AWFUL HOUR OF AGONY.

THE SHOCKING ELECTROCU-TION OF A MURDERER.

The Dynamo at Auburn (N. Y.) Prison Failed to Work-The Condemned Removed From the Chair, and for a Second Time Exposed to the Current.

The execution, in Auburn (N. Y.) Penitentiary, of William G. Taylor, the colored man who murdered a fellow convict in the prison there, was a horrible affair. The first contact did not cause death, and the breaking of the machinery delayed a second contact

for over an hour. The victim of the horrible tragedy was a muscular fellow, nearly six feet tall, and of powerful frame. He had no fear of death, and without a word walked to the chair and placed himself in the seat of torture. Quickly the straps were adjusted, and within a minute, and while the priests were praying, the cur-rent was turned on. According to Electrician Davis 1820 vofts went through the body, but it was only for a second. Simultaneously with the turning of the lever the chair of death was wrecked, the power of the dynamo gave out, and the death cur-rent had not finished its work. A groan of agony came from the lips of the murderer his legs stretched out in front, the chair fell forward, and the man would have fallen on

his face if two stalwart keepers had not grabbed the chair and held it up.

When the current was applied Taylor's massive frame seemed to shoot backward and upward with great force. As is usual the straps creaked, and, accompanying the noise, the front support to which the victim's legs were strapped broke. The body sank in the chair, and had it not been for the straps on the arms it would have been thrown on the floor. It lay in a reclining position in the chair, the current apparently still on. Every one took it for granted that the electricity had done its work. The body was limp motionless. Electrician Davis turned off the current. Suddenly a moan came from the lips, saliva was seen to issue from the mouth, and the man gave a gasp for breath. "He is not dead," was the whispered exclammation of the Worden Stout ordered the current turned on again, and Electrician Davis tried to obey. It was then that the horror of the situation dawned on all. The lever turned, but the electric fluid did not respond. The aynamo had failed.

Not a spectator moved, but blanched faces indicated that the horror of the situation was felt by all. The silence was broken by the labored breathing of the murderer. Electrician Davis tried his lever again. There was no respense. Taylor was breathing stertorously and none would have been surprised to hear him give vocal expression of his suffering. No one seemed to know what was the matter, and the painful stillness was only broken by the gasping and breathing of the victim. Apparently the body was rapidly reviving. The body was released from the straps by officers and a cot was brought in from the anteroom. Taylor was placed on the cot and was carried into the corridor. Electri-cian Davis, who had gone to investigate the

burned out and the dynamo was powerless to supply the current to finish the work. Taylor was now groaning piteously and his head turned from side to side. He threw his arms wildly into the air and his legs kicked about as though in agonizing torture. Yet the doctors say he did not suffer With every succeeding minute returning life became more and more apparent. All his limbs were in ac-tion. Saliva flowed from his mouth, there came a horrible rattle from the throat, and

cause of the failure of the current, returned

with the information that one armsture had

toans came with every breath.

The doctors profess that this was all unmonstration, the effect of the electricity on the muscles. But the man's vitality was developing and the physicians resort ed to a common method to quiet him. Mor-phine was injected, but still he was active, and to keep him on the cot, a sheet was torn into strips and he was strapped to it. It took several injections of morphine before he showed any signs of quieting down, and then chloroform was administered. The doctors were apparently afraid that the man's robust vitality would overcome the force of the electricits, and the painful demonstration or muscular contractions, ceased after a tim

While the doctors were watching the law victim, Warden Stout and Electrician Day were arranging to finish the work. The burns armature precluded the possibility of usin the prison dynamo. Outside aid was necessary. Quick word was sent to the Aubur Electric Light station that assistance we needed. The superintendent and a force men went to work, and connections we strung from the Commercial Incandesce Light circuit, which passes in front of the prison, 300 feet from the death chamber. Th was the work of half an hour. The broke chair was hastily repaired. It was an hou however, before all the details had been a ranged, the machine tested, and everythis was in readiness for another trial. The wo of the morphine and chloroform was a parent.

Limp, and with little evidence of life. the form of the burly murderer that t keepers carried back to the death chamber and placed in the chair. There was little for the electricity to do. The evidence of life which had startled all when he The evidences was removed from the chair and after he had been taken into the anteroom had been subdued. For the second anteroom had been sudduct. For the he was strapped in the chair and the electrodes placed on the head and right calf. Then the current of 1860 volts, which regularly passes through the city incandes cent circuit, was sent through the limb form by the turning of the lever, and the death was accomplished. The second contact was of a minute's duration, and when the current was shut off there was no sign o life. The usual tests were applied, and he was pronounced dead. Over an hour had been spent in the killing.

MINERS FLYING EAST.

