

VETERANS OF THE U. S. A. R.

Twenty-sixth Annual Encampment at Washington.

A. G. WEISSERT CHOSEN COMMANDER.

A Resolution of Sympathy with Comrade Harrison—Adjutant General Phisterer's Report Claims a Gain of Twelve Hundred—To Meet Next Year in Indianapolis.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 23.—The Grand Army encampment is a representative body composed of 1,147 delegates, one chosen from each of the various departments, others allotted on the basis of membership of the departments and others still members of the encampment by virtue of present or past office in the national organization.

After General Palmer had read his annual address at the opening session yesterday the usual reports were submitted. John Taylor, quartermaster general, reported receipts \$35,960.77, expenditures \$30,216.08, balance on hand \$5,744.69.



COLONEL A. G. WEISSERT.

548.79. Assets, including United States bonds and supplies, \$29,153.35. The grant-in-aid amounts to \$11,578.82, of which \$226.66 was received since the last encampment.

The report of Inspector General John F. Pratt contained the following summary of the condition of the Grand Army at latest receipt of reports and statistics from department inspectors: Total number of posts, 7,630; total number of posts in good standing, 391,509; number of muskets owned by posts, 30,058; number of posts having rifle funds, 2,698; total amount of relief funds, \$176,595; total amount expended for relief, \$310,448; total amount of post funds in hands of quartermasters, \$839,370; total amount of property other than in quartermasters' hands and relief funds owned by posts, \$1,342,183; total membership in good standing, 409,446.

Adjutant General Phisterer's report shows for the past year a gain of 229 in the number of the posts, making the total number 7,668. During the calendar year there was a gain in membership of 54,401; but the losses were 96,109, leaving the number of members in good standing Dec. 31 last, 408,781, an apparent loss of 1,708. This loss is said to be apparent, because in one department it was found that nearly 3,000 had been added without authority, and the returns previously made were incorrect, so that there was actually a gain of about 1,200 in the total strength of the organization.

During the year the deaths numbered 6,404; honorably discharged, 1,829; transfers, 9,469; suspensions, 34,357; dishonorable discharges, 467; delinquents, 13,382. Governor Chase, of Indiana, ex-department commander, asked the encampment to determine the location of the encampment of 1893, as he was compelled to leave the city. He presented the name of Indianapolis.

On motion of a delegate from Ohio the encampment by acclamation accepted the invitation from Indianapolis, without waiting to hear further in regard to it, or for any other city to be named. The date of the meeting will be fixed by the council of administration after conference with the citizens.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 23.—The second day's session of the Grand Army national encampment was the principal event of the day, and the selection of a commander-in-chief for the coming year the principal work of the encampment. The choice of the delegates for the successor to Commander-in-Chief Palmer was practically a foregone conclusion, Captain Weissert, of Wisconsin, being the man.

Comrade R. H. Warfield, of San Francisco, was elected senior vice commander-in-chief and Peter B. Ayers, of Delaware, junior vice commander-in-chief.

With many cheers for the most harmonious meeting in the history of the order the encampment at 5 o'clock last evening adjourned to meet in Indianapolis in 1893.

Hugh O'Donnell in Jail.

PITTSBURGH, Pa., Sept. 26.—Judge Porter refused to release Hugh O'Donnell on bail, and the strike leader must remain in prison until his trial for murder. The action of the court was a stunning blow to O'Donnell and the Homesteaders. Judge Porter said that the evidence against him was too direct to permit the prisoner to leave jail. The Carnegie company to-day paid its non-union men at Homestead \$60,000 for their month's wages. The old pay roll only amounted to \$80,000.

NOTABLE DEATHS.

St. Louis, Sept. 26.—Patrick Sarsfield Gilmore, the noted bandmaster and leader of the Gilmore's band, died very suddenly here on Saturday night. Mr. Gilmore's death was caused by heart disease, due to indigestion.

PEEKSKILL, N. Y., Sept. 26.—General James W. Husted died at his residence in this village at 8:15 last evening. General Husted was taken ill on his way to the Republican convention in June last. Mr. Husted was one of the best known Republican politicians in New York state.

