

QUAY'S APPEAL DENIED.

The Senator Must Stand Trial in the Philadelphia Court.

PETITIONERS MUST PAY COSTS.

The Supreme Court Declares Itself Satisfied that the Petitioners Can Have a Fair and Impartial Trial in Philadelphia.

Philadelphia, Jan. 11.—The supreme court yesterday dismissed the petition of the defendants in the Quay conspiracy case and the case will now go back to the court of quarter sessions for trial in the regular course of procedure.

The petition had been filed on behalf of United States Senator Quay, his son Richard R. Quay, and former State Treasurer Benjamin J. Haywood, who asked for a writ of certiorari to remove the case to the higher tribunal on the grounds that political prejudices would prevent them from getting a fair trial in the county court.

Chief Justice Sterrett handed down the opinion. He merely announced that the rule was discharged and the petition dismissed at the cost of petitioners. The chief justice filed an opinion, concurred in by the entire court, but this was placed on record without public reading.

Briefly stated, the court declares itself satisfied that the petitioners can and will have a fair and impartial trial in this county.

The announcement of the decision created a profound sensation in political circles and there is much speculation as to its effect on the selection of a United States senator, for which the state legislature will begin balloting next Tuesday. Senator Quay left town for Washington yesterday afternoon without having expressed any opinion concerning the case. He did say, however, that he would be in Harrisburg tonight. The legislature will reconvene tomorrow.

District Attorney Rothermel said that the trial will go on in the regular course of business, but he was not prepared to say when it will be heard. Although Former District Attorney Graham, who instituted the proceedings while in office, was engaged by his successor, Mr. Rothermel, as special attorney to conduct the case before the supreme court, it is not known whether Mr. Graham will handle the case when it is resumed in the quarter sessions.

The charges against the defendants is conspiracy with John S. Hopkins, cashier of the People's bank, who committed suicide when the bank failed last March, to misuse state funds on deposit there. They were arrested last October, and after a preliminary hearing entered bail for trial. The date fixed for trial has several times been postponed. Senator Quay and his co-defendants have persistently alleged that the prosecution is actuated by political enemies, the aim of which is to defeat his re-election to the United States senate.

Filipinos Sue Consul Wildman. Hong Kong, Jan. 11.—The Filipino committee here has broken off all relations with the United States consul, Rouseville Wildman. The committee yesterday issued a writ in the supreme court to recover the sum of \$47,000, which the Filipinos claim to have deposited with Mr. Wildman as treasurer of the Filipino independence fund in June last. The members of the committee further allege that sensational disclosures are probable, showing, they add, that the American government recognized the Filipinos as belligerents by affording them assistance in arms and moral influence to co-operate against Spain, thus endorsing the agreement made with Aguinaldo at Singapore in April.

General Wood Home Again. New York, Jan. 11.—The United States transport Mississippi, which sailed from Santiago on the evening of Jan. 4, arrived yesterday. On board the transport were General Leonard Wood, military governor of Santiago, and Lieutenant Hanna, aide-de-camp; Dr. Castillo, a brother of the Cuban General Castillo, and Colonel Gibson, who superintended the distribution of provisions to starving Cubans. General Wood comes home in response to a summons from the war department, presumably to discuss Cuban revenues. He denies that citizens of Santiago have held meetings of protest against sending customs receipts to Havana.

Delaware Deadlock Ended. Dover, Del., Jan. 7.—The deadlock which had been hanging in the Delaware house of representatives since Tuesday was broken yesterday, after 91 ballots had been taken, by electing Theodore F. Clark, of Delaware City, as speaker. Benjamin F. Sheppard, of New Castle county, was elected clerk on the first ballot. Andrew Esham was elected sergeant-at-arms on the fifth ballot. Rev. Joseph Brown Turner (Presbyterian) was elected chaplain on the fourth ballot.

