MASSACRED BY PIRATES.

ACHANESE CUTTHROATSCAP-TURE A STEAMER.

Twenty-Four of the Passengers and Crew Slaughtered - The Helmsman Cut Down and the Ship Grounded-Two American Women Taken Prisoners.

The coast of Acheen, a Dutch province on the Island of Sumatra, has been haunted for months by a band of native pirates, who in frequent encounters, even with Europeans, have shown themselves to have nerve as well as cunning. Their operations reached a climax on August 4, when the private steamer of the Chinese Consul at Penang feli into their hands, twenty-four men aboard being murdered, fifteen seriously injured and \$20,-000 falling into the hands of the lawless

Particulars received by the steamship Ex-press of China, which has arrived at Victoria, British Columbia, are as follows : The Con-sul's steamer, R. K. Atjeh, left Telop Semawe, July 31, at 5 o'clock, and three days later one of a gang of twelve Chinamen, who embarked as passengers, went on the bridge and asked the man at the wheel if they were then passing Sim Pang Olim. Receiving an affirmative answer, a Chinese who was armed with a klewang instantly cut the helmsman down and a Mr. Alexander, of Brooklyn, standing near, shared the same fate immediately after-

A Chinese then took the helm and turned A Chinese then took the helm and turned the ship's head toward the shore, where she grounded shortly afterward. A general mas-seare along the ship's decks followed, pac-sengers and crew being indiscriminately slaughtered. Captain Wood, who had been lying down in the cabin, came up on the sound of the disturbance reaching him, and was attacked and mortally wounded. He seems to have had just sufficient strength to regain the cabin and lock the door. Chief Engineer Anchant, fortunately for

Chief Engineer Anchant, fortunately for him, was in the engine room when a Chinese called for him to come up. Having heard their cry of "Orang Amok !" he was in no hurry to comply, but removed the engine room ladder and extinguished the lights. Second Officer Baptist had a narrow escape. He owed his salvation to his presence of mind. He was sleeping when the massacre commenced and awoke to see his servant killed. He put out the light in his cabin and opened the door, keeping quiet in the dark. The Chinese afterward pushed through the saloon, killing as they went and helping themselves to cash only, securing about \$20,000 in American money.

They then quitted the vessel in two of the ship's boats, taking with them some of the passengers—a Japanese, two Chinese and two American women. Finding the ship de-serted Anchant came out of the engine room and fired two rockets, and then proposed that he and some others should proceed in the remaining ship's boat to secure assistance of men-of-war. No sooner, however, was the boat lowered than about eighteen of the passengers, who had escaped the murderous assaults of the pirates and were afraid of be-ing left behind, rushed into it, causing the boat to sink, with the result that all were drowned.

drowned. The Dutch gunboat Madura, which had sighted signals of distress raised by the R. K. Atjeh, came up next morning and sent men to take charge of the distressed yessel. Shortly after the gunboat steamed away, having rescued the persons aboard, the Chinese returned drunk with wine to renew the work of plundar, but met with such a rethe work of plunder, but met with such a re-ception from the bluejackets that they re-treated in haste with a loss of ten of their

The steamer Graap van Bylandt, bound om Edie to Telok, stood by at noon on the following day and received a portion of the Atjeh's cargo, the balance of which is now being discharged in lighters, so that the ship

may get off with the next spring tides. The Dutch war ship is on the track of these pirates and will inflict quick and de-cisive punishment. The Achinese were rewhen th rith

LATER NEWS.

PENNSTLVANIA'S DAY at the Chicago Fair was celebrated by an imposing parade, in which the Governors of Pennsylvania and New York were conspicuous, and other exercises. Paid admissions to the Fair during the day were 201.044.

For inciting to riot by making an anarchistic speech in Union Square, New York, Claus Zimmerman has been sentenced to six months' imprisonment.

THE cottage of Alfred Bragg at Milford Point, Conn., was blown over by a gale. He was killed, and several members of his family seriously injured.

BALDWIN, Wis., into been nearly wiped out by fire. Total loss, about \$100,000.

BROODING over family troubles unsettled the reason of Mrs. Caroline Tegan, of St. Louis, and she refused all food for twentyone days, when death ensued.

Mone than 400 general bills, 1500 private bills and fifteen joint resolutions have been introduced in the House. Among them are bills to repeal the Internal Revenue and Sugar Bounty laws, to establish postal savings banks and postal telegraph, and making cotton baling, binding twine and coal and iron duty free.

SECRETARY HERBERT has given the order for reconstructing the famous old warship Hartford, now lying at San Francisco. The cost will be \$456.244

THE big steamship Campania has beaten the Eastern record across the Atlantic, making the passage from New York to Queenstown in five days, eleven hours and fifty-five minutes.

