

TO RELEASE WALLER.

France Consents That the Ex-Consul Shall be Freed.

HIS GUILT CLEARLY ESTABLISHED

Ambassador Eustis Declares That Waller Is Proven by the Evidence to Have Conspired with the Enemies of France—He May Sue for Damages.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 12.—Ambassador Eustis has been instructed to accept the offer of the French government to release Ex-Consul Waller from further imprisonment and pardon his offense on condition that the affair be thereby terminated as between France and the United States, and that the latter make no claim in behalf of the prisoner based upon his arrest, conviction or imprisonment. Waller may, however, sue in the French courts for damages for alleged ill treatment. These facts, showing the amicable termination of the protracted Waller incident, appear in the correspondence sent to both houses of congress yesterday, by president Mr. Weyler to resolutions of inquiry upon the subject.

Accompanying the correspondence, which is voluminous, is a report by Secretary Olney summarizing its features and explaining the reasons which animated the executive in terminating the incident as above described. In the beginning the secretary gives the history of the Crockett case, showing that Waller, while United States consul at Tamatave, acting as administrator of the estate of Crockett, a deceased United States citizen, was guilty of maladministration, that when Mr. Weyler took charge of the consulate in January, 1894, Waller had disappeared and the consular records were in great confusion.

Wetter caused a civil suit to be brought against Waller on account of the Crockett estate, and before a court composed of Consul Weyler, Mr. Geldart (Waller's intimate friend) and Messrs. Ryder and Howe, Waller was convicted of gross mismanagement of the estate, of abuse and neglect of trust and removed from the position of administrator, besides being ordered to make good to the amount of \$1,931 and interest to the Crockett heirs.

Touching the Waller conspiracy the secretary says, referring to a letter from Wetter dated April last: "This same letter contains an allusion to the Waller rubber concession or land grant near Fort Dauphin. After indicating various ways in which the Crockett money may have been consumed by Waller, there is a suggestion that some of it may have been spent in bribes to secure the concession. But no evidence to that effect is reported, and neither is there any proof of the nature, extent, validity or value of the concession."

"The value may have been supposed to be dependent upon the issue of the contest then going on between the French and the natives, while it is certain that the French authorities have always held the concession to be without any validity."

"The secretary then refers to Waller's trial and conviction by a French court martial, and quotes from the report of Ambassador Eustis, who was permitted to review the evidence. The ambassador says: "After examining the original letters of Waller I have no doubt whatever of his guilt. It was not a case of inadvertent or imprudent writing, but was a deliberate attempt to give information to the enemy to the prejudice of the military situation of France. The evidence fully sustains the charge. The whole tenor of the correspondence discloses his guilty intention and no court could have been blamed to condemn him."

"It should be further stated that considerable corroboration of the conclusion thus arrived at by Mr. Eustis has since been obtained from the French government, including the statement of M. Waller and his son, Paul Bray.

"Secretary Olney quotes some of this corroborative evidence, and proceeds as follows: "These extracts from letters and minutes are not only in line with the results reached by Mr. Eustis, but raise the serious question whether Waller was not intriguing not merely against the French, but against the safety and lives of American citizens. Waller was undoubtedly guilty of an offense against the French government of a serious character, and fully justifying severe punishment."

"Upon the request of Waller, our ambassador at Paris will be instructed to arrange for furnishing security for the costs of any suit before the French tribunals which Waller may be advised the facts of the case will warrant. Mr. Eustis has already been instructed to supply him with the means of transportation to the United States, should he desire to come here."

"It may be added, as part of the history of the case, the fact that the French government instructed its representatives to provide for their present necessities and to furnish them the means of getting to the United States. That relief was accordingly extended to them, the charges to which this government has thus far been put amounting to \$1,317.14.

"Two Children Killed by Falling Ruins. BROOKLYN, Feb. 10.—Two children were instantly killed and one young man seriously injured, as the result of a fire which destroyed a cottage on Fort Hamilton avenue yesterday. The victims are Minnie Specht, 9 years old, and Harry Botzen, 7 years old. Edward Hill, 18 years old, received a fracture of the thigh, severe scalp wounds and contusions of the body. The cottage was unoccupied, and the fire started from an unknown cause. Later in the day, while a crowd of children and others were viewing the ruins, the chimney fell without warning, burying the three mentioned.

