CONTEST FOR A CURRENCY

The Fight For and Against the Free Coinage of Silver.

EVERYBODY DISCUSSING FINANCE

The Relative Merits of Gold and Silver as Money Form the Prevailing Topic of Conversation, and the Financial Question Will Be a Prominent One in the Next Presidential Campaign.

The paramount question of the day is the Nation's financial policy and the respective merits of gold and silver as money form the prevailing topic of conversation. Whenever two men get together, whether it is at the postoffice or at the street corner, in the railway station or the corner grocery, or while riding on the cars, they discuss nothing else. The whole country is flooded with literature on the subject, sent out by those who are conducting the propagandas for the advo-cates of free coinage, and the opponents of that movement. Ever since President Cleve-



SENATOR STEWART, OF NEVADA. (Leader of the free silver champions in the West.)

land issued his letter on the subject it has been apparent that the principal issue upon which the battle of 1896 will be fought is sil-er, and the question to be determined then is, shall the United States have silver momet-allism or shall they adhere to the gold standard. The lines upon which the issue will be fought are being more closely drawn

The strength which the silver advocates have developed in the West has been strikingly illustrated by recent developments. Colorado, Nevada, California, and other silver producing localities, are for silver first and party second, beyond possibility of denial. Senator Roach, of North Dakota, de-clares that his party in that State is for free silver. A dispatch from St. Louis gives the opinions of six Governors upon the letter of President Cleveland upon the financial issue. Five of them, Governor Stone, of Missouri; Governor Richards, of Wyoming; Governor Holcomb, of Nebraska; Governor Richards, of Montana, and Governor McIntyre, of Colorado, declare their opposition to Presi-dent Cleveland's views. Governor Stone says sentiment in Mississippi is divided. Senator Stewart, of Nevada, is leading the silver champions of the West. In an inter-

the biggest fight of this century on the curency question when the naw Congress meets. Topic of the Hour in Kentucky.

view just published Senator Stewart predicts

The topic of the hour in Kentucky is Senator Blackburn's challenge to Secretary Car-lisle or any other "goldbug" to meet him in a discussion of the free silver issue. Sena-tor Blackburn has announced that he is in favor of the free coinage of silver at the rate of 16 to 1, and asks to be re-elected to the Senate on this platform. Governor Bro Senate on this platform. Governor Brown announces himself a candidate for United States Senator on a free silver platform, while Congressman McCreary, in an interview, said he was opposed to the free coinage of silver. At a meeting of the Louisville Board of Trade, declarations were made for a currency on a single gold basts. It was decided to send a delegation of fifteen to the Memphis Money Conference. Mr. Carlisie expects to deliver an address in Louisville some time in May. This will be the only address he will make in the State during the

Secretary Morton's Views.

An interview with Secretary Morton, of the Agricultural Department, is of interest as showing how thoroughly the President's currency ideas are shared by members of his Cabinet. When asked if he thought any-thing would grow out of the proposed in-ternational monetary conference, Mr. Mor-

"I do not believe that an international congress can establish permanently a com-mercial ratio between gold and silver, any more than it can establish a permanent commercial ratio between rye and wheat. But if an international conference can fix the price in gold of silver, it can also fix the price of wheat or of any other commodity, and there-by avoid all the possible shrinkages in values which tend to cause panies.

Ex-President Harrison's Position. In ex-President Harrison's speech at La Junta, which is said to outline his position on the silver question, he said: "Now I say to you to-day what I said when I was President, and what I have always believed, that a larger use of silver for money and free coinage of silver upon a basis to be agreed upon that would maintain its parity with gold was good for the whole world. I do not believe that we could run free coinage ourselves when the European Governments were pursuing the policy they have been pursuing with silver. But, my fellow citizens, there are clear indications, now in England. there are clear indications now in England and in Germany that they are feeling the effects of a scarcity of gold and its prostrating effects upon the industries."

Views of Senator Jones.

