

The Atlanta Journal calls for an increase of the army.

It is estimated that England exports annually \$15,000,000 on pictures.

Writers on vital statistics state that there are two persons sick for every death during the year.

There are 280 iron and steel manufacturing establishments in Pennsylvania, with an invested capital of over \$200,000,000.

The colored element is increasing much less rapidly than the white—not only in the country at large but in the Southern States, avers the Chicago Herald.

The New York Independent exclaims: "One man, Josiah W. Leeds, succeeded in having the wholesome laws so far enforced as to remove from the news stands of Philadelphia the papers which are devoted to illustrations of crime."

A steel rail costs twice as much as an iron one, muses the New York Recorder, but the universal use of the former means millions to the farmers of the West. It has enabled railroads to use larger and heavier cars, and the results are cheaper freights and quicker transportation.

Statistics show that in 1000 marriages, 332 men marry women younger than themselves, 579 marry women of their own age or near it, and eighty-nine marry women older than themselves. The most notable difference in ages brought to the notice of the New York Mail and Express was in Camden, N. J., last year, where the bridegroom was twenty-two and the bride sixty-nine.

An undue importance is given to the bullet-proof armor lately brought out by Dowe and others, the New York Recorder thinks. It is intended to protect the vital parts only, and the head, arms and legs are exposed. In a conflict the ratio of wounded to dead combatants is very large, and a wounded man is as harmless as a dead one for offensive purposes. Probably a body of men so equipped would possess a stronger element of courage, and therefore add to its efficiency; but this added daring would only serve to bring the combatants closer together, and thereby largely increase a protected army lose, in the greater number of wounded what it presumably would gain in courage?

The Contemporary Review says: Englishmen are the milch cows of the world. They are the great lenders from whom all other nations borrow. For generations they have been rich and saving, until at last their annual accumulations have become greater than the annual openings for legitimate investment. So severe has the pressure become that latterly the money lender has been forcing his money into every kind of undertaking, in all parts of the world, creating, by his own eagerness to lend, the corresponding desire to borrow. It is the weight of uninvested money which stimulates borrowing, not the cupidity of the impecunious. Borrowing has not produced lending, but lending borrowing. Interest has continued to fall because there are more lenders than borrowers. If Englishmen think, then, that any communities have dipped too deep into the English purse, they can easily apply the corrective by a little self-control. They should abstain from further lending. This may seem a heroic remedy, but it is the only remedy.

Very significant, indeed, according to the Baltimore Sun, are the figures from the Bureau of Statistics showing the export from the United States in the eleven months ended May 31, 1894. The total was \$834,000,000, against \$782,000,000 in the like period of the preceding year, an increase of \$52,000,000. But more than half of this increase was in exports from the South, showing the decided revival of business activity in that section. The exports from Southern ports aggregated \$285,700,000, or \$27,000,000 more than in eleven months of the year ended May 31, 1893. Baltimore's exports aggregated \$73,963,000; those of Charleston, \$13,028,130; Galveston, \$34,985,000; New Orleans, \$79,373,000; Newport News, \$13,638,000; Norfolk and Portsmouth, \$10,039,000; Pensacola, \$3,694,000; Richmond, \$3,965,000; Savannah, \$24,815,000; Wilmington, \$6,999,000. These totals, as respects some of these ports, are surprising. Baltimore's increase was \$7,400,000; that of Savannah, \$5,900,000; of Newport News, \$6,000,000; of New Orleans, \$5,100,000; of Charleston, \$4,000,000.

A shortage of billions of feet of pine lumber is predicted from the great Northwestern territory.

According to the Catholic Herald there are about 152,000 colored Catholics in the United States.

The chief maritime cities of the United States in their order of importance, are New York, Boston, New Orleans and Baltimore.

The long distance electric railroads are coming rapidly. One is to be built from Columbus, Ohio, to Cincinnati, 120 miles, and is expected to be in operation by December, 1896.

Mr. Murray, the head of the famous London publishing house, holds that novels should not be admitted to public libraries until, by having lived five years, they have proved their permanent value.

Lightning does strike twice in the same place, the New York Mail and Express maintains, and a Honesdale, (Penn.) farmer who was stunned twice during one storm in his barn one day last week lives to certify that an old belief to the contrary is erroneous. When even electricity takes to repeating, the need of reform must be admitted.