"Seven Years for a Murderer. SALEM, Mass., Feb. 12.—Miss Annie Maud Brewer was sentenced in the superior criminal court here to serve seven years in the house of correction for killing Gideon W. Lattimer, Jr., of Lynn, on Dec. 13, 1894. Lattimer and Miss Brewer had been engaged, but owing to his mother's objections to the engagement Lattimer wanted the girl to go away with him. She refused to do so, and in a quarrel the girl shot her lover, who died from the effects of the wound four days later.

"President Kruger Wants an Understanding. PRETORIA, Feb. 11.—President Kruger has notified Sir Hercules Robinson, governor of Cape Colony, that he is willing to visit England, according to the suggestion of Mr. Joseph Chamberlain, the secretary of state for the colonies, provided the subjects of the proposed conference between himself and Mr. Chamberlain are definitely specified beforehand.

WILLIAM H ENGLISH DEAD

Hancock's Running Mate in the Presidential Campaign of 1880.

INDIANAPOLIS, Feb. 8.—William H. English, who in 1880 was the Democratic candidate for vice president on the ticket with General Hancock, died at his rooms in the Hotel English yesterday noon, aged 73. The end came gradually and peacefully.

William H. English was born in Boone county, Ind., his father being a pioneer of the Hoosier state. He was educated in the common schools and studied law at Harvard college. He was practicing in the



WILLIAM H. ENGLISH.

United States supreme court before he was 23 years old. After holding several minor public offices he was, in 1852, elected to congress. He served nine years, and in 1861 resigned his seat to engage in the banking business.

Mr. English devoted entirely to public life after his defeat as running mate with General Hancock. Since then he devoted all his leisure to writing a history of Indiana, which is about completed. He travelled around occasionally, gathering documents for his history, and is said to have spent \$30,000 for the purchase of papers to aid him in his work. His fortune is estimated at \$3,000,000.

HASTINGS IS FOR QUAY.

Pennsylvania's Governor Favors the Senator's Presidential Candidacy.

HARRISBURG, Feb. 12.—State Treasurer Haywood returned to Harrisburg from Washington yesterday, and when asked concerning the interview in which he declared that Quay will receive the support of the Republican state leaders for president, said: "Senator Quay's name will be nominated and elected. This was agreed upon by a conference of all the prominent leaders in Washington last week, and they were unanimous. Nothing will change this determination."

Governor Hastings last night gave out the following statement relative to Senator Quay's candidacy for the presidency: "I am for Quay. He is a good man. Some time ago, but since the state convention last August, Quay asked me to vote if I desired the vote of the delegation from Pennsylvania at the next national convention he would be elected."

"I knew there was a show for my nomination, and was hunting for competitors, because Quay's candidacy would result in a party on broad and lasting foundations."

The Rush for the Popular Loan. WASHINGTON, Feb. 6.—Four thousand six hundred and fifty bids for \$508,299,800 worth of popular loans, the tremendous total of the subscriptions opened at the treasury department yesterday, in accordance with a call issued a month or so since, proposals for \$100,000 of the 4 1/2 per cent. bonds, 11,185,525. The average bids include about \$130,000,000 "extras," and rejected as bogus, the J. J. Moran syndicate wanted the whole sum, \$1,000,000. The awards give that syndicate \$331,350 of the issue, while 46,788,630 goes to higher bidders.

Says Edison Cannot Photograph the Brain

SYRACUSE, N. Y., Feb. 12.—At the Syracuse university, under the direction of Professor Eugene Haanel, successful photographs are being made with X rays of light. The skeleton of a live frog was photographed in an hour and fifteen minutes exposure, and in a circular box a nickel, dime, copper coin, a watch and pencil and steel key were pointed at. Doctor Haanel covers the sensitive dry plate with black paper to protect it from daylight and reduce exposure. He says that Edison cannot photograph the human brain, because it is transparent.

Officers of the Wheelmen's League.