SANDUSKY, O., Sept. 24.—General John Pope died late last night at the Soldier's home. He was born in Louisville, Ky., in 1822, and was graduated from the West Point military academy at the age of 20. He served in Florida and took part in the Mexican war. When the civil war broke out he was made a brigadier general of volunteers. He was brevetted major general in the spring of 1865, and advanced to the full rank in October, 1862.

PENNSYLVANIA POINTERS.

READING, Pa., Sept. 26.—William Hollister, a hack driver, proposed marriage to Miss Maggie Hazerty and was refused. He then drew a revolver and fired a bullet near his heart, and will probably die.

POTTSVILLE, Pa., Sept. 27.—Clarence Messerschmidt, a carpenter, was blown off the roof of a house by the high wind and had his legs broken and was injured internally so bad that his recovery is doubtful.

BRADFORD, Pa., Sept. 25.—A special to The Era from St. Petersburg Pa., says: The opera house was struck by lightning at 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon. The flames spread and burned the entire business portion of the town. Thirty-two buildings in all were burned. Loss not stated.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., Sept. 24.—Nicholas Helel, of Hazleton, was last night stabbed by three drunken men and died almost instantly. The murderers, whose names cannot be ascertained, were arrested. Michael Wrich, of Sikeston, Pa., was murdered here yesterday and his body placed on the railroad track.

ALTOONA, Pa., Sept. 24.—Word was received yesterday of the death of Mrs. Elizabeth Stanton, at her home in Patton township, Center county, the oldest person in Pennsylvania. She was 117 years old. Her maiden name was Elizabeth Jamison, and she was born in the spring of 1775, in Lancaster county.

EASTON, Pa., Sept. 26.—When Amos J. Creamer died recently it was found that his will bequeathed his entire estate, valued at not less than \$40,000, to Miss Ida W. Sivago, of this place. Creamer was a bachelor, and Miss Sivago had on several occasions done him a kindness. Creamer's relatives, who live in Warren county, N. J., will contest the will.

CHESTER, Pa., Sept. 27.—Jacob Knapp, aged 54 years, of Philadelphia, was killed yesterday while attempting to board a Philadelphia, Wilmington and Baltimore railroad train. William Reeder, of Northeast, Md., employed as a carpenter at the Lamokin Car works, was struck by a runaway horse and injured so badly that he died shortly afterward.

FRANKLIN, Pa., Sept. 28.—A man giving his name as Amos Redmond, of Mercer, Pa., was caught by a section foreman placing ties on the Lake Shore track in a small ravine near Waterloo. He was brought to this city, given a hearing, and in default of \$1,000 bail was sent to jail. Redmond was put off a train at Pottsville because he could not pay his fare.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 27.—The Gentlemen of Ireland have practically won the first match in the cricket series with the All Philadelphia eleven at Manheim. The visitors yesterday finished their second innings, and, owing to the wretched fielding of the local players, rolled up 239 runs. Play was resumed this morning, and Philadelphia will have to score 216 runs to win an apparent impossibility.

HOMESTEAD, Pa., Sept. 24.—Detectives who have been trying to locate the arms taken from the Pinkertons on the day of the riot, July 6, traced the weapons to a coal mine near Munhall station, above here. The detectives made a raid on the mine, but the expected arms were not to be found. They learned the arms were removed a day or two ago. They claim to know the parties implicated in their removal and a sensation is promised soon.

DOYLESTOWN, Pa., Sept. 26.—William L. Robinson, colored, was sentenced to the penitentiary for twelve years for murder in the second degree. Robinson was a farm hand employed by Legrand Leas, in Upper Merion, and on the night of June 11 fatally stabbed Charles McCarthy on the canal bridge at Yardley. The victim was found dead in the hallway of the Odd Fellows' Hall, the next morning. The prisoner made no denial of the stabbing.

UNIONTOWN, Pa., Sept. 26.—Albert Cooley, a brother of the outlaw leader, Frank Cooley, was called before Judge Ingraham for sentence, having been convicted in the criminal court of stabbing Henry Kyle in 1873. His attorney urged that the allegation that Albert had been keeping the Cooley gang posted was untrue. Numerous signed petitions for and against clemency were presented to the court, but the judge stated that the case was not a proper one for suspension of sentence, and gave Cooley eighteen months in the penitentiary.