Senator Jones, of Nevada, who was one of the American Commissioners to the Interna-tional Monetary Conference in Brussels, foreshadows the coming conflict between the ad-vocates and the enemies of free silver coinage. "The coming monetary conference be-tween the United States and European countries, to which the Senate selected representatives in Senators Teller, Jones, of Arkansas, and Daniels," said the Nevada Senator, "will not amount to a hill of beans. We shall have to settle the matter for ourselves, independent of Europe." This view is shared by financiers and other prominent men in business and politics in

A "Crusade" to Be Inaugurated. The New York Herald says that "An important crusade against the free coinage of liver will be inaugurated in the metropolis. silver will be inaugurated in the metropolis. It will cover every section of the country. This movement, while it will be separate from the Memphis 'Sound Money' Convention, will aim at the same objects, and its purpose will be to educate the public for the money questions that are bound to figure in the Presidential election next year. A series of editorial articles will appear regularly in nearly a thousand newspapers all over the country, attacking the free silver doctrine. The head and centre of the metropolitan movement is the Beform Club of New York."

of the State Legislature on the silver ques-tion and publishes their answers to the ques-

"Are you in favor of the free coinage of silver by the United States at the present

Five Republican and 7 Democratic Senators answered yes and 4 Republican Senators no. In the House, 14 Republicans and 24 Democrats said yes, and 14 Repub-licans, 2 Democrats and 2 Populists no.

Illinois' Governor for Free Silver. "Sound money" Democrats at Chicago have organized the "Honest Money League of Illingis" for the purpose of resisting the free silver movement. In an interview Governor Altgeld denounces the League. He

favors free silver. The Iroquois Club, one of the most influential Democratic organizations in Chicago, had a debate on the financial question.

Resolutions were introduced declaring it inexpedient and unwise to open the mints of the United States to the free coinage of silver; that it would be most unfortunate if at this time, when signs of returning confidence and renewed prosperity are multiplying, such an unwise and disastrous step should be taken.

After a prolonged debate the resolutions were adopted by a vote of 48 to 22.

Excitement in Indiana.

Indiana is much excited over the silver is-sue. Interviews at Indianapolis and elsewhere with bankers and prominent men in-dicate that it is the dominant subject of inerest. All the Democratic bankers and nany prominent business men of Indianapois indorse Mr. Cleveland's recent letter, free silver is not without its friends. Governor Matthews is for bimetallism. He wants the United States to call an interna-

Both Sides Active in Texas. The anti-silverites in the Texas Legisla-ture, to the number of about fifty, had a meeting and decided that immediate action should be taken with reference to the 16 to 1 silver crusade which is threatening to disrupt the Texas Democracy. The silverites decided that nominations for the next State officers should be made on strictly 16 to 1 silver lines.

Tennessee Legislature for Free Silver. The Tennessee House adopted by a vote of 43 to 30 the Senate resolution declaring in favor of the free coinage of silver at a ratio of 16 to 1.

Senator Harris, of Tennessee, has given out an interview in which he declares him-self for the rehabilitation of silver as a money metal, regardless of similar action by foreign

Will Party Barriers Be Broken? The New York Independent says: "It looks as if party barriers would be broken down to an extent unparalleled since the formation of the old Free Soil party.'

Fitzhugh Lee a "Sound Money" Candidate. General Fitzhugh Lee, of Virginia, is said to be a candidate to succeed Senator Daniels on the "sound money" issue.

ALLIANCA AFFAIR SETTLED.

Spain Will Give the United States Ample and Honorable Satisfaction.

A despatch from Madrid says that United States Minister Taylor refuses to talk on the not propose to establish a precedent. subject, but information obtained in other quarters confirms the statement that the Allianca affair has been settled, Spain giving



OUR MINISTER TO SPAIN.

to the United States ample and honorable satisfaction, and admitting that the Allianca was outside the jurisdiction and waters of Spain when she was fired upon.

The Labor World. Woman station masters are employed in

ome Austrian railways. Lake Superior miners expect to ship 10, 000,000 tons of Iron ore this season. Wages in the Cocheco Mills, at Dover, N.

H., are to be increased five per cent. The invention of the typewriter has given imployment to half a million of women. Eugene V. Debs says that the talk of unmployed railroad men migrating to Venez-

uela is a fake. London bootmakers are making violent bjections to the introduction of improved American machinery.

