## ONLY ONE BALLOT

Needed to Select the Republican Standard Bearers.

GOLD STANDARD PLATFORM

McKinley and Hobart Will Lead the Republican Hosts.

A LITTLE FREE SILVERITE BOLT.

Senator Teller and Twenty-three Others Refuse to Remain in the Party After the Defeat of the Free Silver Plank Presented by Them-The Addicks Delegation Ruled Out, and Higgins Men Represent Delaware-Sketches of the Party's Chosen Leaders-Hanna Elected Chairman of the National Committee. Major McKinley Listens to a Rather Personal Sermon.

St. Louis, June 18.—The second day's session of the Republican convention was opened with prayer by Rev. Dr. Williams, of the Union Methodist church. The report of the committee on permanent organization was adopted, and Temporary Chairman Fairbanks introduced the permanent chairman, Senator John M. Thurston, of Nebraska. At the conclusion of Senator Thurston's speech, which was loudly applauded, the convention took a recess pending reports of committees. The afternoon session, which was opened with prayer by Bishop Arnett (colored), was devoted to receiving reports from the credentials committee. The sensation of the day was in the committee on resolutions, where the silver leaders announced their determination to bolt the convention in the event of the adoption of a gold standard plat-form. The scene in the committee room was pathetic as Senators Teller, Dubois and Cannon announced their intention.

THE CLOSING SCENES. An Enthusiastic Outburst Greets the Nom.

ination of Major McKinley. St. Louis, June 19.—The Republican national convention nailed their principles to the mastheads yesterday, and placed in command of the ship which is to bear them on to fortune or disaster in November their popular idol, William McKinley. of Ohio, and Garrett A. Hobart, of New But there was mutiny aboard, and at the last moment before the lines were cast off some of the members of the crew who had shipped in many a voyage refused to subscribe to the new shipping articles, and walked down the gang plank.

The convention was held in session for ten hours yesterday to accomplish the work



WILLIAM M'KINLEY

cut out for it, and several different times was tragic, dramatic and inspiring. Fully 10,000 people were in the vast audience to hiss or cheer by turns.

The bolt of the silver men from the west was fully discounted, but it nevertheless furnished the most dramatic incident of the day. Led by Senator Teller, they had declared their intention of refusing to subscribe to the gold plank in the platform, but yesterday, after Senator Teller had made his final appeal to the convention not to take the step which would drive him and his colleagues out from the ranks of the party which in the past honored them and they had delighted to serve, and the convention had voted 8181/2 to 1051/2 to stand by the gold declaration in the platform; no one who witnessed the scene will forget to his dying day the picture of Sen-ator Frank Cannon, of Utah, facing from the platform 10,000 irate, hissing, jeering people as he read the valedictory of the

He stood crect and deflant, his pale face set in grim determination as those before him tried to cry him down, until the very courage he displayed won for him the admiration which compelled silence. When he had finished the reading the crowds in the galleries burst out again with their jeers and cries of disapproval, but in the most courtly fashion he turned and shook hands with Senator-elect Foraker, the chairman of the committee on resolutions, Permanent Chairman Thurston,

and other friends on the platform. Then locking arms with Senator Teller the two men left the stage and moved down between the walls of howling delegates to where the standard of the Idaho delegation stood. There they were joined by the handsome, stalwart Dubois, and the three men continued their march to the main door, their followers falling in behind them as they moved along. It was a small band, only twenty-four in all, several of the delegates from the states of Utah and Montana, notably Senators Carter and Mantle, of the latter, preferring to subscribe to the platform than to sever their allegiance to their party, and the delegates, only a few of whom displayed any bitterness toward what they believed to be the misguided course of their colleagues, breathed a sigh of relief when it

The silver men who bolted immediately perfected plans to place Senator Teller in omination as an independent silver candidate for president in the hope that the Democrats at Chicago, if controlled by the silver men, would place his name at the

head of their ticket. After this sensational incident the convention turned with evident pleasure to the work of selecting the standard bearers It was a foregone conclusion that Mc-Kinley would be nominated, but the pent up enthusiosm of the friends of the Ohio

candidate found full vent. The speech of Baldwin, of Council Bluffs, Iowa, nominating Allison, of Sen-stor Lodge nominating Reed, of Hastings

nominating Quay, and of Depew nominating Morton were eloquent and masterly efforts, and were received with the greatest enthusiasm by their respective sup-

But it was the nomination of McKinley by Foraker which turned the convention into bediam. Save for the wild tumult that followed Senator Wolcott's speech placing Blaine in nomination at Minneapolis four years ago, the demonstration that occurred yesterday has had no parallel in a Republican national convention, at least

The Minneapolis demonstration continued for twenty-seven minutes; that of yesterday fell short of that record but



CARRET A. HOBART.

thirty seconds. Of course it lacked the zest that comes after a long and uncertain contest of giants, and if in a measure mechanical, it did not want for inspiration and enthusiasm. The delegates listened to the opening words of the speech of the dashing Foraker in silence, awaiting the first mention of McKinley's name. The explosion came with it.

