# THE CENTRE DEMOCRAT, BELLEFONTE, PA., THURSDAY, MARCH = 1897.

WOOD WAS SCARCE.

PLAINS DID THEIR COOKING.

a Meal With Fuel Which He Carried

It was in the days before the rail-

roads had been pushed out through

northwest Nebraska, and supplies were

freighted into the forts and trading

posts in big wagons, pulled sometimes

by eight or ten yoke of oxen and some-

It was evening when we overtook the

freighter. We went into camp within

100 yards of where he stopped. It was

almost at the head of the Elkhorn river,

and the stream, where it flowed a few

us at the start that we should strike

country where we could find no wood,

and we had brought along a small oil

stove, with a tin oven and a big can of

horses and staked them out for the

night. I wandered over to see the

freighter. He had an enormous wagon,

pulled by two giant mules. He had

staked them out and was getting sup-

per. It was the first time I had ever

seen it done by a plainsman and I staid

He was an old hand at freighting,

and he knew just how many stops he

would have to make where he could get

folk, a piece of 6 by 6 pine timber about

eight inches long. Each piece represent-

ed the fire for one meal. He was split-

ting up one of them when I struck his

times by one span of great mules.

With Him In Small Chunks.



# Our Ambassador Banqueted by London's Lord Mayor.

### A REPRESENTATIVE GATHERING.

#### All Branches of Great Britain's Ruling Powers Represented in the Tribute to Our Representative-Mr. Bayard's Response to the Lord Mayor's Speech.

London, March 3 .- Not in many years has the Mansion House contained a gathering so representative of British life and achievement as assembled last night to honor Mr. Bayard. Lord Mayor Phillips was particularly anxious that the company invited to dinner should represent all ranks of distinguished life at present in the metropolis, and though the fact that the house of commons was in session prevented the speaker and some members of the government-notably Mr. Balfour and Mr. Chamberlainfrom participating, and the absence of the lord chief justice, the gathering left nothing to be desired from the point of view of a popular tribute to the retiring ambassador.

The interior of the Mansion House was brilliancy itself. Lord Mayor Phillips, in court dress, received at the head of the hall. A few minutes before 7:30 Mr. Bayard arrived, and was received with marked signs of respectful attention. Lord Salisbury, wearing the broad blue cordon and star of the Garter had already arrived.

The Egyptian hall, where the dinner took place, was ablaze with light and elaborate decorations. The lord mayor seated himself in the center of the table of honor, Mr. Bayard on his right hand and Lord Salisbury on his left. Over 300 sat down. The court was represented by the Marquis of Lorne and the Duke of Fife, and the government, the house of lords and the house of commons were well represented, as was every principal city in England.

The lord mayor, in proposing the health of Mr. Bayard, said: "You, sir, not only represent the greatest republic the world has ever known, but you are our brother by ties of blood, and one who has done much to cement together two nations. We are here to welcome the lineal descendant of that great Chevalier Bayard, of whom it was well said, as it should be said of you, that he was 'Sans Peur et Sans Reproche.' You have inspired love and affection in English breasts, and you are taking back with you to the United States the heart of Great Britain." The lord mayor concluded his remarks with a general eulogy of the services rendered by the American ambassador to both countries.

Mr. Bayard, on rising to respond. was received with loud and prolonged cheering. He spoke for nearly an hour, and often exhibited the greatest emotion as he dwelt upon the relations which should exist and, which he hoped, did exist between the two nations.

Four years ago, he said, he accepted from the American people the proud position of its representative in Great Britain. The honor came to him unsought; nor was it one of the rewards of politics or for partisan service. It

# THE WARNING TO GREECE.

Must Withdraw Vessels and Troops from Crete Within Six Days.

Athens," March 3 .--- The representatives of the powers presented identical notes yesterday afternoon to the Greek government. It declares that the Island of Crete will be converted completely into an autonomous state, under the suzerainty of the sultan, and demands that the Greek vessels and troops be withdrawn within six days. The note says that the powers are entirely agreed upon a course of action to put an end to a situation which it was not within their power to prevent, but which, if continued, would gravely compromise the peace of Europe. Greece is solemnly warned that unless the aforesaid withdrawal occurs within six days the powers will not hesitate to take any coercive steps necessary to enforce it, and their decis-

ion is irrevocable. Major Bor, the British reorganizer of the gendarmeri in Crete, offered 50 mutineers three months' wages. On their third refusal to accept the offer he ordered them to yield up their arms. His command being disregarded, a body of Italian and Russian sailors advanced to force open the door of the building where the mutineers were. The latter fired, and hit an Italian on the wrist. The sailors poured a volley through the door and windows, to which the mutineers replied, beating back the sailors. The firing lasted two minutes, the mutineers yielded. Two when were killed, in addition to Sulleman. The mutineers were arrested and taken on board a British warship.

