

ASPECT LESS PEACEFUL.

Turkey Sending Seven Thousand More Troops to Thessaly.

THE DEMANDS OF THE POWERS.

The Collective Note Insists That Thessaly Shall Not Be Added to the Sultan's Domains—Hints Against the Officers of the Defeated Greeks.

London, May 26.—A dispatch to the Daily News from Constantinople says that the identical note of the powers, which was presented to the Turkish government yesterday, embodying the terms of peace to which they will agree, declines to permit the abolition of the capitulations in the case of Greek subjects or the annexation of Thessaly, but is much milder in tone than was at first understood.

The correspondent of the Times says the note expresses the views of the powers "in a deferentially suggestive form."

The aspect of eastern affairs is certainly less peaceful. Turkey is sending 7,000 more troops to Thessaly, and it is said the sultan has promised his ministers not to relax his hold upon the province.

The note of the powers certainly does not yield on a single point, and states even that the peace conference must be held at Constantinople, and not at Athens, but the sincerity of both Germany and Russia is doubted, and any sign of dissension among the powers makes for obstinacy on the part of the sultan.

It is reported from Vienna that Emperor Nicholas has advised King George, for his own safety, to appoint a military governor with exceptional powers and to concentrate 8,000 picked troops at Athens.

A Times Athens dispatch says: The torch of reclamation, denunciation and bitter invectives which was checked by the fear of the immediate Turkish advance to Athens has broken out afresh, now that this danger has been removed by the armistice. The authors of the war policy, equally with those who are held responsible for the disasters, are being dragged before the bar of public opinion. So far as the official culprits are concerned, it is believed that the government will appoint a commission of inquiry to punish the guilty. A thorough investigation into the ambulance and commissariat departments will probably entail scandalous disclosures.

The Ethnik Hetairia is bitterly denounced, and the government is urged to seize its funds, to confiscate its stores and arms, and to compel it to render an account. The government is not likely to accede to this suggestion, because many persons prominent in political life are closely connected with the organization, and the Hetairia, conscious of its strength, has decided to remain silent and to preserve its mysterious and invisible character. Possibly smitten with compunction, however, the society has donated 60,000 drachmas for the relief of the Thessalian refugees. This is apparently the best justified item of all its expenditures.

The Embros publishes a sensation in a telegram from Lania declaring that the British men of war at Volo prevented the landing of guns and ammunition from a Russian man of war for the use of the Turks. The story is probably untrue, but it indicates the prevailing distrust of Russia.

In order to prevent brigandage the authorities have given instructions for the disarming of members of the Ethnik Hetairia wherever found. In the event of resistance they are to be prosecuted to the full extent of the law.

The United States cruiser Cincinnati has arrived at Athens.

Battle at a Soldiers' Home.

Lafayette, Ind., May 26.—Last evening James T. Quick, an inmate of the soldiers' home from Marion county, made an attempt to kill Commander James P. Megrew. Megrew was playing croquet with members of his staff, when Quick approached the commandant and asked what he had against him. He was ordered off to his quarters, but instead of obeying Quick made a lunge at the official with his knife, but missed. Quick was caught by Captain Havens, who came to Megrew's assistance with a croquet mallet, and a desperate fight ensued. Quick using his knife and Havens his mallet. Quick was finally beaten into insensibility, but not until Captain Havens had his right ear cut off and several other cuts on the head. His wounds are not dangerous. Quick was lodged in jail.

Sulicide's Terrible Leap to Death.

Chicago, May 26.—While walking on the corridor of the thirteenth floor of the Chamber of Commerce building yesterday W. F. Mittman, a dancing teacher, suddenly drew a revolver and shot himself. He then threw himself over the railing into the court, 180 feet below, narrowly missing pedestrians in the crowded main lobby of the structure. It is thought the man was dead before he struck the pavement. The corpse was horribly crushed. A letter in the suicide's pocket said his wife had accused him wrongfully and that he intended to take his life on Monday, but he concluded to give her one more chance.