BALTIMORE, Feb. 12.—Sterling Elliott, of Massachusetts, was elected president of the League of American Wheelmen yesterday, defeating Archibald C. Wilson, the present incumbent, by a vote of 104 to 75. Other officers elected are: First vice president, Charles F. Cosman of New York; second vice president, A. Cressy Morrison of Wisconsin; treasurer, E. S. Hartwell of Colorado; auditing committee, J. Fred Adams of Massachusetts, John J. Van North of Pennsylvania and G. A. McCarthy of Colorado. Louisville was chosen for the '96 meet.

The Peal Bryan Murder Mystery.

CINCINNATI, Feb. 12.—It has been definitely established that Peal Bryan confidently put himself into the hands of her betrayer, Scott Jackson, on Jan. 27, trusting him to save her and her family from mortification and shame. The story of Miss Hollingsworth seeing her in Indianapolis on Jan. 28 is exploded by the established fact that she was here on both the 27th and 28th. Two careful post mortem examinations absolutely exclude abortion, actual or attempted, as well as death by poisoning. The universal belief here is that the Indianapolis girl is romancing.

Workmen Fell Sixty-five Feet.

CLEVELAND, Feb. 12.—Three temporary spans of a new bridge being erected across Tinker's creek for the Akron, Bedford and Cleveland Electric railroad, ten miles south of this city, fell yesterday afternoon, precipitating eight workmen into the creek, a distance of sixty-five feet. The men had a chance to escape. It is miraculous that all were not instantly killed. As it was five were seriously hurt, one of them is now in a dying condition at a hospital.

The Starving New Foundlanders.

ST. JOHN'S, N. F., Feb. 12.—Reports of destitution throughout the island continue to reach St. John's. The condition of the residents of Fortuna Bay is awful. All the charities are doing their utmost to relieve the distress.

A WEEK'S NEWS CONDENSED

Thursday, Feb. 8.

Rev. Michael J. Hoban has been appointed by the pope as coadjutor to Bishop O'Hara, of Scranton, Pa. Lady Wilde, widow of Robert Wells Wilde, M. D., and mother of Oscar and Willie Wilde, died in London.

Father Fitzgerald, a Catholic priest, was convicted of arson in the second degree at Rochester, N. Y. The maximum penalty is twenty years' imprisonment.

Krout, the Wells Fargo express agent at Colorado Springs, Colo., who robbed the company of \$20,000, was last night sentenced to five years' imprisonment. All but \$125 of the money was recovered.

Friday, Feb. 7.

Senator Frye, of Maine, was unanimously elected president pro tem. of the national senate.

General John Gibbons, the noted Indian fighter, died in Baltimore, aged 68. He was on the retired list of the army.

Judge Mayham refused a new trial for "Bat" Shea, the Troy (N. Y.) election murderer, and he must die next Tuesday.

By the collapse of the railroad bridge over the Pequebuck river, near Beistol, Conn., six men were drowned and four others are missing.

An old building in Brooklyn, in which was a copper shop, was blown down by the high wind yesterday. James Quigley and Simon Seaman were killed.

The mikado of Japan has presented to Mrs. Gresham, widow of the late secretary, priceless tapestries and beautiful vases from his private collection, as a tribute of respect to her husband.

Saturday, Feb. 8.

Hon. Joseph Allison, president judge of common pleas court No. 1, is dying at his home in Philadelphia.

In an eight round fight between "Young Corbett" and Danny Needam, at San Francisco, Corbett was the winner.

In a drunken row between Joseph Albert and Charles Dollif, at Oldtown, Me., Albert was shot through the heart.

The bill making prize fighting in the District of Columbia and the territories a felony, with heavy penalties, was signed by President Cleveland.

In the national house Mr. Barrett, of Massachusetts, offered a resolution to censure Mr. Talbot, of South Carolina, for "reasonable interferences," but the resolution was killed in committee.

Sunday, Feb. 10.

By the wreck of the schooner Florida, off Salisbury Beach, Mass., the crew of eight were drowned.

The famous bandmaster, Allen T. Dodworth, is dangerously ill with pneumonia at Pasadena, Cal.

Hon. Joseph Allison, judge of common pleas court No. 1, died in Philadelphia on Saturday, Feb. 7.