The number of women employed at the collieries in South Staffordshire, England, has fallen since 1875 from 1221 to 166. The strike of the Paris omnibus drivers for

higher wages and shorter hours has in-creased. The strikers have been rioting. The wages of berry-pickers in the straw berry regions of Deleware have been reduced

from two to 1% cents per quart. Thousands of people are affected by this cut-down. It is proposed to utilize the labor of the unemployed upon the vacant lots of Brook-lyn in tilling them upon the Detroit plan which is also being adopted by other cities

with success. At an elevation of 15,645 feet above the sea level on the Peruvian Central Railroad it was discerned that 100 men were required to do the same amount of work that fifty would do

on a sea level. Mrs. Josephine S. Lowell found in stores in New York City 347 women working with seats but for thirty-four. Mrs. Nathan found one big store in which the girl who sat down

was discharged. The Brotherhood of Carpenters and Join ers have decided to wage war upon the Balti-more Baseball Club, and from now until the trouble is settled all union men affiliated in any way with the Federation of Labor are re quested by the carpenters to taboo the cham pions. The trouble grew out of the con struction of the new grandstand by nonunion men.

Several Sundays ago some fifteen union carpenters assembled in San Francisco, Cal. and put up a house for one of the union Patrick Hughes, who was in need of some as Father Hughes, who was in need of some as sistance. By night the modest cottage was practically finished and ready for occupancy. The union could not give money, but it labor was at its own disposal and it gave be treally and related to the same and related to the same

freely and voluntarily. According to the ninth annual report o the relief department of the Pennsylvania Railroad, there is a surplus of \$273,751 ir the treasury of that organization. During the year \$366,015 was received from 4112 denovement is the Reform Club of New York."

A Poll of Missouri Legislators.

A Missouri paper has interviewed members

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JAPAN READY FOR WAR.

She is Erecting Fortifications and Laying Mines.

AN ANTI-JAPANESE ALLIANCE.

The Conqueror of China is Mobolizing Large Bodies of Troops---Russia Still Sending Soldiers to Vladivostock---France Thinks That We Are Supporting Japan Against the Powers.

Japan is making extensive preparations for defence. She has mobilized large bodies of troops and has erected fortifications and blocked important coast points with mines. Several swift steamers have recently been bought for the Japanese Government in England and America. Russia is still sending troops to Vladivostock.

The Neues Wiener Tagblatt, of Vienna, has an interview with the Japanese Minister at Paris, who is represented as saying that he considers the situation most dangerous, although in the event of war Japan, he be-

lieves, would certainly hold her own.

Japan, he said, has at her command, including the reserves, 450,000 troops. A conflict with Russia, however, would be the beginning of a general conflagration in the East. Victory or defeat would be equally

disastrous to Japan.
The Minister said he relied chiefly on Prince Ito's diplomatic skill. If Japan's conquests in China were abandoned, he said, not merely a revolution but a National tragedy would ensue.

He remarked, en passant, that Japan could not now raise a sou in Paris if she so de-sired, whereas during the war with China French bankers offered her unlimited sums. It is learned from the highest authority that the French Foreign Office is firmly convinced that the United States Government is secretly supporting Japan, and this belief is shared in the Russian and German Embassies at Paris. This feeling is causing the French Government a good deal of anxiety concerning the possible outcome of the joint protest of France, Germany and Russia against the Japanese occupation of Chinese

against the Japanese occupation of Chinese mainland territory.

It is reported that Spain has joined Russia in the latter's protest against the terms of the treaty of peace. Spain was easily induced to join the alliance against Japan because she feels herself so week in the Philippine Islands. Attempts are being made to show Holland that Japan, unless checked, will probably become a source of danger to Java.

are persistent in the declaration that the United States has not and will not enter into any alliance with Great Britain and Japan to offset the alleged concerted action of Russia, France, and Germany with regard to the Japanese-Chinese peace treaty. This has never been the policy of this Government, and, according to the statements made, it does not propose to establish a precedent.

THEODORE ROOSEVELT.

He Resigns as Civil Service Commissioner to Become a Police Commissioner.