One after another, notes the Chicago Herald, the theological seminaries of this country are opening their doors for the admission of women, and especially for such as would fit themselves for labor in the mission field. The Cumberland Presbyterian Seminary at Lebanon, Tenn., is one of the last to fall into line in this great matter.

Colonel Thornton W. Washington, of Washington, D. C., is dead. His death removes one of the direct lineal descendants of General George Washington. He was a great-grandson of Colonel Samuel Washington, the oldest brother of the illustrious first President of the United States, and the fifth generation in descent from Colonel John Washington, the first immigrant of the Washington family in America, who came over in 1659 and settled on the border of Pope's Creek, near its junction with the Potomac River, in what is now Westmoreland County, Virginia. He served in the Confederate army. His wife and

A report on the uncultivated bast fibers of the United States by Charles Richard Dodge, special agent in charge of fiber investigations, has just been issued from the Department of Agriculture. Among the plants described are species found in every section of the United States, from Maine to Florida and from Minnesota to Arizona. Some of them are jute substitutes, while others, if cultivated, would produce a fiber rivaling hemp. Over forty fiber plants are treated in the report, the history of twenty forms being given in full with statements regarding past efforts and experiments toward their utilization. Special chapters are devoted to the asclepias or milkweed fibers, okra, cotton stalk fiber, the common abutilon—known commercially as "China jute," but growing in the fence corners of every Western farm—Colorado River hemp and many others.

The Republican Senators whose terms will expire in March next are: Joseph M. Carey, Wyoming; William Chandler, New Hampshire; S. M. Culom, Illinois; N. F. Dixon, Rhode Island; J. N. Dolph, Oregon; William P. Frye, Maine; A. Higgins, Delaware; G. F. Hoar, Massachusetts; C. F. Manderson, Nebraska; J. McMillan, Michigan; R. F. Pettigrew, South Dakota; T. C. Power, Montana; G. S. Shoup, Idaho; W. D. Washburn, Minnesota; J. F. Wilson, Iowa; and E. O. Wolcott, Colorado. The Democrats are: J. H. Berry, Arkansas; M. C. Butler, South Carolina; D. Caffery, Louisiana; J. N. Camden, West Virginia; R. Coke, Texas; I. G. Harris, Tennessee; E. Hunton, Virginia; W. Lindsay, Kentucky; J. Martin, Kansas; A. J. McLaughlin, Mississippi; J. R. McPherson, New Jersey; J. T. Morgan, Alabama; M. W. Ransom, North Carolina; and P. Walsh, Georgia. In a number of States, the Atlanta Constitution remarks, the election of Senators has already either been made or has been settled. George Peabody Wetmore will succeed Dixon, of Rhode Island; ex-Governor Gear will take the place of Senator Wilson, of Iowa, and J. S. Martin will succeed Hunton. Lindsay and Caffery have had their seats already voted to them and Morgan's return is assured. Other Senators, including Dolph, Frye and others, will be returned without any great effort.

AT HOME AND ABROAD.

LATE DOMESTIC AND FOREIGN TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

A Mob in Quebec, Canada, Attacks Three Protestant Mission Houses—Kansas Farmers in Great Distress—Murderers Hanged—A Fatal Bee Sting.

A French Baptist mission has recently been established in Quebec, Canada, with its headquarters in a building on Bridge street, not far from its intersection with St. Joseph street.

The Lecteur, a French newspaper, contained a reference to this mission and erroneously styled it the Salvation Army. That night a mob estimated at 5000 persons gathered round the place and began throwing stones at it. The attack was a fierce one and windows and doors soon yielded to the shower of stones.

The missionaries were without any means of defence and were held prisoners until after some time a force of policemen came along and cleared the crowd away somewhat.

The mob left the Baptist mission and went up to the building at the corner of George and Richelieu streets, which is now occupied by the French Episcopal mission. This place, too, was battered by stones, the windows being destroyed. Before the time that the police came up the rioters had moved on to the Salvation Army barracks on Palais Hill.

Another broadside of stones was fired and the property of the army sustained considerable damage. The girls who occupied the place were obliged to flee. The police again arrived too late to make any arrests, and hearing that the gang had again made for the Grande Ligne Mission House on Bridge street, they started in cars for that place, where they arrived just in time to prevent a second riot.

The streets were cleared as thoroughly as possible and the missionaries were then escorted to their homes by the police. A similar disturbance led to serious results a few years ago. Local papers say that if the police are unable to cope with the rioters and to preserve the peace and protect all law-abiding citizens in worshipping according to their consciences, the military should be called in to do it for them.

