Canada has about doubled its railway mileage in ten years.

One child in every five in the northern half of the United States dies before it has lived a year.

The number of fires in London has increased fifty per cent. since 1882; twenty-five per cent. of the fires occur in uninsured premises.

The Farmers' Review says that the United States produce 300,000,000 pounds of wool per annum and use twice that amount.

The New York World cites as an instance of the vastness of the insurance business that the premiums paid in Louisville, Ky., alone this year amounted to \$1,000,000.

The aim of the University Settlement Society of New York is to aid the citizens of a neighborhood, "without infringing on their self respect," and no patronizing airs are assumed.

Twenty million dollars is the estimated worth of flax products imported into this country last year, and our farmers are said, records the New York World, to have destroyed 1,070,000 tons of flaxstraw.

A joint committee of the two houses of the English Parliament has reported electricity a suitable and efficient source of motive power, and reccomended that electric railway construction be encouraged throughout England.

What is now North Berwick, Me., was known as Doughty's Falls thirty years ago. A postal clerk says that occasionally letters are even now addressed to Doughty's Falls, and that he has had one such in his hands within the last month.

Says the Galveston News: "The people of the United States are thoroughly organized in one way or another. It would not take a week to convert these standing armies into very active and effective armies ready for battle. The organization begins with political parties and runs all the way down to amateur baseball clubs."

The Chicago Herald is astonished that although the United States is a country possessing immense timber tracts, it appears that it imported wood and wood the year ending June 30, 1891, and in the same time exported similar articles to the value of \$44,811,004.

One man out of every twenty five occupies his own house in England.

In many of the Italian Universities, once the most celebrated in Europe, the students are so few that there are only four pupils to every professor.

According to a published guide to the railroads of the United States, there are. or lately were, seventeen different gauges in the country, varying from two feet to five feet seven inches in width.

There is what the New York Commercial Advertiser calls "an excellent rule" at Harvard University which prohibits any student from participating in athletic sports unless he maintains a certain standing in his studies.

The great question in Paris, learns the Boston Franscript, is whether she shall hold a World's Fair in 1900. It is agreed that the Champs de Mars, and such buildings as survive from the great shows of 1869, 1878 and 1889 shall not be used.

France points with pride to its Tunisian colony, where there are now 32,000 French citizens and persons claiming French protection. Great results are expected from the opening of the harbor of Tunis next year and of Bizerta the year following.

Housekeepers know "boneless codfish." and now a member of the United States Fish Commission announces that the boneless shad is in process of evolution and well advanced toward completion. He does not lose his bones in the same way as the cod, to wit, after death, but by careful breeding and crossing.

According to German investigations, tramps are a remarkably healthful lot. Out of the many thousand 'wanderers who were entertained last year at the tramp stations established by the Government, but two per cent. needed medical attendance, twenty per cent. obtained work, and sixty per cent. preferred to wander.

Although C. P. Huntington does not expect to live to see it, yet he is convinced, says the Atlanta Constitution, that on the Fourth of July, 1926, there will be a great city at Newport News, Va. Mr. Huntington regards that port as sure to concentrate the traffic from the South and Southwest which seeks the ocean. Railway lines will centre there. products to the value of \$21,772,185 in in his opinion; the main shipments of cotton and tobacco from abroad will be from this port, and he is of opinion that on the level plain whereon once General Butler's armies were encamped and whence the Union soldiers witnessed the sea fight which revolutionized the navies of the world, there will be built a city containing 250,000 people. The system of public irrigation in Colorado has met with an unexpected and disastrous check from a land slide on the side of Table Mountain, where the moisture from one of the main ditches has undermined a great mass of earth, which, as the water penetrates, is slowly slipping down the side of the mountain, carrying with it a house and a section of railway. The ditch is also likely to be carried away, and in that case thousands of acres of farm and garden lands will go dry. As they are entirely dependent on this artificial supply of water, observes the New Orleans Picayune, the loss from the destruction of the ditch will be very great. The success of irrigation has been abundantly demonstrated, waste lands being corverted into fruitful farms, it will be more painfully manifest when, by the shutting off of the water, the farms are turned back again into waste lands. An English writer tells an amusing story of a country house where a regular daily routine is observed, and where no chance is given one of breaking the monotony. It is of a man who wanted to stay in a country-house, thinking it would give him the opportunity of proposing to a girl with whom he had been in love for a long time. His visit was to last a fortnight, but the last evening came without his having had one chance of being alone with her during the whole time. As he sat at dinner (of course he was at the opposite end of try the table to where she was), he felt the time was fast passing away, and in a few hours he would no longer be in the same house with her. When the ladies went to the drawing-room, he would have to sit on in the dining-room. His host might allow him to look in at the drawing-room for a few minutes that evening, but after that his presence would be required in the billiard-room. In utter desperation he took up the menu card, and on it wrote: "Will you marry me?" He doubled it up, telling the utler to give it to the lady in question. He did so. She read it, and, with the per ect sangfroid born only of the nineteenth century, said : "Tell the gentleman, 'Yes.'"