The resignation of Theodore Roosevelt as a member of the Civil Service Commission was received at the Executive Mansion. Mr. Roosevelt, replying to inquiries from a reporter, said:



THEODORE ROOSEVELT.

"Yes, it is true that I have resigned as Civil Service Commissioner. Mayor Strong, of New York City, has requested me to take the office of Police Commissioner and I have accepted." Mr. Roosevelt has been a Civil Service Commissioner about six years. He was appointed by President Harrison to succeed John Oberly of Illinois. During his incumbency there have been a number of changes in the personnel of the Commission, he holding on while Commissioners Eaton, Oberly, Thompson, Edgerton, and Johnson were retired.

Telegraphic Ticks.

Chile will buy and run its railroads. There are 145,000 paupers in London. Seventeen thousand children go to Sundaychoolin Japan.

Baltimore is starting a boom for a big ex-position in 1897.

Chicago park police are to be mounted on blcycles instead of horses. A cattle plague is raging in several of the Governments of South Russia.

An association in defense of gold currency has been formed in London. The vacant-city-lot-potato-patch-for-the-poor plan has been begun in Ciacinnati,

John Criswell, a boy who murdered his father, has been sentenged to life imprison-ment at Pensacola, Fla.

The United States Fish Commission expects this year to almost double the work of ast year, when about 400,000,000 fish were

Forest fires are raging in the mountains in the southern interior of West Virginia. Fully 2000 acres have been burned over along the Pocci River. Venezuela has agreed to pay Italy \$100,000

indemnity for the loss sustained and damage done to Italian property during the late civil war in Venezue

We are glad to hear from Puget Sound that the lumber mills in that section are obliged to run night and day to fill orders from foreign countries. A marble tablet with an inscription has been placed over the spot where the skeletons

of thirtees soldiers who fought under General Montgomery were found near Citadel Hill, Quebec, last fall. The tablet was donated by American citizens, residents of that city.

Chicago Exposition Medals. According to Director Preston, of the Mint Bureau, the 24,000 medals awarded by the Chicago Columbian Exposition will be ready for distribution about the 1st of August.

THE NEWS EPITOMIZED

Washington Items.

Senor Dupuy de Lome, the Spanish Minister o Washington, said that the commander of he Conde de Venadito had been rebuked for fring on the Allianca.

Secretary Herbert awarded the contract or completing the big Brooklyn dry dock to the lowest bidders, Thomas and Augustine Walsh, of New York, at \$370,000.

Secretary Herbert has decided not to attend he Kiel Canal celebration on June 16, notwithstanding the special invitation which it s understood was extended to him by the

Berman Government. Secretary Herbert will probably go to Kiel in June on one of the United States men-ofwar and witness the naval demonstration in aonor of the opening of the canal.

All the castings, on account of which the All the castings, on account of which the officers of the Benjamin Atha and Illingworth Company, of Newark, were indicted for conspiring to defraud the Government last August, have been accepted by the Navy Department after a reinspection.

Mr. Kurino, the Japanese Minister, received a telegram from the Emperor of Japan an-nouncing that the decoration of the second lass of the Order of the Rising Sun had een conferred upon him.

The President received the committee of he National Schutzenbund, which came rom New York to invite him to attend their selebration in July. In reply he said that at present he was unable to say whether or not he could attend, but he promised to consider the matter.

Ex-Postmaster-General Bissell, accompanied by Mrs. Bissell and little Miss Marquerite, left Washington for Buffalo, where Mr. Bissell will resume his law practice. All the Assistant Postmaster-Generals and other officials of the Postoffice Department met aim at the station to say farewell. Senor Enrique Dupuy de Lome, who suc-

ds Senor Muraga as Spanish Minister to the United States, has arrived from Havana.

Domestic.

RECORD OF THE LEAGUE CLUBS.

Clubs, Won, Lost. .500 .571 Chicago... 4 5 .571 Louisville. 3 6 New York, 4 .444 Brooklyn., 4 .333 Baltimore, 4 3 .571 St. Louis. 3 7 .300 Dineinnati, 5 5 .500 Philadel. . 2 5 .286 Ten thousand miners went on strike in the cahontas coal region of West Virginia. The annual May Day labor parades and

ss-meetings were held in various Eastern The new Belt Line tunnel in Baltimore,

91 ., was opened The third annual congress of the Sons of the American Revolution began in the Old Bouth Meeting House, Boston, Mass.

rill probably become a source of danger to ava.