Starving Men Take Possession of a

Train. Boone, Iowa, had a visit from 150 Colorado miners on their way East. They captured the Chicago & Northwestern fast freight at Council Bluffs and took possession.

The railroad company made no effort to sject them, but carried them on. The city authorities were notified that the men were soming, and, further, that they were hungry. caving had nothing to eat since the day fore. Arrangements were promptly made to give them a meal, and when they arrived

about 1 o'clock they were fed on the ground east of the roundhouse.

The men were nearly famished. They were an orderly set and took the first train out, the roundhouse representation them. the railroad company permitting them to

EATING UP FORESTS.

Timber Worms Destroy the Trees in Two Townships.

Capitalists of Portland, Oregon, owning timber along the Hoquiam River, in Chehalis County, Washington, are greatly worried over reports that a small measuring worm has made its appearance in myriads in that section and is devastating the forest. The great fir, spruce and hemlock trees are alike suffering. J. H. Baker, of Montesano, one of the most capable and reliable timber men in the State, asserts the worm is destroying a tract of timber equal to two whole townships along the Hoquiam River.

LATER NEWS.

Tun date of the first race for the America's Cup, off New York Harbor, was fixed for Ocober 5th

PRESIDENTS of the savings banks of New fork and Brooklyn decided to recommend he adoption of a regulation requiring a hirty-day notice on all withdrawals of deosits under \$300 and of sixty days on larger

Forest fires carried destruction through he cranberry bogs and farms below Egg flarbor City, N. J. It was reported that the rillages of Washington and Martha's Furnace had been totally destroyed.

ROBERT WHEELER has been arrested at Mexico, Mo., charged with killing his infant laughter. At the preliminary trial Mrs. Wheeler testified that, her husband choked and smothered the child when it cried bemuse the noise displeased him.

A. J. Le Peak, Treasurer of Furnis County, Neb., has been arrested and charged with embezzling \$10,000 of the county funds.

THE towns of Medford, Fifield and Prentice Junction, in Wisconsin, are reported to have been wiped out by forest fires. Their joint population is 3500.

The President has issued a proclamation including Portugal within the benefits of the International Copyright act.

PRESIDENT CLEVELAND has appointed James T. Kilbreth, of New York, Collector of Customs at that port, and Walter H. Bunn, of Cooperstown, N. Y., Appraiser of Merchandise at the same port.

THE German Federal Council resolved to increase the customs duties on Russian profucts imported into Germany fifty per cent. FIFTEEN deaths from cholera have oc

curred in the province of Alessandria, Italy. A GREAT strike of coal miners was begun

Ox the eve of the blockade of Bangkok the Siamese Government despatched a representative to the commander of the French squadron, and it was believed that he was the bearer of fresh proposals for a settlement of the difficulty between the two countries. All the special correspondents of London dailies agreed that the outlook was more peaceful. Paris correspondents predicted a speedy settlement of the dispute.

In territory abandoned thirty years ago as practically worthless, near Toledo, Ohio, oil has been struck in immense quantities.

THE MARKETS.

Late Wholesale Prices of Country

Proc	ace Quoted in New 1014.
30	BEANS AND PEAS.
Medium Pea, 18 Red kid White k	arrow, 1892, choice\$2 5234@\$2 55, 1892, choice
	BUTTER.
Cennor	_St & Penn extra - @ 2034

1	EUTTER.		
	Creamery-St. & Penn, extra	- @	2034
	St. & Penn., first	- @	-
1	Western, firsts	19 @	19%
ì	Western, second	18 @	1834
1	Western,third	1634@	17
	State dairy-half tubs and		
		1936@	20
1	pails, extras		19
1	Half tubs and pails, firsts.	1814@	
	Half tubs and pails, second	17%@	18
	Welsh tubs, extras	@	scott
	Weish tubs, firsts	1834@	19
	Welsh tubs, seconds	1736@	18
	Western-Im. creamery, firsts	17366	18
	W. Im. ereamery, seconds.	1636@	-
		- 6	16
	W. Im. ereamery, thirds		16%
	Western Factory, fresh firsts.	16%	
	W. Factory, second	16 @	16%
	W. Factory and dairy, thirds	15 @	15%
	CHEESE.		
	Charles Wall annum		

-	Full cream, colored, fancy.		@	83
в, е.	Full cream, good to prime.	71	(0	81
'a	Part skims, choice	5	@	53
ia	Part skims, good to prime.	4	6	43
sd sd	Part skims, common	ī	6	13
	Full skims	-	@	3
g	E UII BEHHS		100	
g.	EGGS.			
n	State and Penn-Fresh	16	@	17
3.9	Western-Fresh, fancy	149	10	15
of re	Duck eggs	***	@	
nt	FRUITS AND BERRIES-	-FEES	H.	
he	Apples-King, 7 bbl	-	@	-
is	Common green, F crate	50	6	1 00
en	Pears, Ga., & crate	60	6	75
Ir.	Grapes, Del., 5 lb	25	@	40
17-	Cherries, fancy, black, & Ib	-	6	
ng	Raspberries, red, & pint	4	@	7
rk	Gooseberries, & quart	parke	@	-
p-	Huckleberries, Jersey, 2 at	7	@	10
	Watermelons, 7 100	8 00		18 00
28	Watermelons, ₹ 100	1 00		3 00
he	Peaches, Md., F crate	75	0	1 50
er	HOPS.			