Life Sentence For Spanish Commander. Madrid, Jan. 7.—Colonel Julison San Martin, who was in command of the Spanish garrison at Ponce, Porto Rico, when the United States troops under General Miles landed in the island, and who abandoned the place without resistance, has been sentenced to life imprisonment. He will be incarcerated at Ceuta, the Spanish penal colony in Morocco, opposite Gibraltar.

Little Boy Starved to Death. Havana, Jan. 11.—A boy 12 years of age was found dead of starvation on Del Monte street yesterday. Corporal Harter, of Company A, Tenth regiment, found the body on the stones, with some candles at its head, placed there by strangers' hands.

Murderer Died Blaspheming. Eminence, Mo., Jan. 11.—O. H. Baker, the wife murderer, was hanged yesterday in the presence of 2,000 persons. On the scaffold he cursed the country and the people until the drop fell.

To Seek Profits or Andree. Copenhagen, Jan. 11.—A traveler named Daniel Brunn is organizing an expedition to start during the coming summer in search of traces of Professor Andree, in Eastern Greenland.

FATAL HOTEL FIRE.

Three Dead and Five Badly Injured in a Pittsburgh Conflagration.

Pittsburg, Jan. 9.—A fire broke out in the Hotel Richelieu at 3:15 yesterday morning and resulted in a property loss of only about \$15,000, but three lives were sacrificed and five people badly hurt. The dead are: Amos S. Landis, Grapeville, Pa.; George A. Walters, Camden, N. J.; Mrs. Katherine Boyle, Pittsburg. The three victims were guests of the hotel and all were suffocated by the dense smoke.

The injured are: Dr. Robert Blackley, of Plymouth, Pa., fracture of vertebrae, caused by falling from third floor window, will probably die; Henry Painter, Grapeville, Pa., small blood vessels of lungs ruptured by inhaling smoke, may recover; John L. Mills, proprietor of the hotel, face and body badly burned; Miss Mills, his daughter, cut by glass while breaking through window to escape; William Garretson, Clearfield, Pa., delegate to miners' national convention, painfully burned about the back and hips.

The fire originated on the second floor from an explosion of gas, and within a few moments the building was a mass of flames and blinding smoke. The noise of the explosion awakened most of the guests, about 20 in number, and a frantic fight for life ensued.

Robert N. Thompson, of Kalamazoo, Mich., was the means of saving at least six lives. In the first moments after the explosion he rushed into the hallway of the second floor and stumbled over the unconscious form of a woman, whom he dragged into the reception room. Five others, three men and two women, who had been turned back from the stairway by the flames, were shrieking and fighting for some exit. Thompson forced them all into the big room and locked the door. Knowing that it meant death to go into the hall he fought the desperate men back until the arrival of the firemen, when all were rescued.

ITEMS OF STATE NEWS.

Greensburg, Jan. 6.—Superintendent F. L. Kelly, of the Westmoreland Telephone company and the Hempfield Electric Street Railroad company, was instantly killed by a shock of electricity at noon today. He was connecting the wires on an arc light, when 3,000 volts passed through his body. Kelly was 26 years old and single.

Allentown, Jan. 6.—Charles Mosser and Thomas Breining, of East Allentown, arrested last week by Officer Frick, on the charge of having held up Jonas Brown on the Lehigh bridge with revolvers and taking his valuables, were found guilty in court today. Each was sentenced to four years at solitary confinement in the Lehigh county jail.

Philadelphia, Jan. 11.—National Democratic Committeeman J. N. Guffey last night withdrew his name as a candidate for the caucus nomination for United States senator in favor of George A. Jenks, the recent Democratic candidate for governor. Mr. Guffey stated that in his opinion Mr. Jenks was the choice of Democrats generally, and he would favor his nomination.

Philadelphia, Jan. 9.—Miss Sophia Dallas, daughter of George M. Dallas, who was vice president of the United States under President Polk, is dead, in her 76th year. Miss Dallas had been suffering for some time from heart trouble, and her death occurred at the residence of her widowed sister, Mrs. Carl Morrell, who is now the only surviving member of the former vice president's family.

