

THE FUTURE OF WEYLER

It Depends Upon His Work in the Near Future.

MUST PUSH HIS OPERATIONS.

There Are Over Two Hundred Thousand Spanish Soldiers Under His Command in Cuba, and Spain Demands a Decisive Victory—Insurgent Officers Disabled.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 17.—It is learned here on authority that the Spanish government has given General Weyler to understand that he must push his operations against the insurgents aggressively and vigorously. Unless he soon achieves a decisive victory over the Cubans it is believed he will be recalled. General Weyler, it is understood, is aware of the alternative, and his present campaign in Pinar del Rio is expected to result in an engagement that will put a new aspect on the Cuban situation one way or the other.

The campaign, therefore, has become to him a personal matter, and, with the knowledge that his prestige and rank are at stake, the Havana cables are to be watched with interest for news of more important battles than the skirmish and guerrilla fights that thus far have come by way of them.

General Weyler has all the troops that he can use. There are over 200,000 Spanish soldiers in Cuba, and the force under the captain general in his present operations in the field in person is over 60,000 men. Maceo, against whom he is now operating, has under him, it is estimated, about 7,000 men. Spain having fulfilled all of General Weyler's wishes as to troops, now expects results from him. Consul General Lee has acquainted the administration with these facts, and the president is at present simply awaiting events and will shape his course by the developments.

It is the hope of General Weyler that he will be able to score a decided victory before the assembling of congress. Spain fears adverse action by that body soon after it meets, and has urged General Weyler to demonstrate his ability to crush the rebellion within the next two weeks if possible.

In view of the fact that Spain is now making a strong and almost supreme effort to subdue her insurgent colony, and that a crisis apparently is at hand, the president will delay writing that part of his forthcoming message on the Cuban situation until the last moment before the meeting of congress. The position the administration will take with reference to Cuba in this message of the chief magistrate will be largely determined by the news received before Dec. 7.

Should the news be favorable to the success of the Spanish arms it is probable that the president would continue his policy of non-interference. Should it, on the other hand, be distinctly favorable to the insurgents' cause, and especially if it should happen that Weyler were defeated, Mr. Cleveland, it is possible, might no longer hesitate to recommend the recognition of their rights as belligerents, or some other action equally undesirable to Spain.

What action would follow a simply negative result of the campaign, that is, a fruitless chase after the insurgents by General Weyler, is less certain. Probably the administration's course would be influenced in some measure at least by what representations Spain made as to the policy it would pursue and the instructions given her captain general in the event that Weyler were summoned home. Therefore, it is felt here that the most important Cuban news may be expected to come from Cuba, and not from Washington.

DISABLED CUBAN OFFICERS.

But the Reports Come by Way of Spanish Press Censors.

HAVANA, Nov. 18.—Today has brought no definite news of the whereabouts of Captain General Weyler, though scraps of information regarding the troubles of the insurgents in Pinar del Rio are given to the public.

It is said that Antonio Maceo received a slight flesh wound in an engagement at Lechuz. The insurgent general has again established a position at Brujo in the Brujo mountains. The leader Vidal Ducassis, brother of an insurgent brigadier, it is further said, has been seriously wounded and was carried to the Brujo mountains. Black smallpox is alleged to be raging in the ranks of the insurgent forces in Pinar del Rio. The noted leader Perico Delgado is supposed to have been seriously injured in the right lung with a Mauser bullet, and has, in consequence, developed consumption.

The chief of Maceo's staff, General Jose Miro Argenter, a man of great influence among the insurgents, is still another reported victim of a serious wound, received at Sara. With other wounded leaders he was carried to Bijó Menéndez, to a retreat in the swamp.

Maceo's forces, it is alleged, have been divided and distributed in different parts of the province on account of the active pursuit kept up by the Spanish, and much confusion has resulted in the distribution of ammunition, many of the insurgents having Mauser rifles receiving Remington cartridges and vice versa.

