WILLIAM M'KINLEY

Will be the Twenty-Fifth President of the United States.

THE SOLID SOUTH BROKEN

Kentucky, Maryland and Delaware in the Republican Column.

TENNESSEE IS ALSO CLAIMED.

The Democrats of That State, However, Laugh at the Claims of Their Opponents. Great Majorities for McKinley in New York and Pennsylvania — Chairman Jones, of the Democratic National Committee, Asserts That the Nebraska Orator is Elected.

CHICAGO, Nov. 4.—The returns received by the Associated Press up to midnight indicate the probable election of McKinley and Hobart, although returns are so meagre from a number of doubtful states that this conclusion can only be reached by an estimate based upon the gains and losses. The best estimates obtainable indicate that Maine and Vermont have given majorities somewhat reduced from the September elections; that New Hampshire gives about 20,000, Massachusetts about 120,000 and Rhode Island and Connecticut by proportionate majorities, all for McKinley. New York is estimated at above 250,000 and Pennsylvania reaches 266,950.

Maryland has been carried for the Republican candidate for president by a majority exceeding 20,000, and Delaware is confidently claimed by both, apparently in dispute, although the plurality is not likely to exceed 1,000.

The returns from West Virginia are not sufficient to justify the claim of either party. Ohio has given a very large Republican plurality, and Kentucky is apparently assured to the McKinley column, although later returns may not justify this claim. Tennessee seems to have been carried for Bryan, notwithstanding the confidential assertions to the contrary of the Republican managers, and the same is probably true of North Carolina. Indiana and Michigan, as well as Minnesota, indicate heavy Republican gains and a strong probability that they have gone for McKinley. Illinois will give McKinley over 100,000 plurality, and Nebraska and North and South Dakota are very close and still in doubt. Wyoming seems to have gone for McKinley.

The returns from the Pacific coast states are too meagre to justify any claim respecting them. The states of Virginia, South Carolina, Florida, Georgia, Alabama, Louisiana, Arkansas, Missouri, Colorado, Nevada, Montana and Idaho may safely be placed in the Bryan column. The returns from Kansas and Texas are scattering and indicate nothing, although heavy Republican gains are reported from Dallas and Galveston.

This morning Chairman Jones gave out the following signed statement:

"There is no foundation for the claims of the Republicans. There is at this time no reason to think that any one of the states claimed by me for Mr. Bryan has failed to vote for him. While misleading reports are being sent out in all directions, private advices assure us that each one of these states has gone for Mr. Bryan. The most extravagant claims as to Kentucky and Indiana have been telegraphed all over the country, while in the last few minutes our committees assure us that both are safe for us. Mr. Bryan is certainly elected."

THE VERDICT OF MARYLAND.

McKinley Leads in the Vote by a Majority of 30,000.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 4.—The Democrats of Maryland, under the leadership of Senator Gorman, have again tested the bitterness of a defeat so crushing as to be almost disheartening. The almost phenomenal majority of 29,000 for Lowndes a year ago has been duplicated, and, perhaps, exceeded, as with full returns from two-thirds of the state and half of the city the indications are that McKinley leads Bryan by 30,000, 20,000 of which has been contributed by Baltimore city, heretofore a Gibraltar of Democracy.

Five Republican congressmen have surely been elected, the only doubtful districts at this writing being the First, in which Joshua W. Miles, Democratic, may be re-elected. Mr. Miles, although running on a silver platform, has always favored the gold standard, and many think he may be relied upon to vote that way if returned to congress. There was no state ticket in the field, and a detailed vote, in a case like this, would appear superfluous.

In the city an almost unanimously Republican council has been chosen, including all the members of the "combine" which opposed Mayor Hooper, save the two Democrats who acted with them. The latter have been snowed under in wards heretofore deemed irrevocably Democratic.

THE RESULT IN DELAWARE.

McKinley Gets the Electors, but Democrats Capture the State Offices.

WILMINGTON, Del., Nov. 4.—Returns from this city and all over the state are very slow. Those received from a few precincts in this city show slight Republican losses on the presidential vote, as compared with the vote for governor in 1894, when Marvil, rep., had 1,000 majority. It is believed, however, that the Republicans elect the presidential electors by at least 1,000 majority, but Tunnell, dem., is probably elected governor, and Handy, free silverite congressman, is also probably elected. Reports from Kent and Sussex counties say there was a great deal of trouble at the polls, the Addicks men attempting to secure the voters' assistants. In some districts no election was held.