93	Watermelons, # 100 8	W	便力	5 00
	Muskmelons, # bbl 1	00	@	3 00
	Peaches, Md., F crate	75	0	1 50
	HOPS.			
	State-1892, choice	-	@	22
ä	1892, prime	-	6	21
죑	1892, common to good	18	0	2034
	Old odds	5	0	9
	LIVE POULTRY.			
	Fowls-Jersey, State, Penn.	14	@	1436
	Western, Ph	135	(@	1434
	Chickens, local, & fb	-	0	-
	Western, & b	deline	6	-
,	Roosters, old, & tb	8	6	814
1	Turkeys, @ lb	10	@	11
	Ducks-N. J., N. Y., Penn.,			
	₽ pair	100	@	85
t	Western, & pair	55	6	75
!	Geese, Western, P pair	1 25	60	1 50
1	Pigeons, ? pair	30	0	40
	DRESSED POCLTRY-FRESH	KIL	LED	
	Turkeys, P h	8	6	13
	Chickons Phile 2 th	90	6	23

Geese, Western, P pair 1 25	(0)	1 50
30	@	40
Pigeons, ? pair 30		
DRESSED POCLTRY-FRESH KII	LED	١,
Turkeys, 2 h 8	6	13
Chickens, Phila, 7 lb 20	0	23
Western, 7 15 16	6	19
	40	14
Ducks-Fair to fancy, # ib	@	-
Eastern, ? lb	@	-
Spring, L. I., # tb 13	@	14
Geese-Western, & fb	@	ande
Squabs-Dark & doz 125		1 50
White, \$\partial doz 2 25	@	2 50

	White, P doz	•	-	w	~	
	VEGETABLES.					
	Potatoes-State, 7 bbl		-	@		**
	Virginia, Rose, & bbl 2	1	50	0	3	00
ì	N. C., Rose, 7 bbl		-	6		Assa
1	L. I., in buik, ? bbl		50	@	3	00
1	Cabbage, L. L. # 100	3	50	@	4	50
1	Onions Eastern, yellow, bbl.		MAN	@		-
1	Maryland, & bbl	2	75	0	3	00
	State, P bbl		-	0		-
	Peas, L. I., 2 bag	1	12			50
	Cucumbers, Norfolk, 2 bbl		50	60	1	00

Peas, L. I., & bag	1	12	(0)	1	50
Cucumbers, Norfolk, ? bbl		50	60	1	00
String beans, L. L. ? bag.		75	0	1	00
Asparagus, doz. bunches		-	6		-
Tomatoes, near by, B crate	1	00	0	1	50
GRAIN, ETC.					
Flour-City Mill Extra	3	70	0	3	85
Patents	4	00	0	4	45
Wheat, No. 2 Red		-	@		75%
Rye-State		57	40		58
Bariey-Two-rowed State		-	0		-
Corn-Ungraded White		-	@		-
Onto No 9 White		97	Via		98

Patents	4 00	0	4 45
Wheat, No. 2 Red	-	@	75%
Rye-State	5734	(@	58
Bariey-Two-rowed State	-	0	
Corn-Ungraded White	-	@	
Oats-No. 2 White	3734	(@	38
Mixed Western	37		38
Hay-Good to Choice	75	@	95
Straw-Long Rye		0	80
Lard-City Steam	08.50	@	-
LIVE STOCK.			
Beeves, City dressed	63	(0)	8

Lambs, # tb....... 650 @ 685 Hogs-Live, # 100 fbs...... 650 @ 685

THE LABOR WORLD.

Boston has 1000 female printers. C ARPENTERS have unions in 726 towns. Lowell (Mass.) spinners will establish to

ALBANY'S Mayor vetoed the nine hour or-

Union carpenters' wages reach \$5,500,000,-

Boston carpenters work eight hours after November 1. BUTTE CITY (Montana) carpenters get

\$4.50 a day. MELBOURNE, Australia, has Chinese furniture workers

A THIRD of the mechanics in Detroit, Mich., are idle. A NASHVILLE (Tenn.) boarding house is for union men only

CLEVELAND (Ohio) steel workers have been cut twenty per cent. AMERICAN delegates will attend the Labor

Congress at Zurich. LABOR DAY in Pennsylvania is the first Saturday in September.

