

BISMARCK TO STUDENTS

The Ex-Chancellor Advises Germany's Coming Leaders.

OPPOSED TO WARS OF CONQUEST.

The Veteran Statesman Urges His Hearers to "Hold Fast to What We Have"—Party Divisions Necessary for the Perpetuation of the Empire.

FRIEDRICHSHUE, April 2.—Among the many thousands who visited Friedrichshue yesterday was a deputation of 4,000 students from different universities of Germany, who came in honor of Prince Bismarck's 83rd birthday. They took up positions in front of the terrace, and when Prince Bismarck appeared he was greeted with deafening cheers. The spokesman of the students then read an address of congratulation, and presented the ex-chancellor with a birthday gift subscribed for by the students. This is a handsome shaft of marble, iron, silver and gold, with symbolical figures, and surmounted with the German eagle.

Prince Bismarck having inspected and admired the monument, which occupied a prominent place in a corner of the terrace, advanced to the balustrade and, amid renewed cheers and clashing of swords, replied to the address of the students. In the course of his remarks Prince Bismarck said:

"Your masters paid me a tribute of acknowledgment of the past (referring to the visit of the university professors in the morning); your greetings are to me a pledge of the future—that until the middle of the next century, when I shall long have been dead, you will continue to utter the same feelings which you proclaim today. What a German is enthused about in his youth he never lets drop altogether in his mature age. That which the government of Emperor William I installed into our hearts will always bear forth its fruits, no matter what shape the institutions of the state may take. The national feeling remains ever when one emigrates. I have today proof that hundreds of thousands of Germans in the Cape of Good Hope, in America and in Australia cling with equal enthusiasm to the old fatherland.

"We had to fight hard battles for our national independence. The prologue was the Holstein war. We had to embark in the Austrian war in order to arrive at a definite entente with Austria and to obtain, so to speak, judicial separation from her. After Sadova everyone foresaw a war with France. It was, however, not advisable to undertake such a war too soon, but to wait until the fruits of the north German union had been fully garnered. After that war there was talk that in five years more another war would follow. This was to be feared, and I used every endeavor to hinder it. We had no ground for it. We had what we wanted, and to continue fighting out of sheer desire for conquest appeared to be Bonapartist instability, and not our German way.

"Since our house was built I have been a friend of peace, and to that end have not shunned small sacrifices. I yielded in the Caroline and Samoa islands questions, in spite of the great value we attach to colonial expansion, in order not to have to make war. There lies the advantage of the German character—to find satisfaction in the recognition of the value of our possessions without seeking dominion and privilege in political affairs.

"I should like above all to ask you young gentlemen not to give yourself too much to the craving for criticizing. Accept what God hath given you, and what we have laboriously won before threatening with guns the rest of Europe. It is true that there still remain justifiable claims worthy of effort, but not too soon or too hasty. Let us hold fast to what we have."

The prince, attended by Count Herbert Bismarck, then descended the steps and spent ten minutes walking about among the students and conversing with a number of them. Returning to the terrace, the prince took a beer glass from a set presented to him by the students and having filled it with beer he raised it aloft with the words: "Vivat academia; vivat membrum quo libet."

The deputations then began to march out of the grounds singing "Die Wacht am Rhein," "Deutschland," and other patriotic songs. After each song there was prolonged cheering and further clashing of swords, the prince leaning over the balustrade, waving his hand and smiling. Then the idea apparently struck him that the people in the meadows, who had not been admitted to the castle grounds, had not received sufficient notice. He remodeled this by asking for his field glasses, and took a long survey of the multitudes, who thereupon greeted him with rounds of cheers and the waving of handkerchiefs. To this Prince Bismarck responded by waving his helmet.

During the evening there was a great torchlight procession. The Sachsenwald was illuminated, and Prince Bismarck and his family watched the proceedings from the terrace.

At the royal castle in Berlin last night there was a grand banquet in honor of Prince Bismarck, attended by both the emperor and empress. Afterward the company attended a special performance at the court theater.

Chicago's Municipal Election.

CHICAGO, April 2.—The returns from the municipal election indicate that the Republicans have obtained a complete victory, electing George B. Swift, their candidate for mayor, by a plurality close to 40,000. In addition to the mayor the Republicans have, the returns indicate, elected their candidates for assessor, collector, supervisor and town clerk in all the towns, making a clean sweep of all the town officers. The proposition to put the police and all other city officials under civil service rules and extend the mayor's term to four years has been carried by a majority very close to that obtained by Swift.

Five Killed by an Explosion.

WOBURN, Mass., April 2.—One of the four eighty horse power steam boilers connected with the large tannery and currying shop of Lewis & Jones, on Conn street, exploded yesterday. Four men were instantly killed, one died on his way to the hospital, one will die from his injuries, and several are painfully hurt. The force of the explosion wrecked the tannery buildings, and several dwelling houses in the neighborhood were damaged. The property loss is unknown, but is large. The cause of the disaster is not definitely known.

A Fatal Faint at the Polls.

