

# LOUIS KOSSUTH DEAD.

## The Great Hungarian Liberator at Last Succumbs.

### A REMARKABLY ACTIVE CAREER.

His Signal Services in the Abolition of Serfdom and the Feudal System—Died a Voluntary Exile from His Native Land, and in Straitened Circumstances.

TURIN, March 21.—Louis Kossuth died at 10:50 o'clock last night. His end was extremely painful. He showed signs of consciousness until the last. He expired in the arms of his son, and died pressing the hand of the Hungarian deputy, Karolyi. The members of his family and a few of his intimate friends stood around the bedside of the expiring patriot. The municipal authorities of this city have offered the family to allow the remains to be buried in the Pantheon here.

Lajos (or Louis) Kossuth, ex-governor of Hungary, was born April 21, 1802, at Monok, Zemplin, Hungary. His father was a small landowner, and belonged to the nobility.

When Kossuth was 27 years old he took his seat in the national diet of Presburg as representative of a magnate, being the agent of the Countess Szapary, and his action in publishing reports of the proceedings of this assembly led to their sup-



LOUIS KOSSUTH.

pression and, eventually, to his prosecution for high treason. He was sentenced to four years' imprisonment, but was liberated after having been in prison about a year and a half, under an act of amnesty.

Kossuth, in 1841, became editor of the Hirlap, a newspaper published at Pesth, and his influence with his countrymen increased. In March, 1848, he entered Vienna with a deputation to urge the claims of his country upon the Austrian government, and returned to Presburg as minister of finance. Thanks to the internal reforms advocated by Kossuth, the last remains of the oppressive feudal system were swept away and the peasants were declared free, the country undertaking to indemnify the landlords.

Eventually the Hungarian diet was dissolved and a new diet was summoned for July 2, and by this diet Kossuth was created governor of Hungary. He held that post during the civil war of 1848-49, and after the Hungarians had been crushed by the aid of the Russians Kossuth was compelled to retire to Turkey, and reached Schumla with 2,000 men. Austria and Russia wanted Turkey to give up Kossuth and the rest of the refugees, but through the intervention of England and France the demand was refused, and the late sultan moved the refugees to Kuthia, in Asia Minor, where they remained prisoners until Aug. 22, 1851, being treated with great humanity.

Kossuth left Kuthia on Sep. 1, 1851, and after being refused permission to travel through France he was hospitably received at Gibraltar and at Lisbon, reached Southampton on Oct. 28, and sailed for the United States on Nov. 21. Kossuth, who was warmly received in America, made a tour of the United States, agitating in favor of Hungary, and then returned to England, where he remained for some years, occupying himself with writing for newspapers and in delivering lectures against the house of Hapsburg.

In November, 1861, Kossuth published in an Italian newspaper a long letter setting forth the situation in Hungary and urging the Italians to commence war against Austria, with the view of enabling the Hungarians to assert themselves against that power. In 1865, after the close of the war of that year, he issued an inflammatory address to the Hungarians, advising them to reject the concessions offered by Emperor Francis Joseph.

Since April, 1875, Kossuth has been living in an unpretentious dwelling near Turin, and in November, 1879, he lost his rights as a Hungarian citizen, the chamber of deputies having adopted a bill declaring that any native of the country who voluntarily resided abroad for an uninterrupted period of ten years should lose his civil rights.

For a number of years past Kossuth has been in straitened circumstances, persistently refusing pecuniary assistance, and depending entirely upon the proceeds of his pen. Numerous efforts have been made to bring about his restoration to citizenship and his eventual repatriation, but all these attempts have been unsuccessful, though it is believed that he would have been accomplished after the Easter holidays.

### His Body Cut in Two.

WESTMINSTER, Md., March 21.—Jabez A. Rush, a prominent and wealthy citizen of Carroll county, met with a terrible death yesterday. While sitting on a log through which a circular saw was passing his body was literally cut in two, the two halves falling on either side of the saw. He was superintending the getting out of lumber for a new barn, and sat down on the log to make some calculations when his clothing was caught by the teeth of the saw.

### Harriet Blaine to Wed.

WASHINGTON, March 21.—The engagement of Miss Harriet Blaine, youngest daughter of the late James G. Blaine, and Mr. Truxton Beale, only son of the late General Edward Beale, was formally announced last evening at a dinner given by Mrs. Blaine. Mr. Beale, who is about 34 years of age, has been minister to Persia and later to Greece, and will inherit a large fortune.

