

# The Centre Democrat.

VOL. 16. BELLEFONTE, PA., THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 20, 1894. NO. 37

## The Centre Democrat.

CHAS. R. KURTZ, ED. & PUB.

**TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:**  
Regular Price \$1.50 per year.  
If paid in ADVANCE \$1.00 " "

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### STATE DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

For Governor,  
**WILLIAM M. SINGERLY.**  
For Lieutenant Governor,  
**JOHN S. RILLING.**  
For Auditor General,  
**DAVID F. MAGEE.**  
For Secretary of Internal Affairs,  
**WALTER W. GREENLAND.**  
For Congressman-at-Large,  
**THOMAS COLLINS.**  
**HENRY MEYER.**  
**Democratic County Ticket.**  
For Congress—**AARON WILLIAMS.**  
For State Senate—**MATT SAVAGE.**  
For President Judge—**C. M. BOWER.**  
For Legislature—**JAMES SCHOFIELD,**  
**ROBERT M. FOSTER.**  
For Jury Commissioner—**JOSEPH J. HOY.**  
For Associate Judge—**THOMAS F. RILEY.**

### Editorial.

LOVE has intimated that he will be a candidate in November. Regular or independent?

THE republican calamity howlers are out of a job. Since business has revived under the new democratic tariff they can't sing that song.

HASTINGS' calamity howl is a back number. Those "silent mills and broken banks," like the bloody shirt, are gone by. We are living in a new era.

THE democrats in Ohio are roundly denouncing Senator Brice for his opposition to the Wilson tariff bill. They condemn his course in no uncertain tones. He was one of the traitors and the party ranks are better without him.

PHILIPSBURG democrats have more energy than those of the county seat. Last week they had an enthusiastic meeting and organized a Singery Club. Bellefonte should follow suit, and then send a strong delegation to Altoona, to attend the state convention of Democratic Clubs, on October 12th. It is time for us to hustle ourselves or else the enemy will get away with us.

FOR years Wm. M. Singery befriended the poor of Philadelphia by furnishing them with coal at cost. He is a philanthropist and benefactor. Gen. Hastings suddenly grew immensely wealthy as a coal operator, while the miners suffered from poor wages. Singery labored to help the poor. Hastings was looking out for Hastings. That is the difference.

THE South has again redeemed itself. The defeat of W. C. P. Breckenridge for re-nomination to congress was a great victory for morality and clean men in public positions. Would to God the reformation could go farther and embrace other evils. When dishonorable reprobates aspire to public positions, public sentiment should crush them. Too many known defaulters, pilferers of public funds and such like, who can be found without going all the way to Old Kentucky, should be turned down in the same manner as Breckenridge received his dues—no matter what party they represent. Licentious wretches and dishonest officials, who plunder public funds—in office—are a menace to a government.

FOR years Gen. Hastings devoted his attention to politics—furthering the interests of the republican party and at the same time keeping himself in the tide. His speeches were always filled with rank misrepresentations of the present democratic administration and its principles. He has opposed tariff reform for years and always urged protective tariffs that would enrich the wealthy operator and compel the farmer, laboring man and general consumer to pay more for his necessities. He has devoted the greater portion of his life to assailing the democratic party and its candidates and yet he imagines that Centre county democrats will give him enough complimentary votes to capture this old rock-ribbed fortress of democracy. Democrats will you permit it? Singery is the ideal democrat. He is a pioneer in the great battle for tariff reform. Stand by him. It is your duty.

## THAT NEW ERA.

### BUSINESS PROSPERITY NOW ASSURED.

The Calamity Howler out of a Job—Republican Testimony in Contrast with Hastings' Misleading Speech—A good time coming.

