

A good way to tell when to use new milk from the cow is to bring a sample to a boil and if it curdles then do not use it, but if it remains limpid it is all right. This test should be used always before sending milk to the factory, though perhaps it is not so important when the milk is peddled on a route, though this colostrum tends to save the milk in warm weather. - American Dairy-

APPLE BUTTER FOR MARKET.

Why do not farmers who have large amounts of apples that do not pay for drawing long distances to market try the plan of turning some of the surplus into but the farmer who has invested labor in this way is surer to get pay for it than he is for most of his work on the all. farm. As far as possible the farmer should put the product of his farm in the form where it will bring him most at some seasons into a factory he may be none the less prosperous .- New York Herald.

AN ELECTRIC INCUBATOR.

machine is that the heat of the egg by semi-tropical flowers. drawer is automatically regulated to the Fahrenheit an electric thermostat con- and light from the plants. nects a dry battery with an electro-mag- Another cause of spindling growth is the heat to escape through the open air thirty per cent. in the fuel used for heat- the plants will thrive and be sturdy. ing .- Boston Transcript.

COWS IN WINTER.

Feed to a considerable extent determines the quality and quantity of the milk and butter. It does not pay to keep a cow on half rations and hardly get a good milking at any time during the winter. In most cases both the milk and butter are of more value during the winter than at any other time, and rooms. generally enough more to make it worth while to give the cows good treatment during the winter. They must be fed enough to live, at least, and they ought to have enough to keep them thrifty, as there is no advantage in letting them there is no advantage in letting them run down during the winter and then be obliged to take the best part of the spring to make up what has been lost. A little additional feed will not only keep them thrifty, but in many cases insure a good flow of milk, and this implies a profit rather than a loss, as is so often the case when the cows are fed on the plau of barely keeping them alive through the winter.—St. Louis Repub-

THE CISTERN RESOURCE.

"How much will your cistern hold?" I asked a friend, relates Hollister Sage. "Oh, half a dozen hogsheads or more. It cost me \$20." Twenty dollars for an unfailing supply of water which is never contaminated by soil-leachings! Cheap enough if the cistern be well made and lasts for twenty years, a reasonable time frequently exceeded. How many farms are considered almost worthless because poorly watered, and if one or more cisterns were put in-the work can be done by any farmer-drouths would be tided over and no trouble made. I have now in mind a place where the only source of supply is a well which fails on the first provocation. It is offered low. called "children of the light woven from Another place near it, and also poorly sunny air." watered, has a spacious cistern under a barn, kept full by its roof, and although the farmhouse has been burned, the place is still held at over \$100 per acre. A lane leads from the pasture to the farmyard, where a trough 1s, kept full constantly by use of a pump. The thirsty herd comes up for food and shelter. In the West, even in many cities, cistern water gives the sole supply. The cleanly house-owner pumps dry his supply reservoir and has it cleaned thoroughly before the autumn or April rains begin. As soon as this is done the cistern is allowed to fill, closed tightly and kept so for the year. Fresh, copious water of apring lasts until the earth is sprinkled, the fall dust laid and all the leaves blown away, when, if the supply be short, the great distillery of the heavens is again allowed to pour in a sufficiency .- New York Tribune.

PLANTS FOR WINTER.

The fall is the time for preparing those plants that are chosen to brighten the home with leafage and bloom during the winter. The first point to be considered is the choice of the plants. Young breathing plants are always to be preferred rather than those that are exhausted with blossoming during the summer. It seems almost heartless to leave tall, thrifty plants to the mercy of the frosts, but not only their prolonged blossoming has weakened them, but their rapid growth under summer suns has rendered them less hardy. Feeble plants should never be taken into the window garden unless it be to save some

garden earth and leaf mold mixed into the oven, and bake it half an hour.

This will kill all insects, and when the earth is cool is is ready to use. Cut off all water-soaked roots, and then press the earth firmly around the plants, using always the common red earthen pots with separate saucers for each pot.

Keep repotted plants in a shady place for a week or so, until the roots are well settled in their new homes. Do not let these plants bloom for a month or two, but pinch off all buds, that the strength of the plant may be concentrated in the roots, in order to produce a new, vigorous growth of branches.

In choosing the windows for plants during the winter those with gay-colored blossoms need all the sunlight they can apple butter? It requires considerable have, and for them a south window is labor, as it is a branch of manufacture; the best. A southeast window is the next most desirable, then a western

There are a few plants, like pansies, primulas and cornelias, that like the shade and thrive in northern light, and a northmoney, and if he thereby turns his farm ern window is useful to place blooming plants in from time to time, thus prolonging the short life of the sprays of flowers.

The best success in indoor plant growth comes from a uniform temperature of A novelty in the hatching of eggs has fifty to sixty degrees at night and from appeared in the shape of an electric in- sixty to seventy-five degrees during the cubator. The special feature of this day. A higher temperature is only needed

Plants not only need a cooler temperafiftieth part of a degree Fahrenheit. It ture in the night, but also darkness, and consists of a tank incubator, heated by it is neglect of this fact that is one of radiation from the bottom of a water the causes of the lanky growth of house tank, which is constructed on the multi-tubular system. When the egg drawer in the evening if the gas in the room is reaches the temperature of 104 degrees lighted. The paper will keep both heat

net which actuates a damper, allowing lack of air. Plants shut up in the house get sensitive, and are liable to suffer if instead of passing through the flues of there is a sudden fall in temperature, the water tank. This entirely automatic device is said to effect a saving of daily, unless the day is very inclement,

Do not open a window directly on plants in winter weather, but rather let the fresh air filter in more gradually through a distant door or window.

