

### SPANISH BRUTALITY.

Her Soldiers Killed Ninety Citizens of Ciales, Porto Rico,

### FOR HOISTING OUR BANNER.

Had the Spaniards Been Enterprising They Might Easily Have Administered Severe Punishment to the First Invaders of Porto Rico.

Ponce, Porto Rico, Aug. 17.—White flags flutter at the Spanish and American outposts, and all is quiet. The first report of outrages by the Spaniards within their lines was brought to the headquarters of General Wilson Sunday by a priest who headed a deputation from Ciales, 20 miles northeast of Utuado. The inhabitants of the place raised the American flag after the Spanish troops had left. The troops returned, tore down the flag and mached 90 of the inhabitants. This occurred on Saturday. The priest appealed to the Americans for protection, but the latter are powerless to interfere in the present circumstances, even though a reign of terror be inaugurated.

The Chester, with the First engineers, Colonel Griffin, arrived yesterday. Batteries A and C of the Pennsylvania light artillery, the Governor's Troop and Sheridan Troop disembarked from the Manitoba and are camped on the outskirts of the town. No disposition of these troops has yet been decided upon.

The Columbia sailed last night for New York, via St. Thomas and Key West. The warships Puritan, Terror, Prairie, Gloucester, Wasp, Leyden and Annapolis will go to Guanica today, and will remain there until they receive further orders. The harbor there is a good one.

Had the Spaniards been enterprising they could have administered some severe punishment to the American invading forces here. For a week after the first landing was made at Guanica we had small detached forces at various little points, miles from support, which might have been surprised and cut to pieces, or captured, had the enemy been bold and dashing.

With but two regiments ashore guarding our base, and without cavalry or guns, Colonel Hulings, with two battalions of the Fourth Pennsylvania, advanced out on the main road to San Juan, over which the Spaniards retreated, and established two companies at Juana Diaz, eight miles away. Six companies were held in reserve in the rear of the town.

Considering the force at his command, Colonel Hulings disposed his men admirably, but the Spaniards, who at first considerably outnumbered Colonel Hulings' force, could at any time have flanked him. The broad fields which stretch away on each side of the military road are covered with growing sugar cane from six to ten feet high, and would afford shelter to an army corps. But the Spaniards did not attempt to molest the small invading force, although they must have had plenty of information regarding our location and numbers. They did not even attempt to waylay the little detachments which Colonel Hulings sent out on the various roads for reconnoitering purposes. Occasionally these reconnoitering parties would run into a Spanish outpost and retire, but the next day, when a reconnaissance in force would reach the spot, the Spaniards would have disappeared. Evidences were continually found between Juan Diaz and Coamo, 14 miles beyond, of contemplated resistance which had been abandoned at the sight of our uniforms. Bridges were found ready for mining, trenches were begun and abandoned. The Spaniard seems to fight best when his back is against the wall.

Double Suicide in Philadelphia. Philadelphia, Aug. 17.—Because of a belief that they were unfit to live, two girls, of whom the father of one said "they loved each other like man and woman," committed suicide yesterday by jumping from a ferryboat into the Delaware river. They were Bessie Foust, aged 19, of 72 Federal street, Camden, N. J., and Maud Hoffnagle, aged 29, of 42 Reed street, this city. Both took the leap to death together, hand in hand, and were drowned before a rescue could be effected. The double suicide was evidently prearranged. A note was found in a pocketbook they had left behind. It was signed Maud and Bessie, and consisted of a quotation from a melancholy poem and the words, "We find we are utterly unfit for this world and will try another."

### THE PRODUCE MARKETS.

As Reflected by Dealers in Philadelphia and Baltimore.

Philadelphia, Aug. 16.—Flour to limited demand, winter superfine, \$2.50; city mill, extra, \$2.50; Rye flour quiet and steady at \$2.85 per barrel for choice Pennsylvania. Wheat dull; No. 2 red, spot, 75¢; do. August, 75¢; do. September, 75¢; do. October, 75¢; No. 2 mixed, August and September, 96¢; No. 2 yellow, for local trade, 95¢. Oats weak; No. 2 white, clipped, 30¢; do. old, 32¢. Hay in light demand; choice timothy, \$11.50 for large bales; Beef steady; beef hams, \$22.25; Pork steady; family, \$12.50; Lard steady; western steamed, \$5.50; Butter steady; western creamery, 14¢; do. factory, 13¢; Eggs, 13¢; Creamery creamery, 13¢; do. factory, 14¢; Fancy Pennsylvania prima, 14¢; do. second, 13¢; do. whole sale, 12¢. Cheese steady; large, white, 7¢; small do., 7¢; Light skims, 6¢; part do., 5¢; full do., 5¢; Eggs steady; New York and Pennsylvania, 14¢; western, fresh, 14¢.