Pittsburg, Jan. 10.—Jack McClelland, of this city, and Luke Stevens, of Buffalo, featherweights, fought 12 hot rounds last night at Homestead. McClelland received the decision before his left arm and could not proceed. While neither man had any decided advantage in the fight, Stevens seemed to have the better of it up to the time his arm snapped.

Media, Jan. 8.—John Bennington, of Media, who is in his 99th year and is probably the oldest man in Delaware county, is seriously ill with pneumonia at his home on Second street. He has been sick very little during his long life, and as he has wonderful vitality for a man nearing a hundred years it is thought he may yet recover. Bennington was a farmer in his active life, and moved to Media some years ago and retired to private life. He has always lived an abstemious life, and never used tobacco in any form nor indulged in intoxicants.

Philadelphia, Jan. 11.—Postmaster General Smith addressed the Contemporary club last night on "The Future of American Foreign Politics." His speech was an eloquent endorsement of the expansion policy. He argued that this country has precisely the same right to acquire islands in the Pacific that belongs to every other nation, and that in doing so we do not trespass upon any other's province or transgress any just rule of conduct. The Monroe doctrine is not affected, declared the speaker, adding: "Nothing could be more logical than to say that our flag should not remain in the Philippines because their people are unfitted to come under American control, and then to say that we ought not to undertake to control them because they are entitled to self government."

New Castle, Pa., Jan. 9.—John Blevins, city treasurer of New Castle, was found Saturday night in his office unconscious and dying. His head had been beaten to a jelly, the safe broken open and perhaps \$200 in money taken. Saturday evening Blevins went to the tailor's for a new suit of clothes. The garments were not ready, and he went to his office, which is over the jail, to wait until the tailor had finished. When at midnight he had not returned home his son went to his office. He found his father lying on the floor, unconscious in a pool of blood. He died soon afterward. The robbers and murderers left no clue to their identity. The prisoners in the jail said they heard a sound as of something falling about 9 o'clock, and that was about the time Blevins went to his office.

Bankrupt's Life Insurance an Asset. Dubuque, Ia., Jan. 11.—In the federal court Judge Shiras has decided that the life insurance of a voluntary bankrupt becomes an asset. Hugo Lange, a bankrupt, held his policy was exempt and Referee Webster decided in his favor. An appeal was taken, with the above result.

SOLID AGAINST QUAY.

Every Democrat in the Legislature Pledged to Oppose the Re-election of the Senior Senator.

Democrats Resent the Claims of Quay Managers That the Votes of Democrats Can Be Purchased.

(Special Correspondence.) Harrisburg, Pa., Jan. 10.

The devotees of the lost cause are leaving nothing undone to restore the public to the notion that Quay cannot be beaten. Much of the strength of the "old man" heretofore has been in the belief that in some way he could rise above all apparent or preliminary defeats and in the end achieve the full victory for which he contended. This too prevalent fancy received its severest blow on Tuesday night by the break down of his caucus. The ingenuity of his followers is now being exercised to stimulate the weak to believe that this signal failure was all the time anticipated by Quay; that what appears to others a fatal disaster is only a seeming defeat skillfully arranged for in advance to make more secure the final decisive victory.

QUAY'S FALLING STAR. There is in all this nothing but audacious bluff and falsehood. Senator Quay's star is a falling one. The caucus vote of last Tuesday night startled it from its orbit. When Cromwell was returned to the parliament of Charles I by the majority of one vote his antagonist, Cleaveland, the poet, exclaimed: "That vote hath ruined both church and kingdom." "That vote," we may truly say, when referring to Tuesday's caucus, "hath ended both Quay and Quay's dynasty." The independents have the votes to prevent his election, and by union with the Democrats they also have the votes to name his successor.