Tur living skeletons in the dime museums are said to be organizing. THE silver panie has caused much distress

among the laboring classes in Kansas. THE English miners refused to either accept a reduction or submit to arbitration, Lowell (Mass.) spinners are paid lower wages than prevail in any other New England

A FAIR estimate shows that 4,000,000 people live from wages paid out by railroad companies. CEMENT laborers of a New York union who

worked on the picnic day have been fined day's pay.

Public improvements are proposed at Denver, Col., to supply work for the horde of unemployed. TRAMP miners from Colorado state that the suffering there is terrible and that authori-

ties are suppressing the facts. THE New Zealand Labor Bureau jurnishes railroad passes and restaurant coupons good for lodging to the unemployed.

THE agricultural distress in England consequent on the failure of the crops is felt by nearly twenty thousand laborers.

WHEN a railroad employe is examined he must distinguish between a dozen different colors as a test for color-blindness.

THE San Francisco Anti-Dive League has refused to aid in securing work the 1500 girls thrown out of employment by their crusade. Wages in all occupations have been cut at Denver, Col., without any trouble. Now business men demand that rents shall be re-

THE American Railway Union, powerful though recently organized, has issued a cir-cular declaring, among other things, that it will seek redress for existing evils through politics.

THE American Line of steamships has adopted the policy of employing Japanese servants almost entirely. They are said to be a hardy class, far superior to the average

Last summer plenty of fruit pickers were to be had in New Jersey for \$1.25 a day. This year every available man has been engaged for \$1.50 to \$2 a day, and in some instances at higher rates.

STATISTICS show that the iron miners employed in the State of Michigan-by no means one of the lurgest producers of that metalare just about as numerous as the silver miners of Colorado, and that the value of what they produce in a year is exactly the

TO COVER CRIME.

A Father Suspected of Murdering His Wife and Two Little Girls.

The South Side Fire Department, Pittsburg. Penn., was called out at 2 o'clock a. m. to extinguish a slight fire in the house of John Smans, who lived on Oak alley on the side of the hill. The men had no difficulty in extinguishing it. Some of the mem bers of the department, in looking about the house, found three dead bodies. They were those of Smaus's wife and his two children, Mary, aged four, and Maggie, aged two. There were three deep dents in the woman's

Smaus was at once surrounded by the fire men, and the police were sent for. He told a story to the effect that he had been sleeping on the floor down stairs, but was awakened by smoke and ran up stairs to extinguish the flames. It was then, he said, that he first dis-covered the dead bodies of his wife and two children. The police, however, have a different idea of the crime, and at once placed Smaus under arrest. They were con-fident a triple murder had been committed, and say that the murderer set fire to the house to conceal the crime. Smaus is a laborer, thirty-five years of age, and ap-parently very ignorant.

parently very ignorant.

The family consisted of four children and the parents. A boy, eight years old, and a thirteen-weeks'-old infant were uninjured, but were left in the building after it bad been set on fire. The family has occupied the miserable quarters about three years. Quarrels have been so frequent that the neighbors gave them little attention.

On the floor were two hammers covered

with blood, a broken lamp, and blood on nearly every piece of furniture and every foot of the floor. The room was in terrible disorder, showing that a desperate took place between the murderer and Mrs.

It is reported that the boy told the police that his father killed his mother. "He hit her on the head three times with the hatchet," sobbed the little fellow. Neighbors think jealousy was the cause of the deed.

A MOTHER'S DOUBLE CRIME. Cut Her Baby's Throat With a Razor and Then Cut Her Own.

In Clarence Centre, N. Y., Mrs. Henry Maybach, twenty-seven years of age, cut her throat with her husband's razor and cut the throat of her seven-months' old girl baby. Maybach is a harness maker, and is a thrifty young man with a good business and con-siderable property. His wife was a handsome woman, accomplished, and a general favorite in the village. They had two children, a girl of three years old and the baby. For several days the baby had been teething and very fretful and in poor health, and the mother had been greatly concerned for it,

At about 3 o'clock, a. m., while a heavy thunder storm was in progress, Mrs. Maybach awakened her husband to assist her with the awakened her husband to assist her with the baby. It was only restless, and a few minutes afterward Maybach fell asleep again, supposing his wife was sleeping also. About an hour later he was awakened by groans, and sprang out of bed just in time to see his wife running out of the door into the street with blood gushing from a great gash in her throat. Looking for the baby he found it in the baby carriage with its throat cut from ear to ear. He followed his wife into the street, where he found her with the razor still in her hand, but se weak from the loss of blood that she was beyond recovery. She of blood that she was beyond recovery. She died an hour later. The baby was also dead. The woman left a note saying that she feared that her baby was going to die, and that she could not bear to live without it, and asking that all of her property be given to her little three-year-old daughter.