### New Method of Casting Copper.

New York, March 3 .-- In the current issue of The Electrical Review is the announcement of a new discovery in the art of casting copper. Copper is ordinarily cast by the use of alloys. It is stated that the new metal is cast pure, which foundrymen have heretofore considered an impossibility. The new metal possesses an additional tensile strength of 33 1-3 per cent, and a much higher percentage of elasticity has been developed, and it has a conductivity of 95 per cent, as compared with the best rolled copper. This will cause distinct changes in the building of dynamos, motors, railway apparatus, etc., because the new copper is believed to carry the same amount of current with one-third the amount of

#### Legislators Off for Washington.

metal.

Harrisburg, March 3 .-- Both branches of the legislature have taken a recess until next Monday night to allow the members to attend the inauguration. The Pennsylvania Railroad company has placed a special train at their disposal to cary them to Washington and back. The train left Harrisburg this afternoon at 2 o'clock. The senate held one session yesterday, at which the calendar was cleared of first reading bills, and a large number of others passed second reading. The house held three sessions, at which many measures passed second and third reading. The Seyfert bill prohibiting football playing was defeated. Mr. Seyfert characterized the game as far more brutal than prize fighting.

#### The Plague in India.

mother on his wedding day, drove Bombay, March 3 .- The official rebride, sister and aunt from the house port shows that the number of deaths with a knife and clubbed a no

# A WEEK'S NEWS CONDENSED

Thursday, Feb. 25.

The skeletons of five persons have been found about a mile and a half from Bayside, L. I. Charles Collender, the old time min-A Gentleman Out Hunting Had an Opporstrel and at one time a well known

theatrical manager, died in Chicago last night of heart disease. Mrs. Cleveland and her children arrived at their Princeton (N. J.) home yesterday. Mrs. Cleveland will return

to Washington for the inauguration. President Kruger, of the Transvaal, wants the high court of the South African republic put under the volksraad. He says it is necessary in view of the attempts of Cecil Rhodes to undermine the republic.

#### Friday, Feb. 26.

William J. Bryan lectured in New Haven last night, and was enthusiastically greeted.

Dr. Fridtjof Nansen, the Norwegian Artic explorer, is to lecture in this country next fall.

rods from our camp, was hardly more Ambassador to Italy McVeagh and his family will leave Rome on Monday than a yard wide. The guide had told to return to America.

A street car in Chicago was run down by a Chicago and Eastern Illinois train and three people killed. Recently the city of Richmond Va.

ordered the Bell Telephone company to remove its polls and wires. The company appealed to the courts, and is sustained.

## Saturday, Feb. 27.

Canada's premier, Sir Wilfred Laurier, urges the pope to appoint a papal delegate for Canada.

Two Indians have been arrested in North Dakota suspected of having killed the Spicer family, near Minerva. N. D., a few days ago.

Receiving a letter from his sweet. heart in Philadelphia, discarding him no firewood. For each one he carried in 21-year-old James Salverdio killed his wagon, when he started out of Norhimself at his home in Brooklyn.

Affidavits have been prepared at Boise, Idaho, and more, it is said, are to be secured, showing that Senator Heitfeld's election was brought about by corrupt methods.

tradition in London yesterday.

170 miners perished.

threatened in that city.

ing a share in the estate.

propriation bill was passed.

rived at Key West yesterday.

damages.

Monday, March 1.

The insurgents have completely cor-

The attorney for the heirs of Editor

J. B. McCullagh, of St. Louis, has re-

ceived letters from six persons, claim-

The national senate held a session

yesterday lasting from 3 p. m. until 11

o'clock last night. The sundry civil ap-

General Julio Sanguilly, recently re

leased from a Cuban prison through

the efforts of Consul General Lee ar

Mrs. Clara Foltz and daughter, being

refused refreshments in a New Yor?

restaurant after 9 o'clock because no

escorted, sued the proprietors for \$5,000

Henry Hammer, of New York, driven

temporarily insane by the death of his

doned Candia, Crete, and a famine is

camp. "'D evenin," he said, without look-L. R. Jones, the American recently ing up from his work, "prospectin fer arrested in England charged with having committed large forgeries in New land? York, was formally surrendered for ex-

"No, hunting," I replied.