Conger For Minister to Brazil.

Washington, May 26.—The president yesterday sent the following nominations to the senate: Edwin H. Conger of Iowa, minister to Brazil; John G. Foster of Vermont, consul at Sherbrooke, Quebec, Canada; Brigadier General John Brooke, to be major general. Mr. Conger, who served as minister to Brazil under the Harrison administration, had previously served three terms in congress with Major McKinley.

Burglars Steal an Empty Safe.

Lancaster, Pa., May 26.—During the night robbers broke into the office of Newhouse Brothers, dealers in wire fences and agricultural implements at Bird-in-Hand, and rolled their safe a considerable distance away, where they blew it open. They got nothing for their pains, as the safe only contained some valueless papers. There was another safe in the same office, but it was not tampered with.

SEVERAL HUNDRED HOMELESS.

Sudden Break in a Levee Sweeps Away Many El Paso Homes.

El Paso, Tex., May 26.—At 1 o'clock in the morning the levee broke and the flood waters of the Rio Grande rushed through the city. The levee which broke was on the bank of the canal, on Stanton street. The river had reached its highest point since 1891. In a few minutes a large force of men were at work trying to check the angry waters with sacks filled with sand, but a second break above backed up the water on the workmen, and they were compelled to retire. The Texas and Pacific railway, realizing that hundreds of families were being driven from their homes, backed in a large number of empty freight cars for the accommodation of the homeless.

Not less than 120 homes were swept away at work on a new levee. They threw up an embankment on Third street to try and check the advance of the water, which is running over one of the International Street railway bridges. The crash of the walls of houses as they crumble and fall is mingled with the cries of frightened women and children, who are driven from their homes. People residing in the lower part of the city are leaving their homes and moving to the foothills of Mount Franklin. Several hundred families are now housed in freight cars standing in the water. Should the improvised levee on Stanton street break, the water will flood the business portion of the city. The ringing of the fire bell saved the lives of many people who were asleep, ignorant of their danger.

Killed His Boy and Himself.

New York, May 26.—Charles K. Hilliard, 50 years old, a well known lawyer of Brooklyn, shot and killed his 13-year-old son, William, and himself Monday night, at what hour is not known. Their bodies were found yesterday afternoon in a bedroom in Hilliard's elegant home. Mr. Hilliard's wife died last October, and since that time he had been subject to melancholia. He constantly spoke of his loss, and at times seemed to be deranged. He was always devoted to his son, and after his wife's death this fondness grew into a passionate affection, which seemed greater during his periods of mental derangement. Shortly after his wife's death Mr. Hilliard made his will, bequeathing between \$70,000 and \$80,000 to the boy.

A Woman's Murders Vengeance.

St. Louis, May 26.—May Campbell, a variety actress, who came here from Cincinnati, hid in a clothes closet in Maud Devere's room yesterday and listened while her husband and Miss Devere arranged for an elopement. Then Mrs. Campbell emerged with a revolver and put five bullets into her husband and one into Maud Devere. She then walked to the Four Courts and gave herself up. Campbell was taken in a dying condition to the city hospital. When a detective brought in his wife and asked him to identify her as his assailant he refused to do so, and kissed her affectionately. Campbell is fatally shot. The woman's wound is not believed to be fatal.

Supreme Court Decisions.

Washington, May 25.—The United States supreme court decided two cases yesterday holding that the United States interstate commerce commission has no power to prescribe rates on railroads which may control in the future. The decision is construed to mean that the interstate commerce commission has no power to pass upon rates before they are put into effect. The court affirmed the decision of the court below in the case of C. S. Wright, of Pittsburgh, Pa., charged with a violation of the portion of the interstate commerce law prohibiting discrimination. Wright granted rebates on beer to pay for drayage. This action was held to be in violation of the law.

Fatal Fire in New York.