It is reported that the great American lunch basket has come near knocking the bottem out of the restaurant concessionaries at the World's Fair, and they threaten that unless the directory remit the twenty-five per cent, they are compelled to pay over to the management for their privileges, they will be compelled to close up altogether.

THE NATIONAL GAME.

PHILADELPHIA is baseball crazy. CHICAGO has tried eleven pitchers this

Fouring the ball frequently will weary the

DUFFY, of Boston, leads the League in number of base hits. DOYLE, of New York, is one of the best utility men in the League.

THE Baitimores won ten of their twelve games with the Brooklyns. SINCE Glasscock joined the Pittsburgs they have been winning steadily.

THE Brooklyns are worse off for pitchers than any of the League clubs. THE major League raid on the Southern

League is a wide-spread one. St. Louis has occupied every place in the League order this year excepting only the

THERE triple plays have been made in the eague this year by Pittsburg, Brooklyn and Baltimore

Wirn the double season this year the Philadelphias would have won the first championship. THE Boston-New York series is ended and

New Yorks have won only four of the twelve games. In Rusie, Baldwin and Germon the New forks have three as good pitchers as the

League boasts. DEAF-MUTE Hov, of Washington, has earned to say "you're rotten" with explosive force to umpires.

WHENEVER a player makes a home run on the Chicago grounds he is presented with a oox of chewing gum. GASTRIGHT, of Boston, holds the record of pitching out two clubs on two successive

days without a hit or a run. SHORTSTOP McGraw, of the Baltimores, is he youngest player in the National League. He is just twenty-three years old.

BASEBALL is in such high favor at Wellington, Kan., that the Mayor of the town makes an address at the beginning of the games. THE young players who are being engaged for the League are promising youngsters and are likely to give good accounts of

An ordinary two-base hit must be made by Milligan, of New York, every time he goes to bat in order to make certain of a clear title

to first base. Boston leads in runs, with Philadelphia second and New York third. Philadelphia leads in base hits, with New York a very close second.

Anson is not popular with Chicago spec tators, and he is often jeered and laughed at for some of the plays he makes, in which he s not as fast as many younger men.

THE Louisville Club has accepted the services of Third Baseman Denny, of Augusta, Ga. : Pitcher Cross and Outfielder McCarthy, Charleston, S. C., and Shortstop Miller of Nashville, Tenn.

New York's new man, Stafford, is one of the best all-round players in the profession. He can play any position, including pitcher and catcher, but his best place is the outfield. He is very fast on his feet and can do 100 yards as fast as any one in the profession.

McCarrey, the clever right fielder of the Boston Club, has a duty to perform with the team outside of batting and fielding. He has the position of "sign detective. From the start of the game McCarthy begins to study the opposing batteries to ferret out their signs. He is exceedingly clever in detecting battery signals, and if the pitcher and catcher of an opposing team are not "under cover" with their signs McCarthy will soon figure them out. His little system has helped Boston past the wire first on many occasions. engions.

RECORD OF THE LEAGUE CLUBS.

Cluts, Wom. Lost, et Clubs, Wom. Lost Boston..., 52 27 .658 St. Louis, 35 39 Philadel., 48 28 .632 New York, 36 41 Pittsburg, 45 32 .584 Baltimore, 33 43 Cleveland, 39 31 .557 Chicago, .32 43 Prockles, 39 37 513 Wash, no. Brooklyn, 39 37 .513 Washing n. 81 46 .403 Cincinnati 37 39 .487 Louisville .23 43 .348

PROMINENT PEOPLE.

HARRIET BEECHER STOWE'S twin daughters are maiden ladies nearly forty-three years

GEORGE VANDERBILT is going to have a \$25,000 tennis court at his North Carolina JUSTIME FIELD is the only Supreme Court

Justice remaining who sat in the famous electoral commission. THE Pope's physician says that the pontiff will live beyond the age of ninety. He is in

fine health for a man of his age. PRINCE MAX, the twenty-three-year-old son of Prince George, heir presumptive to the Saxon throne, has entered a monastery.

MISS EMILY LOUISE GERRY, of New Haven, Conn., who has been elected regent of the Society of the Daughters of the Revolution, is the last living child of a signer of the Declaration of Independence,

THE Rev. Ralph Swinburn, of Charleston, W. Va., is the oldest railroad man in this country. He was born near Newcastle on Tyne, England, August 4, 1805, and began to work on railroads in the year 1818.

THE Duke of Veragua in reply to a ques tion whether he would accept a fund scribed in America to tide him over his financial difficulties, said that he would accept as an honor the sympathy of the Amer-

Now that the Sioux chief Young-Man-Afraid-of-His-Horses is dead, it is time that the real name of this famous Indian should be known. The proper English translation of his long Sioux name is Young-Man-of-Whose-Horses-They-Are-Afraid.

