

SENATOR R. Q. MILLS

The Texas Statesman Chosen for Reagan's Seat.

HIS ELECTION WAS UNANIMOUS.

Senator Chilton Withdrew from the Race Just Before the Balloting in Order to Save His Friends from Embarrassment—Brief Sketch of the New Senator.

AUSTIN, Tex., March 23.—Both houses of the legislature yesterday unanimously selected Roger Q. Mills as United States senator, and the election was ratified today in joint convention. Mr. Mills was chosen on the first ballot, Senator Chilton, the sitting member, having announced his withdrawal from the race just before the balloting. Senator Chilton assigned as his only reason for withdrawing that he had found the total vote of his friends in the legislature would not be sufficient to elect him, and he did not wish to embarrass those who would have stood by him.

Roger Q. Mills is a native of Kentucky, having been born in the old town of Salem, in Todd county, that state, in 1832. When he was 17 years old he moved to Texas and took up the study of law. He was admitted to the bar, and when he was 27 years old was elected to the Texas legislature. At the breaking out of the civil war he joined the southern army as colonel of a regiment of infantry. He was wounded a number of times, though not seriously, and returning to his home at Corsicana resumed the practice of his profession.

In 1872 he was elected to congress on the Democratic ticket, and has been returned at every subsequent election. There has mostly been little opposition to his election, though in 1888 the Republicans, Independents and Prohibitionists by combining cut down his majority to about 5,000. At the last election he was returned by a majority of over 16,000. Mills was always a tariff reformer, though he failed to attract much attention to himself until he was entrusted by Speaker Carlisle in the Fifty-fifth congress with the duty of framing a bill in line with the views of President Cleveland, and about which subsequently the great campaign of 1888 was fought and lost to the Democrats. The large Democratic majority of the present house being assured Mills naturally assumed up as a prominent candidate for the speakership.

After the election of Mr. Crisp to the speakership the speaker offered Mr. Mills the second place on the committee of ways and means, which he declined to accept. He was afterwards appointed chairman of the committee on interstate and foreign commerce, a service that he likewise declined. Service in the house in a subordinate capacity being ungenial to Mr. Mills immediately turned towards the senate. The election to the seat of Senator Chilton had been appointed by Governor Hogg to fill the unexpired term of ex-Senator Reagan, being soon due Mr. Mills' friends entered actively into the canvass.

The Behring Sea Matter.

WASHINGTON, March 23.—It is understood that both Lord Salisbury's reply to the note of the 8th and the president's response thereto were before the cabinet yesterday for information and consideration. Salisbury's reply was found to be quite unsatisfactory, and unanimous approval was given to the response prepared by the president. The latter is said to be an emphatic declaration of the intention of the United States to maintain the contention put forth in the correspondence on the subject, which has been made public. There is in it no withdrawal from the position heretofore assumed in the controversy, and no assent is made to any proposition repeated by Lord Salisbury which had been previously rejected. The reply of Lord Salisbury and the president's response, it is said, will be communicated to the senate committee of foreign relations today for consideration, and later in the day they may be transmitted formally to the senate.

Fire in the Nation's Capitol.
WASHINGTON, March 23.—When the House convened last evening the hall was filled with smoke, occasioned by a fire in the folding room, caused by a lighted cigar being thrown among the documents. This is the third occurrence of fire this session and the fifth fire which has occurred in this portion of the building within recent years. The fire was extinguished at 9 o'clock. Several hundred books were destroyed, and a few engravings. The damage cannot now be ascertained, but will probably reach about \$10,000.

Chicago Hoodlums Indicted.
CHICAGO, March 23.—Late yesterday afternoon indictments were returned by the grand jury against the following aldermen: W. J. O'Brien, D. R. O'Brien, Nicholas A. Cremer, Patrick J. Gorman, Philip Jackson, Stephen M. Gosselin, John F. Dorman. The charge against W. J. O'Brien and Powers is bribery, and against the others the specification is conspiracy to do an unlawful act.

River and Harbor Millions.
WASHINGTON, March 23.—While the river and harbor bill reported by the committee carries on its face but \$30,700,000, it actually authorizes an expenditure of about \$50,000,000, about \$20,000,000 of the sum being imposed upon future appropriations in the sundry civil bill.

NOTABLE DEATHS.

NEW YORK, March 18.—Max Strakosch, the famous impresario, died yesterday of paralysis.

BOSTON, March 21.—Daniel Lathrop, of the well known publishing firm of D. Lathrop & Co., died at his home here, aged 70.

CHICAGO, March 21.—Judge George Driggs, of the circuit court, died from quinsy while sitting in his chair, aged 45 years.