Baltimore, Aug. 15.—Flour quiet and unchanged. Wheat unsettled; spot, 78¢; month, 75¢; September, 74¢; December, 73¢; Corn, No. 2 red, 74¢; do. southern, by sample, 75¢; do. on grade, 73¢. Corn easy; spot, 74¢; month, 73¢; September, 72¢; do. southern, white and yellow, 38¢; do. eastern; No. 2 white, western, old, 29¢; No. 2 mixed do. do., 28¢; Rye easy; No. 2 nearby, 48¢; No. 2 western, 50¢. Hay easier; No. 1 timothy, \$11.25; Lettuce, 75¢ per bushel box. East Liberty, Pa., Aug. 16.—Cattle steady; extra, \$5.20; prime, \$5.00; common, \$4.80; Hogs steady; prime assorted, \$4.25; best Yorkers, \$4.25; heavy, \$4.10; pigs, as to quality, \$3.75; Hens, \$2.50; turkeys, \$3.50; common to fair Yorkers, \$4.45. Sheep steady; choice spring lambs, \$6.25; common to good, \$4.00; veal calves, \$7.75.

### THE NEW PREMIER.

Ambassador Hay Accepts the Portfolio of Secretary of State. Washington, Aug. 17.—It is authoritatively announced that Ambassador John Hay, at London, has accepted the office of secretary of state, succeeding Judge Day, who will be chairman of the peace commission.



AMBASSADOR HAY.

public life was as private secretary to President Lincoln. After Lincoln's assassination Colonel Hay went to Paris as secretary of the legation, and was subsequently transferred to Madrid, where he wrote "Castilian Days," a delightful sketch. Then he became charge d'affaires at Vienna, where he remained until 1872, and then returned to this country, engaging in newspaper and general literary work. His most successful writing has been his life of Abraham Lincoln, which he compiled, together with John G. Nicolay. In January, 1897, he was selected to succeed Ambassador Bayard at the court of St. James.

### CARANZA TALKS AGAIN.

He Says It Would Be Impossible Find Harder Peace Conditions. Montreal, Aug. 17.—Lieutenant Caranza, who sailed in the steamship Scotsman for Liverpool on Saturday, gave a correspondent an interview on the way down the river. He said that he had never disregarded Sir Wilfrid Laurier's invitation to leave Canada for the simple reason that he had never received it, and in this connection again declared that certain paragraphs in the letter taken from his room were manufactured in Washington in order to get him expelled from Canada. During his absence from Montreal he said that he had been traveling about Canada enjoying himself, and that he had twice been in the United States. Concerning the conditions of peace, he declared that it would be impossible to find in history, except in barbarous times, harder conditions. "It is spoliation only to be compared with the dismemberment of Poland. The Americans, who went into this war with the protesting cry of humanity on their lips, now throw away their mask of hypocrisy, and by reason of their strength take all they want; and the rest of Europe, to their shame be it said, quietly allow it."

### A New York Hotel Murder.

New York, Aug. 17.—Emeline C. Reynolds, a young unmarried woman, about 21 years of age, was found murdered in the Grand hotel, at Thirty-first street and Broadway, in this city, yesterday. Her death had evidently resulted from repeated blows on the head with a piece of lead pipe. After some hours of investigation, and upon statements given by the mother of the dead girl, Dr. Samuel J. Kennedy, a young dentist of this city, was arrested and is being held upon suspicion of the murder. The fact that not only the murdered woman was robbed, but another robbery was committed on the same floor, incline the police to the belief that the woman was killed in an attempt to prevent robbery.

### Cubans Must Yield to Our Authority.

Washington, Aug. 17.—The war department late yesterday afternoon posted the following reply to an inquiry of Major General Lawton, commanding the department of Santiago, for instructions as to the policy to be pursued toward the Cubans that are within his military department: "The United States is responsible for peace, and must maintain order in the territory surrendered, and protect all persons and their property. Interference with any quarter will not be permitted. The Cuban insurgents should be treated justly and liberally, but they, with all others, must recognize the authority of the United States and the cessation of hostilities."

### Elder Corbett a Murderer and Suicide.

San Francisco, Aug. 17.—Patrick J. Corbett, father of James J. Corbett, the pugilist, shot and killed his wife at an early hour yesterday morning. He then turned the revolver upon himself and committed suicide. The hypothesis is accepted by the family and by the intimate acquaintances and friends of the household that Mr. Corbett was laboring under the effects of temporary insanity. Mrs. Corbett was killed as she was lying asleep in her bed. So far as can be ascertained there was not the slightest reason for the crime, as for nearly half a century the couple have lived happily and in perfect contentment together.

### Shafter's Sanitary Report.

Washington, Aug. 17.—General Shafter's dispatch to the war department concerning the health conditions of his troops at Santiago on Aug. 15 reports the death of 18 men. The figures are: Total number sick, 1,729; total number fever cases, 1,397; total number new cases, 130; total number fever cases returned to duty, 152.

### Eligible For Pensions.

Washington, Aug. 16.—A decision rendered yesterday by Assistant Secretary of the Interior Davis makes members of Knapp's battery, Pennsylvania militia, eligible for pensions. It is decided that the battery was in the service of the United States when it operated in Maryland in 1862.

### Portugal's Ministry Resigns.

Lisbon, Aug. 16.—The ministry has resigned and Senor Jose Luciano has been charged with the task of forming a new cabinet.