PRESIDENT CARNOT, of the French Repub lic, who was unable to entertain much the past vinter on account of ill health, has decided to devote the sum of \$10,000, representing in part the sum he would otherwise have spent on entertainments, in gifts for charitable institutions and the poor

REV. JOEL SWARTZ, D. D., pastor of St. James's Lutheran Church, Gettysburg, Penn., who has 700 widely scattered members in his congregation, thinks nothing of doing his ten miles on a bicycle in prosecuting his pastoral duties, though he is seventy

The Maharajah of Kapurthala, whose wealth is as extensive as his name, is astonishing the people of New York, where he has stopped on his way to the World's Fair, by appearing in public wearing bracelets of pearls as large as pigeon's eggs and heavy necklaces of diamonds and emeralds. Otherwise he is a sensible young man.

The Rev. Thomas Mezley, who died a few days ago, was the oldest and best leader writer in the world. For many years he wrote the leading editorials of the London Times, and while this was known to only a small circle, the result was that he became one of the foremost men in England. Yet, during his long life he never signed his name

GENERAL DOMINIGO VASQUEZ, who is now the most prominent figure in Central America, owing to his position as commander-in-chief of the Government forces in Honduras, is a lawyer by profession and knew nothing of the trade of war until called to the front by the revolutionary uprising. His iron rule of the country has shown that he possesses genuine military conins. uine military genius.

The people of Berlin do not mean to allow people to suffer for lack of due preparation to meet disease in the coming summer—if money, carefully spent, can accomplish that desirable end. The authorities have appropriated no less than \$1,144,750 for the maintenance of hospitals and for public hygiene in the coming year—and the city has phenomenally clean streets.

CASUALTIES ON THE RAIL

A CHAIN OF FATAL AND DE-STRUCTIVE ACCIDENTS.

A Mail Train Derailed and Two Postal Clerks Killed-A World's Fair Excursion Wrecked and Thirty Passengers Injured - Freightmen Killed-Other Accidents.

A chain of railway casualties occurring on the same day in different parts of the country were characterized by the number of passengers injured and the vast amount of property destroyed rather than by the number of killed.

At 1.01 o'clock in the morning the first section of the mail train from Boston to New York on the Old Colony system of the N. Y., N. H. & H. was wrecked opposite Dodgeville Station, a suburb of boro, R. I. The train consisted Colony Engine No. 147, two United States mail cars, a baggage and several passenger corches. A freight train from Boston had passed through Attleboro at midnight and switched off some of the cars at Dodgeville, and one of them was left on the main track in the way of the mail train. The train approached the obstacle at the rate of thirty miles an hour and crashed into it before the engineer could reduce the speed of his train. The engine was completely demolished. A mail clerk, C. J. Miller, of Walton Falls, N. Y., was instantly killed, and another mail clerk, E. S. Murphy, was seriously injured. Several of the passengers were also injured.

The mixed train was in charge of Conductor Charles Keene and Engineer C. A. Bowen. The second section of the Baltimore and Ohio express, west-bound with World's Fair excursionists, was wrecked one mile exst of Munroe Falls, Ohio. Spreading of rails caused the wreck at a point where there is a short curve in the track. Five of the coaches, short curve in the track. Fire of the coaches, loaded with passengers, most of whom were on their way to Chicago, were thrown down a ten-foot embankment. Nobody was killed outright, but thirty were injured, five of them, it was thought, seriously. All of the maimed were taken to Akron by special train and sent to the city hospital. About a dozen doctors from Akron went down with them. A north bound freight train on the St. Louis, Chicago & St. Paul Bailroad, consist-

ing of eighteen local freight cars, crashed through a trestle near Reihl's Station, Mo., piling the entire train in a heap. Conductor W. E. Burreil, of Springfield, Ill., was instantly killed. Brakeman Charles Johnson and W. A. Clements, of Alton, and Walter Manning, of Springfield, were probably fatally injured.

A wreck occurred on the Ohio Vailey Bailroad about 12.30 o'clock, a. m., two miles from Morganfield, Ey. Freight train No. 92, consisting of an engine and six cars loaded with through freight, was ditched and afterward burned. Three lives were lost: Robert Vandorn, engineer; Frank Threikeld, fireman, and Marion Davis, head brakeman. Their bodies were burned to a

A terrible wreck occurred on the Southern Pacific seven miles east of Houston, Texas. An engine escaped from the yards without engineer or fireman and went dashing eastward. It crashed into the rear end of a freight train going in the same direction, smashing up thirty cars. Conductor Harrison and Brakeman Watson were killed.

PUEBLO SUBMERGED.