Imperished Kansas Farmers.

T. C. Henry, of the Colorado Land and Emigration Company, has just returned from Central and Western Kansas. To a press representative he said:

"Many counties in the western third of the State of Kansas have already lost four-fifths of their population, and in some, county organizations cannot be maintained. The condition of the people is appalling in many districts. I saw hundreds of teams going eastward with loads of household goods thrown hastily into hay wagons.

In this condition as compared with former conditions in Kansas is a parallel. Heretofore the farmers have been able to procure loans on their farms to make up the shortage in crops, but now they have no equities left, and if they had, the loan companies will not let out a dollar on Kansas property.

"There is no new corn, no vegetables, little stock, horses are worth nothing, and in the central counties, where there is a little wheat crop, wheat is worth but thirty-two cents a bushel. The people are literally imperished, and the business men are in doubt, the same as the farmers.

"Up to three weeks ago there were the finest prospects for a good corn crop. It was almost made and farmers obtained credit on the strength of it. Three days of hot winds burned it up, and now that crop is a total loss."

Killed His Brother.

George Richardson, a prominent farmer at New Digging, Wis., was yesterday murdered while riding home from Galena, Ill., by his brother Mark. There had been ill feeling between the brothers for years and they were engaged in a dispute about their father's estate. Mark's grudge against George was an incendiary, and he blamed his brother.

Mark left home to meet his brother on the road and shot him dead when he approached. The murderer then went to Belton, surrendered himself and was taken to Darlington Jail.

Cholera Spreading in Russia.

In the six days immediately preceding August 4th, there were 4313 fresh cases of cholera, and 249 deaths in St. Petersburg, Russia. In the six days preceding July 28th there were 159 fresh cases of cholera and eighty-three deaths in Warsaw. For the Department of Warsaw the reports for the same period record 321 fresh cases and 213 deaths. All these figures cover only the reported cases.

Two Murderers Hanged.

Harry F. Johnson was executed in the jail yard at Allentown, Penn., the crime of murdering while riding home from Galena, Ill., by his brother Mark. There had been ill feeling between the brothers for years and they were engaged in a dispute about their father's estate. Mark's grudge against George was an incendiary, and he blamed his brother.

Mark left home to meet his brother on the road and shot him dead when he approached. The murderer then went to Belton, surrendered himself and was taken to Darlington Jail.

Coxeites Hold Up a Train.

A freight train on the West Jersey Railroad, near Philadelphia, Pa., was held up by a band of twenty-five Coxeyites. The "bobos" stubbornly fought the train crew, but were finally subdued. Three of them were arrested. Recorder Goulding fined the Coxeyites \$250 and imposed a sentence of thirty days in jail. The Coxeyites were en route to Atlantic City in charge of Carl Brown.

Family Burned to Death.

The farm house of S. Ostenson, of the town of Stinger, Minn., was burned to the ground at 2 o'clock a. m.

Mr. Ostenson and four children lost their lives in the flames. Mrs. Ostenson narrowly escaped, but was shot and killed during the awful event.

Reveals a Counterfeiter.

Lightning struck the house of Mrs. Frances E. Cowles at Liberal, Mo. When neighbors rushed in to help save the goods they stumbled upon a counterfeiter's outfit and a pile of bogus silver half dollars. Mrs. Cowles's son was arrested, charged with being the owner of the spurious coin, and was held over in the sum of \$1000 to await trial.

A Bumble Bee Kills a Man.

William Beam, a farmer, near Grand Rapids, Ohio, was instantly killed by a bumble bee stinging him on the temple. He was on top of a wheat stack pitching wheat to the threshing machine when he came upon a bumble bee's nest and ran his fork into it.

Pleasure Seekers Drowned.

William Lockhart, aged sixteen, son of ex-Alderman Lockhart, and two young daughters of William Stummons, of Fall River, Mass., were drowned while boating in Assonet River.

Two Children Burned to Death.

The dwellings of George Johnson, near Lodi, South Dakota, was burned with two children. The supposed cause of the fire was the explosion of a gasoline stove.

Eugene McEnroe, accused of assaulting Miss Ella Lanney, was killed by the woman in the courtroom at Norton, Kan.

THE NEWS EPITOMIZED.

Eastern and Middle States.

JOHN DONOHUE was drowned while trying to swim across the East River, in an effort to escape from Blackwell's Island, New York City.