Mark Hanna climbed on his chair just in front of the platform, with his handkerchief held aloft. Fifteen thousand people in the galleries rose simultaneously and 15,000 throats gave forth their wild enthu-siasm. The black mass of delegates and alternates in the pit seemed to also rise en masse, save for here and there a delegation of the opposition. Several American flags and tri colored plumes waved fran-tically, while the noise was like the deep,

steady roar of Niagara. An Ohio delegate selzed the Buckeye standard and held it aloft until it was seized and carried to the platform, and opposite the stand an enormous portrait of the choice of the convention was hoisted to the gallery. The minutes passed, but the delegates and the spectators did not weary. Just at the close, as the shouting spectators were ready to sink from exhaustion, a man wearing a Napoleon cockade hat of the first empire came out from beneath the galleries and pushed his way over the press benches to the platform. Altogether the scene was a remarkable one, and testified to the popularity of the candidate who has been placed in the field. Mr. Foraker spoke in part as fog-

Mr. Chairman and gentlemen of the conven-tion, it would be exceedingly difficult. If not en-tirely impossible, to exaggerate the disagree-able experiences of the last four years. The grand aggregate of the multitudinous bad re-sults of a Democratic national administration may be summed up as one stupendous disaster. It has been a disaster, however, not without at least one redeeming feature; it has been fair-nobody has escaped it. It has fallen equally alike upon all sections of our country and al Democrat, the rich and the poor, the big and the low have suffered in common. Idleness and the rewards of labor, distress and bankrupter have overtaken business, shrunken values, have dissipated fortunes, deficient revenues have in poverished the government, brought about bond issues, and bond syndicates have discouraged and scandalized the nation.

Over against this fearful penalty is, however, to be set down one great compensatory result, it has destroyed the Democratic party. The proud columns which swept the country in triumph in 1892 are broken and noiseless in 1896. Their boasted principles when they came to the test of a practical application have proven nothing but fallacies, and their great leaders have degenerated into warring chieftains of petty and irreconcilable factions. Their boast petty and irreconcitable factions. Their coast-ed principles when put to the test of a proper application have proven delusive fallacies. Their approaching national convention is but an approaching national nightmare. No man pretends to be able to predict any good result to come from it, and no man is seeking nomina-

to come from it, and no maintenance to come from it, and no maintenance to only the party that could stand up under the odium of human slavery, opposition to the war for the enfranchisement, reconstruction and specie resumption, at last finds itself over-matched and undone by itself. It is writhing in the throes of dissolution, superinduced by a dose of its own medicine. No human agency can prevent its absolute overthrow at the next ean prevent its absolute overthrow at the head election, except only this convention. If we make no mistake the Democratic party will go out of power on the fourth of March, to remain out until God in his wisdom and mercy and goodness shall see fit once more to chastise his people. So far we have not made any mistake.
We have adopted a platform which meets the
demands and expectations of the American
people. It remains for us now as the last crown. ing of our work here to complete our work by nominating a good candidate.

The people want a good Republican. They want something more than a wise patriotic statesman; they want a man who embodies in himself not only all of those essential qualifications, but who, in addition, in the highest possible degree typifies in a monetary character, in record, in ambitton, and in purpose, the exact opposite of all that is signified and represented by the free trade, deficit making, bond issuing, labor saving Democratic administra-tion. I stand here to present to this convention

such a man. His name is William McKinley.