State Department officials at Washington we persistent in the declaration that the very years ago with \$50,000 capital. John Newton (colored) was killed near forkville, S. C., by Frank Moore, his twelve-year-old stepson. The boy gave himself up, taying that he killed Newton in self-defence

and while protecting his mother. James Young, janitor of the court house at Brazil, Ind., killed his wife at her mother's home, then returned to his room in the base-

nent of the court house, called County Re-torder Keyser to the speaking tube, bade him good-by and killed himself. The United States cruiser Minneapolis from Key West arrived at Fortress Monroe, Va. She will undergo the necessary refitting it Norfolk to prepare her for the flagship of the North Atlantic Squadron. Her trial in

tropics is said to prove her the most ifficient of cruisers. Columbus Phelps shot and killed his halfbrother, Henry Phelps, near Bowling Green, Ky., because he would not swear falsely for

The sixth colored person was lynched in Butler County, Alabama, for the murder of roung Watts Murphy. Sheriff Eargaines ound his body hanging to a tree. His name There was a big raise in the price of wheat,

believed to be due to a corner managed by P. D. Armour in Chicago. Emil Furrer and John Notter were burned to death in one of the three barns owned by John Guyer, a farmer, near Milford, Conn. At Dubuque, Iowa, Paying Teller Maurice Brown, of the Iowa Trust and Savings Bank,

that and seriously wounded Leonard Lees in the bank, after Lees had made an attempt to rob the institution of the day's funds. Ex-Speaker Crisp, of Georgia, talked on the political situation at Atlanta. He de-tlares for sliver and said free coinage would be the one issue of the next campaign. He sants a silver platform and a Western man with a military record as a Presidential can-

Oliver Curtis Perry, the train robber, who scaped from the asylum for insane criminals it Matteawan, N. Y., and who had been in he county jail in Jersey City, N. J., for learly two weeks, was taken back to Mattea-

The Merchants' National Bank, of Rome, ia., capital \$200,000, closed its doors. Comptroller Eckels placed a bank examiner

Columbia returned to the Port of New York after a cruise in West Indian and South American waters. Professor J. W. Bellis was killed at Leb-

The United States cruisers New York and

anon, Ind., while making his first ascension in a mammoth balloon that he had recently The big brick warehouse of Sanders & Blackwood, at Charlotte, N. C., was destroyed by fire. Several adjoining buildings

were crushed in by falling walls. The loss s \$125,000. The store of Noah Hertzler at Port Royal, Penn., was robbed of stocks, bonds and cash amounting to about \$35,000. The safe was

At Bradentown, Fla., Thomas A. Mitchell,

a nephew of Governor Mitchell, was shot and tilled by Perry Hand. Mrs. Hand had de-perted her husband for Mitchell. Robert Ford has been hanged at Nashville, Fenn. He killed Jerry Brown in a quarrel over a game of cards last October. Both men

were colored. Coxswain John Johnson was killed at San Diego, Cal., on the new United States cruiser Olympia by an accident to a five-inch rapidaro gun.

Foreign Notes.

Queen Victoria returned to Windson Castle from her trip to France. She is in excellent health. Maximo Gomez has been proclaimed by the insurgents Dictator of the Island of Cuba

There were a few May Day riots in Europe. out, as a rule, the day passed quietly. Oscar Wilde will have to stand a new trial. the jury in London having failed to agree on a verdict.

The wedding of Lord William Beresford and the Dowager Duchess of Marlborough nee Price, of Troy, N. Y., took place in Lon-

Admiral Saldanha da Gama, an insurgent leader, has won a victory over the Govern-ment troops in Bio Grande do Sul, Brazil. The inhabitants of Laibach, Austria, were again panic stricken by a severe earthquake, Hundreds of people have again left their houses and are encamped around the town. The Russian warship Penderaklia of the Black Sea fleet collided with and sank the Russian mail steamer Kotzebue near Takin-hut lighthouse. Five men went down with the ship and were lost.