New York, May 26.—Two persons were killed and three seriously injured in a fire which started shortly after 4 o'clock yesterday morning in the fourth story and basement brown stone building at 149 West Twenty-third street. Several persons narrowly escaped death. The dead are: Mrs. Katherine Mossway, aged 22 years, died at hospital from suffocation and burns; Beatrice Mossway, 4 years old, daughter of the former, suffocated in her room. Mrs. Mary C. Bowles of Boston, who jumped from a third story window, may die from her injuries.

Romeyn Will Not Be Dismissed.

Washington, May 25.—The president has remitted the sentence of dismissal imposed by court martial on Captain Romeyn, Fifth infantry, who after a sensational trial was convicted recently of assault on Lieutenant O'Brien of the same regiment at Fort McPherson, Ga. In view of the fact that Captain Romeyn will retire by operation of law on June 1, the president believes that the ends of justice will be secured by his severe reprimand.

No Chapel at West Point.

Washington, May 25.—In response to an application by Secretary Alger, the attorney general has rendered an opinion as to the power of the war department to issue licenses for the erection of religious chapels on military reservations. The attorney general decides that the law will not permit the erection of such structures. This will prevent the building of a Catholic chapel at West Point, as proposed by Archbishop Corrigan.

Alleged Wholesaler Murderer Caught.

Houston, Tex., May 26.—A man thought to be J. C. Dunham, who exterminated a family of six people at San Jose, Cal., has been arrested at La Grange, Tex., and now awaits identification by California officers who are on their way to Texas. His description accurately tallies with that of Dunham, for whose capture a reward of \$11,000 is expected by the officers here.

Bank Wrecker Kennedy Pardoned.

Washington, May 25.—The president has pardoned, in order to restore to citizenship, Harry H. Kennedy, sentenced in Pennsylvania to ten years' imprisonment for misapplication of national bank funds. Kennedy was sentenced in 1891, and President Cleveland commuted his sentence to seven years imprisonment, with deductions for good behavior.

TARIFF IN THE SENATE.

The Amended Bill Formally Introduced by Senator Aldrich.

AN AGRICULTURAL AMENDMENT.

It is Introduced by Senator Cannon, and Provides for the Payment of Bounties For Exports of Wheat, Corn, Oats and Other Products.

Washington, May 26.—The debate on the tariff bill began in the senate yesterday with crowded galleries, a large attendance of senators and the tariff leaders of the house. Minor business claimed attention up to 2 p. m., when Senator Aldrich, of Rhode Island, in charge of the tariff bill, had the measure laid before the senate and took the floor for the opening speech. At that time every available seat in the galleries was occupied.

The Republican side of the floor showed an almost solid representation, there being only three or four vacant seats. The Democrats also presented full ranks, and the scattered seats of the Populists were occupied with but one exception. Mr. Dingley, chairman of the ways and means committee and author of the bill, took the seat immediately beside Mr. Aldrich, and listened attentively. Other Republican members of the ways and means committee and Representative Simpson, of the Populist contingent, occupied the rear lounges. Speaker Reed was not present.

Mr. Aldrich spoke for almost an hour and a quarter, adopting an easy, conversational style. His speech was the official utterance of the finance committee, and in a sense of the Republican side of the chamber. Without making invidious distinctions between the two bills Mr. Aldrich clearly stated as the belief of the finance committee that the house bill would not yield revenue adequate for the needs of the government.

Mr. Vest, one of the Democratic members of the finance committee, followed with a statement in opposition to the bill. He spoke of the possibility of piling up taxes on an overburdened people when there was a balance of \$125,000,000 in the treasury. He criticized the schedules in detail, declaring that some of them were designed to be prohibitive. He severely attacked the increases in the lead duty, declaring it was for the benefit of the "comorants" of monopoly and against the people.

Mr. Cannon, of Utah, a silver Republican, closed the debate for the day by urging that the protection should be so distributed as to aid the farmer. Mr. Cannon offered an amendment to the tariff bill providing for bounties "to any exporter of wheat or wheat flour, rye or rye flour, corn, ground or unground, cotton, hops or tobacco, produced wholly in the United States and exported by sea from any port in the United States to any port of other country."