A Cloudburst on Pike's Peak Destroys Life and Property.

Publo, Col., has been overtaken by the greatest disaster in the history of the city, resulting in the loss of at least seven lives and the total destruction of an immense amount of property. The aggregate loss is not far from \$250,000.

the south side of Pike's Peak at 1 o'clock in the morning, sending a flood down numerous creeks and causing the Arkansas River to deluge the country through which it flows. The levees broke in three places and the flood poured into

Pueblo.

Over a hundred families were driven from their homes by the waters. A large brick building collapsed. The damage to buildings and stocks of goods amounts to \$250,000. A trestle on the Union Pacific Railroad a mile from the city was weakened by water, and a freight train plunged to the bottom of the canon. Engineer Henderson lies dead under the engine and Fireman Nye was fatal-

ly injured. TRIPLE TRAGEDY.

A Fight at a Tennessee Picnic Costs Three Lives.

Information has been received of a tragedy at Bon Aqua, Tenn., that caused the death of

There was a picnic at Bon Aqua, given by the young people of Warner, and during the picnic a fight occurred in which the three men were badly cut. One of these died almost instantly. His name was Yates. other whose name was unknown was fataily

The third person in the fight and the one who cut the two named above was William Redding, a young man of the highest stand-ing, and after the fight Redding disappeared and was thought to have gone to Nashville. However, word was received that the body of Redding had been found in the woods near the place where the cutting was done, he having died from his wounds.

TESTS WITH EMMENSITE.

It is Said to be Even More Efficient

Than Melinite. The ordnance officers of the United States Army are making some interesting tests of high explosives at Sandy Hook, N. J. Shells filled with gun cotton and with emmensite

were fired from the twelve-inch mortars.

were fired from the twelve-inch mortars.

The purpose was to demonstrate that this could be done without danger of explosion in the gun, and the tests were convincing upon that point.

The emmensite shell carried a bursting charge of eighty-seven pounds, and if the further trials that will be made to find a proper fuse are successful the Army and Navy will have secured an explosive even more efficient than the famed melinite of the more efficient than the famed melinite of the French artillery.

SUICIDES IN PARIS.

Over 8000 People Killed Themselves

in the French Capital Last Year. After an unprecedented delay the French Government has issued the official report of the Administration of Criminal Justice for

the year 1891. The chapter devoted to the subject of suicides gives the total number of acts of suicides gives the total number of acts of self-destruction as \$180, or twenty-one to every 100,000 inhabitants, an increase of twenty-five per cent, over 1881. Seventy-eight per cent, of the suicides are male, and hanging was chosen by over half of the total

STATISTICS just issued at Washington show that the United States, during the past six months, have exported less and imported more merchandise than for the correspond-

SABBATH SCHOOL

INTERNATIONAL LESSON FOR AUGUST 6.

Lesson Text "Paul at Miletus," Acts xx., 22-35 - Golden Text: Heb. xiii., 7

-Commentary.

22. "And now behold, I go bound in the spirit unto Jerusalem, not knowing the things that shall befall me there. "Last week we left Paul at Ephesus alone, his companions hav-ing gone to Macedonia. Then followed the uproar, after which Paul left Macedonia, went as far as Greece, tarried there three-months, then returned through Macedonia, and we now find him at Miletus on his way. to Jerusalem, hastening to be there if possi-ble by Pentecost (verse 16). Touching at Miletus on their homeward voyage, he sent, to Ephesus to have the elders come down to him, and our lesson to-day is his farewell to them. He reminds them of his manner of life among them and of his teaching. Doing must precede teaching. See Math. v., 19 Acts i., 14 Mark vi., 30, Josh. i., 8 Ez.

"Save that the Holy Ghost witnesseth in every city, saying bonds and afflictions abide me." While he did not know what particular events might befall him, he had a general knowledge that it would be as it had been, and even so to the end. It was in his commission that he should suffer (Acts ix., 16), and large foretastes had he already in the stoning at Lystra and the scouring and

imprisonment at Philippi.

24. "But none of these things move me, neither count I my life dear unto myself, so neither count I my life dear unto myself, so with low." that I might finish my course with joy." The ambitions of this servant of Christ may be seen in such passages as this in connection with I Cor. ii., 2; II Cor. v., 9; Phil. i. 20; Gal. vi., 14. To make known the gospell of grace, to make Christ known, through these bodies, to be in all things pleasing unto Him and have his service accepted of Him, these were his constant aim, and in these directions he exhorted his son Timothy (II Tim. ii., 3; iv., 15), and through his writings exhorts all believers.