No other name so completely meets the re-No other name so completely heart and no other man so absolutely commands their hearts and their affections. The shafts of envy, malice and dereliction lie broken and harmless at his feet. They have already been shot and shot in vain; the quiver is empty and he unstructured and that is so because the American touched, and that is so because the American people know him, trust him, believe him, love him, and no efforts to disparage him can suc nim, and no clores to insparage thin and they coed. They know that he is patriotic, and they know that he is an American of Americans. They know he is wise; that he is able and true, and they want him for president of the United

They have already so declared, not in this or They have already so declared, not in this of that state or section, but in all the states and all the sections of our country, from ocean to ocean, and from the gulf to the lakes. They expect us to give them a chance to vote for him. If we discharge that duty we will give joy to their hearts, enthusiasm to the campaign and triumphant victory for our cause, and he in turn will give us an administration under which the country will enter upon a new era of prosperity at home and of glory and honor prosperity at home and of glory and honor abroad. By all these tokens of the present, all these promises for the future, in the name of the delegates of Ohio, he claims your consider-

McKinley's vote exceeded the expecta tions of his friends, as he received 661%, within a vote of a vote and a half more than a majority, and almost three times as many as his five opponents. The full vote was as follows: McKinley, 661%; Reed, 84%; Quay, 61%; Morton, 58; Alli-

response to calls, to address the conven-

After the decision of the Platt forces in New York not to present the name of Governor Morton, owing to the war waged against him by the Warner Miller faction, the nomination of Garrett A. Hobart, of New Jersey, became a certainty. Mr. Hanna thoughts: and the McKinley influence was thrown for him, and although there was an attempt to consolidate the west and south on H. Clay Evans, of Tennessee, the Mc-Kinley influence was too potent. Besides, it was the general sense of the delegates that the logic of the situation required the nomination of an eastern man for vice president.

The nominating speeches were brief. Bulkeley of Connecticut, Lippettof Rhode Island and General Walker of Virginia were also placed in nomination, and it only required one ballot to determine the contest. Hobart received 530½ votes, 90 more than a majority. Evans, his nearest competitor, received 280½. There were scattering votes for Reed, Thurston, Grant, Depew, Morton and Brown.

THE PARTY NOMINEES.

Sketches of the Chosen Standard Bearers

of the Republican Party. William McKinley, the nominee for president, was born at Niles, O., Jan. 24, 1843, of Scotch-Irish parentage, being the seventh child of William and Nancy McKinley. As the schools of Niles were then inferior the McKinleys moved to Poland, that the children might have educational advantages. There young William attended an academy, pursued a law course, performed many of the duties of postmaster, taught school, and found work for his hands to do at all times. It was at this time that he joined the Methodist church, of which he is still a consistent member.

McKinley left Poland when 17 to attend the Allegheny college, but soon returned home on account of illness, and subsequently taught school. He went from the choolmaster's desk into the army, enlisting in Company E of the Twenty-third Ohio regiment in June, 1861. He quickly rose from the ranks by distinguished bravery, and after serving in the various grades he was, in 1865, brevetted major, being mustered out of the service in July of that year.

Returning to Poland, he began the study of law, and in 1867 was admitted to the bar, beginning practice in Canton. Two years later he was elected prosecuting attorney, and in 1876 was first elected to congress, and represented the district for fourteen years, but was beaten in 1890, owing to a change in the district which made it Democratic. In the following fall he was elected governor of Ohio, and two years later was re-elected by a large majority.

In 1871 Major McKinley married Miss Ada Saxton. She has long been an invalid and the object of his constant attention and devotion.

Major McKinley is 5 feet 8 inches in height, weighs 180 pounds, is of dark complexion, and has black hair tinged with gray. He is extremely temperate, but smokes. His fortune is estimated at \$20,-000 and that of his wife at \$100,000. The McKinley's have no living children.

The nominee for vice president, Garrett A. Hobart, was born in Long Branch, N. J., in 1844, and graduated from Rutgers college when 20 years old. He was admitted to the bar in 1866, and was chosen city counsel of Paterson in 1871. The following year he was appointed counsel to the board of chosen freeholders, and at

In 1872 he was elected assemblyman, and in his second term he was elected speaker of the assembly. In 1875 he declined a renomination, and in 1877 Passale county sent him to the state senate. In 1879 he was re-elected, and closed his career as a legislator in 1881-82, when he was the president of the senate.

Mr. Hobart was the Republican caucus nominee for United States senator in 1884 when John McPherson (Dem.) was elected.

After serving one year as a Republican state committeeman, Mr. Hobart was elected chairman in 1880 and continued as chairman of the committee for eleven years, resigning in 1891. He was New Jersey's member of the Republican national committee in 1884, and was elected vice Hobart was receiver of the New Jersey

Midland railway, the Montelair railroad and the Jersey City and Albany line, and of the First National bank of Newark. He has managed the East Jersey Water company, is president of the Passale Water company, Morris County Railroad company and People's Gas company, director of several banks and many railroads, and is largely interested in industrial enterprises.