The act of 1867 explicitly declares "a majority of all the votes of the said joint assembly" shall be necessary for an election, "a majority of all the members elected to both houses being present and voting." This confers upon the opponents of Quay the power to break the quorum and prevent the election of any one, if they so desire, by simple abstention from voting. While it might not be necessary to resort to anything so drastic as this, it is clear that the enemies of Mr. Quay have the key to the situation. That in the extremist emergency, falling themselves to unite upon a candidate, they can absolutely stop Mr. Quay's own election.

TO BUY UP DEMOCRATS. The claim of the Quay people that his victory will be won by the aid of purchased Democratic votes is another outrageously false assertion. But it is none the less boldly declared, the machine hands in some instances going so far as to give names. Within the past few days a memorandum secured from one of the Quay managers gave the names of Democratic members from whom it is claimed votes can be drawn for Quay. If this list had any stamp of truth upon it it would not have been given to the public, but its make-up is so palpably false that it is presented to show to what lengths these desperate men are going to alarm, intimidate or discourage bolting Republicans.

The Quay list of hoped for Democrats is as follows: Duterra and Cole of Adams county, Spatz and Natfzinger of Berks, Craig of Carbon, Chrisman of Columbia, Keegan of Fayette, Timlin of Lackawanna, Kramlich, Roth and Moyer of Lehigh, Thompson of Wayne, Kayler and Shutt of York.

Those acquainted with these gentlemen, or with a single one of them, must know that there can be no possible excuse for a suggestion that any one will fail in the performance of his duty to his party and to his state.

HIGH CLASS DEMOCRATS. The Democratic members of this legislature are with few exceptions men of experience in affairs and the average is very much better than that of many years past. That the members of the lower house are, to a man, resolute and unflinching in the cause of good government was shown by the frank and unanimous proposition made by them to the independent Republicans looking to fusion on the speakership. It will be remembered that although the members of the lower branch had not all been convened together before, in less than an hour, and with little discussion, except as to minor details, an agreement was reached whereby every member pledged himself to join in fusion for house organization. There was no haggling for prospective spoils on the part of any individual; no backing and filling to gain points for selfish ends, but all heartily united in a common purpose, which, if gained, could result only in good to the commonwealth. It is quite as certain that all (members of both houses) will as cordially unite for the success of the opposition to Quay upon such a union as may seem to assure the best results for the state.

The extraordinary responsibility which is made to rest upon the Democratic legislators by the peculiar Republican situation is fully appreciated by each one. So, too, the prominent Democrats of the state, and especially such as are entitled to certain degrees of leadership, recognize the gravity of existing party and public conditions. Indeed, it is doubtful if there has been in recent years any such unanimity of purpose as now exists among the Democrats to accomplish an important end as that which accompanies every movement to clinch the victory against Quay, the first steps of which were won by the independent revolt from caucus bossism.

A WEEK'S NEWS CONDENSED.

Thursday, June 5. Spain's floating debt amounts to 554,810,595 pesetas.

Minnie French Evans, the actress, died New York of apoplexy.

The Massachusetts supreme court declares the indeterminate sentence act unconstitutional.

General Ludlow, at Havana, has suppressed immoral dances at the theaters and indecent literature.

Maine Republicans' senatorial caucus unanimously renominated United States Senator Eugene Hale.

Joseph H. Choate, the eminent New York lawyer, has been selected by the president for ambassador to England.

Barrooms on our transport vessels, at which exorbitant prices were charged the soldiers, may lead to the dismissal of two quartermasters.

Comptroller Dawes has decided that the Philadelphia Record must be sold to protect the interests of the failed Chestnut Street bank depositors.

Friday, Jan. 6. Mrs. Moore, the financial backer of Keeley, of motor fame, died in London, aged 75.

The British completely routed the dervishes on the Blue Nile, but Emir Ashmed Fedil escaped.

General Polavieja, ex-governor general of the Philippines, may succeed Sagasta as Spanish premier.

It is reported that Count Leo Tolstol will be banished from Russia for championing the cause of the disenterers.

Captain Sigbee's share of the prize money for the British ship Rothermel is \$76.88. Sailors get \$4 and \$5 each.