**The Tariff Bill Fairly Launched.**  
WASHINGTON, March 21.—The tariff bill was yesterday fairly launched on its way in the senate. Mr. Voorhees, the chairman of the finance committee, reporting it to the senate and stating that on April 1st he will have to bring it up for consideration.

# A WAVE OF SYMPATHY.

## It Comes to Miss Pollard in the Celebrated Trial.

### A GUILTY MOTHER'S SACRIFICES.

She Put Her Children Away from Her at the Command of the Man She Loved. Mr. Breckinridge's Lawyers Admit the Secret Marriage with Mrs. Wing.

WASHINGTON, March 16.—Notwithstanding the recent absence of sensational details from the Pollard-Breckinridge trial the crowd which tried to gain admission to the court room yesterday was larger than ever. Those few persons who possessed the necessary qualifications heard little of interest, the most important witness who appeared being Sarah Guess, a colored woman, who kept the house in Lexington where the intrigue had its beginning and much of its course, and who said that Colonel Breckinridge had tried to persuade her not to testify. The most significant point in the testimony of this woman and of other witnesses was that Miss Pollard had been a school girl in short dresses when her intimacy with the congressman began.

WASHINGTON, March 17.—Miss Pollard took the stand yesterday and testified in her suit against Mr. Breckinridge, detailing her first meeting with him and their subsequent relations. The visit to Mrs. Blackburn's was also rehearsed by Miss Pollard, and she told how she had met Mr. Rhodes and become interested in him because he had been an old soldier with her uncle. He wanted to marry her then and there, but she was not ready to marry any one. He offered to pay the expenses of schooling if she would marry him afterwards. She and her mother had signed a paper promising that witnesses either would marry Rhodes or pay back the money with interest. She then told how Rhodes had threatened to compel her to marry him, and how she went to Breckinridge for advice. The statement that Colonel Breckinridge and Mrs. Wing, his present wife, had been secretly married three months prior to a public ceremony has been confirmed by Rev. Dr. Paxton, the officiating clergyman.

WASHINGTON, March 20.—Miss Pollard was cross-examined all day yesterday, and she displayed an aptness that at once stamps her as a most remarkable woman. Mr. Breckinridge's lawyers failed to get a single admission that her relations had ever been intimate with any other than Mr. Breckinridge. One letter that was introduced in evidence, purporting to have been written by her, she pronounced a forgery. Referring to an affidavit of a Mr. Rosell, a former fellow student, she denounced it as a tissue of falsehood, and said it had been made because Rosell was looking for a government position in Mr. Breckinridge's district. She told how, at the convent in Cincinnati, Sister Agnes had asked her (Miss Pollard) "why she wanted to ruin that old man in his old age?" to which she responded: "Why did he want to ruin me in my youth?"

WASHINGTON, March 21.—When the shrill voice of the bailiff cried adjournment in the bare old circuit court yesterday afternoon the veiled face of Madeline Pollard was buried in her arms upon the rough board top of the witness box, behind which she had sat for three days. The only sound which had broken such a silence as seldom falls on a court room was a sobbing that seemed to come from her inmost heart. Three jurors were fumbling in an uncertain way with their handkerchiefs, the judge was staring toward the ceiling abstractedly. Even the lawyers whose cross-examination had led up to this passage wore a look of unvoiced gravity on his fatherly, benevolent face, with something remarkably like moisture about his eyes. If there was a man among the curious hundred in the court room unmoved he was unconscious in the majority of sympathetic faces. Madeline Pollard had been telling the most tragic episode of her unhappy life.

"A woman can't do more than that for a man, more than give up her child for him," she had said. "I laid my baby in its coffin because it needed the mother's care I could not give it, because he made me put it away from myself. I never let him see me cry over it, because—"

The sentence was unfinished, and no more questions were asked. The men trooped from the court room awed from their customary charms of speculation and criticism. All day she had retained her composure up to this close, telling her story with such remarkable clearness of language, such a perception of the strong light which certain phases would throw upon her case that gentlemen experienced at the bar were constrained to comment that she was either telling the truth or was the most consummate actress who had ever come under their observation.