The grand stand on the Philadelphia baseball grounds was burned, the flames spreading to adjacent property and causing particularly heavy damage to the stables of the Omnibus Company General.

FARMER JOHN MICHAEL, of Silver Creek, N. Y., fell from his seat on a harrow and was literally chopped to pieces by the knives. He was discovered by one of his three daughters.

The town of Stowe, Vt., celebrated its hundredth anniversary. An oration was delivered by the Rev. Austin Blair, the new pastor of the town.

The Scott Stamp and Coin Company, New York City, having been robbed of from \$25,000 to \$50,000 in foreign stamps, discovered and arrested one of the thieves.

Of the crew of forty-six of a New Bedford (Mass.) whaler, wrecked of Alaska, nine were drowned, six died of exposure, seven drifted away in a boat and sixteen survived after resorting to cannibalism.

CASHIER HENRY A. GARDNER, of the Second National Bank of Altoona, Penn., has gone with \$20,000 of the bank's money and a woman not his wife.

CHARLES MILLER, a murderer, cut his throat in the Town of New York City, and died in Bellevue soon afterwards.

MICHAEL KENNEDY, No. 223 Madison street, Hoboken, and Peter Sullivan, New York, were killed and six others injured by the falling of a wall in the new City Hall, at Jersey City, N. J.

TWENTY-EIGHT houses were wrecked at Scranton, Penn., by a cave-in caused by robbing the pillars of a coal mine underlying a portion of the city.

South and West.

EX-GOVERNOR BLAIR died at his residence in Jackson, Mich., Austin Blair, the new Governor of Michigan, was born in New York in 1818, and went to Michigan in 1841.

JOHN, aged thirteen, and Charles Moore, aged eighteen, brothers, were drowned in the Ohio River at Toronto, Ohio, while skill riding.

DEMOCRATS carried Alabama against the Republican-Populist fusion and elected William C. Oates Governor. It was estimated on the morning after the election that the majority for the Democratic State ticket was over 11,000. The Legislature is also Democratic.

A BARING attempt was made to hold up a Lake Shore express at Kessler, Ind., where a similar attempt succeeded a year ago.

DEPUTY SHERIFF WILSON's confession involves prominent county officials, including a Sheriff, in Colorado in the tarring and feathering of Attorney-General Tarsney.

DEACON threatens the Iowa, Kansas and Nebraska corn crop. Corn jumped seven cents in ten minutes on the Chicago Board of Trade amid great excitement. Corn is worth more than wheat.

ALBERT M. TORD, of Kalamazoo, was unanimously nominated for Governor by the Michigan Prohibition State Convention.

The North Carolina Democratic State Convention met at Raleigh. E. A. Doughten was made Permanent Chairman. Chief Justice James E. Sheppard and Associate Justice Walter Clark, James C. Maclean and Armistead Burwell, State Treasurer McJ. Tate were nominated by acclamation to succeed themselves.

GRASSHOPPERS are destroying the corn crop in Tennessee.

A SUDDEN storm in Loudoun County, Virginia, blew over a temperance "wash meeting" held upon 3500 people, killing a man and perhaps fatally injuring six women.

ESQUET-EIGHT members of Coxe's "Commonwealth Army" at Hyattsville, Md., were arrested and held for trial.

THE President appointed Minister to Chile James D. Porter, Judge of the Middle and Eastern District of Tennessee. Vice Ex-Postmaster-General Key, resigned. This leaves a vacancy in the Chilean mission. Judge Porter was Assistant Secretary of State during Cleveland's first term.

SPRING provisions to prevent the immigration of anarchists into the United States were agreed to by the Senate in the bill to restrict immigration which passed that body.

A CAUCUS of the Democrats of the National House of Representatives was called on the 14th.

THE House Judiciary Committee voted against the bill to admit Japanese to citizenship.

DEMOCRATIC Representatives met in caucus and decided to leave the tariff conference free to continue their efforts to reach an agreement with the Senate.

THE President directed Secretary of State Olney to send a formal note to Minister Willis approving his course in recognizing the republic of Hawaii.

THE Senate in executive session rejected the following postmasters nominated by the President: Jonas Shays, of Oswego, N. Y.; Fred W. Kellum, of Babylon, N. Y.; Thomas H. Manion, of Herkimer, N. Y.; George F. Van Dam, at Thomkinsville, N. Y.

Foreign.

THE Nicaraguans are in possession of Bluefields again.

GRAND DUCHESS XENIA, daughter of the Czar of Russia, was married to Grand Duke Alexander Michailovitch in the Imperial Palace at Petrof.