HANNA ELECTED CHAIRMAN.

The Ohioan Will Control the Republican Presidential Campaign.

St. Louis, June 20 .- The national Republican committee yesterday elected M. A. Hanna, who managed McKinley's canvass for the nomination, chairman of the committee, and he will take the active direction of the Republican campaign. His headquarters probably will be in New York city.

From an authoritative source it is learned that Chairman Hanna has decided upon the secretary and treasurer of his executive committee, both of which positions he has power to fill. The story is that Major Charles L. Dick, of Akron, will get the secretaryship, while Sylvester Evert, of

Cleveland, will be made treasurer. With this comes an interesting story. It is that Hanna wanted Dick for national committeeman, but Foraker and Bushnell insisted so strongly upon Kurtz that Hanna had to yield, and now he has given Dick, or will give him 'something equally as good," to use a Missouri political phrase. It is also understood that ex-Committeeman Hahn, of Ohio, will be placed upon the executive committee by Mr. Hanna.

MAJOR M'KINLEY'S SUNDAY.

Pastor Edmunds Preaches a Somewhat

Personal Sermon. CANTON, O., June 22.—Sunday brought temporary peace and quiet to the citizens of Canton. Aside from the profuse decorations that greet the eye on every hand, there has been no sign of the stirring scenes of the past week. It was bright and beautiful when Governor McKinley and Mrs. General Russell Hastings, accomaled by Captain Heistand, the major's right hand man, drove to the First M. E. church, a handsome structure two blocks

from the public square.

Governor McKinley thirty years ago was superintendent of the Sunday school of this church, while his wife was Sunday school teacher in the First Presbyterian shurch, two blocks west, in which they The nomination was immediately made were married twenty-five years ago. The manimous with enthusiastic speeches thurch was crowded, and Governor Me-

from the representatives of the opposing candidates, and there were the usual felicitations. Mark Hanna was obliged, in porters were present. The pastor, E. P. Edmunds, chose for his text: "Make your calling and election sure, for if ye do these things ye shall never fail." Dr. Edmunds made his sermon personally applicable, and he referred in a happy manner to the result of the St. Louis convention early last week. In his sermon were these

> 'We have just passed through a week whose significance none are disposed to underestimate. The highest attainment of free government was illustrated, and the sacred privilege of American citizen-ship exercised in the choice of men and measures representing a vast number of our fellow citizens.

"As one of the first conditions of having a sure election we must announce our can didacy. No man would be credited with political sagacity who hopes for the suffrages of his fellow citizens in attaining office, yet allows no announcement beyond the unexpressed desire of his heart.

"A second requirement of a sure election is to have a platform, and then stand upon it. It is your privilege, it is your necessity to be absolutely fearless in this world of everything save the disfavor of God. True courage comes from right being and right doing. Two other conditions of suc-cessful Christian candidacy I group under one head. They are caution and enthu-

"Owing to his position as a candidate there rests upon him a responsibility of carefulness which he is in duty bound to regard. Men put forward as standard bearers by all political parties recognize this obligation, and with studied care guard word and act that their cause may not suffer. What on the part of other men would be inconsequential, from him would be startling and disastrous. You have yet in mind a party which attributes its presidential Waterloo to three words, untimely spoken." But the doctor did not utter the words-"Rum, Romanism and Rebellion.'

At the conclusion of the services Governor McKinley gave his arm to his aged mother, who at 87 is a regular churchgoer, and escorted her to her modest carriage at the church door. His wife's health does not permit her attendance at church. Yesterday, however, she listened to the services by telephone.

In the afternoon Governor McKinley and wife, accompanied by General and Mrs. Hastings, took a short drive. They just escaped a terrific wind and rain storm, which destroyed many handsome decorations, blew down trees and burned

out trolley motors. Postmaster Monnot has had a large drawer, as large as several ordinary com partments, set apart for the presidential nominee's mail. Yesterday when Fred, the colored attendant at the Market street home, went for the mail he found more than he could carry, and had to hire a carriage to come home in. As he undertook to gather the tightly tied bundles of letters in his arms and step from the carriage to the stone curb his strength failed A thousand or more of the letters went to the pavement, and he had to make two trips to carry them into the house. When they were sorted and the governor opened them, among them was this one

from Senator John Sherman, dated Mans-"I have not hurried in sending you my congratulations for your nomination as the next president of the United States, but they are not less hearty and sincere. I will gladly do all I can to secure your tri-umphant election. Give to Mrs. McKinley my good wishes, in which Mrs. Sherman

Senator Cushman K. Davis, of Minne sota, was another of his correspondents.