HARRISBURG, Sept. 27.—A frightful accident occurred at Steelton, three miles from this city, yesterday. A large ladle in the Pennsylvania Steel works, filled with molten metal, exploded and the hot mass was thrown over a number of workmen. Anton Kroppis, of Steelton, had his eyes burned out and five other workmen were badly burned. Several of whom may die. Buildings were shaken at Oberlin, a mile distant, and large plate glass windows were shattered in Steelton by the explosion. The shock resembled an earthquake disturbance.

READING, Pa., Sept. 27.—Specials received here show that the electrical storm of Sunday was the most disastrous ever experienced in eastern Pennsylvania. The destruction of property was extensive. About forty barns were struck by lightning, and eighteen of them burned in this and adjoining counties. Six dwellings were also destroyed and many damaged. Over thirty cows and horses were killed. Farmers coming in from eastern Lancaster county say that hundreds of families in the Conestoga valley were terror stricken and afraid to go to bed.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., Sept. 24.—Edwin Grundy, mine boss at Mapleton and Phoenix mines, was instantly killed by his wife at their residence, near Osceola. Grundy returned home drunk about midnight and drove his family out of the house, following his wife into the orchard and thence back into the house. His wife secured a gun under the bed and had a pistol in her bosom. As Grundy entered he blew out the light and made an attempt to take the pistol from his wife. In her effort to throw the pistol away it was discharged, the ball entering her husband's brain and killing him instantly.

EASTON, Pa., Sept. 27.—Isaac Workheiser and Edward Martin, brothers-in-law, were drowned in the Delaware river, at this place, yesterday. The men were engaged in hauling stone from "Flat Rock" to repair Wilson's dam. Suddenly the boat overturned and the men and its contents were dumped into the river. Workheiser and Martin struggled in the rough water for some time and then sank. William Rockafellow, another occupant, was rescued, although he was completely exhausted in trying to save his companions. Their bodies have not yet been recovered. Workheiser was 35 years old and unmarried, while Martin leaves a wife and two children.

RAILROAD DISASTERS.

Twenty-three Killed in Three Accidents. Robbers Cause One of Them.

MASON CITY, Ia., Sept. 26.—Seven dead and three injured is the result of a railroad wreck which occurred at New Hampton. A construction crew had been at work on the main line of the Chicago Great Western replacing rails, and they were ordered out from Emma to work south on the road. About 10 a. m. they pulled into New Hampton on the main track and stopped to do some work. The through freight was due at the latter point at 10.15.

The train was going at the rate of about thirty miles an hour. When within about ten rods of the caboose of the construction train the freight engineer saw the peril confronting him and yelled to his firemen to jump. He reversed the lever and both left the engine. It was just in time to save their lives, for a moment later the engine smashed into the caboose, fairly splitting it in two, and engine, caboose and three freight cars were piled up in a promiscuous mass. The engine was buried in three feet of earth. In the caboose of the construction train were at least twelve persons, and six of these were killed outright, one has since died, three are dangerously injured and two are unaccounted for.

WOOSTER, O., Sept. 22.—The Chicago express train crashed into a freight train on the Fort Wayne road at Shreve, O. Twelve people were killed outright, three seriously injured and others slightly hurt.

The express was approaching at full speed, when the freight, which had been lying on a siding, suddenly pulled out to the main track in front of it. Before either train could stop they had collided.

The wrecked cars were totally destroyed by fire. One coach and the sleeping cars on the express train were not wrecked and escaped the flames.

TOPEKA, Kan., Sept. 22.—Passenger train No. 8, on the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe road, was wrecked by robbers three miles west of Osage City. The baggage, express and mail cars, two day coaches and two chair cars were thrown over an embankment three feet high and the first six cars telescoped. Four persons were killed outright and twenty were seriously injured. In the express car was \$1,000,000 in specie which was being taken to New York. Of the four killed three were express messengers and one a fireman. A reward of \$1,000 is offered for the arrest of the miscreants.

COLONEL CANADAY'S SUICIDE

Tragic Death of an ex-Official of the United States Senate.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 28.—Colonel W. P. Canaday, ex-sergeant-at-arms of the United States senate, committed suicide yesterday by shooting himself in his room, No. 712 Tenth street, N. W. Since his retirement from the senate Colonel Canaday had been engaged in the general brokerage business in partnership with J. Q. A. Houghton, who furnished the financial resources of the firm. Since his connection with Canaday, Mr. Houghton said he had invested \$17,000 in the business, \$2,000 of which he had placed in the name of which Canaday had the combination, on Monday night.