MUCH property has been destroyed in the north of England by rioting miners. Two of the rioters were killed, and many others wounded by the military and police.

TROUBLE has broken out in Brazil, and a rebellion against the Government is under way.

LETTERS received in England confirm the reports of the murder of Emin Pacha, the explorer, by Arabs.

EMPEROR WILLIAM, of Germany, has or dered that, in view of the loyalty manifested by the people of Alsace and Lorraine during his recent visit, all the exceptional laws enforced in the two provinces since the wat shall be abolished.

FOR SENATORIAL ACTION.

A Batch of Important Nominations By President Cleveland.

The President has sent to the Senate the following nominations:

Theodore Runyon, of New Jersey, Ambassador Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary of

the United States to Germany. Ex-Congressman Albert S. Willis, of Ken-tucky, Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary of the United States to the Hawalian Islands,

Henry M. Smythe, of Virginia, to be Minister Resident and Consul General of the United States to Hayti.

Ellis Mills, of Virginia, Consul General at

Honolulu, Hawaii. William S. Carroll, of Maryland, Consul General at Dresden, Germany United States Consuls--George J. Willis,

United States Consuls-George J. Willis, of Georgia, at Port Stanley and St. Thomas. Canada : John R. Mobley, of Texas, at Aca-pulce, Mexico, Henry R. D. MacIver, of New York, at Lenia, Spain : George Keenan, of Wisconsin, at Kehl, Germany ; Henry C. C. Astwood, of New York, at Calais, France. Leopold Moore, of New York, at Christopher, West Indies. A Washington special says that "the ap pointment of the diplomatic and consular representatives to Hawali is regarded at the State Department as official notice that Ha walf is not to be annexed There is here a representative of the annexationists with whom negotiations for annexation could be completed in a fortnight were Mr. Cleveland anxious for annexation, and he would net send men half around the world to represent this country in islands about to be annexed. Mr. Blount's report will probably be made public within two weeks."

G. A. R. VETERANS IN LINE NEWSY GLEANINGS.

LEADVILLE, Col., is being deserted. THE ANNUAL ENCAMPMENT ATLANTA, Ga., has a five-legged cow. A GREAT American hotel is to be built in

> TOBONTO'S ANNUAL INdustrial Exhibition has been opened.

The Parade Reviewed by Ex-Presi-ENGLAND takes 40,000 tons of eggs from Ireland yearly. dent Harrison - 25,000 Men March Through a Double Wall of

runaway horses THREE-FOURTHS of the total population of

Russia are farmers, THE revised census of British Columbia

gives the province a population of 98,170. LLOYD'S reports 1008 vessels lost in 1892, of which 249 were British and 126 American. VAGBANTS who refuse to work are chained to iron posts in the streets of Jacksonville,

Oven a thousand children are annually suffocated in bed with their parents in London.

A STEAMBOAT bank on Kootenal Lake, Can-ada, visits all the villages on the shore, sup-plying them with banking facilities.

NAIL-DRIVING contests for women competi-tors are a leading feature at county fairs and social gatherings in Missouri just now.

DEEE abound in all parts of Piscataquis County, in Maine, and sometimes chase across the fields where farmers are harvesting their grain.

THE reports coming to the Kansas Agricultural Department of monthly crop bulletins show that the total yield of corn in that State this year will exceed 200,000,000 bushels, the largest in the history of the State except in

THERE lives near Chestertown, Md., an old woman who is possessed of great natural healing powers, and who is said to have made remarkable cures of the most obstinate diseases by simply touching the patient with her hand.

Fonzar fires have been raging about the base of Mount Bainier, in the State of Washington. Numerous cabins and small farm-houses have been destroyed. Smoke from the fires has pervaded the entire western portion of the State.

A STATEMENT from the Pension Office shows that between the 4th of March and the 26th of August, of the present year, the total number of pensions of all classes granted un-der the general law was 26,420, and under the law of 1890 (the Disability act) 24,851—a total of 51,271.

THE growth of the orange industry in Florida has increased from a production of 600,000 boxes in 1885 to 3,500,000 for the season just closed, and, according to con-servative estimates, the combined crop will be fully 5,000,000 boxes, of which over 4,000,-000 will be marketed.

CAPTAIN H. D. LELAND, of San Francisco, master of the steamer Los Angeles of that port, has received from the British Government through Secretary Gresham a fine pair of binocular glasses in acknowledgment of his bravery in rescuing the crew of the bark King James, which burned at sea and was abandoned last March.

