimate the value by the presence of the inferior stock. In fact, never send any poultry to market unless in first-class condition, and under no circumstances ship the inferior with that which is better.

Soft Food and Disease.

There is a partiality for soft foods, because by their use many substances in a fine condition can be given; but it is a mistake to feed soft food oftener than once a day to three days in the week. Too much soft food causes the gizzard to be idle, and, being deprived of its use, the fowl becomes diseased. The gizzard is an organ that performs a certain duty, just as is required of the heart or liver, and any system of feeding that takes largely from the gizzard the duty which devolves upon it will in the end prove detrimental. It is not out of place to allow soft foods, but the larger proportion of the food should be unground, so as to keep the gizzard active; hence whole grains are essential to success. When too much soft food is allowed the crop frequently remains full and food does not pass through the gizzard.—Farm and Fireside.

DISEASE OF "HOOKS."

One of the Symptoms of Ophthalmia Focussed by Horses.

H. S. wants to know if ophthalmia and hooks in horses' eyes are the same. He has been told that his five-year-old mare has hooks in her eyes, and a man who claims to be a horse doctor, wants to cut them out. This man has never had any college advantages, but reads good books, he claims, and says he has performed the operation successfully.

Ophthalmia is an inflammation of the eyes, while the so-called "hooks" are simply one of the symptoms of the disease. The alleged "hooks" of the eyes is the protrusion of the haw or membrane nictitans from the inner angle of the eye partially over the eyeball. It is a condition that accompanies inflammation of the eyes. It is, also, a characteristic symptom of tetanus. "Hooks" belong to the same category as "roll horn" and "wolf-in-the-tail" in cattle, or "black teeth" in pigs, and like them, is a relic of the age of ignorant empirics. You will do well not to allow a man to treat your stock in any way, who boasts of removing the "hooks" from the eyes. That is sufficient to brand him as an ignorant quack of the worst kind. If, as he says, he "reads good books," he evidently does not profit by his readings, because he can find no reputable work on the horse or on veterinary science that advises any such treatment. To remove the haw in such cases, is an unjustifiable cruelty to the horse, and instead of relieving the inflammation will increase it.

Diseases of the eye can rarely be satisfactorily treated by correspondence. If it is possible for you to do so, I would advise taking the horse to a qualified veterinarian for a personal examination and treatment. If unable to do so, try bathing the eyes several times daily, or preferably cover the eyes with a sponge or cloth kept wet with a solution of one dram sulphate of zinc in each two quarts of soft water. The following powders may also be given to advantage: Sulphate of soda, one pound; nitrate of potash, four ounces; mix and make into twelve powders. Give a powder in the feed twice daily.

Lampas in a Horse.

The G. W. H. says that for the past seven or eight months there has been some trouble with his horse's mouth. When he eats, he holds his head on one side, as though he suffered pain. Piling his teeth did not help him, and there were no decayed teeth. In the fore part of his mouth, the gums extended beyond his teeth, and feel soft.

There is, evidently, some tenderness about the mouth or jaws that interferes with mastication. The congestion and swelling of the palate or gums which you describe is a condition known as lampas. In young horses, the lampas frequently accompanies teething; but in older horses, it is usually due to indigestion or other gastric derangement. The lampas may be the cause of the trouble. Sponge the inflamed gums several times daily with a strong solution of alum in water. If this fail to reduce the swelling, scarify or lance lightly every half inch or so as to cause a slight hemorrhage from each cut. For the indigestion, give one of the following powders in the feed night and morning: Powdered nux vomica and dry sulphate of iron, of each four ounces; gentian, eight ounces; arsenic, 60 grains; mix and make into 32 powders. If there is constipation, give pint doses of raw linseed oil once daily until relieved, or preferably, feed sufficient grass or turn to pasture to keep the bowels loose. If no improvement in his eating follow this treatment, the lampas is not the trouble. In that case, I can only advise taking the horse to a competent veterinary surgeon for a personal examination.

Arsenic Bad for Horses.

