WHY HE WAS EXCLUDED FROM IT.

It Was Because the Queen Objected, But He "Cares More for Radical Approbation Than the Approval of all the Kings, Queens Lords, and Lickspittles in the Universe."

London, Aug. 24.—In this week's Truth Henry Labouchere publishes a statement as regards his exclusion from Mr. Gladstone's cabinet. The ment is substanially as follows: The state

On Aug. 15 an emissary from Carlton Garden came to me. After a lengthy exordium, in which he dwelt on the mutual admiration felt by Mr. Gladstone and me, and after explaining how in a monarchical country it is well to consider the wish of the monarch, he . told me that I was one of Mr. Gladstone's chief difficulties. I was asked to write a letter saying that I did not wish to join his government, as I thought I should be useful below the gangway. I was informed that Mr. Gladstone would be always glad to consult with me on public matters.

'This letter I declined to write. I certainly understood that the queen in some way, direct or indirect, led Mr. Gladstone to arrive at the fact that my being one of his administration would not be pleasing to her. Assuming this to be true, I think it is to be regretted. I may not have seen eye to eye with her majesty, but I have always regarded her as strictly constitutional.

'I interpret the constitution to mean that the queen selects the premier and leaves him free hand in the choice of his colleagues. I might or might not have accepted office. I thank heaven, however, that my head and ears are safe under Queen Victoria. Radical appro-bation weighs more with me than that of all the kings and queens, lords and lickspittles in the universe. So that the good spip Democracy sails into Joppa, I care not whether my berth is in the officers' headquarters or in the forecas-

Labouchere then expresses the opinion that the Gladstone administration is hardly in harmony with the democracy. He does not blame Mr. Gladstone, but says that the "sons of the horse leech have been too much for

Mr. Gladstone was insufficiently informed. The Liberal party is not what it was, Labouchere says. If Mr. Gladstone had consulted the party more the chief lieutenants might have been quite different. After citing illustrations from Louis XVI's time of neglect by persons high in authority to keep pace with the liberalizing spirit of the times and applying the same to British politics, Labouchere then considers individually the members of Mr. Gladstone's cabinet.

Sir William Harcourt is the one in whom he has most confidence. John Morley is honest, he says, except in matters connected with the labor question. He is more likely to go down with the ship, however, than to ride the storm. Fowler should have been in the home office. Campbell Norman is pronounced to be the right man for the war office. "The subordinate offices," says Labouchere, "are filled with sucking young politicians.

In conclusion Labouchere directs at-tention to his public record for the last ten years. He says he has taken a leading part in opposing royal grants and protesting against them. Henceforth it would be understood that members of parliament or the press who pursued such a course did so at their peril.

## Iron Hall Methods.

Indianapolis, Ind., Aug. 23 .- At the Iron Hall investigation in court a letter written by Supreme Justice Somerby to Supreme Accountant Walker related how the chief executive of the order had gone to Maine to work with the legislature. "It is expensive business, the latter stated, "but it pays in the long run." The letter also stated that the supreme officer had "fixed" the New Hampshire body of legislators. Supreme Accountant Walker testified that somerby had drawn over \$20,000 for 'legal and legislative" expenses in the states of Maine, New Hampshire, Massachusetts, Connecticut, Rhode Island, New York, Delaware, Pennsylvania and Nebraska. Over \$10,000 was used in the New England states to procure the passage of favorable legislation and to prevent the passage of unsatisfactory laws.

Knights of Pythias in Convention. Kansas City, Aug. 23.—At sunrise yesterday the boom of a cannon resounded through the Knights of Pythias camp and informed the knights that military regulations would be in force for the rest of the week. Fully 150 passenger trains have arrived, bringing what is estimated at a crowd of 70,000 people. 'The officers' report of the entowment rank presented to the supreme lodge, which oponed its sessions at 10 o'clock this forenoon, states that on July 1, 1802, there were 1,417 active sections, 29:407 members, and the endowment in force was \$62,052,000, showing an increase of 500 sections, 8,000 mem bers and \$17,000,000 endowments in the two years preceding.

Death of Ex-Governor Clark.