NEWCASTLE, Pa., April 3.—While Mrs. Thomas Jones was preparing her ballot at the polls yesterday she fainted and fell, bursting a blood vessel, from the effects of which she died in a few hours.

PENNSYLVANIA LEGISLATURE.

An Amendment Aimed at the Abolition of "Speak Easies."

HARRISBURG, March 30.—A cartload of petitions and memorials was dumped on Speaker Walton's desk in the house yesterday. Mr. Pennell, of Philadelphia, presented a petition signed by 20,000 citizens of the state, praying for the passage of a bill for the establishment of a state hospital for the insane, under the homoeopathic treatment. Numerous petitions were presented from granges asking for the passage of the new revenue bill. The petition of James W. M. Neville, of Philadelphia, to impeach Judge Gordon, whom the Quaker City lawyer charges with holding a secret court, in violation of the bill of rights, was referred to the general judicial committee.

A special order was made for the "sweat shop" bill, increasing the number of deputy factory inspectors from twelve to twenty. The bill making a uniform rate of railroad fare at two cents a mile was reported from committee with a negative recommendation. Two unsuccessful attempts were made to adjourn the house until next Wednesday morning.

HARRISBURG, April 1.—The house will go it alone this week. The senate has adjourned over the week, that the senators may look after their spring settlements. The house is too far behind in its work to adjourn. There are now over 1,100 bills on the senate and house calendars, and not less than 200 in committee that will be brought out. The average number of bills passing the house finally last week was only three a day. Usually about 375 bills are passed each session.

The appropriation, revenue and apportionment bills are still in committee, except the judicial apportionment bill. This measure has gone through the house, and will be read the first time in the senate next Monday. During the past week the governor signed five bills. He has not yet acted on John Fow's bill to abolish the kissing of the Bible in administering oaths. This is the only bill before the governor awaiting his action. The friends of the measure believe it will be approved. The resolutions calling for clerical correction in the bills creating a separate orphan's court in Schuylkill and providing for a license for private detectives are still unsigned. Up to date the governor has approved fifteen bills, vetoed five and signed twenty-two resolutions.

The boomers of a "greater Pittsburg" will make an effort this evening to secure a special order for the annexation bills. These measures have passed the senate and are on the house calendar for second reading. The anti-Quay county people opposing the bills, and the chances are the Pittsburgers will not be allowed this privilege. The Baker "sweat shop" bill, which provides for eight additional factory inspectors, will come up on a special order for second reading tomorrow and third reading on Wednesday. The pure food bill comes up on Thursday for second reading.

Governor Hastings will strengthen his military family this week. Those who profess to speak by authority say he will appoint Major Everett Warren, of Scranton, judge advocate general, and Colonel Thomas Potter, of Philadelphia, assistant commissary general. Colonel Potter held this position on the staff of Governor Beaver. A successor will also be named to Louis W. Read, of Norristown, surgeon general. Colonel Read has occupied this position for twenty years, having been originally appointed by Governor Hartman. The governor's personal friends have a man for this place and it has been decided by the executive to drop Read.

HARRISBURG, April 2.—A bill to amend the eighteenth section of the Brooks high license act was introduced in the house last evening by Mr. Stewart, of Philadelphia. The proposed amendment provides that any hotel, house, or room where liquors are sold, offered for sale, drunk or given away, in violation of the law, shall be declared to be disorderly houses. A violation of the act is made a misdemeanor, punishable by a fine of \$50 and imprisonment. It is also provided that persons to so offend shall have knowledge of the illicit sale of vinous, spirituous or malt liquors or any admixture thereof on the premises upon which he or she has been found.

A resolution was adopted directing the superintendent of public buildings to decorate the capitol on April 9, the occasion of the anniversary of the survivors of General Hartman's division, the expense of the decorations to be provided for in the general appropriation bill.

The vote by which the bill increasing the salary of the public printer was defeated was reconsidered, after which the bill was referred to the committee on printing.

Mr. Schwartz, of Monroe, introduced a resolution declaring it to be the sense of the house that a tax of \$1,200 should not be imposed on Carpenter's hall while it is maintained for patriotic purposes, and that a copy of the resolution be sent to each member of city councils.

HARRISBURG, April 3.—The bill creating a state game commission was killed in the house on final passage yesterday by the rural members. The bill provided for six game commissioners, to be appointed by the governor, to enforce the game laws of the commonwealth. The commission was to appoint a chief protector and nine other protectors. The defeat of this bill shows that the farmers have enough votes in the house to kill any bill to which they are opposed.

The bill to prohibit the killing of deer in the state, under a penalty of \$200, for five years after Oct. 1 next passed finally, after much discussion. The measure repealing the act of 1881 relative to the appointment of police for corporations under the laws of the commonwealth for the propagation and preservation of fish was postponed for the present by its friends, through fear of defeat.

After much debate the bill providing that none but citizens of the United States shall be employed in any capacity on public buildings or public work within the state passed finally, with fifteen votes in the negative.