25. "And now, behold, I know that ye all-among whom I have gone preaching the kingdom of God, shall see my face no more." In some way he knew that he would not meet them again till he should meet them at the judgment seat of Christ, and therefore he would speak to them the more earnestly and waste no time on vain words. we speak to people, even in ordinary con-versation, we felt that we might not meet them again in this world, we would be more apt to say something about Jesus and things

26. "Wherefore I take you to record this day that I am pure from the blood of all men," not only in the sense of having wronged, corrupted or defrauded no man (II Cor. vii. 2), but he had cleared himself of all responsibility in reference to their soul's salvation. If we, as the messengers of God faithfully declare His messages of salvation, then we are clear of the blood of those who hear, whether they believe or not. See Ezek. iii., 7-9, xxxiii., 17-19.

27. "For I have not shunned to declare unto you all the counsel of God." That which he had received of the Lord he had which he had received of the Lord he had made known unto them without diminishing a word (I Cor. xv. 3. Jer. xxvi., 2). He had kept back nothing (verse 29) through fear of man. He believed in his heart that it his was to please men he was not worthy to be called a servant of Christ (Gal. i., 10). So he lived and labored not as pleasing men. but God, who trieth our hearts (I Thess. ii., 4). What a needful word this is, "He that hath My word, let him speak My word faith.

ally" (Jer. xxiii., 28).

28. Take heed therefore unto yourselves. and to all the flock, over the which the Holy Ghost hath made you overseers, to feed the church of God, which He hath purchased with His own blood." One of the risen Christ's last words to Peter was a threefold exhortation to feed His sheep and lambs (John xxi., 15, 17), and Peter passes it on to us, saying, "Feed the flock of God which is among you" (I Pet. v., 2). Nothing can feed us but the word of God. The written word is full of Him who is the living word, and He Himself said, "He that eateth Me, even he

shall live by Me" (John vi., 57). 29. "For I know this, that after my departing shall grievous wolves enter in amo you, not sparing the flock." It was Paul's delight to maintain himself by his own labor that he might have to give to the needy things that he might have to give to the needy things temporal and spiritual. But there were and there are those who, professing to be shepherds, not only do not feed the flock, but take good care to live upon the flock—wolves in sheep's clothing (Math. vii., 15; x., 16).

30. "Also of your own selves shall men arise, speaking perverse things, to draw away disciples after them." It is one thing for a man to be accused of drawing people after him, while his whole aim is to point them to

man to be accused of drawing people after him, while his whole aim is to point them to Jesus (I Cor. iii., 4, 5). It is quite another matter for a man to live and labor for the sake of a following (Acts v., 36, 37). sake of a following (Acts v., 36, 37).

31. "Therefore watch and remember that by the space of three years I ceased not to warn every one night and day with tears." Woe be unto the pastors that destroy and scatter the sheep of My pasturage, saith the Lord (Jer. xxiit., 1). See also Ezek. xxxiv., 2. Prayerfully, tearfully and unceasingly had Paul labored for their souls' welfare, and as he foresaw the possibility of false teachers and souls ruined and lost his heart was

32. "And now, brethren, I commend you to God and to the word of His grace, which is able to build you up and to give you an ineritance among all them which are sancti-led." He knew that if they would only hold fast to the word of God they would not waver nor be led astray. The only safety then and now is "to the law and to the testimony. If they speak not according to this word, surely there is no morning for them" (Isa. viii., 20,

B. V.).

33. "I have coveted no man's silver or gold or apparel." He was not seeking theirs, but them. He wanted nothing from them, but he had something to give them. Though he was poor, yet he made many rich; though he seemed to have nothing, yet he possessed all things (I Cor. vi. 10). When any gove him gifts, he was especially glad for them, because it was just so much added to their account in heaven. account in heaven.
33. "Yea, ye yourselves know that these hands have ministered unto my necessities and to them that were with me." Therefore when the false teachers would come, seeking theirs and not them, only wanting to make

something out of them, not caring for their souls, they could say "Thus did not Paul. He never asked us for anything for himself." See further instruction upon this point in II See further instruction upon this point in II Thess, iii., 8.

35. "I have showed you all things, how that so laboring ye ought to support the weak, and to remember the words of the Lord Jesus, how He said, It is more blessed to give than to receive." It is not recorded that Jesus ever said just these words, so that possibly Paul has here given us some of the unrecorded words of Jesus. This principle, nowever, was certainly in His teaching and very prominent (Luke vi., 30, xiv., 13, 14).—Lesson Helper.

A VINCENNES woman "playfully" pointed a target rifle at her 16-yearold-daughter; the gun grasped the coveted opportunity, so to speak, and the poor girl is suffering with a wounded knee. Seems as if a woman old enough to have a 16-year-old

daughter ought to have more sense. It is often saddening to note how hard it is for some young men to keep their seats on horseback and how easy it is in a crowded car. - Washington Star.

It sometimes beeps us up in the world to fall in with the right man. -Boston Courier.