### A WORD FOR CUBANS.

General Joe Wheeler Discourages Attacks on Insurgents. Washington, Aug. 17.—Major General Joseph Wheeler, commander of the cavalry division of General Shafter's army, arrived in Washington last night from New York, accompanied by his son, Joseph W. Wheeler, a member of his staff. Beyond the fact that he had been ordered by the secretary of war to report in Washington, General Wheeler said he knew little about the object of his visit. From other sources it was learned that the president, desiring to consult with him, had directed that he be ordered here.

General Wheeler is inclined to the opinion that the trouble with the Cubans is due largely to misunderstanding. "The Cubans," said he, "were badly clothed and badly fed. They do not make an impressive appearance as soldiers. My belief is that they probably misunderstood the conditions about Santiago which we had to encounter. A few of them could speak English, and communication between them and the American troops was difficult. Yes, I know of the charges that they refused to work on the roads and other projects for the assistance of the American army, but I think their refusal was due, to some extent, at least, to a misapprehension of the necessity for the work. I found Cubans who were willing to work after the necessity of it was explained to them by interpreters."

### WAR BREVITIES.

Thursday, Aug. 11. General Lawton will succeed General Shafter at Santiago, Cuba. A new geographical department has been created, known as the department of Santiago.

The town of Coamo, Porto Rico, was captured Aug. 9 after a fight by the Sixteenth Pennsylvania regiment.

Commodore Sampson and Schley have been appointed rear admirals and Captain Philip, of the Texas, a commander.

Americans, under General Schwam, captured the town of Mayaguez, Porto Rico, with a loss of two killed and four wounded.

Friday, Aug. 12. Several soldiers of the Barcelona garrison have been arrested in a Carlist club there.

General Garcia has suspended operations for 30 days, giving his soldiers a furlough until that time expires.

Batteries A and C, Pennsylvania artillery, have arrived in Porto Rican waters. All on board are in good health. Rigid precautions are being taken by the war and treasury departments to prevent the introduction of yellow fever from the West Indies.

Saturday, Aug. 13. Rear Admiral Kirkland, commanding the Mare Island navy yard, died at Vallejo, Cal.

The United States steamer Philadelphia, with Admiral Miller, arrived at Honolulu Aug. 3.

About \$35,000 has been raised by schoolboys for the construction of a battleship for our navy.

About 150,000 troops will be needed for a year or more after peace is proclaimed, mainly for garrison duty in Cuba, Porto Rico and the Philippines.

Monday, Aug. 15. The Italian government officials congratulated our government on the conclusion of the war.

The new government military camp at Middletown, Pa., is being rapidly prepared for returning soldiers.

Four transports arrived at Montauk Point, L. I., with troops from Santiago, including Roosevelt's Rough Riders.

Our vessels are returning to Key West from the blockade of Cuba, and are awaiting orders to proceed north.

The steamer Luzon sailed from Santiago with 2,656 Spanish soldiers, 4 priests, 18 women, 34 children and 137 officers.

On Friday afternoon there was a lively fight between our soldiers and Spaniards near Coamo, Porto Rico. A resumption of the fighting on Saturday was prevented by the arrival of the peace protocol from Washington.

Tuesday, Aug. 16. The proclamation of peace is welcomed by the Spanish public.

The censorship of the mail between this country and Spain has been discontinued.

The subsistence department of the army has ample supplies to send to the starving Cubans.

The last of General Shafter's corps, including the general himself, will leave Santiago this week.

Blanco resigned as captain general of Havana, but the Spanish government declines to accept the resignation.

Philadelphia's city councils will send a special hospital train to southern hospitals to bring home Philadelphia's sick soldiers.

News was received from Consul General Wildman of the surrender of Manila and the flight to Hong Kong of August, the Spanish captain general.

### BRIEF ITEMS OF NEWS.

A dispatch from Rome announces that the pope is again extremely weak.

It is believed that 22 lives were lost in a cloudburst in Hawkins county, Tennessee, last Friday.

General Fitzhugh Lee announces himself a candidate for United States senator from Virginia.

Judge J. M. Hubson, father of the brave lieutenant, has been appointed postmaster at Greensboro, Ala.

A rival to the Klondike has been discovered on Pine Creek, in Alaska, and there is a wild rush for the diggings.

In a wind and hail storm near Gary, S. D., eight persons and many cattle were killed and thousands of dollars damage done.

Robert P. Porter, ex-superintendent of the census, has been appointed a commissioner on banking, finance and customs of Porto Rico.

It has been determined that Mrs. J. P. Dunning and her sister, Mrs. J. D. Deane, daughters of ex-Congressman Pennington, met death by poison sent in a gift of candy from San Francisco.

Father Kowloki, of Chicago, has brought suit against Archbishop Feahan, of that diocese, and Cardinal Ledochowski, at Rome, for \$50,000 damages for being excommunicated from the Catholic church.



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We are sole agents for The Liebig High Grade Acid Phosphate in Centre Co., which is acknowledge the best Acid Goods on the market. Those who have used it want no other. To those who want a cheap fertilizer, we can furnish South Carolina Rock at \$12 per ton. McCALMONT & CO., Bellefonte, Pa.

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