CANANDAIGUA, N. Y., Aug. 24.—Ex-Governor Myron H. Clark died yesterday. He was always a staunch Prohibitionist, and in 1854, after holding several minor offices, the anti-slavery wings of both the Whig and Democratic parties, the Prohibitionists, and several inties, the Prohibitionists, and several in-dependent organizations separately nom-inated Mr. Clark for governor, his sup-porters taking the name of "Repub-licans," thus making him the earliest state candidate of that party. He was elected by a plurality of only 309 votes over Horatio Seymour. In 1874 he was again a gubernatorial candidate, being neminated by the Prohibitionists.

The Equine Champions. CHICAGO, Aug. 18.—Nancy Hanks tretted a mile at Washington Park yesterday in 2.07. The great mare was sent to beat her own record of 2,09, and not only upset that mark decisively, but broke all existing records of the trotting

cmcago, Aug. 19.—Half Pointer was sent to beat the harness record of 2.064 made by Johnston in this city on Oct. 3, 1834, at Washington Park yesterday. He paced the nile in 2.054, and not only wiped out the mark shot, but splintered the 2.06 pacing resord and became the side wheeling champion of the world.

# PENNSYLVANIA POINTERS. MUST THEY SHUT DOWN?

HARRISBURG, Pa., Aug. 28.-Governor Pattison yesterday appointed H. Wells Buser, of Hummelstown, sheriff to suc-ceed the late Shereff Keller. Buser is a messenger in the adjutant-general's office, and was postmaster at Hummels-town under Cleveland.

PITTSBURG, Ang. 23. - Frederick Smith, an employe of a fire escape firm, was instantly killed by an electric light wire while on a Penn avenue building yester-day afternoon. Smith foolishly tried to get a slight shock from a bare spot of the wire. He took hold of the spot with both hands and was shocked to death.

READING, Pa., Aug. 23.—Frances Leddy, aged 13, of Port Clinton, was bitten by a rattle snake on Saturday and died in great agony on Sunday. The boy, in company with a younger brother and sister, were picking blackberries on the mountain when the reptile attacked him, it having sprang from a branch of a small tree.

TUNKAHANNOCK, Pa., Aug. 23.—Hon. Charles Armstrong for senator, Frank S. Platt for assemblyman, N. P. Wilcox for county surveyor and Albert Clearfield for county treasurer were named by the Democratic county convention here yesterday. The convention made no choice for congress, the conferees not being instructed.

HUNTINGDON, Pa., Aug. 22.—The People's party convention nominated J. T. Ailman for congress; James G. Corbin, state senate; Henry Graffins and E. H. White, assembly; David H. Fisher, sheriff; H. H. Sommers, poor director. The resolutions favor free silver, de-nounce the "gold bugs," and oppose high taxes and high official salaries.

York, Aug. 22.—A shocking accident occured at New Freedom, south of this place, last night. A young man named Schuler, of Glen Rock, was walking along the Northern Central railroad accompanied by a young lady named Stauffer, of Shrewsbury, when a freight train caught them. The young man was killed instantly and the girl had both legs cut off.

HARRISBURG, Aug. 22.—James Madden, an employe of the Merchant mill, Steelton, became engaged in a quarrel with his nephew, a young man named John T. Kennedy, over a flask of whisky, and in the attack Madden slashed Kennedy with a knife across the abdomen until the bowels protruded and then stabbed him once on either side of his shoulders, inflicting dangerous if not fatal wounds. Madden was arrested.

ALTOONA, Pa., Aug. 23.—A wreck oc-curred on the Pennsylvania and Northwestern railroad near Lloydsville, resulting in the death of two men, John Tierney and Marion Garland, and the probable fatal injury to Fireman Hammer. An engine was derailed on a steep grade. Tierney's foot was caught in the wreck, and when the rescuers would not cut off his foot to release him he severed it himself with his pocket knife. He and Garland died yesterday.

