

LEFT DEATH IN IOWA WAKE. A TORNADO CAUSES RUIN IN MANY IOWA TOWNS.

Nearly a Hundred Killed Outright and Two Hundred Injured—A Vast Amount of Property Destroyed— Several Towns Swept Out of Existence—A Path of Devastation.

The worst storm of wind, hail and rain known in years between 8 and 11 o'clock p. m. swept over a narrow strip of country 800 miles long in Iowa and everything in its path was laid waste by the hurricane which in many places developed into a regular cyclone. In the path of the "twister" were left ruined towns, devastated farms and several hundred dead and injured people. Starting about ten miles south of Spencer in Northwestern Iowa, the storm of wind at 8 o'clock began its work of destruction. Taking everything before it it swept across the State just north of Emmetsburg and Albia. It touched only the southern part of Lincoln Township, and hence passed eastward to Many Junction and into the southern part of Worth County.

The latest reports from the stricken district of the destruction wrought in that district that the loss of life was about seventy-five, the injured number, perhaps, 300. Some of those hurt were expected to die, and it was considered not unlikely that fully 100 persons would be numbered in the list of the storm's fury. The property loss is very heavy.

The fury of the storm seems to have been spent with the destruction of Spring Valley. In this place four persons were left dead, some severely hurt, while the property loss is estimated at \$25,000, the residence portion of the town lying directly in the path of the cyclone.

At Leroy, lying southwest, four were killed and several fatally injured. The destruction of property amounts to about \$75,000. This is a heavy blow to Leroy, for its chief business is in rail cars.

Fifteen miles north of Mason City, Iowa, four persons were killed outright and as many more probably fatally hurt, while all the buildings struck are total wrecks, the loss being in the neighborhood of \$50,000.

East at Lowther, a town of about 100 persons on the Chicago and Great Western, three persons were fatally hurt, while the whole country for miles around was laid waste. The loss in this vicinity will probably be not far from \$100,000. Five miles north of Osage, Iowa, six persons were killed and a large number hurt. The destruction of farm property in this vicinity was very heavy.

At Albia, Iowa, where the tornado first assumed dangerous proportions, two lives were lost. From there the storm went tearing across the country, demolishing everything in its path.

For the most part of its course it traveled through a farming district, Leroy and Spring Valley, Minn., being the only two towns of any consequence that were damaged, but even here the deaths were comparatively few.

THE NATIONAL GAME.

Four's days in Brooklyn are numbered. Of 200 chances of red, Baltimore, of the Baltimore, accepted 205.

Four's blood by the wholesale is being engaged by the League class. It is estimated that the Baltimore salary list does not exceed \$30,000.

NICHOLS, of Louisville, is the fastest base running pitcher in the League. St. Paul, Minn., has a ball club composed entirely of wooden-legged men.

HAMILTON, of Philadelphia, stole 100 bases and led the League in that respect. JOHN CLARKSON will go to Harvard this winter and coach the baseball team.

THE talk about a new baseball association appears to be simply talk at present. ALL Maryland has gone baseball mad over the phenomenal work of the Baltimore.

BORON will console herself with the hope that Duffy will hold the lead as champion batter. CLEVELAND is pleased because she is the only team in the West to finish last in the division.

REISE, New York's great pitcher, complains of rheumatism in his right arm and shoulder. NEW YORK was shut out four times this season; twice by Boston and once each by Brooklyn and St. Louis.

THE Louisville did not win the series from New York. The best they did was to break even with St. Louis. THE Cuban Giants have won over 100 games this season and lost but fifteen. The colored players can hit as well as any of the league men.

FOR the first time since the Washington Club joined the National League this season finds some other team—Louisville—buried in the tail end position. ANSON, of Chicago, says that Boston would have been at least ten games ahead of Baltimore if he had not signed a winning pitcher earlier in the season.

REV. DR. TALMAGE.

THE BROOKLYN DIVINE'S SUNDAY SERMON. Subject: "The Tax Collector's Conversion."

Text: "This day is salvation come to this house."—Luke xix, 9.

Zaccheus was a politician and a taxgatherer. He had an honest calling, but the opportunity for "stealings" was so large the temptation was too much for him. The Bible says "Zaccheus a sinner—that is, in the public sense, how many sinners have been ruined by official position! It is an awful thing for any man to seek office under government unless his principle of integrity and honor is as high as a man's right in an insignificant position has made shipwreck of a great one. As far as I can tell, in the city of Jericho this Zaccheus belonged to what might be called the "stealings" class. They had their own ways, successfully avoiding exposure, if by no other way perhaps by hiring somebody to break in and steal the vouchers. Notwithstanding his bad reputation here were his neighbors, and he knew that Jesus was about almost every man. Gold is found in quartz, and sometimes in a small percentage.