Chairman Hanna's Welcome Home.

CLEVELAND, June 22.-Hon. M. A. Hanna arrived home from St. Louis at 2 o'clock Saturday afternoon, accompanied by a part of the Cleveland convention contingent. He was met by 600 uniformed employes of the street railway company of which he is president, the Tippecanoe club, Mayor McKisson President Cowles, of the Chamber of Commerce, and other promi-nent Republicans. Escorted by the club the street railroad men and two brass bands, the party proceeded to the Tippecanoe club rooms, being given an ovation along the line of march. At the club rooms Mayor McKisson made a speech of ongratulation, and was replied to by Mr. Hanna. Speeches were made also by Hon. S. T. Everett, Myron T. Herrick, Andrew Squire, Major C. W. Dick and Judge F. E. Dellenbaugh. An informal reception was held by Mr. Hanna. Among his guests yesterday were H. C. Evans, of Tennessee, and Colonel Fred Grant. he went to Canton to see Major McKinley

Still Congratulating McKinley. CANTON, O., June 23 .- Five hundred citizens of Muskingum county came to Canton last night on a special train, including delegations from Zanesville and Dresden, to congratulate Governor Me-Kinley upon his nomination for president Speeches were made by the candidate and Congressman Van Voorhis. National Republican Chairman Hanna, Colonel Fred Grant and wife, H. Clay Evans, of Ten nessee, and Sylvester Everett, of Cleve land, spoken of as probable treasurer of the national committee, after lunch and a few hours' visit with Governor and Mrs. McKinley, left for Cleveland last night.

To Notify the Candidates.

CLEVELAND, June 24.—A call for a meet-ing of the Republican national convention notification committee in this city next Monday has been issued. On Tuesday the committee will go to Canton and officially notify Mr. McKinley of his nomination. The speech will be delivered by Senator Thurston, the chairman. Hobart will be officially notified of his nomination for vice president on July 7.

Exploding Boiler Kills Seven. WOODVILLE, Tex., June 28 .- At Doncette, three miles north of Woodville, yesterday the tram engine boiler of the Nebraska Lumber company exploded, killing seven men outright and seriously if not fatally injuring three others. seems that the engineer was just ready to start for the log camp when the explosion took place, some six or eight men being in the cab. Six of these seven victims had their heads entirely torn from their bodies and were otherwise mutilated beyond recognition.

Benjamin H. Bristow Dead.

NEW YORK, June 23.-Benjamin H. Bristow, secretary of the treasury during President Grant's second term, died at his home in this city yesterday of peritonitis. Mr. Bristow was taken ill only on last Saturday. \_

Beiasco Gets a \$16,000 Verdict. NEW YORK, June 24.—The jury gave David Belasco \$16,000 in his suit ago Fairbank of Chicago for training Mrs.

A WEEK'S NEWS CONDENSED

Thursday, June 18.

Ex-Judge Henry Simmons died at his home in Passaic, N. J., yesterday, aged 83 years. He had been a resident of Passaic for seventy years.

At Peoria, Ills., John Connors, 45 years old, fatally shot 16-year-old Mamie Mulli-gan and then killed himself. The girl refused to marry him.

Lady Pauncefote and the Misses Paunce fote, the wife and daughters of the British ambassador at Washington, sailed from

New York for England yesterday. A terrible famine, which threatens to plunge the most prosperous portion of Tonkin, China, into the direst misery for many years, is desolating the country.

Friday, June 19. The reported wreck of the British steamer Drummond Castle off the French coast, with a loss of 244 lives, is confirmed.

The boiler of the steam yacht Titus Sheard exploded near Little Falls, N. Y. blowing the yacht to bits and killing thir-It is said that Li Hung Chang, after a

review of the troops at Potsdam, exclaimed to Emperor William: "With ten such battalions I would have annihilated the Japanesee at one stroke. The Cuban insurgents have burned the

remainder of the village of San Antonio de Rio Blanco, consisting of forty houses, and have also burned some houses of the village of Jaruco. Both places are in the province of Havana.

effects.

Telegrams from Buluwayo indicate that the Mashonas have joined the Matabele uprising, and the situation is much more

The troops in the chief towns of Chili are confined to their barracks in view of possible disturbances over the presidential election next Thursday.