The weather is getting much better in Pinar del Rio, and the health of the men in the field shows a corresponding improvement.

Colonel Durango surprised an insurgent encampment at Chinchol, in Havana province, of Juan Delgado's band. In the fight that ensued nine insurgents were killed and eleven wounded, and a fine horse with a richly mounted saddle belonging to Delgado was captured.

Charged with Murdering His Family.

DENVER, Nov. 18.—Andrew J. Spite, a well known grocer of this city, with his family, consisting of wife and five small children, went boating on Smith's lake Sunday, Oct. 25. The boat was capsized, and Mrs. Spite and the children were drowned. Spite, apparently with great difficulty, managed to cling to the boat until rescued. Spite was arrested on Monday, and detectives who have been working on the case declare they have evidence enough to convict him of murdering his family for the \$12,000 insurance on their lives.

Don Carlos' Daughter Elopes.

GENOA, Nov. 17.—The Caffaro states that Princess Elvira, Don Carlos' third daughter, has eloped with a Roman artist named Folchi, a married man. The Princess Elvira was born at Geneva in 1871.

The Castles Homeyard Bonad.

LONDON, Nov. 18.—Mr. and Mrs. Walter M. Castle, of San Francisco, sailed for the United States on board the American line steamer St. Paul, which left Southampton today.

MR. BRYAN'S LECTURE TOUR.

His Salary Will Exceed That Received by the President.

LINCOLN, Neb., Nov. 18.—It has been definitely arranged that William J. Bryan is to take the lecture platform, and his first address will be delivered at Atlanta, Ga., early in December. His route, as far as it has been arranged, will be, after leaving Atlanta, Jacksonville, Savannah, Charleston, Augusta, Birmingham and New Orleans. After leaving the latter city Mr. Bryan will go through Texas, then on to California and Oregon, and will not reach the cities of the east before the latter part of February, 1897.

The men behind the enterprise is V. E. McBoe, of Norfolk, Va., the superintendent of the Seaboard Air line. Mr. Bryan has signed contracts for a series of lectures under the management of Alexander Comstock, who is the representative associate of Mr. McBoe in the enterprise. The terms of the agreement from a financial standpoint have not been made public, but it is related that the remuneration which Mr. Bryan is to receive is to exceed the salary he would have received as president of the United States in the event of his election to that office.

Arrangements are already under way to have the delivery of Mr. Bryan's first lecture in Atlanta made the occasion of a great demonstration, which will be in the nature of a monster reception. The lectures to be delivered by Mr. Bryan will be non-partisan in their character, and will for the most part be upon governmental and social topics, as it is expressly stipulated in the contract that the tour shall have no political aspect or coloring.

Master Workman Sovereign Re-elected.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Nov. 18.—The principal business of the Knights of Labor convention yesterday was the election of officers. James R. Sovereign, the present general master workman, was re-elected without opposition. For the office of general worthy foreman there were two candidates, Philip L. Amon of Jersey City and Thomas B. McGuire of Amsterdam, N. Y., the latter being elected. General Secretary-Treasurer John W. Hayes, of New Jersey, was re-elected without opposition. For the general executive board Henry B. Martin of Indianapolis, at present a member of the board, Andrew D. Best of Brooklyn and Daniel Brown of Butte City, Mont., were elected. It was voted to refuse to organize or sustain organizations of any men who have taken places of men on strike.

Edison Experiments with Blind Men.

NEW YORK, Nov. 18.—Thomas E. Edison has verified the experiments reported to have been made in San Francisco, in which, by means of the cathode ray, a blind boy had been enabled to distinguish light. Edison experimented Monday night on two subjects, both blind, from Newark, N. J. Many tubes were tried, each with increased strength, and finally the subjects were enabled to distinguish flashes. One of the men was able after a time to say when the light was turned on and off. It is Edison's intention to continue experimenting in this line until much more satisfactory results are arrived at, which he confidently predicts will be soon.

Brutally Tortured by Burglars.

