THE GREEKS IN CRETE.

The Powers Will Force the Troops to Withdraw.

KING GEORGE'S EMBARRASSMENT.

The Grecian Monarch, Acting in Obedience to Popular Demand, Will be Compelled to Withdraw from His Position-Cretan Insurgents Loyal to Him.

London, Feb. 17 .- A dispatch to The Times from Canea, dated Tuesday evening, Feb, 16, savs that all was quiet there when the occupation of the Island of Crete was completed. The commanders of the foreign squadrons sent a joint note to Ismail Bev, the newly appointed governor of Crete. successor to Prince Georgi Berovitch, resigned, informing him that they had addressed an ultimatum to the commodore of the Greek fleet, requiring him to withdraw from Cretan waters. They requested the governor, Ismail Bey, to find a way of notifying the insurgents of this fact, and of summoning them to yield up their arms; also of informing them the powers had taken measures to prevent Greece from interfering in the affairs of Crete.

An Italian gendarmerie officer was at once dispatched with a flag of truce to the lines of the insurgents of Akrotiri. He delivered the message, but the chief of the insurgents replied that they would maintain their present position and send a definite reply in behalf of the revolutionary assembly next Monday. Their action will probably depend upon the course adopted by Colonel Vassos, the commander of the Grecian forces on the Island of Crete. Captain Mandato was sent to Platania, where the outposts of the insurgents conducted him to the camp of the Greeks. Colonel Vassos detained him all night, and then declared that he did not recognize the Turkish vali, but would execute the orders of the king of Greece and occupy Crete. Captain Mandato reports that the Greeks have two battalions of infantry, one of artillery and two mounted guns, together with many Greek volunteers. The Greek army of occupation has taken up a position between Galata and Platania. The British warships Camperdown and Alert are watching the neighboring coasts. Firing was heard all day yesterday in the western

The Greek commodore has not yet replied to the ultimatum issued by the powers. The Hydra and two smaller Greek warships appeared off Canea yesterday. One of the small warships departed from Canea harbor at sunset. The French cruiser immediately start-

ed in the same direction. Everything now depends upon the decision of the Grecian government, whose predicament is unfavorable. Nothing can justify Prime Minister Delyannis from continuing the useless struggle. He can hardly have forgotten the consequences of resistence to Europe in 1886, and he has already done more than enough to clear himself of the accusation by his opponents of taken any other course than that of decrease in postal receipts, this time was unfair to probe into the minor workings of any legitimate business and have it as his opinion that it was unfair to probe into the minor workings of any legitimate business indifference to the interests of Hellencitement, and his position entitles him to much sympathy

The situation at Retimo is alarming. The consuls urgently demand the immediate landing of troops for the purpose of saving from pillage the houses of the Christians.

Standard says that the insurgents on at Rochester, N. Y., almost 17 per cent, the Islands of Crete are everywhere swearing loyalty to King George of both Indianapolis and St. Paul de-Five hundred troops started yesterday, and will land on the Island | total receipts were \$664,672; decrease, of Crete today. Great quantities of stores, provisions and munitions of war are also being dispatched to Crete. The foreign ministers, the German representative excepted, have collectively advised the government to recall the fleet and troops, but this is not regarded seriously. An unbroken stream of refugees continues to arrive from

A War Not Probable

Washington, Feb. 17 .- United States Minister Alexander, at Athens, has advised the state department by cable of the condition of affairs in Greece growing out of the expedition against Crete by Grecian forces. His account is brief and not confirmatory in every respect of the press dispatches, and his conclusion is that there is no reason to fear as to the outcome of the present Lituation.

Greek Occupation Not Aggressive.

Athens, Feb. 17 .- Minister of Foreign Affairs Skouzes, replying to the foreign ministers, says that the dispatch of the Greek troops to Crete is not aggressive but that it is calculated to pacify the island and strengthen European peace for which Greece has the greatest so-

Served on the Cruiser Alabama. Parkersburg, W. Va., Feb. 17.-Dr

John H. Weymouth, of Beverly, this state, has received intelligence from Liverpool of the death of his eldest brother, Captain William W.s Weycrulser Smyrna, at sea Jan. 14. Captain Weymouth was an old Confederate naval officer, and served under Admiral Semmes on the famous privateer the Alabama. He was on the vessel when she was sunk by the Kearsarge, but escaped. After the war he made his home in England, where he married and became a British subject, entered the royal navy, and gradually rose until he was placed in command of the Smyrna.