The Democrats claim they have carried Kent and Sussex counties by small pluralities. One man is reported to have been killed in an election fight in Baltimore hundred.

Minnesota's Big Republican Majority.

ST. PAUL, Nov. 4.—Owing to the city election and three long ballots being counted, the vote of Minneapolis is late. The ratio of gain for the Republicans in the rest of the state indicate one of the largest Republican majorities ever cast in Minnesota.

How the Next Congress Will Stand.

CHICAGO, Nov. 4.—The Chicago Tribune claims that the next congress will stand: Republicans, 233; Democrats, 111, and 13 independents, made up of Populists and free silver Republicans.

IN PENNSYLVANIA.

The Republican Plurality in the State Given at 266,950.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 4.—Six judges of the court of common pleas were elected in this state yesterday, as follows: First district, Abraham M. Beitler, James Gay Gordon and Charles B. McMichael, all of Philadelphia; Fifth district, Robert S. Fraser, Allegheny; Sixth district, Emory A. Walling, Erie county; Twenty-seventh district, John Add McIlvaine, Washington county.

McKinley has carried Allegheny by about 40,000, a Republican gain of 25,000. C. L. Magee, for state senator, will probably have a majority over Phelan of 3,000. The entire legislative ticket, with the exception of one assemblyman, has been carried by the Republicans with about the same proportion as the head of the ticket. Congressman John Dalzell, in the Twenty-second, and W. A. Stone, in the Twenty-third districts, have been re-elected. The vote in the county was the heaviest in its history.

State senators were elected in twenty-five of the fifty senatorial districts today. Based on the returns thus far received the next senate will stand: Republicans, 44; Democrats, 6. Of the holdover senators, 20 are Republicans and 5 are Democrats.

The bitter local struggle over the election for sheriff resulted in a victory for Alexander Crow, Jr., the Independent Republican and Democratic candidate. He has swept the city by a majority of 18,821 votes.

Estimates from every county in the state give McKinley an apparent plurality of 266,950. The great size of the ticket made counting necessarily slow, and the estimates in many counties are undoubtedly below the actual Republican pluralities. There is every reason to believe that the official returns will show a plurality for McKinley of nearly 280,000. The legislature is almost entirely Republican, the Democratic representation not exceeding 10 per cent. in a membership in the lower house of 204. The following shows the plurality in each county with the Republican gain as compared with the vote for president in 1892:

COUNTIES.	Pluralities 1892 Harrison	Pluralities 1892 Cleveland	Pluralties 1896 McKinley, Rep.	Pluralties 1896 Bryan, Dem.	Rep. gains	Dem. gains
Adams	....	332	200	....	532	....
Allegheny	14921	....	40000	....	25079	....
Armstrong	1197	....	2800	....	703	....
Beaver	1098	....	2500	....	1432	....
Bedford	617	....	1400	....	783	....
Berks	....	8525	....	5300	3225	....
Blair	2142	....	5000	....	2858	....
Bradford	4052	....	4500	....	448	....
Bucks	....	160	4000	....	4160	....
Butler	858	....	1200	....	342	....
Cambria	....	239	1000	....	1239	....
Cameron	128	....	250	....	152	....
Carbon	....	962	....	100	862	....
Centre	....	926	300	....	1226	....
Chester	3132	....	7000	....	3877	....
Clarion	....	1203	....	550	653	....
Clearfield	....	1343	1500	..	2843	....
Clinton	....	503	500	....	703	....
Columbia	....	2593	....	1500	1093	....
Crawford	986	....	1700	....	714	....
Cumberland	....	926	1000	....	1926	....
Dauphin	3490	....	6000	....	2510	....
Delaware	3752	....	7200	....	3448	....
Elk	....	688	200	....	888	....
Erie	1329	....	1700	....	371	....
Fayette	....	649	1500	....	2149	....
Forest	278	....	500	....	222	....
Franklin	760	....	2500	....	1740	....
Fulton	....	292	....	100	192	....
Greene	....	1851	....	800	1051	....
Huntingdon	1319	....	2000	....	681	....
Indiana	2425	....	2700	....	275	....
Jefferson	849	....	1500	....	651	....
Juniata	....	74	350	....	424	....
Lackawana	378	....	1500	....	1112	....
Lancaster	9800	....	16000	....	6200	....
Lawrence	2049	....	2500	....	451	....
Lebanon	1994	....	3000	....	1006	....
Lehigh	....	2610	....	200	2410	....
Luzerne	....	1616	2000	....	3616	....
Lycoming	....	1796	600	....	2396	....
McKean	751	....	2300	....	1549	....
Mercer	943	....	1800	....	857	....
Mifflin	146	....	300	....	154	....
Monroe	....	2058	....	1000	458	....
Montgomery	....	20	6000	....	6020	....
Montour	....	769	....	250	519	....
Northampt'n	....	3428	....	600	2828	....
Northumb'd	....	772	1200	....	1972	....
Perry	415	....	1000	....	585	....
Philadelphia	32215	....	110000	....	77785	....
Pike	....	673	....	600	73	....
Potter	616	....	900	....	284	....
Schuylkill	....	2251	4000	....	6251	....
Snyder	796	....	900	....	104	....
Somerset	2408	....	2700	....	292	....
Sullivan	....	993	....	150	243	....
Susquehanna	1148	....	1550	....	402	....
Tioga	3785	....	4500	....	715	....
Union	739	....	1600	....	861	....
Venango	811	....	1200	....	389	....
Warren	1103	....	1800	....	697	....
Washington	1213	....	4000	....	2787	....
Wayne	....	225	600	....	825	....
Westmorel'd	57	....	5000	....	5057	....
Wyoming	124	....	250	....	126	....
York	....	3770	500	....	4270	....
Totals	104794	41947	278700	11750	....	....
	41947					
Harri'n'spln	62747					

McKinley's plurality, 266,950.

IN M'KINLEY'S STATE.

Ohio Made Unprecedented Gains for Her Chosen Son.

COLUMBUS, O., Nov. 4.—On the comparison of the vote with that of the last presidential election, Ohio made unprecedented gains yesterday for McKinley. In 1892 Harrison carried Ohio by an average plurality for the Republican electors of 1,072. In that year one of the Cleveland and Stevenson electors was elected. In 1893 McKinley had a plurality of over 80,000, and the Republicans carried Ohio in 1894 by 137,000, and last year Bushnell, rep., was elected governor by over 92,000.

The Republicans have had phenomenally large pluralities in Ohio the past three years, commencing with McKinley's re-election as governor in 1893, while in 1892 the result was very close. The state in 1892, for the first time, did not give its entire electoral vote to the Republican presidential candidate. The largest plurality ever given a Republican presidential ticket in Ohio was 34,000 for Garfield in 1880.

While the Democratic state committee makes no claims on the state, the Republican state committee expect the complete returns to break all former records. Kinney, for secretary of state, has about the same vote as McKinley and Hobart.

New York's Republican Majority.

ALBANY, N. Y., Nov. 4.—With less than one-fourth of the election districts above the Harlem river to hear from, and with the vote of New York city and Kings county complete, the plurality of McKinley over Bryan promises to exceed 303,000 in the state. One county in the state, Schoharie, which is the home of Chairman Danforth of the state Democratic committee, has given Bryan a plurality of 500. New York city has given a Republican plurality for president for the first time in its history.

Bryan Carries Utah.

SALT LAKE CITY, Nov. 4.—Indications are that Bryan has carried the state by at least 10,000.

IN MR. BRYAN'S STATE.

It Goes Democratic by a Rather Small Majority.

THE OTHER DEMOCRATIC STATES.

They Include All the Southern States Excepting Kentucky, Maryland and Delaware, Though West Virginian and Tennessee Are Claimed by Republicans.

OMAHA, Neb., Nov. 4.—The indications are that the state of Nebraska on the presidential ticket will be exceedingly close. Seventy-three precincts outside of Omaha and Lincoln give McKinley 10,008; Bryan, 9,302.

Both candidates made big gains over the vote of 1894. The gains about offset one another, however. In the larger towns of the state McKinley led Bryan, but in the smaller villages Bryan slightly led.

On the theory that Bryan carried the farmer vote the present situation is favorable to him, since no returns of importance have yet been received.