UNCLE SAM'S GOLD TRAIN.

San Francisco Ships Twenty Millions to New York.

Guarded by Armed Men During the Transcontinental Trip.

The undertaking of the railway postal service to transport safely \$20,000,000 in gold from the United States Sub-Treasury 'n San Francisco to the Sub-Treasury in New York City has been successfully accomplished, the vast treasure now being locked up in the massive vaults in Wall street.

The shipment was the largest of the kind ever attempted for anything like the distance involved, and the precau-tions taken for its safe transport were of an extraordinary character, making robbery practically out of the question. The treasure cars themselves were steel and supposed to be bomb proof. H Half a hundred and more trusty guards were aboard the train, each armed to the teeth, and arrangements had been made whereby the authorities of the postal service were in-formed by telegraph of the location of the train every quarter or half hour of the total time consumed in the journey. The train made the fastest run that has

yet been made between San Francisco and New York, covering the distance in 107 hours. The train followed the schedule time, but everything else had to give way to it. From San Francisco to Ogden the trip was made over the Central Pacific track. Thence to Omaha the Union Pacific was used. It was on this route a delay of four hours was caused by a broken eccen-tric strap. The trip to Chicago was made over the Burlington route. Buffalo was reached with the train two hours behind time, but under Vice-President Webb's instruction was brought into New York City almost on time. From Buffalo the run was made at a speed of nearly not come to fruition. It devolved upon the Postoffice Depart-

ment to furnish safe transport for the gold, and its custody was entrusted to some of the most faithful employes at Washington. The train was in charge of Captain James E. White of the railway servic, with fiftyseven assistants.

The train consisted of five cars, one private car directly behind the engine, where, through the observation end a guard was kept day and night over the engineer and fireman; one mail and three express cars. In each car was an officer of the railway mail service and ten guards, each of whom carried a Colt revolver and a carbine.

The \$20,000,000 was packed in wooden boxes sealed and registered and equally di-vided among the four cars. The guards slept upon these boxes, and not for a single

moment were they left unguarded. At the Grand Central Depot, New York City, the train was met by Assistant Post-master-General J. Lowrie Bell, and soon the boxes were being transferred to the sixteen express wagons in waiting. These wagons were loaded five at a time, and as each detachment was completed it started off toward Wall street. On each wagon were three of the armed guards, and each driver was a sworn member of the Postal service.

Down Broadway the procession started. The spectacle of a procession of what ap-peared to be unloaded express wagons, each wagon guarded by three men with openly displayed weapons, naturally aroused much astonishment and inquiry.

As the first wagon drove up to the Pine street entrance to the Sub-Treasury a cardon of police was ready to help in its safe de-livery, and back of them a small crowd had gathered. As the news spread, however, the crowd increased, until at times the police were bothered in keeping them back. Every one what \$20,009,000 looked like. wanted to see and, although the plain wooden boxes gave no indication of their precious contents, the mere fact that the gold was there was potent enough to hold the observers spelibound The boxes were made of inch pine, strongly fastened, and in size were about twelve by eight inches. They bore four seals of the Railway Postal Service, and these will remain unkroken until there is a demand for the contents. The money in each box amounted to \$40. 000, and it took all the strength of one man to raise one box from the ground. In each express wagon was a million and a quarter It made no remarkable appearance in bulk, but its great weight caused the wagons, large as they were, to bend and

THE NEWS EPITOMIZED. Eastern and Middle States.