Cleveland, Olney & Uhl.

Grand Rapids, Mich., Feb. 17 .- It is reported here from supposedly good authority that Hon. Edward F. Uhl, ambassador to Germany, has arranged to enter the practice of law in New York upon the expiration of his term. and that one of his partners will be President Cleveland. It is rumored that Secretary Olney will be a member

Jackson and Walling to Hang Together, Frankfort, Ky., Feb. 17 .- The governor has fixed Saturday, March 20, for the execution of both Jackson and Walling. An effort was made to have separate days for the executions, Walling to follow Jackson, so the latter could confess if he wanted to save Walling, but the governor declined to ut the state to the extra expense.

CHANDLER ON BIMETALLISM.

The New Hampshire Senator Denounces Bolters of Both Sides.

Washington Feb. 17 .- Senator W. E. Chandler's speech in the senate yesterday in advocacy of bimetallism was one of the notable efforts of the present session, not only for the scholarly care with which the senator presented the question from his standpoint, but for the bitter sarcasm addressed to Senator Palmer and the Indianapolis convention, the arraignment of silver Republicans who bolted the St. Louis convention and for the dramatic personal exchange between Mr. Chandler and Mr. Pettigrew, the latter being one of the bolters from the St. Louis convention. Mr. Chandler's speech lasted three hours, and was replete with incidents. It was an argument against single standard of either metal, gold or silver, and a warning against a policy of monometallism. Then the senator turned to political phases of the question, speaking in turn of Bryan, of Palmer and of McKinley. Mr. Palmer sat across the aisle and was fully addressed by the speaker as one who had contributed to the election of McKinley. He predicted political disaster if monometallism was persisted in.

Monday night's pension session having practically failed of its purpose, owing to the difficulty in securing a quorum, the house yesterday vacated the order for a night session and devoted the day, after the routine business had been disposed of, to the consideration of private pension bills. Thirty-nine bills in all were passed, including bills to pension the widow of General Samuel A. Duncan at \$50, the widow of Colonel D. Derussey at \$50, the widow of General C. A. Heckman at \$50 and the widow of General Vandever, a former member of the house from California, at \$50. For the first time this session the house on a vote declined to override a pension veto submitted to it for action. The bill was that to pension Nancy G. Allabach, the widow of Peter H. Allabach, of the One Hundred and Thirtyfirst Pennsylvania volunteers, at the rate of \$30 per month. The house sustained the veto by a vote of 115 to 79.

The Congress of Mothers. Washington, Feb. 17.-Leading women from all parts of the country are in attendance on the first national congress of mothers, which began at the Arlington hotel this forenoon, and-continues for three days. Much interest has been manifested in the movement, and the deliberations of the body and the papers to be read are expected to be of unusual interest. They will treat of topics important to every mother. The association has for its object the moral, mental and physical training of the young and their rescue from cruelty and crime and unholy influences. Mrs. T. W. Birney, of this city, was the originator of the idea, and the association numbers among its officers Mrs. Phoebe A. Hearst, Mrs. Adlai E. Stevenson, Miss Emma Morton, sister of Secretary Morton, and Mrs. William L. Wilson, wife of the postmaster general.

Big Decrease in Postal Receipts.

ylelding to the storm of popular ex- amounting to \$104,443 net, is shown in and have it paraded before the public. the statement of the gross receipts at the 30 largest postoffices for January, as compared with January, 1896. The total receipts were \$2,839,911. against \$2,944,354, a decrease of 31/2 per cent. Only nine of these offices showed increases, and those were slight. The The Athens correspondent of The biggest proportionate decreases were and Albany, over 10 per cent, while creased over 9 per cent. New York's \$18,395. Chicago, \$407,297; decrease, \$31, 392. The only explanation that the department can give is that the general theory of business depression is more extended than is generally credited.