HARRISBURG, Ang. 24.-The following special order was issued last night by Adjutant General Greenland to the national guard of Pennsylvania: Major Henry A. Shenton, Sixth regiment, is detailed to command the encampment of the teams of the several regiments that will participate in the matches which will be shot at Mt. Gretna on Oct. 28. All officers and men on their arrival at the camp will report to Major Shenton and will be subject to his or-

HOMESTEAD, Aug. 24.—The Home-stead lodges of the Amalgamated Association are spending in the neighborhood of \$3,000 per day to supply the wants of those who are entirely dependent upon their resources for their sustenance. As yet there has been no shortage of funds and all demands upon the committee nave be tee claims that its resources are such that this means of support can be relied upon for six months, or longer if neces-

PITTSBURG, Aug. 24 .- The meeting of the river coal operators yesterday was largely attended. Very little of the proceedings can be ascertained beyond the fact that the proposed demand for a reduction from three and one-half cents to three cents per bushel was discussed. One of the operators intimated that the mines will simply be closed indefinitely, in order to give the diggers a long siege of idleness, then by the middle of Sep tember, when the men are on the rocks anancially, the operators expect there will be no difficulty in inducing them to ficcept a three-cent rate.

PITTSBURG. Aug. 24.—Charles Havres. the man who escaped from the work house after brutally beating the watchman, and who has committed half a dozen robberies and assaults since his escape, was caught yesterday on Herr's Island by a farmer named Joe Richard-The latter knew Havres before he commenced his criminal career. recognized the fugitive on sight. Richardson gave an alarm and pursued Havres. About fifty people started in the chase. After a long run Richardson grasped Havres in his arms and held him until a ratrol wagon arrived.

BELLEFONTE, Pa., Aug. 24. - The Centre county Republican conven-tion was neld at this place yesterday. The following nominations were made: Associate judge, Samuel F. Gray: assemblymen, John Hamilton, A. A. Dale; prothonotary, J. C. Miller; district attorney, George W. Zeigler; county surveyor, Jesse Cleaver; congressional conferees, W. E. Irven, Theodore S. Christ and Frank Vanvalzah. W. F. Reeder was re-elected county chairman for the ensuing year. D. S. Keller, W. F. Reeder and Harry Simler were appointed a county that A. Dale: prothonotary, J. C. Miller; dis-Simler were appointed a committee to afrange with the other counties in the congressional districts a différent conferee system, whereby each county will have representation based on the number of Republican votes cast.

Pitrisbung. Ang. 23.—Secretary Dorente, of the anti-cruelty society, yesterday made information against Josiah Guinn, squire of Mifflin township, charging him with a hethous assault upon his 17-year-old daughter. Guinn had his daughter make information some time ago against eight young men, charging them with assaulting her. Some of them were sentenced to the penitentiary at the June term of court, while others proved an alibi. Friends of the young men, who believed them innocent, have been working on the case ever since. On the 17th of this month Guinn's daughter was brought here and lodged in jail. She at first stoutly clung to her first story, that she had been the victim of an assault by the eight young men, but finally made a full confession, in which she says she has been the victim of her father's unnatural desires for the past father's unnatural desires for the past two years, since the death of her mother. Guinn is under arrest.

THE DIFFICULTIES OF THE COT-TON PRINT MAKERS.

Lower Prices and Slow Sales-Protection's Falso Claim-Ginghams and Cheaper Cotton-Why a Protected Industry Shuns the Fereign Market.

We have one important industry at least in which "McKinley prices" do not prevail. Cotton printing cloth for makin calicoes is lower now than a year ago, and this fact has been promptly seized upon by the high tariff organs as a proof of the excellent effects of protection.

But there are some facts which the organs do not mention, and which sufficiently account for the fall in price. The tariff had nothing whatever to do with it-least of all the McKinley tariff. which left the duty on this particular grade of cloth at precisely the figure it bore in the old tariff.

The decline in the price of printing cloth is due to two causes, both of which are perfectly natural. The cotton mills have been buying cotton for the past three or four months at prices about four cents a pound lower than last August, and about two cents lower than last fall. This difference is of itself sufficient to account for the fall in price. The price of they are known in the trade, i. e., sixtyfour threads to the inch each way-was maintained by a combination at 3 5-16 cents.