J. Edward Addicks has returded to Wilmington from St Louis. He says he will work for McKinley and Hobart, despite his "turn down" by the national convention.

Charles Brennan, a private in Company C, of the Thirteenth United States infantry, while acting as marker at the Fort Niagara rifle range, was accidentally shot and killed. Monday, June 22.

The dowager empress of China died in Pekin last Friday. She has for years been the real ruler.

A Constantinople dispatch says that fresh massacre of Armenians is reported to have occurred near Van. Sixty persons were killed.

Mrs. Margaret Craven, of San Francisco has filed in the will contest several deeds executed by the late millionaire James G. Fair, conveying to her property worth \$1,000,000, the considerations being "love and affection." A butchers' competition at Co

Bluffs, Ia., yesterday, attended by sev thousand persons, ended in a riot, in which Thomas Brown was fatally stabbed and two dozen injured, some seriously. Tuesday, June 23.

By the recent tidal wave in Japan, preceded by earthquakes, over 30,000 people

were drowned. Joseph Piezzoli was found dead in potato patch near Cincinnati, in which he had fallen asleep, from inhaling Paris

green used to kill potato bugs. Detroit will celebrate the 100th aniver-ary of the evacuation of Detroit by the British, July 11, in a manner befitting the

historic character of the event. Ex-Governor Russell, of Massachusetts, announces that he will go to Chicago to fight the silverites, is not a candidate for president, and favors William C. Whitney. An Athens dispatch says that Turks are marking the Christian shops in Canea Island of Crete, with a cross, and it is

feared that this means a general pillage or Wednesday, June 24. Governor Griggs, of New Jersey, has ap-

pointed Attorney General Stockton as a member of the equal taxation commis-General P. D. Roddey, formerly in the service of the Confederate States, and for

eight years a company promoter in London, is in the bankruptcy court. Emperor William has had a collection of English pamphlets on the monetary question sent to him. This will inspire

the German bimetallists with renewed E. H. Gibson, president of a paper company at Greenwich, N. Y., committed suicide by poison. He was recently charged with misappropriating \$200,000 trust

The Georgia Manufacturing com incorporated with a capital stock of \$300, 000, has begun the erection of its plant at Savannah, Ga. The machinery of the plant was formerly located at Huntingdon, Pa-

STOCK AND PRODUCE MARKETS. Closing Quotations of the New York and

Philadelphia Exchanges. New York, June 23.—The principal feature of the speculation today was sugar, which dis played exceptional activity and weakness

Closing bids; Lehigh Valley... 33 New Jersey Cen... 106 N. Y. Central... 95 Pennsylvania... 52 Baltimore & Ohio. 18 Chesa. & Ohio.... 15 Reading \*2d ass't paid.

General Markets. PHILADELPHIA. June 23 .- Flour weak; wir

PHILADELPHIA, Suns 23.—Flour war with ter superfine, \$2.25@2.50; do. extras, \$2.55@2.75; Pennsylvania roller, clear, \$3@3.25; do. do. straight, \$3.30@3.50; western winter, clear, \$3@3.25. Wheat dull; June, 634@64c. Corn 83@3.25. Wheat dull; June, 634@64c. Corn inactive; June, 233@35%c. Oats dull; June, 23% @25%c. Hay steady; choice timothy, \$16.50@17. Beef steady: city family, \$9.50@10. Pork dull; family, \$10.25%lb.50. Lard casier; western steam, \$4.30@4.25. Butter easy; New York dairy, 10@15c.; do. creamery, 11%@15%c.; western dairy, \$½\$11%c.; do. creamery, 11%@15%c.; Elgins, 15%c.; Pennsylvania and western creamery prints, strictly fancy, 17c.; do. choice, 16c.; do. fair to good, 18@15c.; prints jobbing at 18@21c. Cheese dull; large, 5%@7c.; small, 5%@37%c.; part skims, 22.4%c.; full skims, 11%22c. Eggs steady; western fresh, 10%@11%c; New York and Pennsylvania, 12@12%c.

Live Stock Markets.

New York, June 23.—European cables quote American steers at 89/2094c., dressed weight; refrigerated beef at 69/2094c. Calves dull and lower; poor to prime veals, 83.5024.50; butter-milk calves, \$2.40/2.75. Sheep steady; Dambs lower; poor to prime sheep, \$2.5024.25; common to choice lambs, \$8.25/26. Hogs steady at

E3.40@3.50.