> Arrested for Violating Civil Service Rules New York, Feb. 17 .- Thomas F. Murphy, who until recently was employed as a clerk under Theodore Babcock, Jr., secretary of the United States civil service examining board for the customs district of New York, was arrested yesterday, accused of having betrayed civil service questions to Samuel E. Demarest, a clerk who was a candidate in competitive examination for promotion. Through an accident the fact was discovered that the questions had leaked out prior to the examination, and Demarest when questioned confessed that Murphy had 'coached" him. Commissioner Shields held Murphy in \$1,000 bail for exami-

Fugitive Train Robber Captured. Kingman, A. T., Feb. 17.-Deputy Sheriff Bougget, of Williams, captured

James Parker, the Nelson train robber, 20 miles north of Peach Springs. When overtaken he was wading in the middle of the Diamond creek, and offered no resistance. The bandit was completely worn out. His feet had been hours. The posse has arrived in Peach Springs with the prisoner, and will commander of the British take him to Prescott for trial. The penalty for train robbery in Arizona is

Bakers at War, Public Will Profit. Chicago, Feb. 17.-The big trade war between the New York Biscuit and American Biscuit companies began today. Yesterday the New York company decided upon a sweeping reduction, averaging 35 per cent in the price biggest cut in the price of crackers and cakes that has ever been made. The New York concern has a capital stock of \$9,000,000, and 20 bakeries. The American has about 40 bakeries distributed throughout the country, and an authorized capital of \$10,000.000.

Captain Hart Again on Trial.

Philadelphia, Feb. 17.-The trial of Captain John D. Hart, the well known steamship agent, whose connection with the steamship Laurada has made him conspicuous in Cuban affairs, was commenced yesterday before Judge Butler, in the United States district Captain Hart is charged with conspiring to set on foot a military expedition against Spain. Oscar Horton, an Atlantic City fisherman, testified to seeing men board the tugboat Richard K. Fox, which presumably placed them on board the Laurada.

TRUST INVESTIGATORS.

Sugar Treasurer Searles Again Before the Lexow Committee.

TO PURCHASE ANOTHER REFINERY.

The Camden Refinery May be Acquired by the Big Trust-The Trust Directors to be Subpœnaed-Mr. Searles Declares Investigations Injurious to Business.

New York, Feb. 16 .- John E. Searles secretary and treasurer of the American Sugar Refining company, was the principal witness before the joint legislative committee on trusts yesterday. He testified that sugar consolidation was for the sake of economy in production. He said that 12 refineries were closed in 1896, and that his company was contemplating the purchase of the United States Sugar Refining company in Camden, N. J., although 60 per cent of the company's refineries were not now in use. Witness said it was correct that the acquisition by the company of additional factories tended in the direction of crippling competition on the sugar market.

In response to further questions Mr. Searles admitted that the company had recapitalized the stock from \$7,000,-000 to \$50,000,000 and increased the ownership by 3,000. Witness said the reason the public did not get a chance to buy stocks was because the corporation was owned by private gentlemen before the consolidation.

Mr. Searles denied having any arrangement with individual wholesale grocers, but admitted having an agree ment with the factors east of the Mis souri in relation to the rates of freights within certain specific limits. He most positively asserted that the American Sugar Refining company had nothing to do with the prices formulated by any other sugar refining company in the United States.

Mr. Searles declared he could not produce the minute book of the sugar trust, saying:

"The directors decline to permit me to present them here. I have no power in the matter.' Senator Lexow announced that the

whole board of directors would be subpoenaed to answer and produce the book.

In answer to the question: "Is the increase of large corporations a dis advantage to the workingman?" Mr. Searles said:

'No, sir. If we had less legislation we would be far better off. If you make laws that will invite capital to this state, instead of driving it away, it would be an advantage. But so long as investigations like this are fomented it makes capital unsafe and uncertain, and makes it act on the defensive, as though it were the enemy of the workingman. There is a law far higher than the legislature of the state of New York, the law of supply and demand, and which controls all these things, which no trust, however big, is able to control."