The Fifth ward of Lincoln gives McKinley 813 and Bryan 614. At Democratic headquarters it is claimed that McKinley will carry the city of Lincoln by not more than 1,000, but they say they will be offset in other parts of the county, and chances are that Bryan will carry Lancaster county.

At midnight Chairman Post, of the Republican state committe, claimed the state of Nebraska for McKinley by a majority of from 7,000 to 8,000. "We have," he said, "received very scattering returns, and it is impossible to give anything like accurate figures. Complete returns have been received from only eighty-five precincts in the state and we have neither footed up the totals or made comparisons on them. The returns, however, indicate gains sufficient to warrant the claim I have made."

Telegraphic advices to Mr. Bryan say that Saline county is conceded to Bryan by the Republicans by a majority of 300; that Crete gives Bryan 337 to 356 for McKinley. Grant, Bryan, 247; McKinley, 392. Lexington, Bryan 189; McKinley, 200. Snyder, Bryan, 121, McKinley, 90. Springfield, Bryan, 120; McKinley, 65. Chairman Post could not give any estimate at the time and had not made any comparisons.

Chairman Manahan, of the Lancaster county Democratic committee, predicts 20,000 Democratic majority and says he is supported in this claim by the fusion state chairman. He says the Lincoln majority is a loss to the Republicans of 1,500, and that the full returns from the county precincts outside the city will reduce McKinley's majority to about 300. Manahan expresses the belief that the fusionists will elect all six of the congressmen from Nebraska. He asserts that Brady is certainly elected from this, the First district.

Republicans Claim Tennessee.

NASHVILLE, Tenn., Nov. 4.—The Republican state committee furnishes the following statement: "The vote, if counted as cast, will give Tennessee to McKinley and Hobart, as well as to Tillman, for governor, by a large majority, but information from large counties in middle and west Tennessee indicates frauds by Democratic election officers on a large scale. The Democrats, however, laugh at the Republican claims, and say their candidates will receive fully 25,000 majority.

Both Sides Claim California.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 4.—Chairman Alford, of the Democratic state committee, says the Democrats will carry California by at least 25,000. The Republican state committee says its reports show gains for the Republican ticket and claim the state for McKinley by a decided majority. The vote in Democratic districts in San Francisco show heavy Republican gains. Later returns give Bryan 3,000 majority. Republicans claim 4,500 majority for McKinley.

Bryan Wins in Missouri.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 4.—The official returns for Missouri and St. Louis are so meagre that it is impossible at this hour to give anything like an estimate as to the results. Seventy-five precincts in Missouri, outside of St. Louis, give Bryan 13,312, McKinley, 8,543. Fifty-seven precincts in St. Louis, out of a total of 2,040, give Stevens for governor, 10,551, and Lewis, 7,239. Bryan probably carries the state.

The Result in Florida.

JACKSONVILLE, Nov. 4.—Bryan and Sewall carry Florida by a majority over McKinley closely estimated at 13,000 to 14,500. The returns received, covering one-fourth of the state, show a loss of about 4 per cent. in the Democratic vote and a gain of 39 per cent. in the Republican. The gold standard Democratic ticket developed no strength outside of the cities and large towns.

Bryan's Majority in Texas.

SAN ANTONIO, Nov. 4.—Bryan's majority in Texas will be 75,000; Democratic state ticket will run 50,000 behind Bryan's. The Galveston News concedes the election of Bryan and Sewall electors also election of Culberson, silver Democrat, for governor.

Bryan's Majority in Montana.

BUTTE, Nov. 4.—Bryan's majority in the state may reach 15,000. The entire Democratic-Populist fusion state ticket is elected, with the possible exception of associate justice of the supreme court, treasurer and secretary of state.

Few Returns from Nevada.

CARSON, Nov. 4.—It will be impossible to give complete returns from Nevada for several days, communication being slow, but indications are that Bryan's plurality will be far from as large as at first estimated. Probably not reach 2,000.

Bryan Wins in Arkansas.

LITTLE ROCK, Nov. 4.—Returns show that the fusion ticket has carried the state by 25,000 majority. The complete vote is: Bryan, 1,880; McKinley, 1,047. Same in 1892: Cleveland, 1,885; Harrison, 1,007.