The trial reached its climax early in the afternoon, when Judge Jere Wilson, facing Major Butterworth, had thrust at him direct the question whether his client admitted the secret marriage to Mrs. Wing in New York, and had, after a fiery passage at arms, received an affirmative answer. From that crucial point the testimony of the plaintiff regarding the turbulent days of pistols and promises following the secret marriage on the 30th of April abounded in the most sensational incidents of the entire story.

In her testimony Miss Pollard asserted with great earnestness that the letters sent by her to Rhodes which were introduced in evidence had been dictated by Mr. Breckinridge, the idea being to conceal the relations existing between himself and Miss Pollard. She was a passive party to the arrangement because of her desire to shield Mr. Breckinridge. To a reference to her mother as "the agency of deception" in the Rhodes correspondence Miss Pollard objected. "Poor dear ma," she said, "should not be accused of that."

In answer to further questions Miss Pollard said she had never had any ambition to become an actress, as "only pretty women go on the stage. A plain woman would have no chance there." Her recital of the visit to Major Moore, Washington's chief of police, varied slightly from Major Moore's account of the affair. Speaking of a letter in which Mr. Breckinridge had written a solemn pledge of marriage, she was interrupted by Mr. Butterworth asking: "Have you that letter?"

Miss Pollard raised her arm impressively while every man in the court leaned forward to catch her reply. "He took it away from me," she said, "on the 17th of May with the vilest, vilest lie."

### And Now a Brewery Trust.

CINCINNATI, March 21.—An evening paper says that a brewery trust is in process of formation here similar to the whisky trust. The Saloon Keepers' association is the nucleus of the proposed trust.

### GOOD INVESTMENT.

A few days ago the Co-operative Savings and Loan Association was firmly established in Bellefonte. This institution is composed of a large number of local building and loan companies located both in the investing and borrowing sections of this country. It takes money from the associations not wanting it and loans it through the associations of the same system which need it. Each place therefore has the first opportunity to use the money paid in by its resident members and additional sums from investing associations if needed. Under this system the funds of the entire association are kept constantly in use being compounded monthly thereby making large profits for the shareholders.

The general offices of the company were located by the shareholders in Sioux Falls, South Dakota, in the big Sioux Valley, where crop failures were never known to occur, where also rates of interest are very high and property is increasing in value each year.

The state of South Dakota practically takes charge of this institution for the protection of all its shareholders in the United States.

The laws of that state are conceded by those posted to be of the best in this country. They are as follows:

- NO FORFEITURES.
- ALL SECURITIES Must be deposited with a responsible trust company in trust for all members. All notes are non-negotiable, and cannot be hypothecated.
- EXPENSES Are limited by state law.
- SWORN ANNUAL REPORTS Are required to be made to the secretary of state, showing the receipts and disbursements of the year and financial condition of the association.
- THE STATE BANK EXAMINER Has complete jurisdiction and access at all times to the books of the association.
- OFFICERS ARE BONDED. Those handling funds in this association for \$50,000 each for the further protection of shareholders.
- NO TAXES. All stock and mortgages are exempt from taxation, by act of the legislature. Loans its money only to the shareholders, first mortgage security on improved real estate not to exceed fifty per cent. of its actual cash value.

The general officers of the company are men of national reputation and men who could only be associated with reliable concerns. Hon. R. F. Pettigrew, United States Senator from South Dakota, is the general president. Mr. Pettigrew is known as a successful financier. It was therefore only proper that the following gentlemen well known in this community for liability and integrity should have been elected to look after the association in Bellefonte:

J. C. Meyer, President; Joseph Ceadar, Vice President; Robert F. Hunter, Secretary; C. C. Shuey, Treasurer. Additional Directors: Chas. R. Kurtz, B. C. Achenbach, D. R. Foreman, W. T. Meyer, W. C. Storm, Geo. L. VanTries, J. Wood Sebring, Appraising Committee: B. C. Achenbach, W. C. Storm, R. F. Hunter.

Par value of shares \$100.00. Monthly dues on installment shares 50 cents. Maturity time 90 months. A specialty made of fully paid stock bearing a fixed rate of interest, free from taxes. A few more shares in class A. can be secured in the March series. For further information any one can call on the secretary or any officer of the company.