A still more important cause of the fall in price is to be found in the change of fashion. Ginghams Have come into fashion for women's dresses, and owing mand for calicoes has been much less than it was last year. The decrees of fashion are absolute. At the nod of her head mills hum in merry haste to gratify her whims. But when she sulks and refuses what once delighted her mill wheels are silent, and all the arts of the manufacturer avail not to win the fickle dame from her mood.

The effect of this change in fashion has been accurately reflected in the current market reports. Calicoes have been reported for several months as dull, buyers manifesting little disposition to lay in large stocks of a class of goods against which the tide of fashion has set. On the other hand, the market for ginghams has during the same time been brisk and prices steady. "Ginghams and woven wash fabrics in fall styles continue to be freely ordered and leading agents report unusually good progress so far. Some patterns have met with such favor as to have already been taken off the market."

Such is the report of the New York market at a recent date, and for several months similar reports have been printed daily.

The downward tendency of prices in printing cloths began last December, when the "combine" of the Fall River manufacturers broke up. Under this "combine" it was agreed by the manufacturers not to sell below 3 5-16 cents per yard, and this price was strictly adhered to till, by the terms of the agreement, the arrangement to maintain prices expired at the end of November.

Under the "combine" the manufacof cloth, and as soon as each manufacturer became free again to sell at his own figures prices took a tumble. Before the end of December prices had gone down

about 10 per cent. In their distress the manufacturers now began to turn their attention to the foreign market, but they found that prices there were much lower still than in the home market. The protectionists pretend that the prices of cheap cotton goods are as low with us as in any European country; yet our print cloth men found that they could not do any export business at a higher price than 2% cents a yard. This meant a reduction of nearly 30 per cent. from the price which the manufacturers had been realizing in the home market through their "combine." They decided to stick to the home mar-

ket, "the best market in the world." But these men are again in distress There is the same old cry of overproduction, enormous stocks of cloth and nobody to buy them. The problem is what to do. At this point the high tariff Commercial Bulletin of Boston proffers the following advice: "The print cloth mills of Fall River have reached the point to where they must either cut down wages or cease production. Of the two policies the latter is the one that should be adopted. The difficulty to be overcome is an excess of goods, not high cost of production, and this difficulty can only be met by closing the mills. It is not cheap

goods that are wanted, but less of them. Very likely this advice is useless. Last year there was the same complaint of overproduction, and in August threefourths of the mills shut down for a week or more to prevent a break in prices. Yet when the mills counted up their earnings several months later it was found that the more prosperous ones had made clear profits of from 12 to 20 per cent. during the year. Two years

ago one of them earned 37 per cent. The only thing for these manufacturers to do is to reduce prices to a point where they can do an export business. When they do that we shall hear less of shutting down because of overproduction.

It will not do for them to plead that wages here are too high for them to compete in neutral markets. The operatives in these Fall River mills are paid considerably less by the piece than is paid in England and Switzerland. Their higher daily wages are earned by attending to a larger number of looms and thus producing more cloth than the English and Swiss weavers. Here is how the matter stands:

Number of looms run by one weaver in a cotton mill: 

Number of yards, same quality and width, turned out by one weaver:

Rates of wages in 100 yards of print ment Monday. Directors: John W. In Fall River ....... 40 cents William Foster, Lewisburg; Thomas Let the print cloth men "go out and

capture the foreign market."

Last September, when the McKinley bill was still under discussion, the Boston American Wool Reporter said in its market review: "According to the reports from the various markets this week there seem to be good prospects, and dealers feel quite sure that in a short time they will do a better business. They say the only obstacle in their way printing cloths-"sixty-four squares," as | at the present time is the delay in the tariff bill, and state that if it is not passed business will not asume any better condition than at present, but they are cents per yard from August to December | in hopeful anticipation of its being passlast year, and the price is now 2 15-16 ed, and if so they say the rag and shoddy business will boom."