CLEVELAND, Nov. 18.—Three burglars broke into the house occupied by 72-year-old John Mirka, a miser. Mirka lives alone, and has been credited with having large sums of money secreted in his house. Upon his refusal to tell the burglars where his money was hidden he was bound, gagged and a lamp flame applied to his feet until the flesh was literally cooked. The old man writhed in agony, but protested he had no money. The burglars then applied the flame to the suffering man's hands, and then to his body, until he finally sank into unconsciousness, in which condition he was found by neighbors.

"The Schomburgk Line Has Vanished."

LONDON, Nov. 16.—An editorial in the Times expresses confidence that the prudence and justice of the United States will prevent any reckless or dangerous application of the new Monroe doctrine. The Chronicle says: "The Schomburgk line has utterly vanished. It is merely absurd to pretend that Lord Salisbury has not retired. England's recognition of the Monroe doctrine will make it very difficult for any other power to refuse to recognize it. It is safe to say that the United States has undertaken responsibilities that may press upon them very heavily some day."

The Coinage of Silver.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 18.—The records of the treasury department show that from Feb. 1, 1896, to Nov. 1 there were coined at the mints of the United States 16,292,922 standard silver dollars from the balance of silver bullion on hand purchased under the act of July 14, 1890. The seigniorage upon this amount was \$5,051,430, which has been turned into the treasury. The balance of the silver bullion purchased under the act of 1890 on hand, Nov. 1, 1896, was 125,061,293 fine ounces, which cost the government \$112,965,625. The coinage value of this amount is \$151,666,000.

Increased Sugar Production.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 18.—This year's raw sugar supply of the world surpasses that of 1895, notwithstanding the enormous Cuban deficit, according to official statistics received at the department of state from Consul General Karel at St. Petersburg. Mr. Karel reports that the Russian wheat and rye shortage will be more than made up by the increased beet sugar production, and adds that this increase is common to other European countries.

Death of Judge Parker.

FORT SMITH, Ark., Nov. 18.—Judge I. C. Parker, the famous Arkansas jurist, died at his home in this city yesterday of Bright's disease. Judge Parker was famous all over the country for his fearless administration of justice, having imposed the death penalty upon more criminals than any other jurist in the United States. For twenty-one years he had presided over court without missing a day.

Manley Doesn't Want Office.

AUGUSTA, Me., Nov. 18.—Regarding the mention of his name as a prospective member of President McKinley's cabinet Hon. Joseph H. Manley says: "I am not only not a candidate for any office, state or national, elective or appointive, of any nature whatsoever, but that I would not accept any office it tendered me. My business interests demand and must receive my entire attention."

Queen Wilhelmina's Lover.

PARIS, Nov. 18.—According to The Echo de Paris the regent and the queen of Holland will spend the winter in Italy, where Queen Wilhelmina will be betrothed to an Italian captain of royal blood, who has won the queen's affections.

BUSINESS MEN BANQUET

Mr. Wilson's Speech to the New York Chamber of Commerce.

"FREE GOVERNMENT ON TRIAL."

The Postmaster General Refers to the Recent Election and the Popular Discontent—President Cleveland Writes That "Business and Patriotism Are Becoming More and More United."

NEW YORK, Nov. 18.—The 128th annual banquet of the Chamber of Commerce of the state of New York, which was held last evening at Delmonico's, was the most notable yearly gathering that has been held by that great organization. Many of the speeches were distinctly of a congratulatory character, and those who led the fight against free coinage were given unstinted praise, while every mention of their names was greeted with applause.

President Cleveland and Governor Morton were unable to attend the banquet, but they wrote letters, which when read were received with wild cheers. President Cleveland wrote:

"Recent events may well cause those who represent business interests to rejoice in their escape from threatened peril. But while they have abundant reason for rejoicing and can view with the greatest satisfaction the support they have given the cause of sound money in the contest lately waged against it, I earnestly hope that in this time of congratulation it will be remembered that constant vigilance and continued effort are required to even maintain present conditions, but that absolute safety will only be secured when our financial system is protected by affirmative and thorough reforms.