The Focht free bridge repealer was recalled from the governor. A motion of Mr. Focht to non-concur in the senate amendments providing that the act "shall not require the construction or rebuilding of any bridge or bridges over any river at any point in this state within one mile of the boundary line of any other state" was adopted. The bill now goes back to the senate, the amendments to be stricken out, returned to the house, and then goes to the governor again in its original form.

Sentenced to be Hanged.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., April 3.—William Penn Bowman, the boy murderer, who killed the Arabian peddler some months ago and was convicted of murder in the first degree, was sentenced yesterday to be hanged. Before sentence was pronounced he told the judge he was innocent.

LYON & CO'S.

GREAT SPRING OPENING

Dress goods,
Lace curtains,
Carpets,
Muslin.

Ginghams,
Prints,
Clothing,
Shoes, etc.

Prices Lower than Any Store in This Part of the State.

WINDOW BLINDS.

The greatest assortment of window blinds, spring rollers, good felt and oilcloth, at the following prices, all complete at 12 1/2, 15, 18, 21, 25 and 30c a window.

CARPETS.

Rag carpet, the best stock ever shown in Centre county. Note these prices—18, 21, 24, 25, 27, 28, 30, 34, 37 1/2, 40 and 42. The above of the newest patterns and best qualities that have ever been shown for the money.

SHOES.

We are leaders in the sale of good shoes at low prices.

A genuine Dongola, patent leather toe, in all the lasts, opera toe, square toe, common sense toe, 1.25, 1.50, 1.75 and \$1.90; every pair warranted.

You never heard of shoes for these prices, warranted, the finest of Dongola kid, button and lace boots for ladies, \$2 and \$2.40, of exquisite workmanship; opera toe, narrow square toe, patent leather toe, common sense toe—every pair warranted. As fine a stock, as dressy, and stylish and durable, as when sold at 4 and \$5 a pair a year ago.

Infant's shoes, real kid \$2c a pair.

Girl's shoes, 60, 75, 90, 98 and 1.20. As good in quality as you buy elsewhere for one-half more.

Boy's good dress shoes—75, 90, 98, and \$1.25. All good stock and wear like iron.

Men's dress shoes—98, 1.15, 1.25, 1.45, 1.68, 2.40 and 2.48.

See if you can buy them elsewhere for that money.

Best Table Oilcloth at..... 15c a yard
Best Unbleached Muslins..... 4, 4 1-2, 5c a yard
Best Bleached Muslins..... 6 1-2 and 7c a yard

LYON & CO.,

BELLEFONTE, PA

THE GLOBE

This is the name by which our establishment will be known. We are located in the rooms so long occupied by S. & A. Loeb. On April 4th we open our doors for business.

For the last three weeks we have had scores of mechanics busily at work getting our store room in presentable condition and later on have been busy ourselves opening up and arranging our stock. We are satisfied with the result of our efforts and trust the satisfaction will be mutual.

As a result of our work we will show the BEST, the TASTIEST and HANDSOMEST stock of

DRY GOODS NOTIONS

ever shown in Bellefonte. We have paid particular attention to our

DRESS GOODS DEPARTMENT

and have no doubt our efforts in this line will be appreciated. We have made a special feature of our BLACK DRESS GOODS and feel sure we can suit the most critical taste. All of our goods are bought for

SPOT CASH

and we know no one owns Dry Goods any cheaper than we do. Never in the history of the dry goods trade have goods been as cheap as they are now and we have taken advantage of every legitimate method we knew of so as to give our patrons the benefit thereof.

We will sell our goods at a very moderate profit but for CASH ONLY.

There will be but ONE PRICE

and that the very lowest to everybody.

All goods marked in plain figures. A child can trade with us just as cheaply as the most experienced shopper. We will sell goods with a CASH GUARANTEE that they cannot be brought for any less any where in the state.

Any article bought in our Dry Goods or Notion Department that is not satisfactory can be returned (if in good order) within six days and the money will be cheerfully refunded.

We have organized a Mail Order Department and orders will be filled the same day as received. Samples cheerfully sent on application.

KATZ & CO.,

(LIMITED.)

MILLINERY DEPARTMENT

On April 4th we open our doors for business on that day and succeeding day we will have our

MILLINERY -:- OPENING.

We will show about 100 FRENCH PATTERN Hats and Bonnets.

Miss McCann, who will have charge of our Millinery Parlors is a most competent trimmer and is justly considered an expert in this business.

Our designs are exclusive and some of the most striking novelties are confined exclusively to us for this part of the state as they are exact copies of part of the importation of one of the largest Retail Millinery Establishments in Philadelphia which we have produced at less than one-third of the original cost in Europe.

Our prices will be very moderate compared to the prices heretofore charged for Fine Millinery.

Finest & Largest

Millinery Business in the city and have the stock to do it with. We propose to suit the most fastidious and cheerfully invite criticism.

Free of Charge

when materials are bought from us.

No combination of words or fine phrases will add force to the statement that we will show the finest and

Tastiest - Exhibit

in the city.