BRIDGET KELLY, aged twenty-one, of Shenandonh, Penn., committed suicide by saturating her clothes with kerosene oil and

setting herself on fire. THE New Jersey Prohibitionists held their convention at Trenton and nominated Thomas J. Kennedy, of Hudson County, for Governor.

EDWARD, aged seven, and William, aged ten, sons of Frederick Bennett, of Trenton, N. J., were drowned in the Delaware River a few afternoon ago. The boys, with their father, were fishing, but became separated from him. The younger fell into the water and the brother jumped in to save him.

ERNEST NYE, aged sixteen, shot and killed his sister Maud, aged fourteen, at their home in Brookline, N. H. He didn't know the rifle was loaded.

BELLE MCKENZIE, employed as a stenographer on the fifth floor of the new Exchange Building, Boston, Mass., fell five stories down an elevator shaft, headfore-most, a distance of eighty feet, and was killed instantle. killed instantly. MISS LIZZIE BORDEN was arrested at Fall

River, Mass., charged with complicity in the murder of her father and his wife.

MRS. STEPHEN BERRAY, of Delaware County, New York, while assisting her hus-band in caring for several hives of bees was stung on the right temple and in fifteen minutes was dead. It is the opinion of the physicians who examined the body that the son struck a nerve and went directly to the beart.

DYSENTERY has prostrated many person at Helmetta and Spottswood, in New Jersey. Over twenty deaths have occurred.

FIERCE thunderstorms prevailed in the ast 'rn part of New York State. Orange and the adjoining counties were visited. Barns were burned and cattle killed in all directions near Ellenville. At Beaver Dam the house of John Edwards was struck by lightning, and his daughter and grandchild and Harvey Edwards, a relative, were killed. The other inmates received severe shocks. A dog crouched under a table was killed.

THE wall of a building being put at the Ogden mine, in Ogdensburg, N. J., fell and burlei twenty men in the ruins. Two men were killed and several injursd.

THE grain elevator at Eleventh avenue and Thirty-fourth street, New York City, of T. B. Crase & Company was burnel, with a loss of \$300,000.

A sevene thunderstorm prevailed at Buz zard's Bay, Mass. At Monument Beach the ootage occupied by George Alden was struck by lightning. Mrs. Alden was in-stantly killed. She was twenty-sight years old. A house a few feet away was also struck. The bolt entered the tower, went direct into the cellar, and instantly killed the cook, Ellen Eagen.

South and West.

THE Tennesses Democratic State Convention met in Nashville and nominated Judge Peter Turney, of Franklin County, for Gov ernor.

GOVERNOR BUCHANAN, of Tennessee, com muted to imprisonment for life the sentence of Colonel H. Clay King, who was to have been hanged at Memphis for the murder of David H. Posten on March 151ast on a pub-lic street in that city.

JUDGE JAMES C. NORMILE, of St. Louis, Mo., committed suicide by taking poison. He had brought a libel suit against the Post-Dispatch, and his mind is supposed to have become unbalanced on account of the ques-tions put to him by the counsel for the de-

EIGHT colored men were drowned by the swamping of a ferry sloop between Sullivan's Island and Charleston, S. C. They were bucksters on their way to the island with vegetables.

A STEAM thresher, operating on Thomas Faulty's farm, near Elizabeth, W. Va., was blown to pieces and Samuel Booth and another man were fatally and three others ly hurt. Dynau

ACTING SECRETARY NETTLETON has issued a circular to customs officers and all others concerned, calling for a rizid enforcement of the laws for the protection of the salmon fisheries of Alaska.

DISPATCHES received by the State Dr-partment from Minister Egan said that Chile had agreed to the establishment of a Claims Commission, to meet in Washington for the settlement of claims against her. THE July report of the Chief of Statistics,

Treasury Department, shows that during the month the exports of breadstuffs aggregated \$14,357,400, as against \$10,370,-201 during July, 1891. during July, 1891.