THE MARKETS.

Late Wholesale Prices of Country Produce Quoted in New York.

> 24 BEANS AND PEAS.

St. & West West

State

Pears

Wat

Peacl

 Beans-Marrow, 1892, choice \$2.65
 6
 -

 Medium, 1892, choice
 185
 6
 187%

 Pea, 1892, choice
 180
 6
 182%

 Red kidney, 1892, choice
 255
 6
 265

 White kidney, 1892, choice
 85
 195
 155

 Lima, Cal., # bush
 155
 6
 165

 Green peas, 1892, # bbl.....
 140
 6
 145

BUTTER.			
ery-St. & Penn, extra	- @	26	
k Penn., first	- @		
tern, firsts	any the	24	
tern, second	20 @	21	
tern,third	17 @	19	
dairy-half tubs and			
s, extras	23%@		
tubs and pails, firsts.	213660	2216	

FIFTY-THIRD CONGRESS.

The Senate.

20TH DAY .-- At the request of Mr. Voorhees 20ти DAY.—At the request of Mr. vortness (Ind.) the House Silver Repeal bill was tem-porarily laid aside to permit Mr. Dolph (Or.) to address the Senate in advocasy of his bill appropriating \$500,000 to enable the Secre-tary of the Treasury to enforce the Chinese Exclusion law. After a debate on the atti-tude of the United States toward the Chinese the Dolph bill was referred to the Committee

Exclusion law. After a debate on the atti-tude of the United States toward the Chinese the Dolph bill was referred to the Committee on Foreign Relations. <u>Excentive session</u>. Zisr Dax.—After the passage of the two House joint resolutions for the observance of the 100th anniversary of laying the corner stone of the Capitol, an amendment to the Sil-ver Repeal act was offered by Mr. Butler (S.C.) and referred to the Finance Committee, repeal-ing the 10 per cent. tax on State banks.— Mr. Gallinger spoke in favor of his bill sup-plemental to the pension act of June 27th, 1890. It provides, among other things, that, except in cases of established fraud, no pen-sion shall be suspended or withheld until after a notice of ninety days to the pensioner and after a full and impartial investigation.— Mr. Butler (S. C.) offered an amendment to the bill repealing the Sherman act, and had it referred to the Finance Committee. It pro-vides for the repeal of the ten per cent. tax on State bank circulation, provided that such circulation be secured by coin or approved Stat-or municipal bonds.—Mr. Allen (Neb.) offered a resolution to adjourn out of respect to Labor Day. Defeated by forty-one mays to Labor Day. Defeated by forty-one nays to eight yeas.----Mr. Kyle (8. D.) offered a to eight yeas. — ar., Kyle (S. D.) ohered a free silver coinage amendment to the repeal bill, and it was referred to the Finance Committee. — Mr. Cullom (III.) spoke in favor of the bill to repeal the purchasing clauses of the Sherman act, and Messrs. Coke (Miss.) and Peffer (Kan.) made free silver speeches

free silver spe 22p DAY .-- Mr. Morgan introduced a joint resolution for the appointment of a joint committee of the two Houses-seven Senators and seven Representatives-to constitute a select committee on finance for the pur-pose of examining into the financial and monetary condition of the Government and people of the United States.—Mr. Peffer (Kan.) finished the speech which he had be-gun on the previous day in support of his amendment for the free and unlimited colnof gold and silver at the ratio of 16 to 1. 8420 ____Mr. Stewart (Nev.) addressed the Senate in opposition to the Silver Repeal bill.____

utive session. Exe 23D DAY .-- A bill was introduced by Mr. 23D DAT. — A Dill was introduced by Mr. Cullom and referred to the Finance Commit-tee for the repeal of all acts for the creation or maintenance of the sinking fund. — Mr. Voorhees withdrew his resolution for 11 o'clock sessions of the Senate. — Mr. Mor-gan's resolution for a joint select Com-mittee on Finance, was taken up, and Mr. Voorhees having suggested its reference to the Finance Committee, Mr. Morran argued against the sugression stat-Morgan argued against the suggestion, stat-ing that the purpose of the resolution was to supersede the Finance Committee in each house and substitute a joint select committee for them. When Mr. Morgan had closed Mr. Voorhees moved to take up the Silver Repeal bill. Messrs. Morgan. Harris and others objected, but the motion was carried by 37 yeas to 21 nays.— Mr. Stewart continued his speech against the Silver Repeal bill.— Executive session

24TH DAY .- Mr. Walthall and Mr. Stewart spoke in favor of free sliver, the latter end-ing his three days' speech, after which the Senate went into executive session.