At Chicago Richard Klatke, an unemployed carpenter and rabid anarchist, killed his father and mother, his wife and three children and then shot himself dead.

At Rochester, N. Y., Rev. John M. Fitzgerald, a Catholic priest, was sentenced to seven years' imprisonment for arson in the second degree. He appealed and is out on bail.

Tuesday, Feb. 11.

Congressman William H. Crain, of Texas, died in Washington yesterday of pneumonia, aged 47.

The national senate promptly confirmed the nomination of Edward F. Uhl, of Michigan, as ambassador to Germany.

Jerry Scott, the negro whose daughter died from floggings administered by her father, was sentenced at Jackson, Mich., to life imprisonment.

The grand jury at Erie, Pa., has held Mrs. Kate M. Nellis and Edgar C. Gardner, of Girard, for trial on the charge of poisoning Peter H. Nellis, the former's husband.

In the national senate yesterday Senator Smith, of New Jersey, made a vigorous speech against jingoism, saying the people are disgusted with the present session of congress.

Wednesday, Feb. 12.

Dr. John Newman, the eminent Methodist minister, died at Des Moines, Ia., aged 82.

The sultan of Turkey has invited the powers to recognize Prince Ferdinand, of Bulgaria.

While firemen were at work on a fire at Cambridge, Mass., a wall fell on twenty firemen, causing the death of one.

Secretary and Miss Herbert gave a dinner to the president and cabinet last night at their residence in Washington.

At St. Ignace, Ind., an address to the students of the university, William C. Van Arman, of New York, as the Democratic candidate for president.

STOCK AND PRODUCE MARKETS.

Closing Quotations of the New York and Philadelphia Exchanges.

NEW YORK, Feb. 11.—The stock market today was considered to reflect the absence of support from prominent financial houses, who were interested in the new government loan which has been liquidated. The course of values was downward, with intervals of reaction.

CLOSING QUOTES: Baltimore & Ohio 3 3/4, New York Cent. 10 1/2, Del. & Hudson 13 1/4, N. Y. Central 10 3/4, D. & A. V. 10 1/4, Pennsylvania 10 1/2, Erie 10 1/4, Reading 10 1/4, Lake Erie & W. 2 1/4, St. Paul 10 1/4, Lehigh Valley 4 1/4, N. Y. & P. 3 1/4, Lehigh Valley 3 1/4, West Shore 3 1/4.

General Markets.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 11.—Flour in light demand; winter superfine, \$2.40; do. extra, \$2.25; do. cheap, \$2.10; Pennsylvania roller, clear, \$1.90; do. do. clear, \$1.80; do. do. clear, \$1.70; do. do. clear, \$1.60; do. do. clear, \$1.50; do. do. clear, \$1.40; do. do. clear, \$1.30; do. do. clear, \$1.20; do. do. clear, \$1.10; do. do. clear, \$1.00; do. do. clear, \$0.90; do. do. clear, \$0.80; do. do. clear, \$0.70; do. do. clear, \$0.60; do. do. clear, \$0.50; do. do. clear, \$0.40; do. do. clear, \$0.30; do. do. clear, \$0.20; do. do. clear, \$0.10; do. do. clear, \$0.00.

TO WEYLER

Enthusiastically Greeted the New Captain General.

REBABLE PLAN OF CAMPAIGN.

As Did His Predecessor, He Will Doubtless Endeavor to Precipitate a "Decisive Conflict" Calling for Reports of Subordinate Commanders.

HAVANA, Feb. 11.—The steamer Alfonso XIII arrived here yesterday, having on board General Valeriano Weyler, the new captain general of Cuba; Nicolas, Marquis of Tenerife, and Generals Enrique, Bargas, Ferrerico Ochoando, Miguel Melguiso, Marinus Ahumada, Luis Castell, Sanchez Bernal and Juan Arolas, the latter being the hero of Jolo, Philippine islands.

The entire city was brilliantly decorated in honor of the occasion, and the bay was a splendid sight, all the warships and merchant craft, present being decorated with bunting. The wharves were crowded with people at an early hour and all the steamers and tugs were loaded with sight-seers. The troops and volunteers were turned out to a man, together with the fire department and police, and for a long time past no such brilliant display has been witnessed in Havana. This is mainly due to the fact that in many quarters General Weyler is looked upon as likely to be the man who will restore order in Cuba, which would mean a revival of commerce and business, developments which are anxiously looked forward to by the commercial community.