ASSISTANT SECRETARY SOLEY has com pleted plans for the course of study to be pursued by officers of the Navy and Marine Corps who will be assigned to cuty at the Naval War College.

Foreign.

HERR HERFURTH, Prussian Minister of the Interior, has resigned, and will be succeeded by Count von Eulenburg, President of the Prussian Council of Ministers

HENRY B. RIDER, United States Consul at Copenhagen, Denmark, has confessed to embezzlement, forgery and subornation of perjury.

VENEZUELA is in a state of anarchy, Gen eral Urdaneta has proclaimed himself Dic tator of the Western States. The French Consul at Carupano was imprisoned by the Venezuelan authorities, and a man-of-war was sent to demand his release.

EIGHTEEN Indians of the Balla Coolla and Wake Nep tribes, were drowned while en-gaged in a sea lion hunt near Queen Charotte Islands, British Columbia. In the dense mist their cance struck a rock, and the Indians were precipitated into the water.

AT Scharnitz, a village and pass in the Swiss Tyrol, a landslide caused the death of five persons, who were over whelmel beneath the mass of rock and earth which came thundering down from a mountain.

CHOLERA is increasing in Teheran, Persia. The deaths now average sixty daily.

FRANCE has taken possession of St. Paul and New Amsterdam Islands, near Madagascar.

THE British House of Commons divided on the motion of Herbert Henry Asquith (Gladstonian), member for the East Division of Fifeshire, of "no confidence" in the Government; and the motion was carried by a vote of 350 to 310, thus defeating Salis-

A FATAL accident occurred in a pit at Besseges, Department of Gard, France. While eight miners were ascending the shaft in a cage the cable attached to the cage broke and all were dashed to the bottom and killed.

THE Queen of England through her Private Secretary has commanded Gladstone to form a Ministry.

JOHANN SINGER, & clerk in Vienna, Austris, killed his sweetheart and his three children by charcoal fumes. He was driven to the act by poverty.

THE NATIONAL GAME.

DWYER is Cincinnati's winning pitcher. EHRET is Pittsburg's only winning pitcher. NEW YORK leads even Boston in baserunning.

BOYLE, of New York, plays first base to perfectio

BECKLEY has superseded Miller as Pittsburg's Captain.

WARD, of Brooklyn, is sending visiting teams to the bat first. HUTCHINSON, of Chicago, is the best hot

weather pitcher extant. RICHAEDSON, of Washington, is the star

second baseman this year. RUSIE, of New York, is one of the best bat-

ting pitchers in the country NEW YORK never before had a team that

could run bases like the present one. THERE is not a pitcher living who can NEW YORK is the only club making two pitchers-Rusie and Crane-Jo all the work. THE Cincinnati team as now constituted is made up entirely of ex-Association play

BLOODY FIGHFING.

Abou: 500 Men Killed in a South American Revolution.

The city of Bolivar, Venezuela, has fallen into the hands of legalistas after a desperate and bloody battle. The legalistas, some 4000 men strong, were under command of Generals Hernandez and Gil

They appeared before the city early in the morning and demanded of the cournander of the Government forces that he surrender. The reply was a prompt refusal. This precipitated the engagement.

nandrz and Gil at the head of their forces advanced on the position of the Govern-ment troops and attacked in the face of a murderous fire. The attack was made with desperate courage, and was resisted with equal vigor. For a time the decision was in the bal-

ance, but numbers told at last, and the governmentals gave back slowly, contesting

every inch of the ground. It was not until Generals Carrera, Acosta and Laudalta and been killed at the head of their troops that the governmentals broke and retired from the field in much disorder, leaving on the field nearly five hundred men

The legalistas, while they lost no general officers, suffered fully as much as the gov-ernmentals, losing almost five hundred men.

THE annual report issuel by State Comptroller Heppenbeimer shows that during the past year there were 1500 accidents on all the railroads in New Jersey. The number of persons killed in the accidents was 331; 204 were killed or injured by jumping from trains in motion. The elevation of the Pennsylvania Railroad tracks in Jersey City has greatly lessened the number of fatalities.