Senate went into executive session. 257# DAX.-Mr. Wolcott's resolution, call-ing for information as to the bounty paid on maple sugar, was amended to cover all kinds of sugar, and agreed to.-Mr. Faulkner (W. Va.) said that while he honestly dif-fered with the President he would vote for the repeat of the Sherman Silver law.-Mr. Turple (Ind.) was in favor of these of silver in favor of free coinage of silver. Mr. Jones (Ark.) said he would vote against the pending bill, and would resist its enact-ment into law as long as possible, unless it were coupled with some measure recognizing sliver and providing for an expansion of the volume of the country's money.-----Executive session.

The House.

23p Day .-- Debate on the rules of the propriation bill 2474 Day. -- Mr. Talbent (S. C.) asked leave to introduce a bill for the enlargement of the volume of currency. Mr. Brosius (Penn.) objected. — The House resumed the consideration of the new code of rules, and agreed, by 118 yeas to 61 nays, to the amendment, striking from the rules the clause making 109 members a quo-rum in Committee of the Whole.— The consideration of the code having been ment, completed, Mr. Burrows (Mich.) offered as a substitute for it the rules of the Fifty-first Congress, with a modification which provides that when a call of the House is ordered the yeas and nays shall also be considered as ordered. This, he thought, would put an end to filibustering. The substitute was defeated by 148 nays to 65 yeas, and the code of rules was adopted without division.

PROMINENT PEOPLE.

QUEEN VICTOBIA'S eyesight is failing, and the royal oculist has frequently to be called into requisition.

THE Khedive of Egypt's mother, who is only thirty-four, is still one of the most beautiful princesses in the far Easi.

CONGRESSMAN SIBLEY, the free sliver Rep-resentative, is a millionaire and owns the highest-priced stable of trotters in the country

ALBERT EDWARD, Prince of Wales, has seventeen brothers-in-law, sixteen uncles, fifty-seven cousins and fifty-eight nephews and nieces.

ME, YE, the Corean Minister to the United States, and his wife are members of the Pres-byterian Church. They wear Corean cos-tumes on state occasions only.

BENATOR ALLEN, of Nebraska, is six feet three inches in height and correspondingly heavy. He is so large that a chair had to be specially constructed for him.

BUFERIOR JUDDE WILLIAM CONLEY, of the new County of Madera, in California, is said to be the youngest judge of any court of re-cord in the United States. He is just twentysix years old.

MRS. ADA M. BITTENEENDER has been nominated for Justice of the Supreme Court by the Nebraska Populists. She was the third woman admitted to practice before the Supreme Court, Mrs. Belva Lockwood being the first.

BISHOF HUNTINGTON, of the diocess of Cen-tral New York, and his wife, Hannah Dane Sargeant Huntington, have just celebrated their golden wedding at the old homestead in Greenfield, Mass., which has been in the family seven generations.

Ir Representatives William S. Holman, of Indiana, and Charles O'Neil, of Pennsyl-vania, serve out their terms in the present Congress, the Fifty-third, they will each beat the record for long-continued (not consecu-tive) service in the lower House.

Among the lions of the day in Paris is the rajah of Bobbili, who has arrived there from Madras with a numerous suite, comprising a Madras with a numerous suite, comprising a priest, a doctor, a secretary, a pedicure, a manicure and several cooks. It is said that everything he cats and drinks is first of all examined by the doctor and then blessed by the priest. the priest.

LEWIS MILLER, of Akron, Ohio, who was chosen President of the International Asso-ciation of Sunday-school Workers at St. Louis, is sixty-six years old, and has been active in Sunday-school work for fortyyears. Mr. Miller is President of the Chautauqua Assembly and is a Methodian U. Mr. Miller is President of the Chautanqua Assembly, and is a Methodist. He has the further distinction of being the father-in-law of Thomas A. Edison, the noted inventor.

THE NATIONAL GAME.

MCCARTHY and Duffy lead Boston in stolen

TWITCHELL, of Louisville, leads the League in batting.

Turs has been a remarkable year for home sams to win. Anson has tried twenty-eight different

players this season

THE Bostons have signed Pitcher Quarles of the Southern League.

IN Camp, Anson, Lange and Parot the bicagos have the tallest infield in the League.

CINCINNATI'S new first baseman, Motz, is generally commended in the East for his ex-cellent fielding.

Six of the leading batters of the Eastern Association are old League and American Association players.

A LOT of old professionals, out of a job, have organized a team and are playing exhibition games in the South.

Boston is especially fortunate in having hard hitting catchers. Bennett, Merritt and Ganzel have all been batting well this season. GASTRIGHT, of Boston, has won eleven out

of twelve games in which he has pitched for the team, and the other one was tied when he was succeeded by Nicholas in the ninth.