EJST LIBERTY, Pa., June 23.—Cattle upchanged; extra, \$4.80@4.35; prime, \$4.85@4.80; common, \$3@3.50; bulls, stags and cowe, \$2@0.50. Hogs weak; prime light weights, \$2.85@2.80; best medium grade, \$3.50@3.55; common to fair Yorkers, \$3.40@3.45; heavy bogs, \$3.90@3.25;

RAILROAD SCHEDULES

P ENNSYLVANIA RAILEOAD AND BRANCHES. In effect on and after May 18, 189

VIA. TYROXE-WESTWARD.

Leave Beliefonte 9 53 am, arrive at Tyrone 11 10 am, at Altoona, 1 10 pm; at Pittsburg 6 05 p m.
Leave Bellefonte 1 24 p m arrive at Tyrone
2 40 p m; at Altoona 8 25 p m; at Pittsburg
7 20 p m.
Leave Bellefonte 5 01 p m; arrive at Tyrone
6 17; at Altoona at 7 40; at Pittsburg at 11 30

VIA TYHONE-EASTWARD.

Leave Bellefonte 9 53 a m, arrive at Tyrone 11 10; at Harrisburg 2 40 p m; at Philadelphia 5 47 p m.

Leave Bellefonte 1 24 p m. arrive at Tyrone 2 40 p m; at Harrisburg 7 00 p m; at Philadelphia 11 15 p m.

Leave Beliefonte 5 01 p m, arrive at Tyrone 617; at Harrisburg at 10 20 p m; at Philadelphia 4 30 a m.

VIA LOCK HAVEN-NORTHWARD.

Leave Bellefonte 928 am, arrive at Lock Haven 10 30 a m.

Leave Bellefonte 1 49 p m, arrive at Lock
Haven 250 p m; at Renovo 4 55 p m.

Leave Bellefonte at 841 p m, arrive at Lock
Haven at 9.40 p. m.

VIA LOCK HAVEN-EASTWARD

Leave Bellefonte, 9.25 a.m. arrive at Lock Haven, 10.30, leave Williamsport, 12.35 p.m. arrive at Harrisburg, 3.20 p.m., at Philadei phia at 6.23 p. m.

Leave Bellefonte, 1.49 p. m., arrive at Lock Haven, 2.0 p. m., Williamsport, 4.00 p.m., Harrisburg, 7.10 p. m.

Leave Bellefonte, 8.41 p. m., arrive at Lock Haven, 9.40 p. m., leave Williamsport, 12.25 at m., arrive Harrisburg, 3.22 a. m., arrive a Philadelphia at 6.52 a. m.

VIA LEWISBURG.

Province of Havana.

Saturday, June 20.

Harry F. Keller, a 3-year-old Philadelphian, drank varnish which he found in an unoccupied house, and died from the offsets.

Leave Bellefonte at 6.20 a. m., arrive at Lewisburg at 9.00 a. m., Harrisburg, 11.30 a. m., Philadelphia, 3.00 p. m., arrive at Lewisburg, 47, at Harrisburg, 7.10 p. m., Philadelphia at 11.15 p. m.

LEWISBURG & TYRONE RAILROAD. In effect May 17, 1896.

WESTWA	RD. EAS	TWA	RD
111 103	STATIONS.	114	112
P M A M 1 35 5 40 1 45 6 15 1 53 6 23 2 1 1 58 6 28 2 2 2 5 6 5 8 2 5 3 7 7 5 5 3 3 3 7 8 6 2 8 2 5 3 5 8 8 2 5 3 5 8 8 2 5 3 5 8 8 2 5 3 5 8 8 2 5 3 5 8 8 2 5 3 5 8 8 3 7 6 8 8 2 5 3 5 8 8 3 7 6 8 8 2 5 8 5 8 8 3 7 6 8 8 2 5 8 5 8 8 3 7 6 8 8 2 5 8 5 8 8 3 7 6 8 8 2 5 6 8 8 3 7 6 8 8 2 5 6 8 8 3 7 6 8 8	Montandon  Lewisburg Fair Ground  Blebl Vicksburg Miffinburg Millimont Glen Iron Cherry Run Coburn Kising Springs Centre Hall Gregg Linden Hall Lemont Dale Summit Pleasant Gap	A M 9 10 9 10 9 10 9 10 8 52 8 47 8 38 8 25 8 17 7 38 7 21 7 06 6 52 6 43 6 38 6 28 6 20	P 36 4 58 4 4 7 4 39 4 4 8 5 4 4 7 4 15 4 4 07 4 1 5 4 4 2 7 4 1 5 5 4 4 2 7 2 2 2 3 7 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2