After the reception of the local military and civil authorities, corporations and clergy was completed General Weyler appeared upon the balcony of the palace and reviewed the troops. His appearance before the public was the signal for a long outburst of the most enthusiastic cheering, the firing of cannon and the sound of martial music, all the bands in the city being stationed at different points.

Accompanying General Weyler were Captains Goleber and Linera, who are known as "military editors." They will most likely have charge of the press censorship here, and it is already rumored that there will be considerably more difficulty experienced in this connection by the correspondents in the future.

So far as the general situation is concerned, there is not much change. Indeed, no change of importance is expected for some days. General Weyler will first devote himself to a complete review of the operations already undertaken, and he will then figure out the situation as it actually exists. For this purpose, almost immediately after taking the oath of fealty, he caused orders to be sent to all the commanders in the field to draw up promptly and forward to headquarters here complete returns of the condition of their commands, together with the state of the railroads, telegraphs and public thoroughfares, and the probable location and strength of the enemy in their neighborhoods.

The exact plan of campaign of General Weyler is not known, but it is believed that it will be a very different one from that of Campos. He is likely to call in all the small detachments of troops which have from the first had such a weakening effect upon the Spanish operations, and he will try to drive the insurgents into a position from which they cannot escape without a pitched battle.

LAUDING GENERAL MARIN.

His Friends Claim That He Did Vigorous Work for Spain's Cause.

HAVANA, Feb. 12.—The friends of General Sabas Marin are claiming very fruitful results for the period of his ad interim government preceding the arrival of Captain General Weyler. It is pointed out that his plan has produced good results, that plan being to isolate Macco and Gomez, fighting each one separately and at the same time and strengthening the important strategic lines.

General Marin's friends claim that Antonio Macco sustained a loss of 1,500 in the battles of Talona, Calmanas, Sabalo, Paso Real, Candelaria and Pozo Redondo, which were fought under General Marin's administration, while Gomez is said to have lost 600 in the engagements at Luz, San Augustin and Logia.

General Gomez has fought the bands of Laeart, Cayte, Alvarez and Nunez on the field of Cinco Palmas and took their positions. The insurgents, upon retreating, left fourteen killed and three wounded, together with arms and ammunition, carrying off the rest of their wounded. The troops lost a sergeant and two soldiers killed and a captain and eight soldiers wounded.

Captain General Weyler has announced the following appointments: Lieutenant general, Segundo Cabo; to command the province of Pinar del Rio, Matanzas and Havana, Marques de Ahumada; acting military governor, Suarez Valdes; chief of staff, Federico Ochoando; to command the second corps in Puerto Principe and Santa Clara, General Pando.

Dunraven Has Not Apologized.

LONDON, Feb. 12.—Mr. Dixon Kemp, the well known yachting authority, informed the press yesterday that Lord Dunraven had said to him that the reports that he had written a letter of apology to the New York Yacht club were incorrect. Mr. Kemp said Lord Dunraven had just told him that he had written an explanatory letter to the New York Yacht club, describing his attitude, but not apologizing.

Sheila Died Protesting His Innocence.

DANEMORA, N. Y., Feb. 12.—The execution of Bartholomew Shea yesterday was successful in a every respect. The prisoner walked to the death chair without a tremor, but protested his innocence to the last. The autopsy showed that Shea's lungs were so badly diseased that he must have died within a year.

ITEMS OF STATE NEWS.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Feb. 10.—While at work in the North Lebanon iron furnace Henry Gantz, a colored man, was suddenly stricken blind. He is still totally blind and seems likely to remain so.

ASHLAND, Pa., Feb. 12.—While Anthony Leslie and Joseph Yankusa, miners, were on their way home from work yesterday afternoon they were struck and killed by a freight train on the Reading road. Both leave families.

PITTSBURGH, Feb. 8.—Ex-City Attorneys Moreland and House were found not guilty of drafting interest on city deposits. The costs of prosecution are not yet placed. There are eleven other indictments against them for unauthorized attachment by the public in the face of the evidence.