The proposed bounties are: Ten cents per bushel on wheat, 50 cents per barrel on wheat flour, 10 cents per bushel on rye, 50 cents per barrel on rye flour, 5 cents per bushel on corn, 10 cents per cental on ground corn, 1 cent per pound on cotton, 2 cents per pound on hops and 2 cents per pound on tobacco.

Early in the day Mr. Mallory, the new senator from Florida, was sworn in and took his seat.

Riotous Austrian Statesmen.

London, May 25.—The Standard's correspondent at Vienna says: The obstruction which has characterized the proceedings in the reichstag culminated yesterday in an unprecedented scene. The president became so much excited in anticipation of trouble that he faintly ordered the session opened, and the vice president had to take the chair. For hours the members of the opposition had recourse to every parliamentary device for obstructing business, and finally, when they were exhausted, they overturned the desks, smashed inkstands, flung books in the faces of speakers, indulged in coarse invectives, and finally came to blows in a general riot.

Gains For Striking Tailors.

New York, May 26.—Leander Schoenfeld last night that he was sanguine that the tailors' strike would be short lived, and would end in a victory for the tailors. Three large contractors have already capitulated, and a number are expected to agree to terms today or tomorrow. This morning 3,000 members of the Pantmakers' union joined the strike. A number of the Progressive Tailors have signified their willingness to join issue with the strikers, but the union, as a whole, is opposed to a strike at the present time.

The Lithuanian tailors decided to remain out until the demand for a 25 cent increase in the daily wage scale is conceded by the contractors.

Michigan's Railroad Taxation.

Lansing, Mich., May 26.—The lower house of the legislature, by an almost unanimous vote, adopted the amendments recommended by the conferees of both houses on the senate bill increasing the specific taxes upon railroad earnings. The bill increases the assessments upon railroads by over \$260,000 annually. As at first amended and passed by the house the increase would have been upwards of \$700,000. The bill now goes to Governor Pingree for signature.

Three Met Death in Quicksand.

Fort Wayne, Ind., May 25.—Four workmen employed by the city were engulfed in quicksand yesterday. Three of them were killed. The dead are A. Dennis, A. Brown and James Christie. Michael Sheehy was fatally injured. The men were digging a trench for water mains. When about six feet below the surface a vein of quicksand was broken, and all four were engulfed in a mass of sand and rock. Sheehy was rescued, but will probably die.

Florida Senator's Sensational Charge.

Tallahassee, Fla., May 26.—In the state senate yesterday Senator Chipley openly charged Representative Stockton, a member from Duval county, with exhibiting a letter which had been written to him (Chipley) by a personal friend. Mr. Chipley said the letter had been stolen from the home of his friend, with other articles, by a burglar.

A WEEK'S NEWS CONDENSED.

Thursday, May 20.

The senate naval committee unanimously recommended that the price of armored plate be fixed at \$400 per ton. The new policy in the postoffice department is to establish as many post-offices as possible whenever any reasonable amount of business can be secured.

It is thought in New Orleans that there will be no further damage done by the overflow. The loss, while amounting to millions, is not so serious as in many previous years of overflow.

Friday, May 21.

United States Senator Joseph H. Eads, of South Carolina, died at Greenville, S. C., aged 50.

The house passed the senate bill appropriating \$50,000 to relieve distressed Americans in Cuba.

The national senate passed the Cuban recognition resolution by a vote of 41 to 14. The house will delay the measure.

Dr. Sheldon Jackson was elected moderator of the Presbyterian general assembly, now in session at Eagle Lake, Ind.

Ex-President Cleveland has been invited by President Crespo to act as senior counsel for Venezuela before the arbitration tribunal. Mr. Cleveland has not yet given his decision.

Saturday, May 22.

The four cannon missing from West Point have been traced to New York, and the capture of the thief is expected.

Secretary Sherman's reply to Sir Julian Pauncefote's note relative to the Cretan blockade did not recognize the powers' authority in Crete.