An insane Chinese at Hillsborn, Oregon, chopped off his right hand at the wrist. He stoically made two strokes with a hatchet before the member dropped off. The only explanation that he made was that the hand stealee," and he wanted to rid himself of the dishonest portion of his anatomy.

THE MARKETS.

Late Wholesale Prices of Country Produce Quoted in New York,

Produce Quoted in New York.
23 BEANS AND PEAS. Beans-Marrow, 1891, choice \$ - @\$2 30 Medium, 1891, choice
BUTTER. Creamery-St. & Penn, extras 23 @ 231/ St. & Penn, firsts
Half tubs and pails, 1sts. 2) 21 Half tubs and pails, 2ds. 18 19 Welsh tubs, extras
State factory-Full cream, large size white, fancy. 9% @ 9% Full cream, colored, fancy 9% @ 9% Full cream, good to prime 8% @ 8% Part skims, choice
State and Penn-Fresh 18½@ 19 Western-Fresh, fancy 17½@ 17½ Fresh, fair to prime @ - PRUITS AND BERRIES-FRESH.
Apples-Nyack pippin, bbl. 2.25 @ 3.00 Orange pippin, per bbl. 2.00 @ 2.73 Up Hiver, per bbl. - @ - Pears, Sugar Top, per bbl. - @ - Bloodgood, per bbl. 2.50 @ 3.00 Bell, per bbl. 1.75 @ 2.25 Grapes-Western N. Y., Ca- Ca-
tawba 5 1b. basket — @ — Western N. Y., Concord. — @ — Peaches, Md. & Del., crate 2 00 @ 3 00 Huckleberries, per quart 4 @ 8 Jersev per quart — @ — Md. & Del. per quart — @ —
Blackberries, per quart
State-1891, choice, per lb - @ 26 1891, prime 241/2 25 1891, common to good 20 24 1890, common to choice 14 @ 18 Old odds
Fowls-Jersey, State, Penn. — @ 14 Westera, per 1b 13½ @ 14 Spring Chickens, local, lb 14 @ 15 Small to medium
рег раіг
Mixed weights
Geese-SpringEastern, per Ib — @ — Squabs-Dark, per doz 1 75 @ 2 00 Light, per doz 2 75 @ — VEGETABLES. Potators-Southern, seconds, — @ —
Norfolk, bbl
State, per bbl
GRAIN, ETC. FlourCity Mill Extra 4 30 @ 445 Patents
Rye-State
LIVE STOCK. Beeves, City dressed

mile a minute. No accident occurred and if there was any plan to rob the train it did

A woman voted at the recent Parliamentary election at Birmingham, England. Some question arose as to the validity of the vote, but the mayor and town clerk agreed with the Liberal agent that as the lady's name had somehow got upon the register the returning officer had no option but to receive her ballot.

It costs \$105 per ton to transport dry goods from New York to San Francisco by rail, the time being from twenty-two to twenty-six days. The same goods, if brought via Panama, part rail and part steamer, pay \$84 per ton, the time being about forty-five days. By clipper ship round the Horn the same goods can be laid down of a cost of \$20 per ton, the time being about eighty-five days

The Secretary of the Treasury has requested the Secretary of State to instruct the United States consular officers everywhere to refuse to certify invoices of goods on and after September 1st unless the merchandise is invoiced after the metric system. This action is taken on information received from the consuls at Paris and Lyons, who say that the "aune" system of measurement now in use in France on invoices of goods intended for the United States, facilitates frauds on the Custom House, and that the metric system would greatly simplfy commercial transactions and facilitate a comparison of invoices and prices.

A man up from Venezuela, where they have been cutting one another's throats in a revolutionary matinee, says of that unhappy country's warriors: "Falstaff's ragged regiment wasn't in it with the soldiers down there. They are the hungriest looking creatures you ever saw. I've given pennies to them on the street. They wear linen breeches and an undershirt, and when they come into town they wrap their blankets around them to cover their nakedness. They carry old flint-lock muskets. There are a few Remingtons and Winchesters, but mighty few. They have machetes. A machete is a sort of big butcherknife without a point. It is about three inches wide and thirty inches long, and pretty heavy. They cut wood and kill snakes and enemies with machetes, Some of them have shoes, but the most of them wear a leather sole with a strap across the heel and toe. The bare heels and toes stick out."