PHILADELPHIA, Feb. 11.—Dr. Frederick Schlechter, aged 49 years, died at St. Mary's hospital from hemorrhage of the brain, caused by a fractured skull, which he is said to have received in a boxing contest with ex-Policeman Henry Pluckfelder on Saturday evening last. Pluckfelder was committed to prison to await the action of the coroner.

POTTSTOWN, Pa., Feb. 10.—The body of Mike Spook, who was carried away on a wrecked bridge on Thursday evening during the freshet in the Manawata creek at this place, was found on Saturday imbedded in the mud in the lowlands, 300 yards below where the bridge broke from its moorings. The body of his fellow unfortunate, who was lost at the same time, has not yet been found.

READING, Pa., Feb. 10.—In court here an opinion was handed down by Judge Ermentrout in the case stated between the Metropolitan Electric company and the city of Reading, in which it was sought to have determined the right of the city to enter into a contract for lighting for a period of five years. Judge Ermentrout in a lengthy opinion decides that only yearly contracts are legal.

HARRISBURG, Feb. 10.—Fate was certainly unkind to B. F. Shoop, a book-keeper of this place. Friday night he ate a quantity of morphine and was soon a corpse. He lived at No. 1103 Montgomery street, and while going home from bank a few days ago lost \$300. This caused him much worry, and he began drinking heavily. On Saturday a boy who found the money took it to the Shoop family.

LANCASTER, Pa., Feb. 11.—G. C. Kennedy, the lawyer who was acquitted of defrauding his clients of large sums of money, and who was acquitted on the ground of insanity, was released from the insane asylum yesterday. He was only in the asylum two weeks. The commissioners appointed by the court, made up of the three prominent physicians, certified to the court that he has recovered his reason.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., Feb. 10.—The final chapter in the Barney Reick murder case was closed Saturday, when Michael Kearney, the last of the four men arrested, was released from jail. James Hendricks and Jack Robinson got twenty and eighteen years respectively in the penitentiary for this crime, and James Fisher was found not guilty. There was little evidence against Kearney, though he had been in jail for a year.

STRONDSBURG, Pa., Feb. 10.—A dwelling house occupied by two families in Stronsburg township, a few miles outside of the borough limits, was burned yesterday. By the falling of the chimney Jesse Palmer, a neighbor, was instantly killed and another neighbor was slightly injured. The loss is about \$3,000. The members of the family occupying one part of the house were absent, but the others barely escaped with their lives, losing all their clothing.

NOBLESTOWN, Pa., Feb. 8.—John C. Woodhead, a sewing machine agent of Harleysville, attempted to kill his wife Thursday night, but was prevented by his 14-year-old son, who knocked the revolver from his hand after he had succeeded in firing one bullet into her wrist. Woodhead succeeded in regaining the revolver and fired a bullet into his brain. He died shortly afterwards. Reverses in life, it is believed, had unsettled Woodhead's mind.

CLEARFIELD, Pa., Feb. 8.—H. Ward Dayton, charged with the murder of Nicholas Clark, a shoemaker of Mahaffey, Pa., on Nov. 26 last, pleaded guilty yesterday of murder in the second degree. He was sentenced to five years and one month in the Western penitentiary. Dayton and Clark had been drinking together on the day of the murder. They eventually quarreled and Dayton struck his adversary a heavy blow with his fist. Clark was an old man and the blow killed him.

SCRANTON, Pa., Feb. 10.—The jury in the burglary case against J. W. Van Dyke, alias Thomas, and John Moran, returned the defendants guilty in the manner and form charged in the indictment. They were charged with breaking into the Methodist Episcopal parsonage at Read Hall on the morning of Aug. 22 last shortly after midnight, and carrying the minister, Rev. Mr. Cochrane, and robbing the house. On the first trial the jury disagreed. They will be sentenced next Saturday.

McKEESPORT, Pa., Feb. 10.—The Altemeyer theater building, on Fifth avenue, was destroyed by fire on Saturday, with all its contents. For the past week a gang of men has been at the work tearing out the interior of the theater to transform it into a brewery, and it is supposed some of the workmen interfered with the wires. George McC. Barto, foreman of the Herald, was killed and Peter Strom was caught by a falling wall and seriously injured. The Herald force was at work when the fire started.