CAPTAIN PREFFER, of the Louisvilles, is a warm advocate of the double umpire syst He says the new rules have added so much to the umpires' work that they are unable to acmplish it satisfactorily, no matter how able or well disposed. It is not at all improbable that some of the minor leagues next season will adopt some measure preventing the weakening of clubs by the selling of players. This is a matter that affects every club in a league and it will doubtless receive a great deal of attention. One of the most peculiar things about the Pittsburgs is their remarkable inability to win games in the East. So far this season they have made chat:pionship-like records in the West and at home, but when they get away down East all their good qualities and essentials of victory disappear. RECORD OF THE LEAGUE CLUBS. Per Cluba Won, Lost, cl. Cluba Won, Lost, Boston... 79 32 .712 Cincinnati.54 56 Pittsburg. 67 44 .604 Baltimore. 50 61 . Philadel. .65 47 .590 St. Louis. .47 65 . . et. 4.50 ,420 Cleveland. 60 48 .556 Chicago .46 65 .414 New York.59 52 .532 Louisville.41 65 .387 Brooklyn .57 53 .518 Washingin.37 74 .333



AT INDIANAPOLIS.

Spectators-Features of the Pa-

rade Applauded.

G. A. R. veterans at Indianapolis brought a crowd of not less than 200,000 persons into

COMMANDER-IN-CHIEF A. G. WEISSERT.

The National Encampment parade of the

the city. The parade began at 11 o'clock in the morning and the last post passed the reviewing stand at 4.15 o'clock in the afternoon. Allowance, however, must be made for an hour's delay about noon. The parade, as arranged, provided for hundreds of the vetsrans who did not take part because of the long distance they would have to march in the heat and dust. The veterans who did not march were as many as those who did;

and the number of marchers, on a conservative estimate, was from 20,a conservative estimate, was from 20,-900 to 25,900. Among the notable persons in the line were General J. Warren Keifer, of Ohlo; General Lew Wallace, who marched with the McPherson Post of Crawfordsville; General Wilder, of the famous Wilder's Brigade, and Past Commanders R. B. Beath, Warmer Kounty, Vandersont and Pather Wagner, Kountz, Vandervoort and Palmer. It was a veritable double Chinese wall of humanity through which the old soldiers passed in the three miles from start to finish. Along the entire route the spectators were massed from the ropes next to the building line, spreading over lawns, filling windows and porticos of residences and business blocks alike and in many cases preempting the roof. There was no lack of en-thusiasm, and the special features of the parade were cheered to the echo from square

o square. Numerous stands were erected at points along the route, the official reviewing stand being placed on the grounds of the court-house on East Washington. From here the veterans were reviewed by Commander-in-Chief Weissert.

Ex-President Harrison stood on his right, and Generals Lucius Fairchild, of Wiscon-sin, and Law Wallace, both of whom marched in line until the stand was reached, on his left. Each veteran saiuted the Commander-in-Chief and the ex-President as they passed. The sessions of the Encampment began on the following day, and continued for three days.

The Election of Officers.

At the business meeting of the Grand Army National Encampment in Indianapolis John G. B. Adams, of Lander Post, Lynn, Mass., was elected Commander in Chief by acclama-tion. S. H. Hurts, of Ohio, withdrew at the last moment and moved the election of Mr. Adams. Colonel I. N. Walker, of Indian-Commander and J. C. Bigger, of Texas, was elected Junior Vice-Commander by acciama-

SAN FRANCISCO police carry lariats to stop

aboard and were searched without result for weapons. It is now understood that weapons were smuggled aboard by a Chinese woman, who carried a bolster and bedding which were not overhauled.

Mate Alexander, coming to his Captain's escue, was slashed with a kris and died on the spot. Captain Wood's body was found in his cabin chair when the door of his roo was forced by the gunboat's officers. His body and that of his mate were taken to sea and given burial by officers of the Madura.

DEATH OF HAMILTON FISH.

Ex-Governor, Ex-Senator and Ex-Secretary of State.