Plants in windows should be turned once or twice a week. A fine form, which is half the beauty of a plant, cannot be attained without this. Plants should also be shielded from the dust which arises in sweeping and dusting

A newspaper is suitable to prevent the settling of dust over them, but this care grow if their means of inhaling carbon and exhaling oxygen is taken from them. Showering plants over a tub or sink is a good way to remove dust, but hold the plant sidewise, so both sides of the leaves will be reached by the water. Large plants which cannot be easily moved should have their leaves washed gently with a sponge on both sides .--Boston Globe.

FARM AND GARDEN NOTES.

Hens that are crowded will not lay. Hens will not lay when shivering with

Do not change all the old hens for

young pullets. Dispose of any old hens you do not

wish to winter.

The size of the sheep should be gaged to suit the pastures. Cornmeal and bran with milk is a

good feed for ducks. The manure from the pig is valuable

in proportion to the food consumed. Use nothing but pure bred males, no matter how your flocks may be made up. Fruits and flowers have been rightly

Bear in mind that the sooner the hens pass the moulting season the sooner they begin laying.

Do not risk too many flocks together. Small flocks carefully tended will give the best results.

You cannot afford to buy all your home supplies, no matter how big crops you grow to sell.

No one can afford to buy manure until he has first made use of every pound produced at home. A small herd of cattle well fed will

pay better than a large one that just 'pulls through." Young hens and the early pullets will bring more money now than as "old

roosters" next spring. During the winter it is quite an item to arrange so that the fowls can have as much sunlight as possible.

What is a good sheep? It all depends on what the sheep is wanted for and the man who takes care of it.

Stick to the breed that you have done well with. Improve and build it up rather than let it fall back.

When a sheepman finds occasion for grumbling it would be well to quit the business and try something else. Give the young pigs plenty of succulent food. A slop made of bran and

potatoes makes an excellent, food. No mercy should be shown to the dog that rushes out and barks at a passing team. He should be shot at sight.

Using ewes that have borne twin favorite species.

Examine the earth carefully and see that it is free from insects and grubs. It is a good plan to put panfuls of loamy ficiency of the flocks.

The last year has been the most prosperous of the Sixty-five years of The Companion's history. It has now over 550,000 subscribers. This support enables it to provide more lavishly than ever for 1893. Only a partial list of Authors, Stories and Articles can be given here.

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Military Baltooning.

Most people will remember the unlucky fate of M. Eugene Turpin, the well-known French scientific man who invented melinite-that terrible explosive-and who about twelve months ago was sentenced by a military court to five years' imprisonment, in connection with the trials for treason instituted by the

Ministry of War. Turpin accepted his fate uncomplainingly and it appears that he has been at work, so far as the prison regulations would allow, since his conviction. He is at present in a house of detention at Etampes, where he is allowed pretty large liberty for studying military science and aeronautics. He is even allowed to write to the papers, and a recent journal expresses a regret that valuable discoveries such as Turpin claims to have made should be dated from between prison

Among other things, he professes to have at last solved the difficult problem of aerial navigation by the construction of a balloon which can be guided ac . cording to the will of the occupant. He hopes to attain a speed of forty kilometres an hour.

In another field of aerostatics-pamely, ilitary ballooning-the imprisoned engineer has been studying an apparatus for making pure hydrogen gas, which will require only one-ninth part of the machinery now in use-an important consideration when on the march.

A new fuse for shells when used at sea, which prevents the projectiles from exploding from ricochets on the water, is also among the inventions to which Turpin has devoted much time.—New

France has imposed a tax on traveling

Cats Are Independent Animals.

The cat's spirit of independence, indeed, is the most distinct characteristic of her nature. As Mine. de Custine rightly said, the cat's great difference from, and, according to her sentiments, superiority to, the dog lies in her calm insistence on selection which invariably accompanies her apparent docility. To the dog proprietorship is mastership; he knows his home, and he recognizes without question the man who has paid for, feeds and, on occasions, kicks him with all the easy familiarity of ownership. He follows that man undoubting and unnoticed, grateful for a word, even thankful for an oath. But the cat is a creature of a very different stamp. She will not even stoop to conquer, nor be tempted out of her nature by offers of reward. She absolutely declines instruction; pay, even persuasion is lost upon her for any permanent effect it may be designed to have. You may be the

Gooseberry Rats.

legal possessor of a cat, but you cannot

govern her affections .- Henriette Ron-

G. Reade, in the Zoologist, says that the ripe gooseberries in his gardea were disappearing very rapidly this year, and he supposed that the mischiel was being done by blackbirds. However, his attention was called to a large rat taking the berries off with his mouth and dropping them to other rats below. Presently another climbed the tree and helped to gather the berries. In a little time both came down each with a berry in its mouth, having a curious appearance. Mr. Reade saw the performance several times repeated. Then he placed a wire cage under the tree, and in three days caught nine of the intruders.

The sardine factories at Eastport, Me. consumes 8000 barrels of cottonseed oil in a season in the process of turning small herring into imported French sar-

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