Gen'l. Manager. Gen'l. Pass. Agt

BELLEFONTE CENTRAL RAILROAD.
To take effect May 25, 1896. 129 8 5 2 5 STATIONS | 1 5 | 7 5 | 116 PM PM AM AT. Lv. AM AM PM 6 30 1 10 8 45 Bellefonte 6 30 10 30 4 21 6 20 1 02 8 40 Coleville 6 37 10 37 4 26 6 15 12 58 8 37 Morris 6 40 10 42 4 30 6 10 12 54 8 35 Whitner 6 44 10 47 4 33 4 05 12 49 8 31 Hunters 6 50 10 53 4 38 4 06 12 40 8 31 Funces 6 50 10 53 4 38 ..Fillmore.... Brialy...... Waddle..... 30 12 20 8 00 ......State College.... 7 30 11 30 5 10

Morning trains from Montandon. Williams port, Lock Haven and Tyrone connect with train No.7 for State College. Afternoon trains rom Montandon, Lewisburg and nect with Train No. 11 for State Co

SDaily except Sunday. F. H. THOMAS, Supt.

THE CENTRAL BAILBOAD OF PENNA

READ DOWN			REA	D UP
No.1 No.5 No.3	STATIONS.	No.6	No.4	No.2
8 02 8 11 4 24 8 04 8 13 4 26 8 09 8 19 4 31 8 16 8 25 4 37 8 23 8 32 4 43 8 25 8 34 4 45 a.m p.m. p.m.	Nittany Huston Lamar Clintondale Krider's Sid's Mackeyville Cedar Springs Salona MILL HALL Ar. Lv.	10 04 9 49 9 48 9 38 9 38 9 32 9 28 9 27 9 28 9 21 9 19 9 16 8 56 18 55 p.m.	6 10 5 57 5 51 5 46 5 44 5 40 5 37 5 33 5 33 5 33 5 29 5 11 5 11 †5 95 p.m.	9 56 9 50 9 45 9 43 9 33 9 35 9 32 9 26 9 26 9 27 9 9 07 19 01 4. m.
10 05 9 55 Ar 10 20 *11 30 Lv 5 08 7 10	PHILAD	Arr.		7 5/ +7 2/ +6 6/ *11 3/ p. m

Daily. + Week Days. \$ 6:00 p. m. Sunday. Philadelphia Sieeping Car attached to east bound train from Williamsport at 11:30 p.m., and west bound from Philadelphia at 11:36 p.m., J. W. GEPHART, J. W. GEPHART, and General Supt.

BALD EAGLE VALLEY.

	ESTW	ATT	EASTV	VARD		
EXP.	EXP.	MAIL.	May 18, 1896,	MAIL.	DAYEX	EXP.
P M 6 17 6 11 6 07 6 00 6 5 5 5 6 6 5 5 5 5 5 11 15 5 5 6 6 6 7 5 5 7 11 15 5 7 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	2 20 2 17 2 15 2 20 3 1 58 3 1 1 24 3 1 1 25 1 1 25 2 1 2 3 3 1 1 2 4 3 1 1 2 5 3 1 2 3	10 46 10 44 10 36 10 28 10 20 10 11 10 01 1 9 53 2 9 41 4 9 34 5 9 18 5	Martha Julian Unionville Snow Shoe Int Milesburg Bellefonte Milesburg Curtin Mt Eagle Howard Eagleville Beech Creek Mill Hall Flemington	A M 8 100 8 166 8 200 8 244 8 300 8 8 422 8 492 8 58 9 977 99 18 99 28 99 41 99 50 100 111 100 22 100 8	1 07 1 14 1 22 1 30 1 40 1 40 2 11 3 2 11 3 2 2 11 3 2 2 2 4 4 2 4 4 2 4	7 39 7 45 7 48 7 50 7 57 8 04 8 13 8 22 8 30 8 8 22 8 30 8 41 2 8 53 1 9 01 5 9 05 1 9 11 0 9 20 3 9 23 4 6 9 36

BELLEFONTE & SNOW SHOE BRANCH. Time Table in effect on and after May 18 1896. Leave Bellefonte, except Sunday,.....9.58 a. m Arrive at Snow Shoe " 11.49 a. m Leave Snow Shoe, except Sunday,......3 51 p. m Arrive at Bellefonte " 6 46 p. m