Hamilton Fish, ex-Secretary of State, died In Garrison's, N. Y., at his country residence, Hamilton Fish was born in New York City

on August 3, 1808. He was the son of Nicholas Fish, who was prominent in Revo-lutionary time as a soldier and as an intimate friend of Washington and Alexander Hamil-ton. His mother was a descendant of Peter

Stuyvesant. Hamilton Fish was graduated from Columcia College in 1827. He studied law during the next three years, and was admitted to the bar in 1830. He attained considerable prominence as a young lawyer and was for several years a Commissioner of Deeds.

years a Commissioner of Deens. Mr. Fish began to take part in polities in 1834. In that year he was a candidate of the Whig Party for the State Assembly, but was defeated. In 1842, however, he was elected a member of Congress from the Sixth District of New York,

He served one term in Congress, and in 1846 was the candidate of the Whig Party for utenant-Governor. Mr. Fish was de although John Young, the Whig candidate for Governor, was elected. Addison Gard-ner, the Democratic candidate who was elected over Mr. Fish, resigned in 1847, how-ever, in order to go on the bench of the Court of Appeals, and Mr. Fish was elected in his plac

In 1848 he ran for Governor and was elec-ted by about 30,000 majority. John A. Dix and Reuben H. Wallace were the opposing

candidates. Mr. Fish was elected United States Senator to succeed Daniel S. Diokinson in 1851. His Senatorial career was marked by his strong opposition to the repeal of the Missouri Com-promise. He voted with the Republican Party, but was not particularly prominent in the party. He went to Europe in 1857 and remained there until about the beginning of the war. He supported Abraham Lincoln for the Presidency.

the Presidency. In 1869 General Grant appointed him Secretary of State, and he served during Grant's two terms.

He left political life entirely a dozen years ago. Since then he has spent most of his time at his country seat in the Hudson Biver Valley.



Rob the Passengers.

Three robbers boarded the Western express on the St. Louis and San Francisco Railroad at Mount Valley, Kansas, and while one of the men covered the engineer and firemen, the other two tried to enter the and firemon, the other two tried to enter the express car, which the messenger, C. A. Chapman, locked against them. On his refusal to open the car, they fired the contents of their rifles into it, killing the messenger. They broke into the ear, but were unable to open the safe. Then they went through the passenger cars and com-pelled the passengers to give up their watches and money, thus securing about #200 in money and a number of goid watches.

WELCOMED TO WASHINGTON.

President Cleveland Opens the Pan-American Medical Congress.

About 1000 doctors from all parts of American countries and colonies were in attendance at the opening of the Pan-American Medical Congress, held in Albaugh's Opera House, Washington. Dr. William Pepper, Provost and Professor of Medicine at the University of Pennsylvania, was President of the Congress. The delegates assembled upon the invitation of the American Medical Association, seconded by an invitation from the President of the United States, authorized by joint resolution of Congress. All of the countries except Chile and the Argentine Republic were represented. President Cleve-land opened the Congress in the following addres

The part assigned me on this occasion "The part assigned me on this occasion admits of few words. It, however, affords the opportunity to show how pleased I am to be in any way related to an assemblage such as this, called together in furtherance of the highest and noblest purposes and desires. "I hope I may also be permitted to add that the protection of the public health and the prevention of contagious diseases are ob-iests properly brought under consideration

jects properly brought under consideration at the capital of a Nation which appreciates

at the capital of a Nation which appreciates fully the serious importance of everything which aides in making intercourse between civilized countries and commerce between them safe and easy. (Applause.) "It is also fitting that those who devote themselves to saving human life and the allo-viation of human suffering should consider the modes of reaching these benevoient ends at the seat of a Government whose greatest regard is the weilare and happiness of the individual citizen. (Applause.) It only re-mains for me to declare this Congress of the Pan-American Medical Society open for the transaction of business which has called it together." together.

A CAPITAL OF \$30,000,000.

Consolidation of the Lake Superior Iron-Mining Industries.

The tron-mining industries of the Lake Superior district have been consolidated under the name of the Lake Superior Consolidated Iron Mines, including the control of more than a dozen of the Mesaba Hange mines, at a valuation of \$17,000,000; the Duluth, Mesaba and Northern Railroad and its docks in Duluth, valued at \$2,000,000; the Rockefeller interests in the Colby mines in Michigan, and the control of a fleet of ves-sels on the lakes. To these is added the con-trol of a group of mires on the east coast of Cuba.

Guba. The corporation claims control of nine-tenths of the productive mining capacity of Bessemer ores in the United States. It is capitalized at \$30,000,000. Among the chief members of the syndicate are John D. Rocke feller, of the Standard Oil Company, and William C. Whitney.

Ex-President Harrison addressed the mor bers of his old regiment, the Seventieth In-diana. and shook hands with all his comrades. He was unanimously re-elected President of the regimental association. He sided at the camp fire in Tomlinson's presided at the camp firs in Tominson's Hall and made a speech. The next National Encampment will be held in Pittsburg.

NEW YORK'S DAY.

The Empire State Celebrates at the Chicago Fair.