Yesterday morning Canaday was found in his office, tied with a slender hemp string and loosely gagged. On being cut loose he said that three negroes had broken into the office and, after compelling him to unlock the safe, had bound and gagged him. He said that they had taken the money from the safe and had destroyed Mr. Houghton's papers. Mr. Houghton, who arrived at the office shortly after Canaday was found, expressed doubt as to the accuracy of the story, and went at once to inform the police.

On his return with an officer to serve the warrant he had sworn out he found Canaday lying on a cot in an inner room with his brains blown out. The cot was drenched with blood, and the suicide held a revolver in his hand. A note signed by Canaday and addressed to Houghton was found on one of the desks. It stated that Canaday, after the doubt Houghton had expressed as to the alleged robbery, had "no further use for life."

Five New Cholera Cases.

QUARANTINE, Sept. 28.—The development of cholera on board the steamship Bohemia, the last but one of the Hamburg ships left in the lower bay, caused a stir among the health department officials. Four children and one man were transferred from the vessel to Swinburne Island. One of them, Stanislaus Micharski, aged 8, died yesterday afternoon. Drs. Jenkins and Sternberg say that the five cases above noted are certainly cholera. The Bohemia's passengers will this afternoon be taken from the ship and landed on Hoffman Island. Among them are 160 children.

Afro-American Editors Meet.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 28.—The Afro-American Press association, which includes editors and publishers of newspapers devoted to the advancement of the colored race from all parts of the United States, met in annual session yesterday in the common council chamber. President Mitchell, in an address, said that the editors would make a "Declaration of Independence here. There should be more co-operation among the negroes of the south, but that they would fight it out there with the ballot, or if necessary with the bullet."

The New Iron Hall.

BALTIMORE, Sept. 28.—The Iron Hall of Baltimore City, as a result of the recent convention, filed articles of incorporation in the record office yesterday. Solon Fisher, Florence Miller, Freeman B. Somerby, Amos Hosmer, John H. Clougherty and fifty-eight others are the incorporators. The cities of Baltimore, Chicago, Portland, Jersey City, Brooklyn, St. Louis, Cleveland, Vineland, N. J., Cambridgeport, Hyde Park and Boston are represented in the list of incorporators.

No Gambling in New York.

NEW YORK, Sept. 28.—A representative of the United Press has made a tour of the gambling house districts in this city and reports that all games are closed. A number of leading fare bank proprietors declared when interviewed that the order to "close up shop" was issued several days ago, and was obeyed at once. Politics is responsible for this movement, they added.

Russell Unanimously Renominated.

BOSTON, Sept. 28.—The Democratic state convention was held in Tremont Temple yesterday. Congressman O'Neill named Governor Russell to succeed himself. At the close of Mr. O'Neill's speech there was tremendous applause, and there was a wild uproar the renomination of Hon. W. E. Russell for governor was unanimously carried.

Don't Get Ill.

Look out when you see an offer to sell clothing at "half price." "Less than cost." "50 cents on the dollar" and all that sort of thing. In 999 cases out of 1000 it means shoddy. Clothiers do not advertise for people to come in and buy at figures that make every sale a positive loss. This class of advertising simply means that a dealer has picked up a lot of "off goods" so poor so cheap, miserable and worthless that they can be sold at good profits for much less than any decent suit can be retailed at. You will not find a bargain in sales of this kind in a hundred years. When you want a genuine bargain come to us and get a genuine first-class suit at a genuine low price, which is a price that represents the solid worth and wear to you for every cent you put into it. Come to us for trustworthy clothing at trustworthy prices and your purchase will be a trustworthy bargain every time.

SAMUEL LEWIN,
The Leading Clothier.

It is a condition and not a theory that confronts the republican party. New England is trembling in the balance and the entire west is in open revolt. Nothing short of a miracle can save them from utter annihilation in November.

ACHENBACH'S

Dining Parlor

ON BISHOP ST.,
Bellefonte, - Penna.