There was fighting in the streets of Ric Janeiro, Brazil, which was quickly sup-pressed. It was believed friends of ex-Presi-dent Peixeto wanted to overthrow President



PREPARE FOR SPRAYING.

Any farmer who has a dozen or more insecticides. The difference in value between a good and a poor crop will more than pay for the outfit, and it often comes handy for spraying other crops, such as potatoes, tomatoes, etc. -American Agriculturist.

FASTENING FOR COWS IN THE STABLE, The safest mode of fastening cows in their stalls is by a strong leather strap around the neck, with a ring stitched in, into which a snap hook enough to permit the cow to reach the nature's way to permit of no stop-offs there is a gutter eight inches deep be- the farrowing nest to the packinghind the cows for the manure, they house. If he does take a stop-over at will stay on the floor inside of the any point in his career from any gutter. The inner floor should slope cause whatsoever he does it at his own two inches from the front to the expense. Regular and even developgutter, which affords ample drainage ment is always nature's way, and her and keeps the cows clean. - New York | way should be our way. Times.

VALUE OF SLAKED LIME.

Lime, either air slaked or unslaked. is used as a fertilizer where there is large amount of vegetable matter that only slowly decomposes. Such land is always wet and cold. Dry land has enough warmth in summer to prevent the accumulation of much vegetable matter, and on such land the lime can only act by directly supplying this mineral to plants that require it. When used to make vegetable matter decompose more rapidly as many as seventy to 100 bushels of lime per acre are sometimes plowed in. This puts such land in good shape for a number of years, but it is at the expense of future fertility. If your should advise to underdrain it, as a better way to make its vegetable matter decompose. In fact, if there is stagnant water near the surface most of the year not even an application of lime would do it much good. On your dry land, Lo large application of lime will pay, but you might try some as an experiment, but not as a substitute for manure. Lime should not be used on land intended for potatoes. The potato does not require poses it to scab fungus attacks. -Boston Cultivator.

WHAT TO FEED YOUNG TURKEYS.

The food for young turkeys, like all other young poultry, should be thoroughly cooked and given in a crumbly condition. Feed little and have small crops but they digest their food rapidly. Give a variety, ed for poultry. Turkies soon tire of any kind of food hungry. Hunger causes indigestion, and indigestion will produce bowel trouble.

Eggs are a natural food for all young poultry, but too much hardboiled egg will cause bowel trouble; it is a better plan to moisten their food with raw egg. Once or twice a day for a week or ten days feed a stiff mush made of equal parts of fine oatmeal, cornmeal and bran or middlings; add a little sait and a tablespoonful of bone meal one day, and a little finely chopped meat the next. Chopped onions, cabbage or other garden greens should be given as soon as they will eat them. Bone meal, meat and vegetables are necessary for of a crop from this cause alone. the health and growth of young turkeys. They featner earlier than any system must be supplied by judicious feeding. Cooked potatoes and rice delicious fruit has in this country. are excellent and will help make up a variety. When a week or ten days old begin to teach them to eat grain, either ground or whole. As soon as meals per day may gradually be reduced .- Farm, Stock and Home.

SCIENCE IN FARMING.

has progressed by leaps and bounds, to every hundred barrels of corn in and the French farmer tills his ground more scientifically than any of his neighbors. Agriculture is taught in schools of all grades. In 1893 instruction was given to 2700 pupils in French normal schools and to more than 300,000 persons who attended their conferences. Model farms are scattered all over the land for the purpose of experiment and instruction.