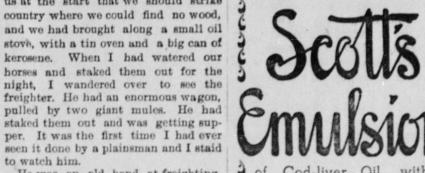
to watch him.

"Oh," he said, with an intonation that seemed to convey his feeling that In a mine fire at Zacatecas, Mexico he knew all about us.

He had split the piece of pine into little sticks. He gathered a handful of dry grass and wadded it up into a ball. Then he beat down the tall grass and cleared a little spot where he could make his fire. In the middle of it he put the ball of grass, and over it he piled eight or ten little sticks of pine. It was ready for the match. From a box at the end of his wagon he brought out a long handled steel frying pan, a coffeepot and a tin can that looked as if it had once held two pounds of tomatoes or pie apples. Then he brought out a wooden box and set it on the ground. It held part of his supplies and served as a table. Out of it he took some flour and bacon and a little tin can of coffee. He got a mill out of the box and ground his coffee. He was very particular about his coffee, he said to me, half apologetically.



There are children without food. They cry for it, and are not answered. The pity of it! But often nature cries out in other ways that her children need nourishment. Is your child thin; actually poor in flesh? Does it get no benefit from its food? Then give something which produces flesh and makes rich blood.



of Cod-liver Oil, with Hypophosphites does 🧲 more than this. It 2 changes the unhealthy action to one of health, thus removing the cause. It acts on the nervous system, which controls all the processes of the body, toning it up into sound and vigorous activity. It is food for growing bone and brain. It makes the thin plump; the pale, ruddy; the weak, strong; it feeds & and cures.

SCOTT'S EMULSION has been ndorsed by the medical profesion for twenty years. (Ask your doctor.) This is because it is always palatable-always uni form-always contains the purest Norwegian Cod-liver Oil and Hypophosphites. Put up in 50 cent and \$1.00 sizes. The small size may be enough to cure your cough or help your baby. All druggists.

# JUST AS GOOD IS NOT SCOTT'S EMULSION. เขลงลงลงลงลงเ



we're ready to show you our reasons for expecting such preference.

Write for samples of the following-they'll show it:

Irish Dimities, 15c, 20c and 25c. American Dimities, white grounds with colored stripes or figures, 6 1-4c to 12 1-2c.

Fine French Organdies, 25c, 30c and 35c.

American Organdies, 12 1-2c, 15c, 20c and 25c.

New Etamines-open work effects-25c-white grounds with colored stripes and checks-good enough weight to make up without linings-just the thing for children's nice dresses.

Tissues, Zephyrines, Gazines, 25c -handsome new fabrics-light colors, navy blues and blacks stripes and checks-splendid for shirt waists or entire gowns.

40 inch striped and figured Lawns, 10c, 12 1-2c and 15c a yard.

New Wash Goods, 5c to \$1.25.

We're ready to show you as many more reasons as you want-samples and prices of New Suitings, 75c to \$3.50-American all wool Dress Goods, 25c, 35c, 40c-New Silks and Black Goods, or other piece goods.

-then when you do buy here, you'll know yourself that it's because of a preference that benefits you and your pocketbook-and we'll know that we got your business by meriting it, as we're determined we shall.

Samples free, if you write.



was the result of a resolve of a patriotic executive to extend knowledge as to each other among both peoples. and a true sense of what the relations should be between the two countries. 'And," he continued, "it was with this high trust in mind that I accepted the offer. My object has been to make clearer what, in the name of God and humanity, ought to be the relations between Great Britain and the United States. There is today no question whatever of danger between the two countries, provided the natural current of feeling and opinion of the two peoples are not obscured." Viscount Peel and Lord Salisbury

also spoke, referring in most flattering terms to the American ambassador.

#### Another Veto Urged.

New York, March 3. - President Cleveland was sent the following telegram yesterday: "We respectfully ask you to refuse your approval to the sundry civil appropriation bill if it shall contain any clauses revoking the forest reservations recently made by your executive order. That order was a great benefaction which prevents the devastation of a great domain of enormous public importance. That domain should not be sacrificed for selfish and private purposes. The telegram was signed by W. W. Sherman. Charles S. Fairchild, Edward M. Shepard and eight other leading citizens.