Wyoming Democrats Win.

CHEYENNE, Nov. 4.—Eighteen precincts out of a total of 279 give McKinley 842; Bryan, 761, a Democratic gain of 183. The same gain throughout the state will give Bryan 1,500 plurality.

Idaho Claimed for Bryan.

BLACKFOOT, Idaho, Nov. 4.—Senator Fred Dubois wires the Associated Press that Idaho will go at least five to one for Bryan.

Louisiana Safe for Bryan.

NEW ORLEANS, Nov. 3.—Indications point to Bryan carrying the state by 20,000 to 40,000.

IN NEW JERSEY.

Republicans Carry the State by a Majority of 57,000.

TRENTON, Nov. 4.—Reports received from all parts of New Jersey indicate that the state has gone Republican by 57,000 on president. Several of the Republican candidates for congress appear to be elected. The state legislature will probably stand: Assembly—Republicans, 44 or 45; Democrats, 15 or 16. Senate—Republicans, 18; Democrats, 3.

The election made no change in the political complexion of the New Jersey state senate. The senate in 1897 will stand 12 Republicans, 3 Democrats. This is the same as last year. Seven Republicans retired and either succeeded themselves or were succeeded by Republicans. One Democrat retired and a Democrat was elected in his place.

There will be six new faces in the house. Herbert A. Johnson, rep., of Camden, was elected to succeed Maurice A. Rogers. Solomon H. Stanger, rep., of Gloucester, in place of Daniel G. Packer. C. Asa Francis, rep., was elected from Monmouth to succeed James A. Bradley. Charles A. Reid was elected from Somerset to succeed Lewis A. Thompson, and Isaac Barber, dem., was elected from Warren county to succeed Christopher F. Staates. Forster M. Voorhees, rep., of Union, and George W. Ketcham, rep., of Essex, were elected to succeed themselves.

Revised estimates, based on the returns already in, give McKinley New Jersey by 68,000. Bryan carries three counties, Hudson by 2,500, Hunterdon by 500, Warren by 1,000. The total, 3,550. McKinley's plurality in the other 18 counties is estimated as follows: Atlantic, 1,600; Bergen, 3,000; Burlington, 2,500; Camden, 6,500; Cape May, 500; Cumberland, 2,500; Essex, 18,000; Gloucester, 1,600; Mercer, 6,000; Middlesex, 1,500; Monmouth, 1,000; Morris, 2,000; Ocean, 2,100; Passaic, 5,500; Salem, 600; Somerset, 1,600; Sussex, 300; Union, 4,500.

THE RESULT IN CONNECTICUT.

Republican Chairman Claims the State by 50,000 Plurality.

HARTFORD, Nov. 4.—Chairman Fyler, of the Republican state central committee, says that if the present ratio of gains continue in towns and cities yet to be heard from McKinley will have at least 50,000 plurality in this state. The legislature will be overwhelmingly Republican, and the four Republican congressmen are elected.

Connecticut's campaign closed with a vote that stands out as a record breaker, a vote of approximately 175,000. The Democratic party was divided into two wings of gold and silver, with the silver forces aided by a small nucleus of the Populist party. Connecticut gives a great plurality for McKinley, elects the entire state ticket for the Republican party, chooses a Republican general assembly and state senate, which will elect to the United States senate Hon. Orville H. Platt as his own successor, and returns to congress the present Republican members from each of the four districts.

Enormous Republican gains are reported in almost every section of the state. The Republican state ticket is elected by majorities ranging from 30,000 to 40,000. The four Republican congressmen are elected by largely increased majorities, and the state legislature will be overwhelmingly Republican.

IN WEST VIRGINIA.

Republicans Claim the State by a Majority of 35,000.

WHEELING, W. Va., Nov. 4.—Figures on which to base a correct estimate of the result in West Virginia are not yet available. The reports thus far received are from only five counties and they are only estimated. They give a Republican gain over 1892 of 2,500. This includes the city of Wheeling. Official reports from seven precincts in Wheeling show a net Republican gain of 56 over 1894, when the Democratic majority theretofore existing was completely reversed.

Chairman Dawson, of the Republican state committee said to the Associated Press at midnight that McKinley has carried West Virginia by from 13,000 to 15,000 and the Republican state ticket and four Republican congressmen are elected. The Democratic headquarters make no claims, but express hope.