It is said to be quite a common practice in England for groomers and others who have charge of horses, to feed arsenic on the sly. Small doses of arsenic improve the appearance of the horse's coat, and many a lazy groom thinks that he can save labor by feeding this dangerous poison. In one recent case, a groom gave too much arsenic, and killed two horses. His defense was that he did not think he was doing any harm to the horses, and that his intention was not a wrong one. He was found guilty, however, and fined \$15, with \$30 costs. It does not pay to fool with poisons. Not many years ago, a wife and daughter attempted to cure a husband and father of intemperance by giving him secret doses of a deadly poison. Their intention was perfectly good, yet they killed the man, were tried for manslaughter, and convicted.

Oat Hay for Horses.

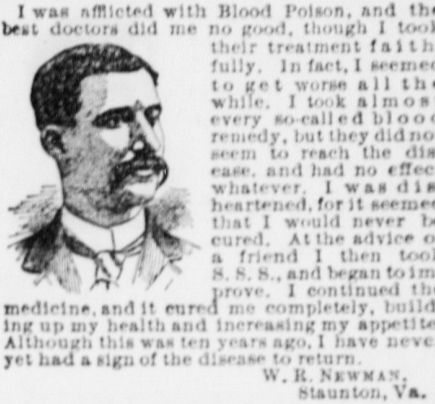
B. H. S. says: "Use a good deal of oat hay for feeding horses. We sow the oats a little thicker than they are ordinarily sown for grain, and cut them the same as we would timothy, when the first heads are in the dough state, or when they will easily crush between the finger and the thumb. We watch the field carefully, and do not wait until any large number of the heads are formed, but begin work when the first of the heads are in the condition stated; then cut with a mow and cure in the ordinary way. We find this oat hay excellent for horses, and would as soon have it as timothy hay."

Popularity of Angora Goats.

Few four-footed animals are gaining more rapidly in popularity than Angora goats. They are good for clearing land, for fighting dogs, and for producing wool or mohair.

Doctors Can't Cure It!

Contagious blood poison is absolutely beyond the skill of the doctors. They may dose a patient for years on their mercurial and potash remedies, but he will never be rid of the disease; on the other hand, his condition will grow steadily worse. S. S. S. is the only cure for this terrible affliction, because it is the only remedy which goes direct to the cause of the disease and forces it from the system.



I was afflicted with Blood Poison, and the best doctors did me no good, though I took their treatment faithfully. In fact, I seemed to get worse all the while. I took almost every so-called blood remedy, but they did not seem to reach the disease, and had no effect whatever. I was disheartened, and I thought that I would never be cured. At the advice of a friend, I then took S. S. S., and began to improve. I continued the medicine, and it cured me completely, building up my health and increasing my appetite. Although this was ten years ago, I have never yet had a sign of the disease to return.

W. B. NEWMAN, Staunton, Va. It is like self-destruction to continue to take potash and mercury; besides totally destroying the digestion, they dry up the marrow in the bones, producing a stiffness and swelling of the joints, causing the hair to fall out, and completely wrecking the system.

S.S.S. For The Blood advertisement. Includes text: 'S.S.S. For The Blood is guaranteed Purely Vegetable, and is the only blood remedy free from these dangerous minerals. Book on self-treatment sent free by Swift Specific Company, Atlanta, Ga.' and 'E. K. RHOADS At his yard Opposite the P. R. R. Passenger Station, Sells only the Best Qualities ANTHRACITE BITUMINOUS COALS ALSO ALL KINDS OF Wood, Grain, Hay, Straw and Sand. Superior Screenings for Lime Burning, Builder's and Plasterers' Sand. ROYAL STOCK FOOD for Horses, Cattle, Sheep and Hogs. Telephone 1312.'

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Get an Education advertisement. Includes text: 'An exceptional opportunity offered to young men and young women to prepare for teaching or for business. Four regular courses; also special work in Music, Shorthand, Typewriting. Strong teaching force, well graded work, good discipline and hard study, insure best results to students of Central State Normal School. LOCK HAVEN, Clinton Co., Pa. Handsome buildings, perfectly equipped, steam heat, electric lights, abundance of pure mountain water, extensive campus and athletic grounds. Expenses low. State aid to students. Send for catalog. JAMES ELDON, Ph.D., Principal. Central State Normal School, LOCK HAVEN, PA.'

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