"When our business men are habitually alert and active, and when they are, moreover, fully aroused to the importance of such legislative action concerning our finances as business methods approve and the welfare of the entire country requires, much good may be confidently anticipated, not only in the accomplishment of practical results, but in the removal of harmful prejudices, through an assurance to the people that business and patriotism are becoming more and more united."

Alexander E. Orr, president of the Chamber of Commerce, complimented the members on the work done in the last campaign and upon the victory won. He paid a glowing tribute to Generals Palmer and Buckner and others who had vigorously opposed the Chicago platform and ticket.

The president then introduced Postmaster General William L. Wilson, who responded to the toast, "Free Government on Trial." He said in part:

"Every general election in this country is a trial of free government, and not less truly a trial of those institutions through which we are attempting to work out free government. If every new peril affects us with new anxiety every new triumph justifies added confidence in our institutions and renewed trust in the intelligence and capacity of our people for self government. We have just had a test of the capacity of universal suffrage to deal with the question so confessedly difficult that in other countries it is committed to 'trial.' He said in part:

"Every general election in this country is a trial of free government, and not less truly a trial of those institutions through which we are attempting to work out free government. If every new peril affects us with new anxiety every new triumph justifies added confidence in our institutions and renewed trust in the intelligence and capacity of our people for self government. We have just had a test of the capacity of universal suffrage to deal with the question so confessedly difficult that in other countries it is committed to 'trial.' He said in part:

"That the result has been a triumph for the national integrity is a cause for thanksgiving; that the result has been achieved by a partial and temporary dissolution of party ties, and the hearty concert of forces irreconcilably antagonistic on other policies is ground for quickened patriotism and loftier pride in American citizenship. To make forever safe the fruits of such a victory is now the duty and responsibility of those to whom the initiative and power have come.

"If we are to escape in the future the cries we have heard in this campaign, of the power of plutocracy, of the classes and of the masses, and antagonism between capital and labor and of the gulf between the rich and the poor, all wrongs or abuses that can be remedied and fostered ideas must be patiently and honestly obliterated.

"We must all admit that the entire body of our financial legislation for thirty years has been a makeshift and a concession to mistaken ideas, that from such concession and from dangerous dallying with erroneous and dangerous ideas and perverted education that has resulted came the great peril we have so fortunately escaped. For these mistakes all parties and almost, if not all, party leaders have been responsible."

The next toast, "Social Discontent," was responded to by Governor John W. Griggs, of New Jersey. Governor Griggs said in part:

"May we not hope it is possible for us to minimize the danger we find in discontent. The American people have not up to date been fooled. They are honest to the core. The first remedy I would suggest, and it is one that is being ever applied and has been alluded to, is education. Reduce the percentage of illiteracy. Let the public schools teach not only to read and write, but let the public schools and Columbia college teach, too, the principles of American popular government.

"The next remedy I would speak of is to cast out the demagogue. They are the fellows that are the curse of both and of all political parties. We have had them ever since the days of Julius Caesar and Marc Antony down to date.

"But let there be confidence between the men who earn wages and the men who pay wages. Let them meet together on a plane of political equality and they will learn to respect the employer, and the employer, take my word for it, will learn to respect them. And then let us stop making citizens out of unworthy material. Let us shut these gates and open them hereafter only to men of merit with right instincts."

Bourke Cockran was the next speaker, and he was followed in a brief talk by General Nelson A. Miles. Each urged patriotic support for the president-elect, Senator Hawley of Connecticut, Mayor Strong, Commander Seward and General Horace Porter also spoke.

Summoned by President-elect McKinley.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., Nov. 18.—Representative Charles A. Boutelle, of Maine, while returning home from Canton, O., received a dispatch in this city from President-elect McKinley summoning him back to Canton. He left here at 4:30 last evening for the west.