Long Day's Work for Congressmen.

Washington, March 3 .-- Both houses of congress remained in session until after midnight, the lower house being in session until 3 o'clock this morning. The senate yesterday agreed to the house amendments to the international monetary conference bill, and just before adjournment passed the deficiency appropriation bill. The house con curred in the senate's sugar bounty amendment of \$1,085,000.

General Lee's Possible Successor.

Chicago, March 3 .- The Tribune publishes the folowing: The next consul general from the United States to Havana may be a Chicagoan. Richard S. Martin, pastor of the Western Avenue Methodist Episcopal church, is said to have assurances that President-elect McKinley may appoint him to the position now filled by General Fitzhugh Lee.

| Su. | Mo. | Tu. | We. | Th. | Fr. | Sa. |
|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|-----|
|     | 1   | 2   | 3   | 4   | 5   | 6   |
| 7   | 8   | 9   | 10  | 11  | 12  | 13  |
| 14  | 15  | 16  | 17  | 18  | 19  | 20  |
| 21  | 22  | 23  | 24  | 25  | 26  | 27  |
| 28  | 29  | 30  | 31  |     |     |     |

from natural causes in Bombay for the week ending Feb. 26 is 1,525, and the number of deaths from the plague reported in the district is 730. The reduction in the total number of deaths is a satisfactory sign, but some of those who left Bombay out of fear of the plague are now returning here from other infected places which had beother infected places which had bemost drastic measures will be enforced by the military and other authorities. The plague tends to spread in the Thana and Surat districts and it is still severe in the Coorla and Bandora districts.

#### Great Britain's Growing Navy. London, March 3 .- The statement of

the first lord of the admiralty. Mr. George J. Goschen, on the navy estimates for 1897-98 was issued last night. The expenditures are placed at \$109 .-190,000, being an increase of \$75,000 over the last year's estimates. Four battleships, three third class cruisers, two sloops, four gunboats, two torpedo destroyers and a new royal yacht will be commenced, making 108 ships building, of which number 66 will be completed during the year. There will also be an increase of 6,179 men and 121 officers in the navy.

#### More Successes for British Invaders.

Brass, March 3 .- The expedition of the Niger company, under command of Sir George Goldie, have captured the town of Ilorin after two days' fighting. Severe losses were inflicted on the natives. After capturing Bida, the capital of Nupe, the expedition marched against the emir of Ilorin, which was also captured. These captures will place a large territory under the direct control of the Niger company.

#### Leading Religious Editor Dead.

New York, March 3 .- The Rev. George S. Mallory, editor of The Churchman, died here yesterday, aged 59 years. Dr. Mallory was graduated from Trinity college in the class of 1858, and from Berkely Divinity school at Middletown, Conn., in 1862. For two years afterward he was professor of ancient languages at Trinity, and from 1864 to 1872 had the chair of literature and oratory. In 1866 he became editor of The Churchman, which he also owned at the time of his death.

#### Interesting Mining Statistics.

Shamokin, Pa., March 3 .-- The annual report of the Seventh anthracite district for the year ending Dec. 31, 1896, has just been completed by Mine Inspector Brennan. It shows that the 47 mines produced 5,600,000 tons of coal. a decrease of 500,000 tons from the preceding year. Employment was given to 20,195 men and boys an average of 170 days each. There were 76 fatal and 106 non-fatal accidents, creating 21 widows and 27 orphans.

#### An Absconding Naval Paymaster.

Newport, R. I., March 3 .- Naval Paymaster Corwine, who has been on duty here, has absconded, and has taken his check book with him. It is stated that he cashed a check for \$5,000 last Saturday, and has not been seen since. Instructions have been given for his arrest, and the navy department is taking all possible steps to intercept him and to prevent his cashing any further checks

with a rifle. Tuesday, March 2.

Hon. Wayne MacVeagh, our ambassador to Italy, left Rome for home yes terday.

Governor Griggs last night nominated Justice William J. Magie as chief justice of New Jersey's supreme court.

The Oklahoma legislature has passed a bill making it a crime for white and colored children to attend the same school.

The left wing of the great St. Bernard monastery in Switzerland has been destroyed by an avalanche. No lives were lost.

William J. Koerner, the newspaper artist who murdered his sweetheart, Rose A. Redgate, in New York, has been sentenced to death.

#### Wednesday, March 3.

A supposed Cuban fillbustering expedition left Barnet, N. J., yesterday. A strike of 10,000 railroad miners it the Pittsburg district is impending.