Mr. B. C. Achenbach, Bellefonte's famous baker and caterer, has opened a first class Restaurant in connection with his present business. Prepared to serve at all hours.

Oysters in All Styles,
Hot Coffee and Lunch,
Ice Cream, Cake, etc.

Ladies and Gentlemen will find Achenbach's Dining Parlor well provided for the season. Everything bright, clean and inviting and a desirable place to call.

What is the Electropoise?

and What Will it Do?

The Electropoise has been in use for four years, and is well known in some sections of the United States, but there are a great many sufferers who have never heard the name. Those who have heard of it and seen something of its wonderful power, are curious to know how an instrument so small and so simple can accomplish cures so great. Now, while the Electropoise is very wonderful, it is not at all mysterious. Its operation falls in with what we know of science, and any one at all familiar with the simplest facts of biology and physics can understand it.

IT OPERATES—The way in which the Electropoise accomplishes its cures is very simple and natural. It consists of a positive, which is connected by a woven wire cord with a small plate and garter. This plate is immersed in cold water, or put on ice. The plate at the other end of the cord is attached to the arm of the patient, generally at the index finger. From the inherent nature of this polarizer it becomes negatively charged. By the well-known laws of induction, the plate, and with it the body of the patient, becomes positively charged. The body thereby becomes a centre of attraction for negative bodies. Oxygen is evolved from the water in the nature. Hence the body, bathed in the atmosphere, drinks in the life-giving oxygen every pore. Every process of life is thereby quickened. The temperature rises, the pulse throbs, the skin tingles with new life; every organ acts with renewed vigor, and all the poisonous products of the body are thrown off with ease.

That quickened change of matter which oxygen produces throughout the system, is accompanied by a largely increased genesis of nerve force. Organs half dead and stagnant are born again, and begin to perform their wonted functions. The organs of the external senses, the organs of reproduction—all these throw off their derangement and weakness, and even the disordered intellect is oftentimes restored. In the case of the patient is asleep, but may be applied, of course, at any time, and to several persons during the twenty-four hours. It will last a lifetime, never wears out nor loses its strength, never needs mending nor recharging.

One in each family will render that family largely independent of doctors and druggists, and thus will save every year many times the small cost.

NOT AN ELECTRICAL APPLIANCE

The Electropoise is not in any way akin to the numerous electrical appliances, such as belts, insoles, corsets, shields, etc., palmed off upon the public by the unscrupulous quackery of the current, nor means of conducting one. It acts upon well known biological principles, and is wholly independent of any of the senseless claims in this and other countries. It is pronounced by them in their practice. It is pronounced by them the greatest discovery in the history of medicine, and it does away with the use of medicines.

DIRECTIONS FOR USING—Accompanying each book of instructions fully explains its use. Its method of cure is so simple and free from danger, that the uninitiated and even children can use it with perfect ease and success.

Editorials in Boston Christian Witness and Advocate of Bible Holiness, September 3, 1891: "A method of treatment of disease without the use of any medicines or drugs, which has been quietly extending itself over all parts of the United States during the past three years with every gratifying result."

We are now to commend new discoveries of any kind, for the reason that so many of them prove to be worthless. But we can commend the Electropoise as a safe and effective health restorer. We do not pretend to explain the philosophy of its workings, but having realized its beneficial effects, we can speak of its results. About one year ago we recommended it to Bro. I. D. Ware, of Philadelphia, for his son, who was a great sufferer from Sciatica. He had sought relief in various ways and found none. He was almost helpless, and rapidly declining. The use of the Electropoise restored him to perfect health, and now, after nearly a year, he is rejoicing as one who has found great good. We have seen testimonials of most remarkable cures. This holds true of the Electropoise without solicitation, and entirely gratuitous. We do it for the good of the afflicted. We have no personal interest in it, and are not paid for what we say in its favor.

The following editorial in Central Methodist, Cincinnati, Ky., was written by Zephaniah Mick, D. D., Editor:

"Less than ten thousand men, mainly professional men, lawyers, doctors, editors, preachers, and all other classes, in America and Europe, are suffering from Sciatica, etc. treated with the most gratifying results. In the large majority of cases the cures have been speedy, but in some instances, and in long standing, chronic cases, you cannot expect speedy cures. We positively refuse to sell the Electropoise to business cases."