ITEMS OF STATE NEWS.

SHAMOKIN, Pa., Nov. 18.—The Natalie breaker, which was blown down by the storm of Sept. 29, has been rebuilt, and 1,000 men and boys were given employment yesterday, when the plant resumed operations.

CARLEISLE, Pa., Nov. 16.—J. A. Willis, Shippenburg's tax collector, is alleged to be short in his accounts, and his bondsmen have taken charge of the duplicates upon which the taxes are collected. The shortage is said to foot up \$800. Willis was arrested. He waived a hearing and gave bail for his appearance at court.

LANCASTER, Pa., Nov. 18.—James M. Robinson, an Adams Express agent on the trains between this city and Harrisburg, was convicted yesterday of larceny. He stole three packages of money containing \$700 consigned to the Columbia National bank. The court sentenced him to undergo an imprisonment of five years.

BELLEFONTE, Pa., Nov. 18.—An attempt was made by burglarize Governor Hastings' mansion last evening. Mrs. Rankin, the mother of Mrs. Hastings, discovered a tramp trying to get in the front door, and pluckily drove him off, but not before she was viciously abused by the tramp, who repeatedly tried to pass her. The same tramp tried to break into the house in the afternoon, but was scared away.

LANCASTER, Pa., Nov. 17.—Harry McDonnell, a freight brakeman, was brought to town last evening with both legs off. He had been thrown from his train by the slipping of a brake on the car of which he was in charge, and a dozen or more cars passed over him. He was perfectly rational when picked up, though shockingly mutilated, and told how the accident happened. It is not thought he can live.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., Nov. 17.—David W. Jones, a well known contractor, was found by a track warden on the roadbed of the Central Railroad of New Jersey last evening. He was unconscious, and was rescued just in time to save his life. When he came to he said he had been assaulted by two men, who robbed him of \$165 and then placed his body on the railroad track. Two men who are under suspicion will be arrested.

BRADFORD, Pa., Nov. 16.—Lovell Winship, of Colden, aged about 60 years, and his daughter, Linda, aged 21, were driving a spirited team. As they approached the crossing of the B. & P. railroad between Colden and Glenwood a train came flying along. The horses were frightened and dashed against the side of the engine. A search revealed in a stream nearby the dead bodies of Winship, his daughter and the two horses.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 17.—In a letter addressed to a committee of the Philadelphia branch of the National League of Business Men, notifying him of his indorsement for United States senator, Hon. John Wanamaker says: "Most heartily do I subscribe to the declaration of principles upon which your organization is founded, and in compliance with your request I consent to be a candidate for the high office in question."

POTTSVILLE, Pa., Nov. 16.—James Kenna, Martin Delaney, Joseph Clemens, Michael Conroy, Michael Whalen and Michael Brennan, the school directors of Blythe township, who pleaded guilty of gross frauds against the school district in drawing fraudulent and excessive orders, the entire board participating in numerous "divides," were released Saturday on \$1,000 bail, sentence being suspended until the 30th inst. to give the defendants time to settle up their affairs.

SHAMOKIN, Pa., Nov. 16.—Fire was discovered in the Neilson shaft Friday afternoon in the counter gangway of No. 10 vein, and is still burning fiercely. It is believed the mine will have to be flooded, which will entail a great financial loss and throw between 700 and 800 people out of employment. The gangway was evidently fired by the explosion of a shot, and as soon as discovered an alarm was given. The colliery also closed down, and all the men and mules in the mine were hoisted out.

SCRANTON, Pa., Nov. 18.—As a result of the alleged neglect of the Scranton Traction company to repair the roadway a clash between the borough of Taylor and the railway company occurred yesterday. The borough officials blockaded the street car tracks at the borough line, and prevented cars from going into the borough from Scranton. The tracks were obstructed before the first car entered in the morning. Later in the day the court granted an injunction, and the tracks were cleared.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., Nov. 17.—The village of Port Bowler, north of this city, was swept by fire yesterday and seven houses were totally destroyed, entailing a loss of \$12,000. The buildings burned were the three story brick hotel of Timothy Calvin and the houses of Mrs. William Garrod, John T. Brady, John Klinko, James Glue, Mrs. Elgar Boland and John Malaya. Nine families are homeless, and have nothing but the clothes on their backs. They are being cared for by the neighbors.