WEST CHESTER, Pa., Feb. 11.—Thomas Elvin, the convicted child murderer, appears to be in a dying condition in a cell in the Chester county prison. The officials say that it would not be surprising if he would not live through the present week. Since his conviction he has refused all sustenance, and the belief is growing that he has decided to starve himself to death. As far as known he has eaten nothing since last Friday morning, when the jury found a verdict of guilty. It is now believed he will not get a new trial, since both defense and prosecution accepted William H. Penneycker as a juror.

STRONDSBURG, Pa., Feb. 10.—The flood at Minsi Ellenberger's lumber yard was almost the scene of a double drowning. John Gardner and Edward Cornealson, employes of the county treasurer, had a boat and were putting ropes about the lumber piles, which were several feet under water. Their boat upset and the two men were carried down the stream for several hundred yards. They fought tenaciously for their lives, being conformed with heavy overcoats. These they managed to throw off while going down with the water. After tremendous exertions the two men got into a sort of eddy, and by superior swimming managed to reach the banks of the creek.

RAILROAD SCHEDULES

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD AND BRANCHES.

In effect on and after May 20, 1895.

VIA TYRONE—WESTWARD.  
Leave Bellefonte 5:30 a. m., arrive at Tyrone 6:40 a. m., at Altoona 7:40 a. m., at Pittsburg 12:30 p. m.  
Leave Bellefonte 10:00 a. m., arrive at Tyrone 11:25 a. m., at Altoona 12:45 p. m., at Pittsburg 6:50 p. m.

VIA TYRONE—EASTWARD.  
Leave Bellefonte 5:15 p. m., arrive at Tyrone 6:25 a. m., at Altoona 7:40 a. m., at Pittsburg 11:30 a. m.

VIA LOCK HAVEN—NORTHWARD.  
Leave Bellefonte 9:28 a. m., arrive at Lock Haven 10:30 a. m., arrive at Tyrone 12:30 p. m., at Harrisburg 2:40 p. m., at Philadelphia 5:47 p. m.

VIA LOCK HAVEN—EASTWARD.  
Leave Bellefonte 9:28 a. m., arrive at Lock Haven 10:30 a. m., arrive at Tyrone 12:30 p. m., at Harrisburg 2:40 p. m., at Philadelphia 5:47 p. m.

VIA LEWISBURG.  
Leave Bellefonte 6:25 a. m., arrive at Lewisburg at 9:30 a. m., Harrisburg 11:30 a. m., Philadelphia 3:00 p. m.  
Leave Bellefonte 2:15 p. m., arrive at Lewisburg 4:47 a. m., Harrisburg 7:10 p. m., Philadelphia 11:15 p. m.

BAIRD EAGLE VALLEY.

WESTWARD.  
MAY 20, 1895.  
M T W T F S S  
A M P M A T  
6:40 11 25 30 35 40 45 50 55 60 65 70 75

EASTWARD.  
M T W T F S S  
A M P M A T  
6:40 11 25 30 35 40 45 50 55 60 65 70 75

LEWISBURG & TYRONE RAILROAD.  
In effect May 20, 1895.

WESTWARD.  
MAY 20, 1895.  
M T W T F S S  
A M P M A T  
6:40 11 25 30 35 40 45 50 55 60 65 70 75

EASTWARD.  
MAY 20, 1895.  
M T W T F S S  
A M P M A T  
6:40 11 25 30 35 40 45 50 55 60 65 70 75

BELLEFONTE & SNOW SHOE BRANCH.

Time Table in effect on and after May 18, 1895.

Leave Bellefonte, except Sunday, 8:50 a. m.  
Arrive at Snow Shoe " 10:23 a. m.  
Leave Snow Shoe, except Sunday, 3:00 p. m.  
Arrive at Bellefonte " 4:43 p. m.

THE CENTRAL RAILROAD OF PENNA.

Time Table effective Nov. 3, 1895.

READ DOWN.  
NO. 2 No. 3 No. 4  
P. M. P. M. A. T. P. M.