The speech delivered by Gen. Hastings before the republican clubs, convened at Harrisburg recently, was a carefully prepared utterance, and was intended to be the summing up of the issues of the present campaign. As it was the product of mature deliberation we can afford to pay some attention to it. The one great object this year is to delude the masses by prolonging the calamity howl, and even if possible stifle the renewed vigor of the country simply for the purpose of creating campaign thunder. Take for example the following illusive paragraph from General Hastings' speech, which the author, if he lays any pretensions to integrity, should retract, for they are not true. Here it is:

"The well intentioned citizen who has not yet decided how to vote at the coming election may well consider his ground. I hope he will inquire of himself, how he likes the conditions since the republican party has gone out of power? How has it been with him individually? Has he had steady employment? Is he paid the old republican wage rate? Does he find the cost of living cheaper, and the ability to meet that cost better? Is his business prosperous? Is he as contented and confident of the future as before? When he has answered to himself these vital questions, let him, on his way to the polls, pass the silent mill, the cold furnace, the broken bank, the deserted forge, let him pass by poverty and want, business paralyzed and confidence vanished, and then record his judgment of the responsibility for these conditions and his hope for the future in the ballot which he places in the box."

The above utterances came from a man who is very anxious to become governor of Pennsylvania and for that reason he is most likely to stoop to political artifices and demagoguism—not very particular whether telling the truth or not, just so that he may gather voters to his cause. To show Gen. Hastings' inconsistent position we need only refer to the utterances of prominent and impartial republicans who are not seeking office. The Philadelphia Public Ledger, Geo. W. Childs' paper, recognized as the most reliable paper published in that city, and whose only aim is to publish the news and tell the truth to its readers, has quite a different story to tell. It is a thorough republican organ and for that reason its utterances, at this time, place candidate Hastings in a most despicable light.

From Public Ledger, Sept. 12.  
"It is both interesting and instructive to contrast the deliberately expressed opinions of a genuinely representative business man, unusually competent and experienced, with those of the 'dis-jointed thinkers' of the radically partisan organs which daily proclaim that there is and that there can be no revival of manufacturing and commercial activity, for the reason that, with the repeal of the McKinley act, prosperity took its flight from the United States never to return again."

Mr. Chauncey M. Depew, a staunch and radical Republican, who is held in such high esteem by his party as to be considered by its most distinguished leaders as a fit candidate for the highest national and State political honors said to the Harburg correspondent of the New York Herald, on the 8th inst.:  
"The settlement of the tariff question is the beginning of a new era of prosperity. Confidence is restored—that means everything to us. The industrial energy of the 70,000,000 people in the country, not yet fully developed, is irresistible when credit and stability are assured."  
"The consuming and purchasing powers of this homogeneous population make prosperity for every business, regardless of foreign demands."

"There is no end of idle money which will now seek active employment. In less than two years the panic of 1893-94 will be forgotten. Mines, furnaces, mills and factories will be in full operation; railroads will be conveying profitable traffic, and the movement of internal commerce and the free circulation of currency of the equivalent in business and wages will certainly increase the demand for everything produced upon the farm or elsewhere."

Mr. Depew is the President of one of the most comprehensive, profitable and most ably managed railroad systems in the United States. He is a business man in the broadest, most practical meaning of the term, and as such, his opinion regarding the business of the country is worth more than all the croakings of all the reckless, unthinking, unscrupulous and prejudiced partisan organs, leaders and agitators from

Maine to New Mexico. They croak the wish that is father to their croaking; he speaks impartially, in wise judgment, and from prolonged, informing experience.

What Mr. Depew says is confirmed not only by reason, by common sense, by the character, the enterprise, the energy and the intelligence of the American people, but by the actual business conditions of the passing day. For instance, the new tariff repeals the bounty on sugar, and, in consequence, say the prophets of "calamity," the production of sugar, especially of the beet root variety, must cease. That has been the continuous croak of the partisan croakers; the answer to it is to be found in the fact that in Oregon, in which State the beet root is largely cultivated, certain capitalists have within the last few days organized a company, with a capital of \$1,000,000, for the construction of beet root sugar refineries. This is but one of many instances throughout the country of fact controverting inveroacious croaking. Since the tariff question has been settled, and it has been practically settled, for at least three years, and by its settlement fixed conditions established and confidence regained, the stock market, this unfulfilling test of the status of business, has been giving the most assuring indications of reviving prosperity; the great transportation companies, which are the porters of trade, carrying the raw material to the works and the products of industry from the mills, factories, furnaces, forges and shops to the markets and the cross-roads, have increased their traffic and their earnings. In all branches of trade reports are favorable. From New York it is reported that "in the dry goods line many jobbers state that thus far during the present month transactions have exceeded those of two years ago, when the demand was the largest in the history of the dry goods trade."