In reply to another question Mr. Searles gave it as his opinion that it Warner, said that sugar was

within the reach of the consumer at as low a price today as it had ever been. New York, Feb. 17.-John E. Searles, secretary and treasurer of the sugar trust, was again before the Lexow committee yesterday. He admitted that the average price of the raw.material after the formation of the trust dropped .957 per cent. a pound, while the charge of the refiner increased .157 per cent. He also admitted that the consumers profited nothing through the difference in margin.

Mr. Searles testified that aggregations of capital did much to develop economy, and contended that the consumer had benefited by the fall in price of the raw material and contributed little to the manufacturers.

Mr. Searles testified further that but for the consolidation of refineries sugar would be half a cent a pound dearer. He also said that as much labor was employed now per ton of output as before, and that there had been a 10 per cent. increase in wages.

Then the United States Rubber company was taken up, and Charles E. Flint, treasurer of the company, was the first witness. His testimony related to the consolidation of the various companies, and asked as to the number of stockholders, witness said they had "increased from 300 to 3,000, and an equal number of preferred stockholders, since the organization, and it has been our endeavor to earn all the money we lawfully can for our 6,000 stockholders.'

Lawyer Brooke's Three Widows. New York, Feb. 16 .- A morning pa-

per says: Three widows, each holding proof of her mariage, survive the late Charles W. Brooke, whose recent death robbed the American bar of one of its brightest lights. These women frozen and were badly blistered. He all live within a radius of fifty miles of said he had been without food for 50 each other, all knew of the relations which they separately bore to the dead barrister, and, most remarkable yet, none seems to bear any malice towards the other, or to censure the man who, they claim, was husband to them all. The last "wife" was Mrs. Skillman, whom he married in Philadelphia in 1895,

To be Prosecuted for "Pernicious Activity" Cincinnati, Feb. 16 .- Considerable excitement has been caused here by the federal grand jury issuing summons of all the goods sold by it. It is the for over 100 witnesses in the case against Joseph Dowling, who was removed by President Cleveland last month on complaint of the civil service commission from the office of internal revenue collector for the First Ohio district. This leaves no doubt about the criminal prosecution of ex-Collec tor Dowling for soliciting funds for political purposes while in office.

Major McKinley's Illness. Canton, O., Feb. 17 .- Dr. Philips said this morning: "Governor McKinley is doing nicely. He is getting along very satisfactorily. He has been able to sit up part of the day, and is quite com fortable. He will be able to be about In a few days, but will not be able to see callers this week. He may be able to go to Cleveland the latter part of week." Chairman Hanna came town from Cleveland last evening, and s a guest at the McKinley home.

SAVE YOUR CHILD.

Mark How Thin, Pale, Nervous and Puny the Little One Is.

How You Can Make It Well and Vigorous. Words of Wisdom by a Well-Known Physician.

A well-known physician writes a very interesting article in regard to what to



EVERETT HALLOWS.

bly preserving the life of their little son, with indigestion and nervous troubles An attending physician, who was called advised the parents to give the child such medicine as seemed lest fitted to blood and nerve remedy was recommended

The taking of a few bottles of Dr. Greene's Nervura effected a cure, and. the little one is healthy to-day, enjoying play with the other children. Mr. and Mrs. Hallows say they must give the credit of the cure to Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy.

transformed into a happy, hearty, robust little one; and by the use of Dr. Greene's Nervura, the great nerve and ing them sound health and vigorous benefit. child who is not in perfect health.

TERROR OF CHILDREN.

The One Disease Which Every Intelligent Mother Dreads.

M Your Child Is Not Well, You Should Cure It Before the D: ead Disease Sets In. Do Not Ignore First Symptoms.

There are no more dreaded diseases by parents than fits, epilepsy and St. Vitus' dance.

give children, especially weak, nervous toms appear. Watch the infant or and run-down children, in order to child and see if it manifests any ner-Cure the child when the first sympmake them strong, vigorous and well. vous symptoms, if it is nervous, rest-Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Hallows, says less, wakeful, cries out, grits its teeth this writer, of Peckham St., Globe Vil- or tosses about in sleep, has twitching lage, Fall River, Mass., thank Dr. of muscles, limbs or eyelids, if its Greene's Nervura blood and nerve rem- tongue is coated, breath bad, with iredy for restoring the health and probatis pale, puny and does not grow and