While France is probably ahead of all other Governments in the applica- hung up where they can chip off a bit tion of science to farming, Germany is a good second, and in some direc. and early spring, when there is little tions, notably in the production of green food growing, nothing is more the sugar beet, is in advance of her convenient and beneficial. Onion tops rival. In England the general dif- in springtime are excellent as a blood fusion of the knowledge which renders stimulant and should be fed with soft scientific farming possible is shown food. by the fact that even in a bad wheat Any building you erect for your year the average yield per acre is over poultry should, if you keep 100 head, thirty bushels. Contrasted with this have a room in the center for storage our own average yield of thirteen of grain and such tools and cooking bushels shows sharply the need of the apparatus as is necessary about a well National Government to make some ordered benhouse. The building should better provision for education along have wings on either side with a threeagricultual lines. Farming, like foot passage way in the center, throwevery other branch of industry, has ing pens, say five by ten feet on either made rapid strides with the last two side, the number of such pens dedecades. It has become highly skilled | pending upon the size of the building labor, and it is necessary that provis- you creck.

ion be made for acquiring the necessary information about it as with any apple or pear trees, should have a other trade. Intensive farming as it spraying apparatus and familiarize is practised in Europe will eventually himself with the use of fungicides and redeem much of the unused land in the Eastern States, and at the same time furnish our cities with cheap, palatable and healthful food .- New York World.

CARE OF THE PIGS.

Ordinarily until the pigs are six to eight months old there should be no other thought in connection with the raising of them than how to make them grow. Any surplus fat at this stitched in, into which a snap hook may be quickly fastened. The hook that kind of feed that will develop bone is attached to a short chain with a and muscle, giving him size and a roring at the end which slides up and bust constitution. These things are down on a bar of iron fastened to the never accomplished by the farmer who side of the stall. The chain is long grows enthusiastic by spurts. It is further end of the feed trough. If on the route traveled by the pig from

For the first few weeks of the pig's life he is to be fed wholly through the dam, and it must always be rightly borne in mind by the feeder that when he is feeding the dam he is feeding the pigs. It is very often a thoughtless indifference upon this point that is the cause of one of the most vexatious troubles with young pigs. Scours is not considered a very dangerous ailment, but it is a much more costly thing to the farmer's pocketbook than all other ailments combined. Thumps kills its victims in all probability and the thing is at an end. One pig in the litter is about the limit of the trouble with thumps. But with scours it goes through the litter. The trouble does not arise perhaps from getting too strong a flow of milk over an extended wet land is near a good market, we period of time, but rather from too much at one time and too little at another, caused by spurts in feeding, or by sudden changes in the character of the milk caused by feeding the wrong thing. Whatever the cause the worst phase of the matter is not simply that the pigs are afflicted with a disorder somewhat difficult to cure, but that it stunts growth permanently. The pig that has had the scours never will make the hog that it might have made had it escaped the trouble. This fact it and its caustic effect on the tuber may as well be set down as settled. makes the skin tender and predis- Hence, the man who would make the most of his hogs must avoid scours with his pigs. This he can do only by properly feeding the dam while they are young.-Nebraska Farmer.

FARM AND GARDEN NOTES.

Cornstalks are a laxative food. Nearly every poultry raiser has often the first two weeks. Turkeys more or less land upon which crops may be grown that are especially suit-

Equal parts of bran and corn meal if given too often, and will refuse to mixed with water and baked hard is eat it. It will not do to let them go an excellent food for young chicks, especially if soaked in sweet milk before feeding.

If you have a stony or graveliy point in the pasture that produces nothing, stimulate it with a dressing of horse manure in which there is plenty of grass seed.

The time to kill weeds in the potata field is when they first start. Weeds that have been permitted to grow large have done the crop about all the harm they can do. One very common mistake made by

owners of clay farms is tramping them

when wet, and cases are not rare

where there has been almost a failure Look over your raspberry canes, and if they seem swollen, cut off the other fowl, and this demand on the infected canes and burn them, thus destroying one of the worst pests this

Burn all clumps of dead, adhering leaves found in your fruit trees, and save the fruit buds from destruction by the tiny worms that have passed they are given a range the number of the winter in hiding in these leaves. The farmers of Texas use ordinary baking sods with quite good success

in keeping weevil out of corn and other grain. The amount used is Agricultural education in France twelve to fifteen pounds of the soda the shock. It is better to have the space in your buildings devoted to roosts separate from the laying or nesting section. They can always be found in

one or the other place at certain periods of the day, and the droppings, if confined to one place, do not befoul other parts of the building. Hens like green cabbage when it is when so inclined, and in the winter