THE NATIONAL GAME.

THE PITTSBURGH TEAM IS FULL OF CRIPPLES.

BROOKLYN now has the most players under contract.

JENNINGS is playing a great game at short for Baltimore.

This is McPhee's thirteenth season on the Cincinnati team.

More players are being injured by pitched balls than ever before.

The strength of the New York team lies in its pitching department.

SHOCH, of Brooklyn, is the star general utility man of the League.

WARD, of New York, is getting to be a timely hitter in a close pinch.

The Pittsburgh Club has secured Ritz, the shortstop of the Oil City Club.

KLEINFELDER, the old time Athletic player, died recently in Philadelphia.

MENCKE, of the Washingtons, is the phenomenal coil pitcher of the year.

The Cleveland Club has signed Pitcher "Silver" Braun, late of New Orleans.

GANZEL, released by Boston, has been resigned, owing to the injury to Catcher Ryan.

There is no League catcher who is doing such remarkable work as Farrell, of New York.

The third basemen are all catching it this season. Most of the cannonading is in their direction.

LANOE, of the Chicago, is one of the longest and most accurate throwers playing baseball to-day.

CARTWRIGHT, of Washington, was the first man to knock a ball over the Brooklyn's right field fence.

What most of the League clubs will need next year is pitchers. New York is an exception, however.

Those twelve runs in one inning which the Bostonians made off Maul, of Pittsburgh, is the single inning record of the year.

NICHOLS, of Boston, has been knocked out of the box three times this season—by the New Yorks, Baltimores and Pittsburgs.

EX-GOVERNOR RUSSELL, of Massachusetts, played in a recent game at Boston and made three hits off George Wright's pitching.

GLADIATOR BROWNING, once the leading batter of the world, is now first baseman and captain of the Georgetown (Ky.) team in the Blue Grass League.

DABLER, of Chicago, has played thirty-two straight games without failing to hit safely, and during that time has scored fifty-six runs and sixty-two hits.

The Cincinnati can win more "straight" games and turn right around and lose more consecutively than any other team in the League. They play like a team of balky horses.

Boston's ex-college catcher, Tenney, has developed into a great drawing card in Virginia. His manners amuse and his vigorous style of playing delights the spectators.

It is the testimony of many baseball lovers outside of New York that German's delivery is clearly illegal, but somehow the umpires do not think so or else have not the courage to call him down.

FITCHER JOHN CLARKSON announces his retirement from the diamond. He has declined offers from Baltimore, Philadelphia and other clubs and has made arrangements to go into business at Lansing, Mich.

It seems absurd to class Anson, of Chicago, as a back number, for he is playing as good if not better ball than he has put up in two or three years. The veteran, in spite of his years, works harder than any player on his team.

CAPTAIN ANSON, of Chicago, is quoted as saying: "Many managers are prejudiced against left handed pitchers. I am not. The theory that a left-handed pitcher wears out rapidly because his heart is nearer to his arm is ridiculous."

THE BEST OF BOTH WORLDS.—Several hits were accomplished for the second time this season July 25. Singularly enough the Pennsylvania League was again the scene of the achievement. Clare, of Hazleton, turning the trick against Pottsville.

WHILE pitching in a game at Johnston, Penn., between Johnston and Andover, N. C. Glyn, who was in the box for Johnston, broke his arm in a peculiar manner. He delivered a ball, which was a strike, and his arm fell to his side, broken between the shoulder and elbow and at the wrist.

REMOVED AS ACCESSORY.

Judge Talley, of Alabama, Stripped of His Earnings.

The Supreme Court of Alabama rendered a decision in the impeachment proceedings against Circuit Judge J. B. Talley, of the Ninth District, declaring him guilty of being an accessory to the murder of Banker B. C. Ross, of Scottsboro, and removing him from his office as Judge.

Ross was a man of family and President of a bank at Scottsboro. Miss Annie Skelton, of Scottsboro, is a member of one of the most prominent families in North Alabama, and a very accomplished and beautiful woman. A letter from Ross to Miss Skelton was opened in the latter's absence by the wife of Judge Talley, who is a sister of Miss Skelton.

It is said to have shown that improper relations had existed between Ross and the young woman for months.

Miss Skelton's four brothers immediately planned to kill Ross. The banker was in Stevenson, ten miles away, at the time, and his brother, Edward Ross, learning of the conspiracy, sent a telegram addressed to him at Stevenson giving the plans of the Skeltons.