Assistant United States Treasurer Ellis H. Roberts handed over receipts for the vari-ously numbered boxes, and with these in their possession the work of the Postofflos officials was completed.

NEWSY GLEANINGS.

CHOLERA is raging in Burmah.

THE drought in Texas is broken. THE cholera is still moving westward.

THE oat crop is reported a fair average TOURISTS are numerous in the White

Mountains. THE Agricultural Appropriation bill stops

further foreign crop reports. THE Queen's speech to the British Parlia-

ment is the shortest on record.

BRAZIL has dcubled its purchases of American cotton within a year

THE drouth in Australia has been effec-tual in destroying many thousands of rab-GREAT damage has been done to Spanish

vineyards through the ravages of phyllozera.

THE shipments of new crop India wheat to the English market are less than those of last year.

SEVEN widows of Revolutionary soldiers are on the rolls of the Knoxville (l'enn.) penn office

AFTER gathering in their crops in Utab, 500 Mormon families will move to Mexico in the autumn.

THE Chilean Senate will try the late Ministers of Balmaceda on charges of treason and corruption.

THE salmon pack on Columbia River, in regon, for the season just closed amounts to 448,000 cases. -

SOUTH DAKOTA is overrun with tramps, Farmers tried without success to hire them. They are now being driven out of the coun-

DURING their concert tour through Ger-many the New York Arion Society sung to over 50,000 persons and added \$50.00 to var-ious poor funds.

COMPLAINTS are heard from Omaha that in many sections there are few or no grains of wheat in many heads which look plump and promising.

ASTRONOMERS throughout the United States expect great scientific results from the observation of the planet Mars, while in opposition to the earth.

UNITED STATES troops are driving "soon-rs" and cattlemen out of the Cherokee trip. The latter are using all possible Strip. The latter are means to delay eviction

PROFESSOR KOCH has gone to the cholera infected districts of Russia to renew his in-vestigations into the cause of the disease, paying special attention to the comma bacillus.

THE New York Sun's estimate points to a wheat yield in Minnesots and the Dakotas of 100,000,000 to 120,000,000 bushels if the frosts hold off until the later sown crop

in the machine, it is believed, to kill the operatives.

THE Democrats of Georgia met in State Convention at Atlanta and placed in the field a full State ticket, headed by W.J. Northen for Governor.

In Tal'adega, Ala., R. L. Rasberry, a bartender who had been discharged by N. mons, met his former employer in the street and shot him to death. Then he turns i his revolver against himself and sent a bullet through his heart.

INTENSE excitement prevailed at Memphis, Tenn., over the commutation by the Governor of the sentence of Murderer H. Clay King to imprisonment for life. Threats to lynch King were made and he was taken out of to an, but friends of the man he mur-dered said they would overtake and hanz him. A huge crowd gathered at the corner of Main and Madison streets, where King ssinated Posten, and hanged Governor

Buchanan in effigy. A LANDSLIDE near Carrollton, Ga., re-sulted in the death of three workmen-Jerry Collier, Sam Wimbush and Sam Waems.

Five others were badly hurt. THE Michigan Prohibition State Convention assembled at Owasso and nominated the Rev. John Russell, of New Haven, for

HUGH MCCURDY, of Michigan, was electe l Grand Master of Knights Templar at Dan ver, Col. It was decided to hold the twentysixth triennial conclave at Boston.

COLONEL H. CLAY KING, the Tenne murderer, has been safely delivered at the Penitentiary in Nashville,

L. B. SALE and his two sons were drowned in Fox River, at Grignon's Point, Wis. two boys were bathing and got beyond their depth. Calling to their father, he pulled off his coat and hat and jumped in to rescue them, when all were drowned.

THE official count of the Choctaw vote in Indian Territory gives Jones, the Progres sive candidate for principal chie', a large majority, and gives the Progressive four-teen out of twenty representatives in the National Council.

THE Georgia Republican State Conven-tion met at Atlanta and refussi to put out any State ticket. Debates showed a strong feeling in favor of the People's Party ticket. An electoral ticket, however, was agreed upon, after which the convention adjourned.