JESUS was coming to town. The people turned out on mass to see Him. Here, however, the Lord of glory, on foot, did not cover and travel weary, limping along the way, carrying the griefs and woes of the world. He looks to be sixty years of age, with a long white beard, and a hair which is white as a man's could not be over the people's heads while standing on the ground, so he got up into a sycamore tree that swung its arm clear over the road. Jesus advanced the wild excitement of the people, and the most honorable and popular men of the city are looking on and trying to gain His attention. Jesus, instead of regarding them, looks up at the little man in the tree and says, "Zaccheus, come down. I am going home with you." Everybody was distressed to think that Christ would go home with so dishonorable a man.

I see Christ entering the front door of the house of Zaccheus. The King of heaven and earth sits down, and as He looks around on the place and the family He pronounces the benediction of the text. "This day is salvation come to this house."

Zaccheus had mounted the sycamore tree out of mere inquisitiveness. He wanted to see how this stranger looked—the color of his eyes, the length of his hair, the contour of his features, the tint of his stature. "Come down," said Christ.

And so many people in this day get up into the tree of curiosity or speculation to see Christ. They ask a thousand queer questions about His Savior, and God's waste and the beautiful flower of religion that you are talking about? No flower is beautiful after you have torn it all to pieces. The path to heaven is so plain that a fool need not hunt for it. The path is so straight that a blind man can find it. The path is so simple that a child can understand it. The path is so plain that a fool need not hunt for it. The path is so straight that a blind man can find it. The path is so simple that a child can understand it.

THE prayer begins abruptly and ends abruptly; but, as far as I can understand what they mean, it is about this: "O Saviour, we do not know how to thank thee. Teach us. We cannot live any longer in the way we have been living. We start to-day for heaven. Help us to take these children along with us. Forgive us for all the past. We are ready to do anything that will lead us to thee. We are ready to do anything that will lead us to thee. We are ready to do anything that will lead us to thee."

Let's duty done, as unto the day. Light from his soul, the spirit dies. How blessed the righteous when he dies.

THE NATIONAL GAME.

President's Proclamation Pardon to All Persons Convicted of Polygamy.

Through the Department of State President Cleveland made a proclamation of amnesty and pardon to all persons who have been convicted of polygamy under the teachings of the Mormon Church. It is as follows: "Whereas, Congress by a statute, approved March 22, 1862, and by statutes in furtherance and amendment thereof, defined the crimes of bigamy, polygamy, and unlawful cohabitation in the Territories and other places within the exclusive jurisdiction of the United States, and prescribed a penalty for such crimes; and

"Whereas, on or about the sixth day of October, 1890, the Church of the Latter Day Saints, commonly known as the Mormon Church, through its President, issued a manifesto proclaiming the purpose of said Church no longer to sanction the practice of polygamous marriages, and calling upon all members and adherents of said Church to obey the laws of the United States in reference to said subject matter; and

"Whereas, on the fourth day of January, 1893, Benjamin Harrison, then President of the United States, did declare and grant a full pardon and amnesty to certain offenders under condition of future obedience to their requirements, as is fully set forth in said proclamation of amnesty and pardon; and

"Now, therefore, I, Grover Cleveland, President of the United States, by virtue of powers in me vested do hereby declare and grant a full amnesty and pardon to all persons who have in violation of said acts committed each of the offenses of polygamy, bigamy, adultery or unlawful cohabitation under the color of polygamy or plural marriage, or who, having been convicted of violations of said acts, are now suffering deprivation of civil rights, having the same, except all persons who have not complied with the conditions noted in said Executive proclamation of January 4, 1893."

STATE GEOLOGIST SMOCK and Senator Winthrop, of New Jersey, will ask the Governor to make a special session to consider the destruction of the Palisades.

THE LEAGUE CHAMPIONSHIP OF 1894 has been won and lost. The Baltimore by magnificent ball playing, undoubted pluck and general splendid management, have captured the pennant. They have shown the most consistent work of all the League teams since the season opened, and deserve the honors they have so fairly earned. The New York finish second, and hence the contest for the Temple trophy took place between them.

BY scoring eighteen consecutive victories the Baltimore have made the best record for 1894 in the country, and have come within one victory of equalling the best League record, made by Chicago in 1886. THE League championship of 1894 has been won and lost. The Baltimore by magnificent ball playing, undoubted pluck and general splendid management, have captured the pennant. They have shown the most consistent work of all the League teams since the season opened, and deserve the honors they have so fairly earned. The New York finish second, and hence the contest for the Temple trophy took place between them.

RECORD OF THE LEAGUE CLUBS. Clubs Won Lost. Per Cent. Baltimore, 83 39 .68 Chicago, 64 44 .59 New York, 57 43 .57 St. Louis, 56 44 .56 Boston, 52 48 .52 Cincinnati, 55 43 .56 Philadelphia, 72 56 .56 St. Paul, 45 41 .52 Brooklyn, 62 43 .59 Washington, 45 41 .52 Louisville, 35 42 .45

SABBATH SCHOOL.