MAUCH CHESK, Pa., Nov. 16.—An explosion occurred Saturday afternoon at the New York Powder mills, located on the Nesquehoning branch of the Central Railroad of New Jersey, about three miles above here. The mixing department and the building in which the explosion occurred caught fire, and a spark flew into the powder, causing the explosion. Thomas Lager, one of the employees, and C. E. Clark, the superintendent, narrowly escaped with their lives. The property was damaged to the extent of about \$4,000.

RIDGWAY, Pa., Nov. 16.—A fatal nitroglycerine explosion, three miles west of Johnsonburg, on Saturday afternoon, resulted in the death of Louis Stewart and Patrick Donahue, two men in the employ of Markham & Martin, well diggers and contractors. A can of the explosive was carelessly thrown on the ground with sufficient force to cause an explosion. Scarcely any recognizable traces of either man can be found, and pieces of flesh were found scattered for several hundred feet around the scene of the explosion. The horses and wagon used in transferring the material were blown to atoms.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 18.—Representative Benjamin K. Focht, of Union county, is in this city, and as chairman of the committee appointed at the last legislature for the purpose of investigating the public institutions that receive state aid. Mr. Focht is one of the rural members of the legislature who has been a candidate for speaker of the next house, and he attended the meeting of country members held in Harrisburg Monday evening. In an interview he said that he did not believe the chances of defeating Mr. Boyer were sufficiently strong to warrant a contest, and he has therefore decided to quit the field and leave it to the other aspirants, who are more sanguine of success.

Scott's Emulsion

Will Cure a Stubborn Cough

when ordinary specifics fail. It restores strength to the weakened organs and gives the force needed to throw off the disease.

50 cents and \$1.00 at all druggists.

Scott & Bowne, Chemists, New York.

Dr. Moritz Salm.

Wonderfully Successful in All Chronic Diseases and Diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose, Throat, Lungs and Nasal Catarrh



He Cures After Others Fail.

All Eye Operations Successfully Performed.



Examination and Consultation Free TO EVERYBODY.

Will be in Bellefonte, at Brockerhoff House, on—SATURDAY—

Nov. 28; Dec. 26; Jan. 23; Feb. 7; 20; March 20; April 17; May 15; June 12; July 10.

TESTIMONIALS.

NOBODY HAS DONE MORE FOR MY HEALTH THAN DR. SALM. I have only taken a half month's treatment and in that time, I dare say, no one could have done more for my health than Dr. Salm, as I feel a great deal better.

WILLIAM H. KNEPP, Troxelville, Snyder Co., Pa., Aug. 3, 1896.

CATARRH AND BRONCHITIS CURED BY DR. SALM.

For some years I have been in bad health. Suffered very much from catarrh and bronchitis, lost flesh continually, coughed a great deal and there didn't seem to be a spot about me that didn't ache. So I went to Dr. Salm, who comes here every four weeks, for treatment. I am so much pleased with the improvement that I want everyone to know it. I can eat finely, feel a good deal stronger, and I know I will soon be myself again.

MR. HENRY KEITHAN, Sunbury, Northumberland, Sep. 9, 1896.

HARD OF HEARING FOR 35 YEARS, CAUSED BY CATARRH, AND CURED BY DR. SALM.