Is a stampede at Bannock Butte, Idaho, which was caused by hungry prospectors attempting to capture a calf, two cowboys and 361 cattle were swept over a cliff and dashed to piec W. H. FOREMAN, Albert Inman, Alex-

ander Moore, Unaries Sawyer and Jack Pummel were killed by a falling wall at Hartford City, Ind. A. PRICE and Arthur Kurtz, each eight

years old, were found dead at Lansing, Mich., in an ice-chest. They had evidently crawled into it in play and had been thered

Washington.

GENERAL JAMES W. DENVER, of Wil-mington, Ohio, diel in Washington of

uraemic poison. His filness was of brief duration. General Denver was born in Winchester, Va., in 1817.

SECRETARY NOBLE has appointed as a commission to negotiate with the Yankton Indians of South Dakota for a cession of their surplus lands, J. C. Adams, of Web-ster, Bouth Dakota; W. L. Brown, of Chi-cago, and John J. Cole, of St. Louis. These surplus lands aggregate about 168,000 acres. LETTERS have been sent by the Postoffice Department to about 2800 postmasters at county sents asking them to repeat this year, some time between August 1 and December 15, the visits of inspection made by them last year to the smaller postoffices in their respective counties.

ctive counties.

RADFORD, of Boston, is playing the strongest right field game of any player in

PFEFFER, of Louisville, can play anywhere on a team, except behind the bat. He is even a fair pitcoer

SACRIFICE hitting wins too many games ensel with by sensible manazora to be oi and captains,

STRICKER is playing a wonderful second base for Bastimore and handling the team in a masterly manuer.

DALY, the catcher, seems to be Brooklyn's utility man. He plays every position w even at first trial.

THE Boston team is batting better now than at any time during the first season when it was in the lead.

Boston has, for this year, lost the reputa-tion of being the best ball city in the world. Brooklyn is at present justly entitled to that

FFEFFER, of Louisville, says Clausen has as good a drop ball as Ramsey ever had, and is a far better fielder. He is quite an acquisit on to the Louisville team.

CAPTAIN EWING, of New York, is now playing behind the bat with all his old grace and skill. With Ewing at one end of the battery stolen bases will be few and far

THE famous old Chicago team has furnished quite a few cantains to the profession apart from Anson, viz.: Gore, Kelly, Burns, Pieffer, Duffy and Van Haltren. All have and are still doing, credit to their alma mater.

THE New York team is now batting with good judgment, particularly when bunting and sacrificing is required, and is running bases as no New York team has ever before ran them. The result is a most entertaining ran them. game, even if heavy slugging be lacking.

MILLER, of Pittsburg, is the only catcher in the country who does not use a chest pro-tector when playing behind the bat. He has a clavicle which has several shades the betof it when matched against the resisting rowers of a rubber bag inflated with air.

A TWELVE-INNING ball game in Brooklyn resulted in a victory for the Boston clu Stivetts really won it by making a home-run hit in the twelfth inning, while Tucker was on base, thus making the score 2 to 0 in favor of Boston. Kelly, Tucker and Nash mate a triple play in the fourth inning. Haddock pitched for Brooklyn and Stivetts for Bos

RECORD OF THE LEAGUE CLUBS

Clubs, Won, L	st. et.	Clubs, W	Ion.	Lout.	Per
Cleveland17	7 .708	Pittsburg.			.522
Philad'lp'a.15		hicago			.417
		Incinnat			417
New York.13		Washing's			391
Brooklyn., 13 1		Louisville			.848
Baitimore12 1		St. Louis			304

SOLDIERS DROWNED.

They Were Practising in the Military Swimming School,

Seven soldiers were drowned at Neisse, in Prussian Silesia, while practising in the military swimming sobool. The men were ordered to go into the water beyond their depth, the perceptor supposing them to be sufficiently practiced to be able to swile. This proved not to be the case, and they sank without making any sign that they

The fact that they were drowned was not mappeded for some moments, until they failed to come to the surface. It was then too late to save thom.

Lambs, per 10. 100 ibs...... 6 00 @