For book of testimonials, or for any information, send stamp or call at

Electropoise Treatment Company,
131 Arch Street,
PHILADELPHIA, PA.

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You can find anything and every thing kept by a first class furniture store. All grades and qualities of goods; the latest novelties in chairs, couches, etc. When in need of anything, be sure and visit Naginey's store; the prices will suit you.



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"TELL YOUR neighbor that he can get the CENTRE DEMOCRAT and Weekly World for three months for 40 cents. Try them."

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There's money in it. To act as our agent, full or part time as able. Permanent position guaranteed to men or women. Liberal pay weekly. Stock optional. Will give special attention to experience unnecessary. Elegant outfit free. Address: NURSEMYNERS, C. H. HAWKS & CO., 1-30 Established 1875. Rochester, N. Y.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of sundry writs of Fieri Facias issued out of the Court of Common Pleas and to me directed, there will be exposed to public sale at the Court House, in the Borough of Bellefonte, on

SATURDAY, THE 8TH DAY OF OCT., A. D. 1892, beginning at 1 o'clock p. m., the following described real estate:

All the right, title and interest of Chester Munson and all the coal and other minerals, with right to mine and ship in all those several parcels and tracts of land, situated in the township of Irish, county of Centre and State of Pennsylvania, one thereof bounded on the south and east by lands lately of Chester Munson, now Wm. F. Duncan, on the north by the Bellefonte Pike and on the west by lands of A. Calhoun and others, containing one acre more or less.

One other thereof bounded on the east by lands of Mrs. Seligson, on the north by lands of Casanova's heirs, on the west by lands of McClellan estate, and on the south by Bellefonte Pike, containing ten acres more or less.

One other thereof, beginning at post on line of the Bellefonte turnpike, adjoining lands of John Williamson, section south 141 perches to white oak south of Half Moon road, thence west along lands of Morgan, Hale & Co. 36 perches to a post, thence north along lands of Wm. F. Duncan about 141 perches to the line of the Bellefonte turnpike, thence by the Bellefonte turnpike south 25 degrees east 26 feet to the place of beginning, containing 32 acres more or less. Seized taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Chester Munson.

Also,

All that certain house and lot situate in the borough of Phillipsburg, Centre county, Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a post on Beaver street, thence by same street north east 50 feet to a post, thence at right angles south 50 feet to the line of lot No. 92, thence by land of lot No. 59 south west 50 feet to a post, thence at right angles north east 66 feet to the place of beginning, being a post of lot No. 92 in the general or plot of the borough of Phillipsburg. Thereon erected a two-story dwelling house and other outbuildings. Seized taken in execution and to be sold as the property of Walter Kiddle.

BALD EAGLE VALLEY.

WESTWARD.			EASTWARD.		
TRAVEL	ARRIVE	DEPART	TRAVEL	ARRIVE	DEPART
				NOV. 18, 1892.	
P. M.	A. M.	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
4:40	11:55	6:55			
6:20	11:45	8:48	Tyrone	7:55	10:25
7:05	11:38	9:43	E. Tyrone	8:02	10:37
8:25	11:30	10:49	Bald Eagle	8:10	10:41
9:10	11:22	11:33	Dix	8:15	10:49
10:00	11:14	12:24	Fowler	8:20	10:57
11:10	11:06	1:28	Hannals	8:25	11:05
12:00	10:58	2:24	Post Matilda	8:28	11:13
1:00	10:50	3:20	Martha	8:30	11:21
2:00	10:42	4:16	Julian	8:35	11:29
3:00	10:34	5:12	Unionville	8:40	11:37
4:00	10:26	6:08	Show Shoe Int	8:44	11:45
5:00	10:18	7:04	Bellefonte	8:48	11:53
6:00	10:10	8:00	Millsburg	8:52	12:01
7:00	10:02	8:56	Curtin	8:56	12:09
8:00	9:54	9:52	Wright	9:00	12:17
9:00	9:46	10:48	St. Eagle	9:04	12:25
10:00	9:38	11:44	Howard	9:08	12:33
11:00	9:30	12:40	Harveysville	9:12	12:41
12:00	9:22	1:36	Beech Creek	9:16	12:49
1:00	9:14	2:32	Mill Hill	9:20	12:57
2:00	9:06	3:28	Fleming	9:24	13:05
3:00	8:58	4:24	Lock Haven	9:28	13:13
4:00	8:50	5:20			

TERMS—No deed will be acknowledged until purchase money is paid in full.