Prices, it is stated, are "firm and advancing. The boot and shoe jobbers make a similarly gratifying report. Shipments from Boston last week were of 89,550 cases as against 57,000 cases for the corresponding week of last year; of 54,526 cases in 1892 and 50,939 in 1891. Steel and tin industries, which are most affected by the new tariff, there is shown renewed activity.

Why should not the country now enter upon a new era of prosperity? The question of the currency has been definitely, unchangeably determined in favor of a sound, safe honest one; our industries have a known basis to build upon; manufacturers know precisely the conditions under which they are to operate. American enterprise, thrift, energy, courage will readily adapt themselves to the new economic status, and if there is in sight no expansive business boom, there are the most satisfactory indications of reviving prosperity, of that real, steadfast prosperity which is better than any spasmodic boom.

But facts however conclusive they may be are not likely to silence the partisan croakers, whose policy it is to serve party expediency at no matter what sacrifice of the country's welfare. The people, however, will learn the truth, as it is certain to be made manifest by the activity and profitable growth of trade, and they will be then no more alarmed by them than is the timid traveler by the croaking of the frogs at nightfall in the roadside marshes."

THE occupation of the calamity howler is gone. The rapid improvement in all classes of business is compelling them to face about and admit trade is reviving. The New York Tribune, although reluctantly, admits "that the business tide has turned for the better, and that the settlement of the tariff question is the cause of renewed business confidence." This admission is very significant coming from such a source, and the settlement of the tariff by the democratic administration is assigned as the real cause. The republican tariff was in operation when business was prostrated, the democratic tariff brings about a change. This is the logic of the Tribune's admissions. Take courage democrats. The calamity howler has become the herald of coming prosperity.

Contrary to Law.  
An exchange remarks that some people think that a raffle is not in violation of the lottery law. Frank Eberle, of Westfield, was of that opinion. He wanted to dispose of his bicycle, and he had a lot of raffle tickets printed, which he sold at a stipulated price. Some of the tickets were sent through the mails. Now Frank is under bail in the sum of \$1,000 for his appearance before the United States district court.

## ADDITIONAL LOCALS.

—W. F. Reeder, Esq., is about again after a brief spell of sickness. He is looking somewhat paler.

—Judge Furst is resting easy and smiling while Love and his friends are holding their "Ghost Dance" at Tyrone.

—Homer & Lenker, of Lemont, have purchased M. M. Musser's store at Aronsburg and will continue the business.

—Nearly all the candidates in Centre county will attend the Grange picnic this week. It will be a great hand-shaking time.

—The attendance at Penna. State College is larger than ever this year. It is said that the Freshman class numbers over one hundred.

—Miss Lillie Lyon left for New York on Monday. While there she will be on the alert to find some choice goods for the many lady customers at Lyon & Co.'s store.

—The ladies of the Evangelical congregation will hold an ice cream and oyster festival at their church, on Wil-lowbank street, on Friday and Saturday evenings of this week.

—Mrs. John Royer, of Zion, who is now some sixty years of age, took her first car ride on Monday by going from Bellefonte to her home over the Central Railroad of Penna.

—Mr. David Baney, for several years past a resident of Altoona, is spending a few weeks with his parents at Zion, nursing a sore hand. Last Saturday he had a finger amputated which is pretty sore.

—According to the Huntingdon county papers Judge D. L. Krebs has instituted a suit in the common pleas court of Huntingdon county, for R. B. Wigton & Sons, for damages in freight discrimination in the sum of \$360,000.

—Very few farmers have finished their seeding as the continued wet weather has been against them. It will make their crop later than usual. A few weeks ago it was too dry to plow, now to wet to plant.

—Willis R. Bierly, editor and publisher of the Philadelphia Public Ledger, on Monday morning. He expects to spend a short time in this section visiting friends. He is a native of Miles twp.

—The latest analysis made of Bellefonte's water is that it is purer than rain water. It is practically free from any deleterious matter, and yet there are chaps in this town who would consider it an insult to their stomachs to take a drink of it.