Judge Talley heard of this telegram and wired the telegraph operator at Stevenson and the Mayor of Stevenson not to deliver the telegram and not to let Ross escape. Edward Ross was not delivered and the banker was murdered in a road and shot to death by the four Skeltons.

The Skelton brothers were arrested and gave bonds of \$25,000 each. Judge Talley was also placed under bond as an accessory, and the impeachment proceedings were commenced.

A GIRL KILLS ANOTHER.

They Had a Quarrel and the Younger Had a Pistol and Used It.

Lizzie Daniels, aged fourteen years, of Bridgeport, Penn., shot and instantly killed Mary Weaver, sixteen years of age. The girls had a quarrel about a swing, and the Daniels girl pulled a thirty-two calibre revolver and fired, the ball entering the Weaver girl's brain above the right eye. The Daniels girl was arrested and held for trial. The coroner's jury found that Miss Daniels shot Miss Weaver. The defense will be that it was by accident, and that she did not intend to shoot.

THE MARKETS.

Late Wholesale Prices of Country Produce Quoted in New York.

MILK AND CREAM.	
Market fairly active during the past week, under a good demand. The average price received at the various milk-receiving stations for platform surplus was \$1.17 per can of 40 quarts, the Eastern price on Aug. 1 having been raised to 25c. per quart.	
Receipts of the week, fluid milk, gals.	1,697,554
Condensed milk, gals.	16,493
Cream, gals.	79,677

BUTTER.	
Crowney—Penn., extras.	— @ 23
Western, extras.	— @ 23
Western, firsts.	— @ —
Western, thirds to seconds.	— @ —
State—Extra.	18 @ 21
Seconds.	15 @ 16 1/2
Western Im. Crowney, firsts.	16 @ 17
Seconds.	14 @ 15
Western Factory, Imsh, extras.	— @ 15 1/2
Thirds to firsts.	13 @ 13 1/2
Thirds.	— @ 12
Summer make.	— @ —
Rolls, fresh.	— @ —

EGGS.	
State—Full cream, white, fresh.	55 @ 6
Full cream, good to prime.	54 @ 6
State Factory—Part skims, choice.	55 @ 6
Part skims, com. to prime.	5 @ 4 1/2
Full skims.	— @ —

POULTRY.	
State & Penn.—Fresh.	— @ 15
Nearly—Fancy.	— @ 14
Nearly—Fresh.	— @ 14
Duck eggs—South & West.	— @ —
Goose eggs.	— @ —

BEANS AND PEAS.	
Beans—Marrow, 1893, choice.	— @ 3 25
Medium, 1893, choice.	— @ 2 00
Pea, 1893, choice.	— @ 1 95
Red kidney, 1893, choice.	2 00 @ 2 70
White kidney, 1893, choice.	2 40 @ 2 50
Black turtle soup, 1893.	1 90 @ 2 00
Lima, Cal., 1893, 70 lb.	2 55 @ 2 60
Green peas, bibb, 70 bush.	1 97 1/2 @ 1 10

FRUITS AND BERRIES—FRESH.	
Blackberries, Jersey, 70 qt.	7 @ 14
Blacks, 70 qt.	7 @ 14
Watermelons, 70 lb.	9 @ 30
Peaches, 70 basket.	75 @ 2 25
Huckleberries, Jersey, 70 qt.	6 @ 10
Muskmelons, 70 bbl.	75 @ 2 50
Raspberries, 70 bush.	2 00 @ 2 70
Apples, 70 bbl.	75 @ 2 25
Pears, 70 bbl.	1 50 @ 3 00
Grapes, Del., 70 lb.	8 @ 10
Currants, 70 qt.	— @ 11

HOPS.	
State—1893, choice, 70 lb.	10 @ 11
1892, common to good.	8 @ 9
Pacific Coast, choice.	— @ 11
Common to prime.	7 @ 10
Old odds.	4 @ 6

HAY AND STRAW.	
Hay—Good to choice 70 lb.	85 @ 90
Clover mixed.	50 @ 60
Straw—Long ryb.	60 @ 60
Short ryb.	40 @ 45

LIVE POULTRY.	
Fowls, 70 lb.	— @ 10
Spring chickens, 70 lb.	10 @ 12
Roosters, old, 70 lb.	— @ 6
Turkeys, 70 lb.	7 @ 9
Ducks, 70 pair.	25 @ 75