LITTLE MARY MCBAY.

not play with usual energy. If so, you must look out for your child, or these who, almost from infancy, was troubled most dreaded complaints will follow. with indigestion and nervous troubles. Give it at once Dr. Greene's Nervura lood and nerve remedy, which, from its perfectly wonderful record in curing children, is the household remedy such medicine as seemed lest fitted to in nearly every home in the land. This such a condition. Dr. Greene's Nervura greatest of children's remedies is perfectly harmless, being made of pure egetable medicines, and may be given to infants or children of any age. It will always bring health and strength to the little one

Charles L. McBay, a highly esteemed police officer, who resides at 14 Myrtle St., New Bedford, Mass., says.: "About two years ago my little

daughter became run down in health What a change! The sickly child and suffered from St. Vitus' dance. Soon after she was prarated by rheumatism, which severely affected her lower limbs.

After trying various remedies withblood remedy. This medicine has out obtaining relief, she began taking proved a blessing to thousands of boys Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve and girls throughout the world by giv- remedy, and experienced immediate She continued its use, and strength. Children who use it have after taking five bottles her rheumaless sickness, better health, better tism was practically cured. Her appegrowth, and longer and more vigorous title returned, her pains disappeared, lies It is nurely very table and harm she was again able to walk without lives. It is purely veg table and harm- lameness, her general health was reless, and parents should give it to every stored, and she was able to attend school and to play like other children.

Dr. Greene's Nervura blood and nerve remedy is the prescription and discovery of the well-known Dr. Greene, of 3: West 14th st., New York City, who is the most successful specialist in curing all forms of nervous and chronic complaints, and he can be consulted in any case, free of charge, personally or by letter.

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PROFESSIONAL CARDS

ORVIS, BOWER & ORVIS, Attorneys-atlaw .- Offices in Pruner's New Block. German and English. All forms of legal business given prompt attention

FORTNEY & WALKER (D. F. Fortney and W. Harrison Walker) Attorneysat-law.-Office in Woodring building, opposite court house. Prompt attention to all legal business.

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in Crider's Exchange. Special attention given to surveying. N. B. SPANGLER, Attorney-at-law.

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WM. J. SINGER, Attorney-at-law .- District attorney. Office in court house.

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W. C. HEINLE, Attorney-at-law.-Office in Woodring building, opposite the court house. Consultations in German and English.

in Crider's Exchange. Ex-district attorney. German and English. Prompt attention to all business. JOHN M. KEICHLINE, Attorney-at-law

and Justice of the Peace. Office in

C. MEYER, Attorney-at-law.-Office

Opera House block, opposite the JAMES W. ALEXANDER, attorney at-law-office, High street, near Court House. Practices in all the

CENTRE COUNTY BANKING COMPANY.
Corper of High and Spring street.
Receive Deposits; Discount Notes.

SPEEDY RELIE WHAT IS WANTED.

0) children and other dear members of families, die annually 0) from Diphtheria. This can all be avoided by the prompt use,

according to directions, of THOMPSON'S

Manufactured by the Thompson Diphtheria Cure Co., Williamssport, Pa, and sold by Drug-(gists everywhere for the small sum of fity cents per bottle. What is fifty cents when it avoids the suffering and saves (0 the life of a dear one? You say:

'Nothing, but will it do what is claimed?" It has done so (in every instance on record -not a single case where it failed This is the best and surest guarantee for its medecinal qualities

Thompson's DiphtheriaCure also speedily relieves and cures Croup, Oninsy or any other throat affection. Those who have tried it will never do without this

Medicine in their house, and their unsolicited testimonials prove this assertion.

0 3 MANUFACTURES THOMPSON DIPHTHERIA CURE CO WILLIAMSPORT, PA. 00 U. S. A. **0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0**

THE PENNA STATE COLLEGE

LEADING DEPARTMENTS of STUDY

2. BIOLOGY
4. BOTANY AND HORTICULTURE.
3. CHEMISTRY.

(CIVIL ENGINEERING.

(ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING.