Well, the bill passed, and shoddy has been on a boom. Here is a comparison of prices of shoddies at the present time with those of last August, made up from to this change of fickle fashion the de- | the market reports of The Wool Reporter:

	I Tiods.				
	Aug. 7,	1890. J	une 2	5, 1891.	
New Clips.	Cer	its.	Cents.		
Fine merchant tailors.	11	@13	13	Ø15	
Good mixed	10	@13	11	@13	
Fine dark		@12	13	@14	
Good light clips		@12	11	@13	
Choice light clips		@18	18	@20	
Fine blues		@19	19	@30	
Black merinos, u					
seamed		@11	14	@15	
Clear hoods		@1014	12	@1234	
Cut cloth, dark		0.4	4	@ 494	
Cut cloth, blue	-	0.8		6210	
New Pure Indigo.					
Blue shoddy	23	6130	30	@33	
New black shoddy, e					
tra fine		0.24	23	O1:26	
Light yarn shoddy, e					
tra fine		@33	35	0-	
Extracts.					
Medium light	16	@18	18	(2:20)	
Light		@26	25	0.28	
Fine light merinos		0.26	28	0-	
Fine black merinos		0.25	24	0.28	
Ordinary mixed		@16	15	@20	
Thomas is a smooth	13 118	*** 20.00 ***	5 89 CF 6	80 \$31.00	

There is a world of meaning in the above table. It fully explains why the shoddy dealers and manufacturers, who are enabled by the McKinley tariff to make clothing for the farmer to wear without buying or using his wool, issued their great circular in 1888 declaring 'there is only one way to avoid this loss to ourselves (by the Mills tariff bill is by the defeat of the candidate of the \$40.00 free trade party, Grover Cleveland. We have determined in the coming election | J. Conner, President, J. M. Philips, Dean to support the candidates of the protec- Faculty. tion party, Harrison and Morton. Their Oct. 30, '92. election we consider to be indispensable

McKinley's shoddy boom is at the exto the maintenance of our business." of the wool growers. Just as the McKinley tariff boomed the shoddy trade and raised the price of rags, shoddies and extracts, it has resulted at the same time in a fall in the price of wool, as the following quotations show:

		June 25, 1891. Cents.
O. and Pa. XX and above	33(334 32(333)4 37(337)4 28(333)4 38(336)4	31 @32 20 @30 34 @30 2734@28 33 @34
Michigan unmer- chantable	230,03	19 @30

In commenting on the above prices The Reporter notes: "Sales of choice Ohio XX have been made at thirty-one cents, and of Michigan X as low as twenty-seven and a half cents, 50,000 pounds having been disposed of at the latter figure. The lack of interest in these wools is shown by the fact that several old time buyers in this section of Michigan and in Ohio have decided not to go out there at all this season.

The high tariff imposed by the Mc-Kinley law upon wool is showing its effects. How long will the farmers and woolgrowers prefer the interests of the ragpickers and shoddy manufacturers which they have long been tending, to their own and the interests of the legitimate woolen manufacturers?

## PHILADELPHIA MARKETS. Closing Quotations of the Stock and Produce Exchange.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 23.—The only feature in the local market was Lehigh Valley, which sold as high as 6134, but closed at 60% bid.

Closing blds: Lehigh Valley .... 

General Markets. PRILADELFBIA, Aug. 23. — Flour — Winter super, \$2.2520.55; do. extras, \$3,75@3; No. 2

super, \$2.25\(\text{2.50}\), do. extras, \$2.15\(\text{2.50}\), ro. winter family, \$3.25\(\text{2.50}\), 36\(\text{5}\) Pepnsylvania roller, straight, \$4\(\text{2.50}\), western winter, clear, \$3.75\(\text{2.50}\), 4.10; do. do. straight, \$4\(\text{2.50}\), 4.25; winter patent, \$4.40\(\text{2.4}\), 4.75; Minnesota, clear, \$3.35\(\text{2.50}\), 3.75; do. straight, \$3.85\(\text{2.5}\), 4.35; do. patent, \$4.50\(\text{2.4}\), 4.76; do. favorite brands, higher. Rye flour, \$3.70\(\text{2.50}\), 3.75 Wheat—Firm, quiet, with 70%c. bid and 70%c. oaked for August: 77c. bid and 77%c. asked for September; 78%c. bid and 79c. asked for October; 80%c. bid and 80%c. asked

for November.