W. A. ISHLER, Sheriff,
Sheriff's Office, Bellefonte, Pa.,
Sept. 13, 1892.

JAS. SCOFIELD

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OF PHILADELPHIA, Send their EYE SPECIALIST
To Bellefonte,
WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 19th.

He will be found at the BROCKERTHOFF HOUSE from 8.30 a. m. to 5 p. m.

Persons who have headache or whose eyes are causing discomfort should call upon their specialist, and they will receive intelligent and skillful attention. No charge to examine your eyes. Every pair of glasses ordered is guaranteed to be satisfactory.

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- 3.—CHEMISTRY; with an unusually full and thorough course in the Laboratory.
- 4.—CIVIL ENGINEERING; These are also included. MECHANICAL ENGINEERING; with very extensive practical exercises in the Field, the Shop and the Laboratory.
- 5.—HISTORY; Ancient and Modern, with original investigation.
- 6.—INDUSTRIAL ART and Design.
- 7.—LADIES' COURSE in LITERATURE and SCIENCE; Two years. Ample facilities for Music, voice and instrumental.
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- 9.—MATHEMATICS and ASTRONOMY; pure and applied.
- 10.—MECHANICAL ARTS; combining shop work with study, three years' course; new building and equipment.
- 11.—MENTAL, MORAL and POLITICAL SCIENCE; Constitutional Law and History, Political Economy, etc.
- 12.—MILITARY SCIENCE; instruction theoretical and practical, including each arm of the service.
- 13.—PREPARATORY DEPARTMENT; Two years—carefully graded and thorough.

Full term opens Sept. 14, 1892. Examinations for admission, June 16 and Sept. 13. Commencement week, June 12-15, 1892. For Catalogue or other information, address

W. W. ATTERTON, LL. D., President,
STATE COLLEGE, CENTRE CO.,
Nov. 10th, 1891.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

Nov. 10th, 1891.

VIA TYRONE—WESTWARD.
Leave Bellefonte 5.55 a. m., arrive at Tyrone 7.55 a. m., at Phillipsburg 12.30 p. m., at Harrisburg 10.25 a. m., arrive at Tyrone 11.50 a. m., at Pottsville 6.50 p. m., at Harrisburg 5.20 p. m., arrive at Tyrone 6.40, at Pottsville at 11.35.

VIA TYRONE—EASTWARD.
Leave Bellefonte 5.55 a. m., arrive at Tyrone 7.55 a. m., at Harrisburg 10.25 a. m., Philadelphia 1.25 p. m.
Leave Bellefonte 10.25 a. m., arrive at Tyrone 11.50 a. m., at Harrisburg 3.30 p. m., at Philadelphia 6.50 p. m.
Leave Bellefonte 5.30 p. m., arrive at Tyrone 6.40, at Harrisburg 10.00 p. m., Philadelphia 1.25 p. m.
VIA LOCK HAVEN—NORTHWARD.
Leave Bellefonte 5.17 a. m., arrive at Lock Haven 10.45 a. m.
Leave Bellefonte 4.30 p. m., arrive at Lock Haven 5.30 p. m., at Renovo 9 p. m., at Harrisburg 5.54 p. m., arrive at Lock Haven at 10.10 p. m.
VIA LOCK HAVEN—EASTWARD.
Leave Bellefonte 5.17 a. m., arrive at Lock Haven 10.45, leave Williamsport 12.30 p. m., at Harrisburg 3.30 p. m., at Philadelphia 6.50 p. m.
Leave Bellefonte 4.30 p. m., Lock Haven 5.30 p. m., Williamsport 8.30 p. m., Harrisburg 3.30 p. m., Philadelphia 6.50 a. m.
Leave Bellefonte 5.54 p. m., Lock Haven 10.10, Williamsport 12.25 p. m., leave Harrisburg 3.30, Philadelphia at 6.50 a. m.

BALD EAGLE VALLEY.

WESTWARD.			EASTWARD.		
TRAVEL	ARRIVE	DEPART	TRAVEL	ARRIVE	DEPART