Rev. J. D. Leister, Swales, Pa., Replying to your inquiry, as to testimony with my signature, published by Dr. Salm, will say, that I was under his treatment for 10 months for my hearing. It was catarrh of the middle ear, and like yourself, could hear better some days than others, could hear better in noise. My hearing was very much improved by the treatment, and have no doubt, but that he can help you. Dr. Salm appears to be an honest man and he will tell you the truth, whether he can help you or not. If I were you I would certainly consult him. I was longer afflicted than you. My hearing was had in one ear for about 35 years, and in the other for about 24 or 25 years. Hoping that your hearing will be entirely restored. I remain,

ISAAC PIERSON, Bedford, Bedford Co., Pa.

CASE OF CATARRH CURED BY DR. SALM. Rev. J. D. Leister, Swales, Pa.

Yours came to hand to-day. Dr. Salm treated my 13 year old boy for catarrh in the head, and cured him in 6 months. I don't know whether he can cure you or not, but on examination he will tell you the truth. I know a man here, that he examined, and he told him that he could not be cured. I know other people, that he has done a great deal of good, in other cases.

BEN I. LIMBERT, Madisonburg, Centre Co., Pa.

CASE OF CATARRH CURED BY DR. SALM.

For 7 years I have had a bad case of catarrh, took cold continually and always had headaches; a bad stomach, as well and too many accompanying troubles to mention. But now, after only a short treatment of Dr. Salm, I am almost a new man.

HENRY TREON, Sunbury, Northumberland, Sep. 9, 1896.

50c BOOK FREE. The Medical Adviser, a short history of private diseases, advice to young and old, especially those contemplating emigration. This book will be sent to anyone free on application. Address, Dr. Salm, P. O. Box 750, Columbus, O. Enclose 2c stamp for postage.

Diseases of women, such as have baffled the skill of all other physicians and remedies, quickly cured. Cancer, tumor, fibroid and polyoid growths cured without the use of the knife or caustics. No cutting, no pain, no danger.

Manhood perfectly restored. Quick, painless and certain for impotence, lost manhood, spermatorrhea losses, weak and nervous debility, also for prostatic, varicose and private diseases, whether from imprudent habits of youth or sexual functions, speedily and permanently cured. Consultation free and strictly confidential. Absolute cures guaranteed—no risk incurred. Free examination of the urine—each person applying for medical treatment should send or bring 2 to 4 ounces of urine, which will receive careful chemical examination.

Small tumors, cancers, warts, moles, etc., removed without acids, knife, pain or scar. Address all communications to Box 750, Columbus, Ohio. Examination and consultation free to everybody. Our advertisement will appear twice before each visit. Address all communications to Box 750, Columbus, Ohio.

SPEEDY RELIEF IS WHAT IS WANTED.

Thousands upon thousands of children and other dear members of families, die annually from Diphtheria. This can all be avoided by the prompt use, according to directions, of

THOMPSON'S CURE DIPHTHERIA CURE

Manufactured by the Thompson Diphtheria Cure Co., Williamsport, Pa., and sold by Druggists everywhere for the small sum of fifty cents per bottle. What is fifty cents when it avoids the suffering and saves the life of a dear one? You say: "Nothing, but will it do what is claimed?" It has done so in every instance on record—not a single case where it failed. This is the best and surest guarantee for its medicinal qualities.

Thompson's Diphtheria Cure also speedily relieves and cures Croup, Quinsy or any other throat affection.

Those who have tried it will never do without this medicine in their house, and their unsolicited testimonials prove this assertion.

MANUFACTURED BY THE THOMPSON DIPHTHERIA CURE CO. WILLIAMSPORT, PA. U. S. A.

There's nothing More Easily Cured

than Facial Blemishes or Red Nose if the proper remedy is employed

Holland's Quaker Salve

relieves inflammation of any kind anywhere. A specific for any excessive redness of the skin.

PRICE 50 CENTS.

Mailed on receipt of 50 cents in stamps or money order—50c.

Holland's - Pharmacy, PHILADELPHIA, - - PENN'A.

GARMAN HOUSE, High Street, opposite the Court House. Entirely new. New Furniture, Steam Heat, Electric Light, and all the modern improvements. A. S. & C. M. GARMAN Proprietors.