Corn—Qdiet, firm, with 57%c bid and 58c, saked for August; 57c, bid and 57%c, asked for September, 57c, bid and 57%c, asked for October; Mc, bid and 57%c, asked for Novem-

Oats-Dull, unchanged, with 42c, bid and 43 asked for August; 40c. bid and 41c. asked for September: 406c. bid and 41c. asked for October; 41c. bid and 416c. asked for No.

rember.

Pork—Quiet, weak; new mess, \$12.50013; old mess, \$11.75@19.25; extra prime, \$12.75@13.

Lard—Dull, easy; steam rendered, \$7.00, Eggs—Quiet, steam; New York and Pennsylvania, 71@220.; western, 2002.2016.

Charter Granted.

The State College water company, In America ...... 1,300 State College, capital, 810,000, was Stewart, W. C. Patterson, State College; Foster, Philadelphia; William Whitmer Sunbury; J. D. Shugerts, Bellefonte.

### The Temptation

McKinley's Shoddy Boom.

Nothing shows better the real effect of the high duties upon wool imposed by the McKinley tariff and the great boom which it has given to the shoddy industry than a comparison of the markets for wool and shoddies before and after that measure was passed. During the whole time that the McKinley bill was being discussed in congress the shoddy men again and again predicted that it would be a grand thing for their business, and they did all they could to secure its passage.

Last September, when the McKinley

To go out of doors in rough weather is not strong, but we are, many of us, compelled to face rough weather frequently. Diseases which arise from a chill are peculiar to no season of the year. This is true, therefore there which arise from a chill are peculiar to no season of the year. This is true, therefore there which arise from a chill are peculiar to no season of the year. This is true, therefore there which arise from a chill are peculiar to no season of the year. This is true, therefore there which arise from a chill are peculiar to no season of the year. This is true, therefore there which arise from a chill are peculiar to no season of the year. This is true, therefore there which arise from a chill are peculiar to no season of the year. This is true, therefore there which arise from a chill are peculiar to no season of the year. This is true, therefore there which arise from a chill are peculiar to no season of the year. This is true, therefore there which arise from a chill are peculiar to no season of the year. This is true, therefore there which arise from a chill are peculiar to no season of the year. This is true, therefore there which arise from a chill are peculiar to no season of the year. This is true, therefore there which arise from a chill are peculiar to no season of the year. This is true, therefore there which arise from a chill are peculiar to no season of the year. This is true, therefore there which arise from a chill are peculiar. The closet of every househo

NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that sundry citizens of Centre county will, on Monday, the 29th day of August. 1892 present their petition to the Court of Quarter Sessions of Centre county, representing that 'The Bald Eagle and Nittany Valley Turnolike." leading from a point at or near Shanks bridge, now Howard Dam bridge, on Bald Eagle Creek, in Howard township, to a point on the Bellefonte and Great Island road between James Hutchison's and the Black Horse tavern (now near Charles Yearick's house), in Marion township, is wholly leeated in Centre county, and that it would be for the best interests of the people of the county that the said turnpike should become a public road, use from tolls and toll gates, and praying the Court to appoint a master, as well as a jury of five reputable citizens of the county, to view and condemn the above mentioned turnpike, for public use, free from tolls and toll gates, and to assess the damages, if any, to which the owners of said turnpike may be entitled, agreeably to the provisions of the Act of Assembly, approved June 2nd, 1887.

## Getting out of the Woods.

The defunct First National bank, of Clearfield, has declared another dividend of 25 per cent., making a total of 50 per. cent paid. The receiver says that the depositors will be paid in full by January

### I Am So Tired.

Is a common exclamation at this season. Ther is a certain bracing effect in cold air which is lost when the weather grows warmer; and when Nature is renewing her youth, her admirers feel dull, sluggish and tired. This condition is owing mainly to the impure condition of the blood, and its failure to supply healthy tissue to the various organs of the body. It is remarkable how susceptible the system is to the help to be derived from a good medicine at this season. Possessing just those purifying, building up qualities which the body craves. Hood's sarsaparilla soon overcomes that tired feeling, restores the appetite, purifies the blood, and, in short, imparts vigorous health. Its thousands of friends as with one voice declare "It Makes the Weak Strong."