INTERNATIONAL LESSON FOR OCTOBER 7.

Lesson Text: "Jesus at Nazareth,"
Luke iv, 16-30—Golden Text:
Hebrews xiv, 25—
Commentary.

16. After His meeting with the woman of Samaria and His tarrying there for two days He went on to Cana, where He had wrought His first miracle and from thence he led the nobleman's son at Capernaum without going near him. After that He went to Nazareth, where He had been brought up, and there we find Him in to-day's lesson. We notice that it was His custom to attend the synagogue on the Sabbath day, and it could not be because of the spirituality of the service of the worshippers, as is evident from verse 28; but, whatever they were, He could worship in spirit and in truth.

17. In the synagogue worship of to-day there are always several who take part in connection with the reading of the Scriptures, and He on that occasion was asked to take part in the reading. He either selected what we call the sixty-first chapter of Isaiah, or else that was the portion for the day.

18. As every the Spirit who wrote the book, there is no possibility of understanding it or of proclaiming it with power. Consider John xvi, 13; Acts i, 8; Luke xxiv, 48, and John to be true. If we are filled with the Spirit and the word, we will have good tidings for the poor, health for the broken-hearted, deliverance and liberty for the oppressed, and the wounded by Satan, and sight for the blind.

19. We will witness controlled by the Spirit show forth or be telling God's salvation from day to day (P. xvi, 2) and make manifest that it is still the acceptable year of the Lord, the day of salvation, the hour when the dead hear the voice of the Son of God and they that hear live (II Cor. v, 2; John v, 25).

20. Having closed the book, He gave it to the minister and sat down, and all in the synagogue fastened their eyes upon Him. This may have been the first time they had ever heard Him read the Scriptures. They had heard Him in the flesh, reading to men in their own words. He would surely read distinctly and clearly the words of the prophets and understand the reading (Neh. viii, 8). If you turn to Isa. lxi, you will see that He stopped in the middle of a sentence. He did not read "and the day will vindicate our God," for that day had not yet come. There is already an interval of over 1800 years between the two clauses of that sentence. He knew how to divide the word of truth.

21. He began to talk to them by saying, "This day is fulfilled in your ears," or in other words He meant: "I who speak to you am the person to whom the Spirit through Isaiah has spoken, and I am the friend of the poor, the hearer of broken hearts, the opener of blind eyes. I am life for all who will."

22. They wondered as they heard His gracious words and for a moment seemed to doubt their eyes as they listened to Him, but recovering themselves they said, "Is not this Joseph's son?" The inference would be, How can the carpenter's son whom we all know so well to appreciate our words to Himself? Is He beside Himself?

23. They had probably heard of the miracle of the wine at Cana and of the healing of the nobleman's son at Capernaum, and thought, Why does He so strangely come to the sick ones in His own town and make some of our blind to see, then we might believe Him? When Moses was sent to deliver Israel, he was commissioned and empowered to work miracles as a sign of His power, but He, who was sent to deliver us, does not cast signs before us.

24. The words of this verse may not seem to some as very strange, but they are, but surely every word of God is important, and should be attended to. He said, "I who speak to you am the person to whom the Spirit through Isaiah has spoken, and I am the friend of the poor, the hearer of broken hearts, the opener of blind eyes. I am life for all who will."

At Doka, in Austria-Hungary, a boy went the other day to bathe in the river, when he was caught in a whirlpool and sank. His mother and sister sprang into the flood with the idea of saving him, and both were drowned. The boy's ward came to the surface and was rescued.

How Jim Allen, the Choctaw Murderer, Met His Fate.
Jim Allen, a Choctaw Indian, twenty-four years old, was shot to death at the Pushmataha Court grounds in Jackson, Indian Territory. Allen walked with a steady step from the jail to the court house, a distance of fifty yards, unharmed. He knelt by his coffin and prayed.

DIED LIKE A BRAVE.
The action of Brazil in this matter is taken as a result of the passage of the new tariff law, which does not hold out any inducements to other countries to grant special rates of duty to products of the United States.

ANNULS THE TREATY.
Brazil Formally Abrogates the Reciprocity Agreement.
Brazil has abrogated her reciprocity treaty with the United States. The formal announcement was received at the State Department at Washington. It came in the form of a letter from Minister Mendonca, Brazil's diplomatic representative here, and said that in accordance with instructions from his Government he gave notice of the abrogation of the reciprocity treaty, to take effect on January 1st.

Shortage in Live Stock.
The returns of the United States Department of Agriculture show that in January, 1894, the total number of cattle in this country amounted to 53,095,568 as against 54,067,590 in 1893. The number of swine was reported at 45,206,495, a reduction of 7,000,000 from that of 1892. And from the way the pigs and young cattle have been marketed recently, driven by the drought and prospect of a short corn crop, a market shortage may occur within the next year or two.