Words of praise for the Chicago Fair and of New York's interest in the Exposition were spoken by Chauncey M. Depew and Governor Flower in the Empire State Building.

The occasion was the celebration of New

York day at the Fair. The exercises began formal ball in honor of the Governor and the distinguished percens who accompanied

him to Chicago. At no State fete given on the World's Fair At no state tete given on the world's Fair grounds have there been so many distin-guished representatives of the State in at-tendance. There was Governor Flower and his staff, the members all brilliantly attired in uniforms; Chauncey M. Depew, Mayor Gilroy, of New York, and his eleven children. Lieutenant-Governor Sheehan, Congressman Bourke Cockran and a host of State and city Bourke Cockran and a host of State and city officials, politicians and prominent citizens. The address of welcome was made by Mr. Depew, who spoke on behalf of the Board of General Managers. He praised the Fair and Chicago, not forgoidag his native State. Governor Flower responded at length. The Governor was followed by Director-General Davis, after which Joseph O'Connor, of the Rochester (N. Y.) Fost-Express, read an or-iginal poem. At the conclusion of the Exer-cises Governor Flower held a public recep-tion, which was very largely attended.

tion, which was very largely attended. At 5 o'clock p. m., the Board of Lady Managers entertained Governor Flower and staff at tea, when a handsome silk State flag was presented to the Governor.

was presented to the Governor. The great event of the day, however, was the reception in the evening given to the Governor by the New York managers. For this occasion the magnificent State Building was gorgeously illuminated according to a design furnished by Pain. There were, 2000 invitations. In the fillumina-tions the columns were lined with green fairy lamps, the windows with amber, the coping with red, white and blue, and above this was a string of ruby lamps. Japanese lanterns were strung from the gable ends to the earth, and the exterior lawns, flower beds, and trees were richly decorated. There were 10,000 lamps on the building, the largest number of lights ever placed on a building of this size. There was also a grand display of fire-

placed on a building of this size. There was also a grand display of fire-works, the most brilliant pyrotechnical dis-play yet given at the Fair. The aerial effects were particularly gorgeous and elaborate. The special set pieces were the facade of the New York State Building and a portrait of Governor Flower. of Governor Flower.

UNCLE BEN CHURCHILL, of Galesburg, Ill., who died recently at the green old age of 102, rode with Robert Fulton on the steam-boat Clermont's first trip and had a medal which George Washington personally gave him. He had feusteen oblidren.

Welsh tubs, firsts...... Welsh tubs, seconds....... Western-Im. creamery, firsts 21360 2236 20 18 6 W. Im. creamery, seconds. W. Im. creamery, thirds. estern Factory, fresh firsts. 16 153 60 1612 15% 16 W. Factory, second W. Factory and dairy, Stirds 15%@ 15 6 CHEESE. State Factory-Full cream,

91/02 9%@ 8%@ 9% 6% 5% Full cream, good to prime. Part skims, choice..... 00 Part skims, good to prime. 2 @ 1 @ Part skims, common Full skims..... 13% EGGS.

State and Penn-Fresh...... 17%@ Western-Fresh, fancy...... 16%@ 18 Duck eggs FRUITS AND BERRIES-FRESH.

Apples—Jersey, # bbl..... 75 @ 1 25 Md, and Del., # crate.... - @ -

s, Bartiett,	# bbl	1 50	@ 30	Ø
es, Del., 7	B	4	@	7
rmelons, P	100	5 00	@150	0
	bbl		@ 25	
hes, Md., 7	basket	40	@ 8	5

State-1892, choice 1892, prime..... 1892, common to good..... Old odds.....

Fowls-Jersey, State, Penn. Western, % fb. Spring chickens, large, # fb. a 12%@ 11 @ Western, P D. Roosters, old, P D. Turkeys, P D. Ducks-N. J., N. Y., Penn., 10%@ 7%@ 12 @

DRESSED POULTRY-FRESH KILLED.

OBAIN, ETC.

Flour-Winter Patents..... 3 50 @ 375 @ 430 6934 53 33 5134

LIVE STOCK.

934

MET DEATH ON THE RAIL.

Twelve Killed and Many Injured in a Collision in Illinois.