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ON MONDAY, SEPT. 19TH. Rush, Spring, Potter, Harris, College, Benn Ferguson, Half Moon, Patton and Worth to ON TUESDAY, SEPT. 20TH.

Snow Shoe, Taylor, Union, Huston, Boggs, Howard, Liberty, Marien and Walker town-ships. ON WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 21ST.

Burnside, Curtin, Gregg, Penn, Haines and Miles townships. GEO, L. GOODHART. T. FRANK ADAMS, J. B. STRORM-ROBT. F. HUNTER, Clerk. Bellefonte, Pa., Aug. 12, '92.

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A DMINISTRA FOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Catharine Cannon, late of Spring ownship, dec'd. Letters of administration on the above estate Letters of administrator to the undersigned, all baving been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims to present the same without delay to JOHN H. HINES, in 1146t.

Administrator. m1146t



Scientific American

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(MECHANICAL ENGINEERING; / see are ac
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STATE COLLEGE. CENTRE CO.

## PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

VIA TYBONE—WESTWARD.

Leave Bellefonte 5.25 a. m., arrive at Tyrone, 6.55 a. m., at Pittsburg, 12.45 p. m.

Leave Bellefonte 10.25 a. m., arrive at Tyrone 11.55 a. m., at Pittsburg, 6.50 p. m.

Leave Bellefonte 5.20 p. m., arrive at Tyrone. 6.40, at Pittsburg at 11.55.

VIA TYBONE—EASTWARD.

Leave Bellefonte 5.25 a. m., arrive at Tyrone 6.55, at Harrisburg 10.30 a. m., Philadelphia 1.25 p. m.

6.55, at Harrisburg 10.30 a. m., Philadelphia 1.25 p. m.

Leave Bellefonte 10.25 a. m., arrive at Tyrone 11,55 a. m., at Harrisburg 3.20 p. m., at Philadelphia 5.50 p. m.

Leave Bellefonte 5.20 p. m., arrive at Tyrone 6.40, at Harrisburg 10.00 p. m., Philadelphia 4.25 a. m.

VIA 10CK HAVEN-NORTHWARD.

Leave Bellefonte 9.17 a. m., arrive at Lock Haven 19.45 a. m.

Leave Bellefonte 4.30 p. m., arrive at Lock Haven 2.50 p. m., at Henovo 9 p. m.

Leave Bellefonte 4.55 p. m., arrive at Lock Haven at 10.10 p. m.

VIA 10CK HAVEN-EASTWARD.

Leave Bellefonte 9.17 a. m., arrive at Lock Haven 10.45, leave Williamsport 12.30 p. m., at Harrisburg 3.30 p. m., at Philadelphia at 6.50 p. m.

Harrisburg 3.39 p. m., at Philadelphia at 6.50 p. m.
Leave Bellefonte 4.30 p. m., Lock Haven 5.30 p. m., Williamsport 6.45, Harrisburg 10.05 p. m., Leave Bellefonte 8.54 p. m., Lock Haven 10.10, Williamsport 12.25 p. m., leave Harrisburg 3.55 a. m., Philadelphia at 6.50 a. m., VIA LEWISBURG.

Leave Bellefonte at 6.20 a. m., arrive at Lewisburg at 9.10 a. m., Harrisburg 11.25, Philadelphia 3.15 p. m.

Leave Bellefonte 2 p. m., arrive at Lewisburg 4.45, Harrisburg 7.05, Philadelphia 10.55 p.m.

## BALD EAGLE VALLEY.

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BELLEFONTE & SNOW SHOE BRANCH. 

Leave Bellefonte, except Sunday ...... 19 30 a. m LEWISBURG & TYRONE RAILROAD.

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DELLEFONTE CENTRAL RAILEGAD.

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On the Red Bank branch trains will run as Going East will LEAVE Red Bank at 8 00 a. m. Stormstown at 8 05 Mattern Ju. 7 14 a.m. Graysdale 7 19 Mattern 7 24 and 5 13 p. m

pendid valuable treatment (some core, FREE of char splendid medical work; should be read by man who is nervous and debilitated. As Prof. P. C. POWLER, Mood