—Attorney James Nolan, of Philipsburg, was married on Monday evening, September 10, to Miss Bianca Stratton, daughter of Mr. James Stratton, of Gearhartville. Mr. Nolan, several years ago, conducted a grocery store in Bellefonte.

—Harry Schreyer, the carpet dealer, has a special announcement on another page of this paper. He handles only carpets, rugs, linoleums, and wall papers and keeps the largest line to be found in this part of the state. As he handles large quantities he buys at special rates and sells at an advantage over others.

—On next Sunday morning and evening Ira C. Mithell, will occupy the pulpit in the Reformed church at this place. Rev. Noll will fill an appointment at Mifflinburg that day.

—Everybody admires the appearance of Brockerhoff's new building since the cornice has been finished. It is an imposing structure.

—Hon. John A. Woodward, of Howard, Pa., is devoting some time and attention to the coming meeting of the State Board of Agriculture, at Penna. State College, on the 17th and 18th of October. Mr. Woodward is a member of the board and a credit to it. He says Centre county will likely be entitled to three Farmers' Institutes this year.

—Louis Fabian recently made a handsome black walnut cabinet which he presented to the Undine fire company. The cabinet was made by hand and is a fine piece of furniture, embellished with elaborate scroll work. The cabinet will be chanced off and can be seen any time in Josephs' carpet store window. As the proceeds are for the benefit of the fire company every person, who can, should take a chance.  
—On Monday night nineteen large chickens were killed for Mr. James Kellerman, on east Bishop street, this place, by a dog. The chickens lay scattered about, either bitten in the neck or back. Several months ago Joel Johnson, living next to Kellerman, lost twenty-three in one night the same way. Several persons saw the dog but could not get close to him.

## WILL HE RESIGN?

### JUDGE FURST'S RESIGNATION EXPECTED.

His Statement to the Huntingdon County Grand Jury—Getting Even with the Love People—Pattison Would Appoint.

Judge Furst's defeat for renomination seems to have affected him very much. The overwhelming vote against him was more than he expected. The campaign was an unusually bitter one and the things said and done against him, by the opposition, will not soon be forgotten so that under these circumstances it is no wonder that His Honor feels like retiring from the bench.

At our last session of court, it is said upon its adjournment, as Judge Furst left the court house, he remarked to a friend that he had made his last charge to a jury in Centre county.

Last week Judge Furst presided in Huntingdon county. A dispatch from Huntingdon, of the 15th, to the Philadelphia Record, among other things, contained the following significant news:

"At the conclusion of court to-day President Judge A. O. Furst, of the Huntingdon-Centre district, announced to the retiring Grand Jury that he would never again direct the deliberations of a similar body."

That appears to confirm the Centre county rumor.

The next regular session of court will be held the last week of November, several weeks after the regular election when the district will elect a new judge. If Judge Furst should resign it would become the duty of Governor Pattison to appoint a successor to preside at the November courts, and in all probability his appointment would be the judge elect at the previous election.

Why His Honor should take this course is a matter with himself, in which he entirely consults his personal feelings.

While Judge Furst was defeated for renomination, he is generally credited with encouraging Lovell's candidacy in Huntingdon county in order to, in some measure, square accounts with John G. Love.

### The Scheme Didn't Work.

The Philipsburg Ledger gives a column up to telling how near the Bituminous Record, of that place, came near being turned into a republican paper, and the editor, Mr. Kinsloe, stopping to the republican side of the fence. Kinsloe had agreed to turn in for the republicans for a certain consideration (\$200) and conduct a republican paper, but County Chairman William Irvin Shaw would not have it that way, and although the deal had been made between Kinsloe and State Chairman Gilkeson, of Philadelphia, the Clearfield county officials in charge the republican camp had the deal annulled and now Mr. Kinsloe has a lot of republican papers on hand and no place to put them.