In a fight with six fleeing robbers in Chicago Policeman Wallner was killed and Policeman McCauley wounded. The robbers escaped.

British steamer Rosshire and French steamer Duquesnel collided off Revose Head, Wales. Eleven of the latter's crew were drowned.

Saturday, Jan. 7. Stringent regulations have been issued for regular inspections of army camps.

At a shipbuilding works at Barking, England, a boiler exploded, killing nine people.

Exploding acetylene gas killed Gustav Kiel, a prominent merchant of Pemberville, O.

Governor Roosevelt rode on a locomotive from Albany to New York in record breaking time.

Rev. Newell D. Hillis, of Chicago, has been chosen for the pastorate of Plymouth church, Brooklyn, vice Lyman Abbott.

J. B. Berthoff, Western Union manager in Jersey City, has been indicted for "aiding and abetting a green goods swindle" in accepting the sharpers' telegrams.

Monday, Jan. 9. Tornado destroyed a country schoolhouse in Scott county, Ark., killing three pupils.

General Lawton proposes to take with him to the Philippines the flower of the American army.

A head on collision on the Southern railroad, near Elk Valley, Tenn., killed four railroaders.

Philippine insurgents have "kerosened" Holo, preparatory to burning the town if attacked by Americans.

The report of the late Colonel Waring on the filthy condition of Havana warns the government against delaying sanitary reforms.

Fire in the Richelieu hotel at Pittsburg resulted in the death of A. S. Landis, Grapeville, Pa.; G. A. Walters, Camden, N. J.; Mrs. Catherine Boyle, Pittsburg.

Tuesday, Jan. 10. Archbishop Ireland left St. Paul for Rome, to visit the pope.

Lawyer G. W. Hyram was sentenced in New York to seven years imprisonment for forgery.

Despite General Ludlow's order, Cuban General Sanguily parades Havana's streets in uniform.

A wreck on the Union Pacific railroad near Sidney, Neb., resulted in four dead and seven injured.

A Chicago syndicate offers to buy street railway franchises, reduce fares and sell to the city after 25 years.

The Spanish troops landed in Barcelona from Havana were in such a pitiable condition that the populace indulged in threats against officials.

A Conference With Filipinos. London, Jan. 11.—The Manila correspondent of the Morning Post says: "There was an important conference last evening between duly authorized American and Filipino commissions, at the instance of Aguinaldo. General Otis said the purpose of the conference was for a mutual understanding of the policies, aims and desires of the people of the United States and of the Philippines. There was a frank discussion."

Catarrh is Not Incurable

But it can not be cured by sprays, washes and inhaling mixtures which reach only the surface. The disease is in the blood, and can only be reached through the blood. S. S. S. is the only remedy which can have any effect upon Catarrh; it cures the disease permanently and forever rids the system of every trace of the vile complaint.

Miss Jessie Owen, of Montpelier, Ohio, writes: "I was afflicted from infancy with Catarrh, and no one can know the suffering it produces better than I. The sprays and washes prescribed by the doctors relieved me only temporarily, and though I used them constantly for ten years, the disease had a firmer hold than ever. I tried a number of blood remedies, but they gave me rheumatism, settled in my bones and gave me rheumatism. I was in a lamentable condition, and after exhausting all treatment, was declared incurable, seeing S. S. S. advertised as a cure for blood diseases, I decided to try it. As soon as my system was under the effect of the medicine, I began to improve, and after taking it for two months I was cured completely, the dreadful disease was eradicated from my system, and I have had no return of it."

Many have been taking local treatment for years, and find themselves worse now than ever. A trial of

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will prove it to be the right remedy for Catarrh. It will cure the most obstinate case.

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This is a small-profit store—wins business with less prices. And when these less prices are subtracted a third, a half and even less, as we're doing now, think what unheard of advantage that means to your pocketbook.

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in 1898 ever known here—the more extensive business left many surplus lots and odd lines—these are what's being sold at such reduced prices—choice, useful, desirable goods.

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