Three students of Princeton univer sity were yesterday suspended for hazing

A thousand New York cloakmakers went on strike last night, and it is believed 12,000 more will go out.

Garrett Simmons, \$6 years old, committed suicide by shooting at his home near Sellersville, Pa

Just before dying, John A. Best, a grocer of East Orange, N. J., declared bis fatal injuries had been caused by his wife.

American residents of Berlin have sent a petition to Major McKinley urging the retention of Mr. Uhl as ambassador to Germany.

### STOCK AND PRODUCE MARKETS.

Closing Quotations of the New York and

# Philadelphia Exchanges.

New York, March 2. - The stock market opened with a show of strength, but yielded be-fore long to the effort of a marked depression in New Jersey Central. The depression spread through the general railway list and Sugar and Chicago Gas were also down a marked fraction in sympathy. Closing bids:

Balto. & Ohio..... 15 Lehigh Valley ... Chesa. & Ohio..... 171/2 New Jersey Cen. . 941 New York Cen... Del. & Hudson. . 107% 94 D., L. & W ..... Pennsylvania.... 14% 16 Reading. \*243 St. Paul. W. N. Y. & Pa... Lake Erie & W. Lohigh Nav ... 39 23. \*All asst's paid.

### General Markets.

Philadelphia, March 2.-Flour quiet; winter superfine, \$2.55/82.80; do. extras, \$2.90/83.20; Pennsylvania roller, clear, \$4.10/84.25; do. do., straight, \$4.25/84.40; western clear, \$4.10/84.25; city mills, extra, \$3.05/83.30. Wheat higher; No. red, spot, 883/40. Corn firmer; No. 2 mixed, 20/2/2016. Onto strady: No. 2 white send of eity mills, extra, s. togst.20. wheat higher (No. red. spot, 8814c. Corn firmer; No. 2 mixed, 29/4/23954c. Oats steady; No. 2 white, spot, 23 (223)4c. Hay dull; choice timothy, \$14 for large bales. Beef steady; beef hams, \$18.75(319. Pork bales. Beef steady; beef hams, \$18.75(619. Pork dull; family, \$10(611. Lard easy; western steamed, \$4.25. Butter steady; western cream-ery, 11(619c.; do. factory, 7(612);c.; Elgins, 19c.; imitation creamery, 10(615c.; New York dairy, 10(618c.; do. creamery, 12(618);c.; fancy prints jobbing at 21(624c.; do. extra, wholesale, 20c Cheese quiet; large, 9(612);c.; small, 9(612);c.; part skims, 5(99);c.; full skims, 8(63);c. Eggs dull; New York and Pennsylvania, 16c.; west-ern fresh, 13);c.; southern, 14);(9(5c.

#### Live Stock Markets,

New York, March 2.—Cables quote American steers at 10% (@11%c., dressed: weight; sheep at 9@11c.; refrigerator beef at 8@8%c. Calves ac-tive, steady; veals, \$5@7.25. Sheep and lambs quiet; sheep, \$2.50@4.50; lambs, \$4.75@5.55. Hogs

tin ont of the wagon and stood it up beto concentrate the heat by acting as a reflector.

He couldn't endure the ready ground

stuff. When he had got that done, he

He put the coffee in the pot, poured in some water from the bucketful he had brought from the river, and set it down beside the pile of sticks. Then he arranged the slices of bacon in the frying pan and settled it on top of the pile of sticks. Then he lit his fire. In a minute it was blazing up merrily, and the bacon was sizzling in the pan. He poured some flour into the tomato can, dumped in a pinch of salt and some baking powder and stirred it all up vigorously with a spoon. Occasionally he stopped stirring to turn the bacon. Pres-

ently the bacon was done. He fished it out into a tin pie pan with a fork, and into the hot grease he poured the mixture of flour and other things from the tomato can. That was going to be "bullwhacker's bread," or "scrugene."