### \$5,000 for His Peaches.

H. J. Shellenberger, a Juniata county farmer, raised 7,000 crates of peaches in his thirty-acre orchard, this year, from which he realized over \$5,000. That beats raising wheat all hollow. The average editor don't know much about farming, we admit, but it don't require a very brainy one to point out the fact that if farmers want to make money these days, they will have to devote less attention to wheat and more of it to truck raising, fruit culture and the like. The Juniata county farmers, according to a statement made a few days ago, will this year realize \$100,000 on their peach crop alone, which is equivalent to over \$5 for every man, woman and child in the county.

### For Calamity Howlers.

The following items are clipped for the benefit of political demagogues who still assert that the democratic party ruined the country:

The freight car builders in the railroad shops, at Renovo, were ordered on thirteen hours per day last week on account of the great demand for cars for the road.

The Eagle valley tannery, at Ridgeway, is working full force and crowding hard.

### Nominated for Congress.

Dr. D. G. Smith, of Freeburg, nominated for congress in the Union, Snyder, Huntingdon and Mifflin district, by the democrats, is a native of Penn Hall, and is a firm democrat. Dr. Smith is a young man but he stands well with the people.

—An unusual heavy rain passed over this section on Sunday evening. The continued wet weather is making it difficult for farmers to finish their fall sowing.

## HASTINGS' TOUR.

On Monday morning Gen. Hastings left Bellefonte for Emporium to begin his seven weeks tour of campaigning the state. During that time he will make several speeches each day which will enable him to reach most every county and important town. At Lock Haven he was joined by Walter Lyon, the candidate for lieutenant governor; James W. Latta, candidate for secretary of internal affairs; Charles Warwick, city solicitor of Philadelphia, and George McCain, representative of the Philadelphia Press. The General was accompanied from Bellefonte by Mr. Henry Hall, of the Pittsburgh Times.

Why Gen. Hastings should make such an active canvass, when he feels so positive, seems strange. It looks as though there was a desire to roll up an overwhelming majority for the purpose of launching his boom as a presidential possibility later on. It looks very much that way. Probably he has become justly alarmed at Singery's popularity with the laboring men and poor people of Philadelphia.

SENATOR HILL, of New York, in his address a few days ago to a farmers' association in New Jersey, made some very sensible remarks on the growing political evil of our day in seeking government aid for all kinds of private enterprises and interests. It is the basis of a vicious paternalism, said the Senator:

"We must not become accustomed too much to look to the legislatures of the country for relief; for prosperity for progress in our business or private affairs. But rather let us look to our own thrift; let us look to our own individual energy; let us look to our own individual industry; let us look to our own brains; let us look to our own resources."

The president of the United States never said a truer thing than when he uttered the sentiment that the people must support the government, but that the government must not support the people. That idea recognizes the true mission and functions of a well-ordered and well regulated government. It is the duty of the government to protect the life, but the government should not be pressed on every one that good, bad or indifferent laws do not themselves alone ordinarily make men rich or poor, good or bad, vicious or virtuous.

But much, if not everything, depends upon individual efforts, natural tendencies, tastes and inclinations, and zeal and industry. On these qualifications depend everything for which men strive for their mastery in the great race to improve their condition.

### Bellefonte Grain Market.

Corrected weekly by Geo. W. Jackson & Co.

New wheat, per bushel	56
Red wheat, per bushel	55
Rye, per bushel	55
Corn, ears per bushel, new	55
Corn, shelled per bushel	55
Oats—new per bushel	35
Barley, per bushel	45
Buckwheat, per bushel	50
Ground plaster, per ton	2.50

### PROVISIONS, GROCERIES & C. (as corrected weekly by Bauer & Co.)

Apples, dried, per pound	45
Cherries, dried, per pound, seeded	35
Beans, per quart	10
Onions, per bushel	75
Butter, per pound	25
Tallow, per pound	5
Country Shoulders	10
Sides	15
Hams	15
Hams sugar cured	15
Breakfast Bacon	14
Lard, per pound	15
Eggs per dozen	5
Potatoes per bushel new	50
Dried Sweet Corn per pound	10

## ON With The OLD! NEW!

We have just received a new and complete line of

## Shoes,

and we propose to close them out at once and at very low PRICES

We can fit the Large, Small, Slim or Fat

## Foot,

as well as the Thin, Flat

## POCKET-BOOK

## Mingle's SHOE STORE