The Society of Daughters of the Confederacy have placed a silver star in the spot where Jefferson Davis stood when inaugurated president of the Confederacy 36 years ago.

Philadelphia's harbor police have recovered the bodies of Eleanor and Jessie Davis, who were drowned on Saturday last when the launch David W. Sellers went over the Fairmount dam.

Monday, May 24.

Five boys aged 8 to 11 were drowned while paddling in the Chicago river on a piece of fence.

Ex-Secretary and Mrs. John G. Carlisle are the guests of ex-Postmaster General Bissell, at Buffalo, N. Y.

No credence is given in San Francisco to the assertion of ex-Soldier Bryant implicating Pastor Gibson in the murder of Blanche Lamont.

The labor element of Missouri is urging the attorney general to oust Chief of Police Vallins, of Kansas City, because he was not a resident sufficiently long when appointed.

Tuesday, May 25.

Governor Atkinson, of Georgia, has broken the record in colons, having 81 on his staff.

A 15 pound wildcat and a Jamaica, negro fought to a finish in a ring at Tampa, Fla., Sunday. The negro won after a bloody battle.

The supreme court has decided that the president can remove Federal office holders at his discretion, notwithstanding the tenure of office.

Henry O. Havemeyer, the sugar king, is on trial in Washington for refusal to answer questions put by the senate's sugar investigating committee.

Wednesday, May 26.

A barroom in New York was blown up yesterday by an explosion caused by the tapping of a barrel of alcohol.

During a display of fireworks at Nantes, France, four persons were killed and a score injured by the explosion of a bomb.

A Kingston, Jamaica, dispatch says: An engine on the Jamaica railway ran into a trolley car in a tunnel, killing three persons and injuring four others.

Congressman McLaurin was today appointed United States senator from South Carolina, to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Senator Earle.

The share of the lawyers in the struggle for the Blythe estate, settled in San Francisco, will be \$2,750,000, or over two-thirds of the millionaire's estate.

Advertisement for Jacob Gross, The Fashionable Tailor, featuring an illustration of a man and the text "You Can't Get Around it. His figure is too much for a ready-made dealer. It takes a tailor to fit him as it does any other man, and we are the tailors who can do it. Our assortment of suits is so varied, extensive, and complete that every man has a choice among first choices, a double choice, as it were, and material once selected, every other difficulty vanishes before our sartorial skill. Everything we produce claims 'Highest Reward.'"

Advertisement titled "WANTED! Money to Invest" for first mortgages on city or country real estate worth at least double the amount of loan, interest at six per cent, payable quarterly or semi-annually.

Advertisement for E. H. Faulkender, Attorney-at-Law, located at 8-1-ly Hollidaysburg, Pa., advertising legal services for Pennsylvania State College.

Advertisement for R.I.P.A.N.S. (Rigips Tablets), a medicinal product for various ailments, including rheumatism, neuralgia, and migraines.

Advertisement for Patents, featuring the text "80 YEARS' EXPERIENCE" and "TRADE MARKS, DESIGNS, COPYRIGHTS & PATENTS" with contact information for Munn & Co.

Advertisement for Scientific American, a weekly journal of science and technology, published by Munn & Co.

Advertisement for C.A. Snow & Co., featuring the text "Wanted—An Idea" and "Who can think of some simple and novel improvements on..."

RAILROAD SCHEDULES

RAILROAD SCHEDULES. PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD AND BALD EAGLE VALLEY. Table listing train routes between stations like Harrisburg, York, and Philadelphia with departure and arrival times.

RAILROAD SCHEDULES. WESTWARD and EASTWARD. Table listing train schedules between stations like Harrisburg, York, and Philadelphia.

BALD EAGLE VALLEY.

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BELLEFONTE & SNOW SHOE BRANCH.

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BELLEFONTE CENTRAL RAILROAD.

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Table listing train schedules for various lines, including Harrisburg, York, and Philadelphia, with departure and arrival times.

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