As soon as he took the frying pan off the fire he put the coffeepot on, and when the thick, stiff dough was nicely smoothed out in the frying pan he propped it up in front of the fire, where the reflector would do its best work. Then out of the wagon he hauled a jug of sorghum. Three or four more little sticks of pine were deftly arranged under the coffeepot, and by that time the bread had begun to brown in the pan. He took the pan by the end of the long handle and gave it a quick sidewise twist and a little forward jerk. The mass of half baked dough slid out of the

pan and flew up into the air. It turned bottom side up, and he caught it as deftly as any French cook catching pancakes, and propped the unbaked side up against the fire. By the time it had baked the coffee was boiling, and the meal was ready. He drank the coffee, strong and black, out of a tin cup and used sorghum for sweetening. Butter and lard he despised. His sorghum took the place of the one and the bacon grease served as substitute for the other. When he took the coffeepot off the

fire, he put on a little can of water that stewed and simmered and presently boiled over the embers. That was his dishwater. He had to have it hot to take the bacon grease out of his pans. And when it was all done, there were three or four of the little pine sticks still left. I asked him if he did not want potatoes. Yes, he said, and he had them. but only when firewood was plenty. It took too long and too much wood to cook potatoes, and he couldn't do it when he had to depend on one pine

stick to cook his meal. In the morning, before we had watered the horses, he had cooked his breakfast and was off up the trail .- New York Sun.

On the Bluff.

"Did you read that story about "The House on the Bluff?' " asked the literary boarder.

"No," answered the cheerful idiot. "What was it—a boarding house?" Indianapolis Journal.

sliced his bacon. Then he got a sheet of CENTRAL hind the little pile of sticks. It helped STATE :-: NORMAL :-: SCHOOL



## LOCK HAVEN, CLINTON CO., PA

Expenses low. To those who intend to teach the State gives 50 cents a week as AID, and so dollars at graduation. Tuition, \$1.25 per week; (State aid de-

ducted 75 cents per week. Heat, light, washing, furnished room and good board, only \$3 per week.

The net cost for tuition, board, heat and furnished room for the fall term of 16 weeks is only \$60; for the winter term of 12 weeks, only \$45, and for the spring term of 14 weeks, only \$52.50. The net cost of the whole Senior year of 42 weeks is only \$107.40.

The Faculty of the Central State Normal School is composed of specialists in their several departments. Five leading colleges are represented

A well conducted Model Sohool furnishes superior training to professional students. Graduates command good positions and meet with excellent success. The handsome new building, erected at a cost of one hundred and twenty-five

thousand dollars, is now finished and occupied. Accommodations first class. Electric light in every room, carpets, spring beds, wardrobes, new furniture, fourteen bath rooms. Hot and cold water on every floor. Fan system steam heat. Smead system of ventilation. Everything is new and convenient. Students may enter at any time. Lock Haven is accessible by rail from all directions

We shall be glad to correspond with any who are interested. Send for free catalogue and secure rooms for next term.

#### JAMES ELDON, A. M., Ph. D., Principal,



SIS OPPOSITE U. S. PATENT OFFIC

Send model, drawing or photo., with descrip-on. We advise, if patentable or not, free of arge. Our fee not due till patent is secured. A PAMPHLET. " How to Obtain Patents," with MPHLET, "How to Obtain Patents,' same in the U. S. and foreign cost

C.A.SNOW&CO. OPP. PATENT OFFICE, WAS

Wanted-An Idea

only is possible, whether as a test of excellence in journalism, or for the measurement of quantities, time or values; and

# THE PHILADELPHIA RECORD

after a career of nearly twenty years of uninterrupted growth is justified in claiming that the standard first established by its founders is the one true test of

#### A PERFECT NEWSPAPER.

To publish all the news promptly and succinctly and in the most readable form, without ellsion or partisan bias; to discuss its significance with frankness, to keep an open eye for public abuses, to give besides a complete record of current thought, fancies and discoveries in all departments of human activity in its Daily editions Editions of from 10 to 14 pages. and to provide the whole for its patrons at the nominal price of one cent- that was from the outset, and will continue to be the aim of "The Record."

#### THE PIONEER

one cent morning newspaper in the United States, "The Record" still leads where others follow.

Witness its unrivaled average daily circulation exceeding 160,000 copies, and an average exceeding 120,000 copies for its Sunday editions, while imitations of its plan of publication in every important city of the country testify to the truth of the assertion that in the quantity and quality of its contents, and in the price at which it is sold "The Record" has established the standard by which excellence in journalism must be measured.

#### **The Daily Edition**

of "The Record" will be sent by main to any address for \$3.00 per year or 25 cents per month.

## The Daily and Sunday

editions together, which will give its readers the best and freshest information of all that is going on in the world every day in the year including holidays, will be sent for \$4.00 a year or 35 cents per month. Address

> THE RECORD PUBLISHING CO. Record Building Philadelphia, Pa.