### Probably Fatal Fire in New York.

NEW YORK, March 21.—Fire broke out at midnight in the six-story tenement 22 Hudson street, occupied by forty-five families, consisting of 350 persons. The fire was caused by the upsetting of a kerosene lamp in the apartments of John Malloy. Many of the tenants were compelled to jump from the windows. The following received serious burns or were otherwise injured: Mary Brown, aged 6; James Katig, aged 6; James Finton and James Fitzgerald. The police are searching for bodies, as it is believed some of the tenants perished.

### Hancock Refused Recognition.

TRENTON, March 21.—Controller-elect Hancock, who bases his claim to the position on the fact that he was elected by the Republican members of the house of assembly in joint meeting with the Republicans who were elected senators last fall, called upon Governor Werts and asked to have his bond approved. Governor Werts refused to recognize Mr. Hancock as the comptroller. The terms of State Treasurer Grey and State Comptroller Heppelheimer have expired.

### Sutherland's Sentence.

BROOKLYN, March 20.—Kenneth F. Sutherland, Gravesend's convicted justice of the peace, whose present whereabouts are unknown, was sentenced by Justice Brown to one year's imprisonment and \$500 fine, the extreme penalty, which penalty will be inflicted when the fugitive is captured. The bonds in the other cases against Sutherland were forfeited. The trial of Andrew Scott Jameson for alleged complicity in the election frauds was then commenced.

### Fifty Drowned Through a Collision.

VANCOUVER, B. C., March 16.—Oriental advices state that a disastrous collision occurred recently in the strait between the Bengalis and Cagal. Two steamers, the Song Guan and Aing Hoo, collided while going at full speed. Those on board the Song Guan jumped into the water and were picked up by the crew of the Aing Hoo. Hardly had they reached the wreck when both steamers lurched and went down. About fifty persons were drowned.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

# Royal Baking Powder

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### SALE REGISTER.

FRIDAY, MARCH 22.—On the Thomas farm, in Snow Shoe twp., near Moshannon, 2 horses, 2 cows, implements and hay by the ton. Sale by J. T. Lucas.

TUESDAY, MARCH 27.—At the late residence of Conrad Singer, 1 mile south of Romola, in Curtis twp., at 1 o'clock, by Wm. J. Singer, administrator, 2 horses, 1 mare with foal, 2 cows, young cattle and implements.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 28.—By Levi Krebs, 1 mile west of Pine Grove Mills, at 10 a. m., six horses, 1 colt, 5 milk cows, Jerseys and Short Horn, 25 sheep, brood sows and pigs, and a big lot of farm implements.

THURSDAY, MARCH 29.—At the residence of Charles Smoyer, 1/2 mile north-west of Snow Shoe intersecting by P. M. Sharp, at 1 o'clock, 2 horses, brood mare, yearling colt, 4 milk cows, young cattle, and all kinds of implements in good repair.

FRIDAY, MARCH 30.—By James Watson, at 1 o'clock, in Snow Shoe twp., 2 horses, 2 cows, mow, hay rake, potato raiser and other implements; also household goods.

SATURDAY, MARCH 31.—3 miles west of State College, by D. M. Neidig, horses, 1 cow, all kinds of implements, and household goods.

N. B. SPANGLER, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW. Practices in all the courts. Consultation in English and German. Office on 2nd floor Crier Exchange, Bellefonte, Pa.

JAMES C. NOLL, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW. Office on High street, opposite the Court House, Bellefonte, Pa. Collections and all legal business attended to promptly.

W. G. RUNKLE, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW. All kinds of legal business attended to promptly. Special attention given to collections. Office 2nd floor Crier Exchange.

J. H. WETZEL, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW. Office and residence on High street, Bellefonte, Pa. All forms of legal business attended to promptly. German and English.

NOTICE IN PARTITION.—To Lydia Lesh Sarah Lesh intermarried with Robert M. Ho-man, all of Zion, Centre co., Maggie Lesh intermarried with W. H. Shaffer, of Seymour, Jackson county, Ind., and John T. Lesh, of Salona, Clinton county, Pa. Heirs and legal representatives of Daniel Lesh, dec'd., late of Walker township, Centre county, Pa. Take notice that in pursuance of an order of the Orphans Court of Centre county, Pa., a writ of partition of the real estate of said dec'd., to the sheriff of said county, returnable on Monday the 23rd day of April, A. D. 1894, and that an inquest will be held for the purpose of making partition of the real estate of said dec'd., on Wednesday, the 4th day of April, 1894, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the late residence of the deceased, at which time and place you can be present if you see proper. All those two messages tenements and tract of land situated in Walker township, Centre county, Pa., bounded and described as follows:

No. 1. All that certain message lot or piece of ground situate in Walker township, Centre county, Pa., bounded and described as follows: On the south by land of Joel Struble and Philip Boyer, on the north by land of Thomas Lesh, on the east by the east side of public road leading to the sheriff of said county, returnable on Monday the 23rd day of April, A. D. 1894, and that an inquest will be held for the purpose of making partition of the real estate of said dec'd., on Wednesday, the 4th day of April, 1894, at 10 o'clock a. m., at the late residence of the deceased, at which time and place you can be present if you see proper. All those two messages tenements and tract of land situated in Walker township, Centre county, Pa., bounded and described as follows:

No. 2. All that certain message lot or piece of ground situate in Walker township, Centre county, Pa., bounded and described as follows: On the south by land of Thomas Lesh, deceased, on the east by land of Thomas Lesh, deceased, on the west by land of Jesse Shaffer, and on the west by lands of Jacob Shaffer, containing fifteen acres more or less. And that no part of said land of Jesse Shaffer, said partition therefor yet remains to be made to and among the heirs of said dec'd.

JNO. P. CONDO, Sheriff. Bellefonte, March 12, '94.

AUDITORS NOTICE.—In the matter of the assigned estate of David Hartgering.

The undersigned, an auditor appointed by the Court of Common Pleas of Centre county, to make distribution of the funds in the hands of the dec'd. as shown by his second account, to and among those legally entitled to receive the same, will attend to the duties of his appointment at his office, in the borough of Bellefonte, on Thursday, the 23rd day of April, A. D. 1894, at 10 o'clock a. m., when and where all parties interested may attend or be barred forever.

S. D. GETTIG, Auditor.

DIVORCE NOTICE.—Jonathan Shutt vs. Mary Ann Shutt. In the Court of Common Pleas of Centre co., April term, 1894, No. 125.

DIVORCE L. V. M. To Mary Ann Shutt, respondent. You are hereby notified that the undersigned, a commissioner appointed by the Court of Common Pleas of Centre county, to take testimony in the above stated case, will meet the parties interested to perform the duties of his appointment at the office of J. J. Beal, Esq., in the borough of Centre Hall, on Monday, the 2nd day of April, A. D. 1894, at 9 o'clock a. m., at which time and place all parties interested may attend.

S. D. GETTIG, Commissioner.

W. M. J. SINGER, ATTORNEY AT LAW. District Attorney's office in Court House Bellefonte, Pa. Collections and professional business attended to promptly.

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\$2.50, \$2 for Workingmen.  
\$2 and \$1.75 for Boys.  
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GEO. W. ATHERTON, LL. D., president, State College, Centre County, Pa.

J. IRVIN MORRIS, JUSTICE OF THE PEACE, MILESBURG, PA. All legal business pertaining to that position, left in his care, will be properly attended to. Collections a specialty.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE. Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary have been granted to the undersigned upon the estate of Maria G. Winhart, late of Boalsburg, Centre county, Pa., who requests all parties knowing themselves indebted to said estate to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same to present them duly authenticated for settlement. OSCAR GILBERT, Exe.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE. Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of Edwin Tyson, late of Philipsburg, Pa., have been granted to the undersigned. All parties indebted to said estate are hereby notified to call and pay the same and those having claims against the same to present them for settlement. H. Y. STITZER, Executor, Philipsburg, Pa. Wm. Irvin, Executor, Philipsburg, Pa.

### NOTICE TO STOCKHOLDERS.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Bald Eagle Valley Railroad Company is called for Tuesday, April 10, 1894, at 11 o'clock a. m., at 25 South Fourth street, Philadelphia. Election for President and Directors, same day and place.

ALBERT HEWSON, Secretary.

J. W. ALEXANDER, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW. General legal business executed and collections promptly made. Office on High street—Garman's building, Bellefonte, Pa.

TEAM FOR SALE.—A well mated team of iron greys, 6 years old, weight about 1600 each. They are good roadsters and show up well in harness, will not frighten at the cars. Inquire of S. M. CAMPBELL, Milheim, Pa.

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