MASSACHUSETTS' BIG VOTE.

The Republicans Carry Every City and Town in the State.

BOSTON, Nov. 4.—McKinley's majority in Massachusetts is now placed at 124,000. The Republican candidates for president and governor have carried every city and town for the first time in the history of the state. The congressional delegation is unchanged, there being twelve Republicans and one Democrat, the latter the only one in New England. The gold vote was about 3 per cent. There is little difference in the vote between Bryan and Williams. The vote on the biennial amendments is very close. The legislature is more strongly Republican than ever.

George Fred Williams Defeated.

BOSTON, Nov. 4.—McKinley carried this city by a majority of 43,695, with eighteen precincts to be heard from, and for the first time in many years Boston has endorsed Republican candidates for president and governor. The vote throughout was as heavy as anticipated. McKinley and Wolcott ran far ahead of the ticket in every ward. George Fred Williams is overwhelmingly defeated in his contest for the governorship.

Republican Gains in Washington.

SEATTLE, Wash., Nov. 4.—The vote in this state is very heavy. Indications point to Republican gains, but the vote will be close. Republicans expect to elect at least one of the two congressmen. The fusionists continue to claim everything by large majorities, while the Republicans at state headquarters are confident of carrying the state by a small plurality.

Big Majority Against Silver.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 4.—Chairman Babcock, of the Republican national committee, telegraphs Major McKinley that the next house of representatives will have a majority of 100 for "sound money." It does not give party majorities. No estimate has been received on the United States senate.

Iowa Gives McKinley 50,000.

DES MOINES, Ia., Nov. 4.—The Register, (rep.), claims that Iowa will give McKinley over 50,000 plurality and elects an entire Republican congressional delegation. The Democratic state central committee concede Iowa to McKinley.

Wisconsin Republican by 50,000.

MILWAUKEE, Nov. 4.—On a basis of gains from the first twenty towns in the state, Wisconsin is Republican by 50,000, and will probably be more.

RAILROAD SCHEDULES

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD AND BRANCHES.
In effect on and after May 18, 1896.

VIA TYRONE—WESTWARD.

Leave Bellefonte 9 53 a m, arrive at Tyrone 11 10 a m, at Altoona, 1 10 p m; at Pittsburg 6 05 p m.
Leave Bellefonte 1 24 p m arrive at Tyrone 2 40 p m; at Altoona 3 25 p m; at Pittsburg 7 20 p m.
Leave Bellefonte 5 01 p m; arrive at Tyrone 6 17; at Altoona at 7 40; at Pittsburg at 11 30

VIA TYRONE—EASTWARD.

Leave Bellefonte 9 53 a m, arrive at Tyrone 11 10; at Harrisburg 2 40 p m; at Philadelphia 5 47 p m.
Leave Bellefonte 1 24 p m, arrive at Tyrone 2 40 p m; at Harrisburg 7 00 p m; at Philadelphia 11 15 p m.
Leave Bellefonte 5 01 p m, arrive at Tyrone 6 17; at Harrisburg at 10 20 p m; at Philadelphia 4 30 a m.

VIA LOCK HAVEN—NORTHWARD.

Leave Bellefonte 9 28 a m, arrive at Lock Haven 10 30 a m.
Leave Bellefonte 1 49 p m. arrive at Lock Haven 2 50 p m; at Renovo 4 55 p m.
Leave Bellefonte at 8 41 p m. arrive at Lock Haven at 9.40 p. m.

VIA LOCK HAVEN—EASTWARD.

Leave Bellefonte, 9.28 a. m. arrive at Lock Haven, 10.30, leave Williamsport, 12.35 p.m. arrive at Harrisburg, 3.20 p. m., at Philadelphia at 6.23 p. m.
Leave Bellefonte, 1,49 p. m., arrive at Lock Haven, 2. 0 p. m., Williamsport, 4.00 p.m., Harrisburg, 7.10 p. m.
Leave Bellefonte, 8.41 p. m., arrive at Lock Haven, 9.40 p. m., leave Williamsport, 12.25 at m., arrive Harrisburg, 3.22 a. m., arrive a Philadelphia at 6.52 a. m.

VIA LEWISBURG.