Twelve persons were killed and fifteen injured, three of them fatally, at 9 o'clock in the morning in a collision near Colehour, Ill. A Valparaiso milk train, west bound, and a Panhandle passenger, east bound, met on the "Y" running from the main line just south of Colebour to East Hammond. The momentum of the passen-ger train drove the baggage car and several of the day coaches clear over the milk cars, and the mass of wreekage was as complete

and the master of a collision could make it. Scarcely a bit of the baggage car large enough to conceal a body was left. The force ground the timbers, trucks, wheels and jour-nals into fragments, and from beneath the pile of wreekage came the ground of the wounded hais into fragments, and from beneats the pile of wreckage came the groans of the wounded. The bodies of those who had been instantly killed were scarcely recognizable, so com-plete was the crash. Among the victims was Anson S. Temple, manager of the Schiller Theatre. His body was terribly torn and crushed. The list of killed is as follows:

crushed. The list of killed is as follows: E. M. Bigney, traveling freight agent of the Wisconsin Central Railroad; Anson 8. Femple, manager of the Schiller Theatre, Chicago; W. D. Richardson, 2117 State street, Chicago; J. D. Adams, Fairfield, IE; C. E. Coffin, Carthage, Ind., employed at the Indiana State Building, World's Fair grounds; Emil Godenrath; E. M. Bomard, Terre Haute, Ind.; J. L. Fleming, Fairfield, III.; Albert Heinz, Vincennes, Ind.; William Shonisker, New Albany, Ind.; Michael Wall, unknown tramp, unknown tramp.

A RUNAWAY CAR.

Soveral Persons Killed and Many Injured in Cincinnati.

Too persons were killed, six fatally injured, and about forty others more or less seriously hurt by an accident to an electric car in Cincinnati, Ohio. The car left Eden Park crowded with people at the close of a concert, and, owing to an unmanage-able brake, ran away down the mile grade into the business part or the city, attaining

into the business part or the city, attaining a frightful rate of speed. At the corner of Broadway and Hunt streets the car left the track and struck a telegraph pole, which it broke down, and then plunged into a saloon. The car was smashed into splinters, and hardly one of its occupants escaped serious injury. Those killed outright were Sarah Dublin and Maria Malones

A THREE-TEAR-OLD child at Calhoun, Ga., wallowed a bean seed, which lodged in its rindpipe and caused the death of the child efore the seed could be removed.

THE LABOR WORLD.

ITALY has 47,000 miners.

GREAT BRITAIN USes 250,000,000 bricks a

A VERMONT mill is making 600,000,000 postal cards.

THE annual session of the Trade and Labor Congress of Canada opened at Montreal.

THE Carnegie works at Homestead, Penn., esumed operations, giving employment to 000 men.

ALL over the country mills and factories which shut down for lack of orders are running agait .

Five Toledo (Ohio) factories that shut down during the recent financial depression has resumed operations.

THE Columbia Can Machine Company has been organized at Saco. Me. 7 manufacture cans of all kinds, together with tools and-materials, with a capital of \$250,000.

THE coal-miners in the Allegheny district of Pennsylvania are willing to allow the operators to keep a part of their wages in trust or to receive the same in script.

Tux labor organizations of New Haven, Conn., have asked the CRy Council to order public works to be started for the benefit of unemployed workmen, no contracts to be made with middlemen

THE Alabama State Board of Convict Com-missioners has decided to purchase twenty-five acres of land near the present Peniten-tiary and erect several factories, to be opera-ted by the State's convicts.

JOHN W. HAVES, General Secretary-Treasurer of the Knights of Labor, is authority for the statement that zeven-eighths of the Knights of Labor in this country are at present out of employment.

THE National Association of Stationary Engineers has just held its annual conven-tion in Cleveland, Ohio. About 350 local branches were represented by delegates. The report of Secretary P. G. Monroe showed a iderable increase of membership during the last year.

the last year. "This day of high wages for glassblowers and steel-workers is about ended," says F. W. Gessner, formerly Beeretary of the Glass-blowers 'Union. "For a long time the glass-blowers maintained their wages by excluding foreigners and limiting the number of ap-prentices, but now a machine has been de-vised to do their work, and it will supersede the blowers just so surely as mowing ma-chines have taken the place of soythes, and as typesetting machines are displacing com-positors."

ALL the documents of the first fourteen Congresses were found in the basement of the United States Senate the other day.

90 65

 Baeves, City dressed
 61/20
 81/2

 Mileh Cows, com, to good
 20 00
 245 00

 Calves, City dressed
 9
 12

 Sheep, # 100 fbs
 2 75
 60 3 871/2

 Lamber 2 75
 66 3 871/2
 64/2

ed...................................

HOPS. 22 @ 21 @ 18 @ 6 @ 203 12 LIVE POULTRY. 13 13

11 13
 P pair.
 65
 9 5

 Western, # pair.
 50
 80

 Geese, Western, # pair.
 1 12
 8 1 50

 Pigeons, # pair.
 20
 30

VEGETABLES. Potatoes-State, # bbl