5. MECHANICAL ENGINEERING.

6. RISTORY AND POLITICAL SCIENCE.

7. INDUSTRIAL ART AND DESIGN.

8. LANGUAGE AND LITERATURE; Latin Spanish and Italian, (optional) French German and English, (required.)

9. MATHEMATICS and ASTRONOMY.

10. MECHANICAL ARTS; combining shop work with study.

13. PREPARATORY DEPARTMENT: two

RAILROAD SCHEDULES

P ENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD AND BRANCHES.
In effect on and after Nov. 16, 1896.

VIA. TYRONE-WESTWARD. Leave Bellefonte 9 53 a m. arrive at Tyrone 11 10 a m. at Altoona, 1.00 p m; at Pittsburg

6 05 p m.

Leave Bellefonte 1 05 p m arrive at Tyrone 2 15 p m; at Altoona 2 55 p m; at Pittsburg 6 50 p m.

Leave Bellefonte 4 44 p m; arrive at Tyrone 6 06; at Altoona at 7 40; at Pittsburg at 11 30

VIA TYRONE-EASTWARD.

Leave Bellefonte 9 53 a m, arrive at Tyrone
11 10; at Harrisburg 2 40 p m; at Philadelphia 11 15 p m.

Leave Bellefonte 1 05 p m, arrive at Tyrone
2 15 p m; at Harrisburg 7 00 p m; at Philadelphia 11 15 p m.

Leave Bellefonte 444 p m, arrive at Tyrone
6 00; at Harrisburg at 10 20 p m; at Philadelphia 4 30 a m.

VIA LOCK HAVEN-NORTHWARD. Leave Bellefonte 928 am, arrive at Lock

Leave Beliefonte 1 42 p m. arrive at Lock
Haven 243 p m; at Williamsport 3 50 p m.
Leave Beliefonte at 8 31 p m, arrive at Lock
Haven at 9.30 p. m. VIA LOCK HAVEN-EASTWARD.

Leave Bellefonte, 9.25 a.m. arrive at Lock Haven, 10.30, leave Williamsport, 12.40 p.m. arrive at Harrisburg, 3.20 p.m., at Philadei arrive at Harrisburg, 3.20 p. m., at Philadel phia at 6.23 p. m. Leave Bellefonte, 1.42 p. m., arrive at Lock Ha-ven, 2.43 p. m., Williamsport, 3.50 p.m., Har-risburg, 7.10 p. m. Leave Bellefonte, 8.31 p. m., arrive at Lock Ha-ven, 9.30 p. m., leave Williamsport, 12.25 a. m., arrive Harrisburg, 3.22 a. m., arrive at Philadelphia at 6.52 a. m.

VIA LEWISBURG. Leave Bellefonte at 6.30 a.m., arrive at Lewis burg at 9.15 a.m., Harrisburg, 11.30 a.m. Philadelphia, 3.00 p.m. Leave Bellefonte, 2.15 p.m., arrive at Lewis-burg, 4.47, at Harrisburg, 7.10 p.m., Phila-delphia at 11.15 p.m.

LEWISBURG & TYRONE RAILROAD.
In effect Nov. 15, 1806

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J. B. HUTCHINSON Gen'l. Manager

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Williamsport, Lock Haven and Tyrone con-nect with train No. 3 for State College After-noon trains from Montandon, Lewisburg, Ty-rone and No. 53 from Lock Haven connect with Train No. 5 for State College. Trains from State College connect with Penna. R. R. trains at Bellefonte. Morning trains from Montandon. Lewisburg, †Daily except Sunday. F. H. THOMAS, Supt.

THE CENTRAL BAILBOAD OF PENNA. Time Table effective Nov. 16, 1896.

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* Daily. + Week Days. § 6:00 p. m. Sunday 2 10:16 a. m. Sunday. Philadelphia Sleeping Car attached to east bound train from Williamsport at 11:30 p.m., and west bound from Philadelphia at 11:30 p.m. J. W. GEPHART, General Supt

BALD EAGLE VALLEY.

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BELLEFONTE & SNOW SHOE BRANCH. Time Table in effect on and after Nov. 16, 1898.

Leave Bellefonte, except Sunday,......7.80 a. m Arrive at Snow Shoe " 9.00 a. m

Wanted—An Idea