Leave Bellefonte at 6.20 a. m., arrive at Lewisburg at 9.00 a. m., Harrisburg, 11.30 a. m., Philadelphia, 3.00 p. m.
Leave Bellefonte, 2.15 p. m., arrive at Lewisburg, 4.47, at Harrisburg, 7.10 p. m., Philadelphia at 11.15 p. m.

LEWISBURG & TYRONE RAILROAD.
In effect May 17, 1896.

WESTWARD. No. 111 P M	No. 103 A M	STATIONS.	EASTWARD No. 114 A M	No. 112 P M
1 45	5 40	Montandon	9 10	4 55
1 45	6 15	Lewisburg	9 00	4 17
		Fair Ground		
1 55	6 23	Biehl	8 52	4 29
1 58	6 28	Vicksburg	8 47	4 35
2 07	6 37	Mifflinburg	8 38	4 27
2 18	6 50	Millmont	8 25	4 15
2 25	6 58	Glen Iron	8 17	4 07
2 33	7 18	Cherry Run	7 57	3 48
3 02	7 38	Coburn	7 38	3 30
3 17	7 55	Rising Springs	7 21	3 14
3 31	8 09	Centre Hall	7 06	3 01
3 37	8 16	Gregg	7 00	2 54
3 44	8 27	Linden Hall	6 52	2 47
3 48	8 28	Oak Hall	6 47	2 42
3 53	8 32	Lemont	6 43	2 37
3 58	8 37	Dale Summit	6 38	2 33
4 07	8 47	Pleasant Gap	6 28	2 23
4 15	8 55	Bellefonte	6 20	2 15

For rates, maps, etc., apply to ticket agent or address Thos. E. Watt, P. A. W. D., 360 Fifth Ave. Pittsburg.

S. M. PREVOST, Gen'l. Manager. J. R. WOOD, Gen'l. Pass. Agt

BELLEFONTE CENTRAL RAILROAD.
To take effect May 25, 1896.

EASTWARD. 12§ P M	8§ P M	2§ A M	STATIONS Ar.	Lv.	WESTWARD. 1§ A M	7§ A M	11§ P M
6 30	1 10	8 45		Bellefonte	6 30	10 30	4 21
6 20	1 02	8 40		Coleville	6 37	10 37	4 26
6 15	12 58	8 37		Morris	6 40	10 42	4 30
6 10	12 54	8 35		Whitmer	6 44	10 47	4 33
6 05	12 49	8 31		Hunters	6 50	10 53	4 38
6 02	12 46	8 28		Fillmore	6 53	10 56	4 42
5 57	12 41	8 24		Brialy	7 00	11 02	4 47
5 53	12 37	8 20		Waddle	7 05	11 05	4 52
5 50	12 35	8 18		Scotia Crossing	7 08	11 08	4 54
5 36	12 26	8 07		Krumrine	7 17	11 20	5 03
5 33	12 21	8 04		Struble	7 20	11 24	5 06
5 31	12 22	8 02		Inn	7 28	11 28	5 08
5 30	12 20	8 00		State College	7 30	11 30	5 10

Morning trains from Montandon, Williamsport, Lock Haven and Tyrone connect with train No. 7 for State College. Afternoon trains from Montandon, Lewisburg and Tyrone connect with Train No. 11 for State College. Trains from State College connect with Penna. R. R. trains at Bellefonte.

§Daily except Sunday.

F. H. THOMAS, Supt.

THE CENTRAL RAILROAD OF PENNA.
Time Table effective May 18, 1896.

READ DOWN No. 1	No. 5	No. 3	STATIONS.		READ UP No. 6	No. 4	No. 2
a. m.	p.m.	p.m.	Lv.	Ar.	p.m.	p. m.	a. m.
†7 20	†7 30	†3 45	BELLEFONTE		10 04	6 10	10 10
7 34	7 44	3 57	Nigh		9 49	5 57	9 56
7 41	7 50	4 03	Zion		9 43	5 51	9 50
7 46	7 58	4 08	Hecla Park		9 38	5 46	9 45
7 48	8 57	4 10	Dunkles		9 36	5 44	9 43
7 51	8 01	4 14	Hublersburg		9 32	5 40	9 39
7 56	8 05	4 18	Snydertown		9 28	5 37	9 35
7 58	8 07	4 20	Nittany		9 25	5 35	9 33
8 02	8 09	4 22	Huston		9 23	5 33	9 31
8 02	8 11	4 24	Lamar		9 21	5 31	9 29
8 04	8 15	4 28	Clintondale		9 19	5 29	9 26
8 09	8 19	4 31	Krider's Sid'g		9 14	5 24	9 21
8 16	8 25	4 37	Mackeyville		9 08	5 18	9 15
8 20	8 32	4 43	Cedar Springs		9 01	5 12	9 09
8 23	8 34	4 45	Salona		8 59	5 11	9 07
8 30	8 40	4 50	MILL HALL		†8 53	†5 05	†9 01
a.m	p.m.	p.m.	Ar.	Lv.	p.m.	p.m.	a.m.
	9 20		Jersey Shore			4 30	7 55
	10 05	9 55	Arr. Williamsport	Lve.		4 00	†7 25
	†10 20	*11 30	Lve. Williamsport	Arr.		2 40	*6 55
	5 08	7 10	PHILAD			†8 35	*11 30
	8 22	10 59	Atlantic City			7 00	5 30
	6 00		NEW YORK (Via Tamaqua)			†4 30	
	7 25	†9 30	NEW YORK (Via Phila.)				†7 30
	p. m.	a. m.	Arr.	Lve.		a. m.	p. m.

* Daily. † Week Days. § 6:00 p. m. Sunday ‡ 10:10 a. m. Sunday.

Philadelphia Sleeping Car attached to east bound train from Williamsport at 11:30 p. m., and west bound from Philadelphia at 11:30 p. m.

J. W. GEPHART, General Supt.

BALD EAGLE VALLEY.

WESTWARD. EXP.	PAY EXP.	MAIL	May 18, 1896.		EASTWARD. MAIL	PAYEX	EXP.
P M	P M	A M	Arr	Lv	A M	P M	P M
6 17	2 40	11 10	Tyrone		8 10	12 35	7 25
6 11	2 34	11 04	E Tyrone		8 16	12 41	7 31
6 07	2 30	11 00	Vail		8 20	12 45	7 35
6 03	2 26	10 56	Bald Eagle		8 24	12 49	7 39
5 57	2 20	10 49	Dix		8 30	12 55	7 45
5 54	2 17	10 46	Fowler		8 33	12 58	7 48
5 52	2 15	10 44	Hannah		8 35	1 00	7 50
5 44	2 07	10 36	Port Matilda		8 42	1 07	7 57
5 36	2 00	10 28	Martha		8 49	1 14	8 04
5 28	1 53	10 20	Julian		8 58	1 22	8 13
5 19	1 44	10 11	Unionville		9 07	1 30	8 22
5 12	1 37	10 03	Snow Shoe Int		9 15	1 37	8 30
5 09	1 33	10 01	Milesburg		9 18	1 40	8 33
5 01	1 24	9 53	Bellefonte		9 28	1 49	8 41
4 49	1 12	9 41	Milesburg		9 41	2 02	8 53
4 41	1 04	9 34	Curtin		9 49	2 11	9 01
4 37	1 00	9 30	Mt Eagle		9 53	2 15	9 05
4 31	12 54	9 24	Howard		9 59	2 21	9 11
4 23	12 45	9 15	Eagleville		10 08	2 30	9 20
4 19	12 42	9 12	Beech Creek		10 11	2 33	9 23
4 08	12 31	9 01	Mill Hall		10 22	2 44	9 34
4 05	12 29	8 59	Flemington		10 24	2 46	9 36
4 02	12 25	8 55	Lock Haven		10 30	2 50	9 40

BELLEFONTE & SNOW SHOE BRANCH.
Time Table in effect on and after May 18 1896.

Leave Bellefonte, except Sunday, ... 9.56 a. m
Arrive at Snow Shoe " " 11.49 a. m

Leave Snow Shoe, except Sunday, ... 3 51 p. m
Arrive at Bellefonte " " 5 46 p. m

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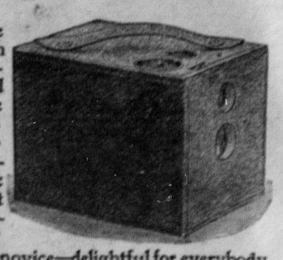

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