PARIS, March 23.—Ferdinand Barbedienne died yesterday, aged 71. He has been a distinguished producer in bronze of modern statuary.

LONDON, March 22.—A dispatch from Hyeres, France, announces the death there of Louis Cartigny, aged 101 years. He was the last French survivor of the battle of Trafalgar, on October 21, 1805.

PHILADELPHIA, March 23.—At 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon Professor D. Hayes Agnew, the eminent surgeon, died at his residence, No. 1601 Walnut street, aged 73 years. Dr. Agnew came in closer touch with the American people in the autumn of his career as the consulting surgeon of the lamented Garfield.

A WEEK'S NEWS CONDENSED

Thursday, March 17.
The steamer Indiana, which left Philadelphia Feb. 22 with food for the starving Russians, has arrived at her destination and was received with marked honors.

By the explosion of a locomotive boiler on the Catawissa branch of the Reading railroad at McAuley, Pa., Engineer Charles C. Campbell and Fireman Frank Brockie were killed and Brakeman Benton so severely injured that it was necessary to amputate both feet.

A dispatch received at Liverpool, England, from Australia told of the murder of his wife by a former resident of Rainhill, a suburb of Liverpool, named Deeming. An investigation in the house he formerly occupied revealed the dead bodies of a former wife and four children, with their throats cut. It has been developed that he had three living wives when he married his last victim.

Friday, March 18.
The trial of Mr. Deacon, who killed M. Abeille at Nice, has been set for May 16. The Chinese government has entered a vigorous protest with the authorities at Washington against the Chinese exclusion act, and there may be a severance of diplomatic relations.

James Galbraith, a mail carrier on the Monon road, while passing between two cars on a freight train at Linden, Ind., caught his legs between the draw bars. He clung to narrow blocks near the bars during the ride of eighteen miles, his legs being completely crushed before the train finally stopped at Crawfordsville.

Saturday, March 19.
Chairman Dickie, of the national Prohibition committee, announces that the national convention of the party will be held in Cincinnati instead of St. Louis.

Charles H. Aldrich, of Illinois, has been appointed United States solicitor general, to succeed H. W. Taft, who resigns to assume his new duties as judge of the court of appeals for the sixth circuit.

In a banquet at Boston, at which Governor Russell was introduced as "the next president of the United States," the Governor announced that he was not a candidate and would support Cleveland.

Chancellor von Caprivi tendered his resignation to the German emperor as a result of the latter's change of attitude on the educational bill. Subsequently he withdrew his resignation as chancellor, at the emperor's request, but retires from the Prussian premiership.

Monday, March 21.
A bill proposing home rule for Scotland has been introduced in the British parliament.

There have been twenty-nine deaths from typhus fever at New York's plague hospital on North Brother island.

Claus Spreckles, who has been supposed to be a bitter opponent of the sugar trust, has joined the great combine.

Charles Libby, a mining boss employed by the Doerun Lead company, near Farmington, Mo., fell down a shaft and was killed.

At the primary meetings of Democrats throughout Fayette and Chester counties (Pa.) resolutions endorsing Cleveland were adopted. Bradford county Democrats instructed the delegates to the state convention to support Hill.

Tuesday, March 22.

By the explosion of a boiler at East Jordan, Mich., seven men were killed and one had his eye blown out.

At a meeting of the certificate holders of the Standard Oil trust, held in New York, it was voted to dissolve the trust.

Sarah Althen Terry has become so violent at the Stockton (Cal.) insane asylum that it became necessary to place her in a straightjacket.

At Cheltenham, near St. Louis, a boiler exploded at the Laclade Fire Brick Company's works, bringing death to four men and fatal injuries to another.

Near Springfield, Minn., the house of John Lahey caught fire while the family was asleep, and he, his four sons and one daughter were burned to death.

J. Coleman Drayton, son-in-law of William Waldorf Astor, publicly brands Mr. Hallett Borrowe, another aristocrat, as a coward. The cause is Borrowe's refusal to fight a duel with Drayton. The latter charges Borrowe with improper relations with Mrs. Drayton.

Wednesday, March 23.

The Gatch liquor license bill was defeated in the Iowa house by five votes.

President Carnot welcomed Queen Victoria to France in a cordial telegram.

The London World states that Henry M. Stanley will go to the Congo this year in the interest of the Congo Free state and remain in Africa for a long period.

A remarkable surgical operation has just been successfully performed upon Major A. C. Towne, one of the vice presidents of army of the Tennessee, who has been lying at death's door in his residence in Argyle park, Chicago, suffering from a growing abscess on the right lung.

PHILADELPHIA MARKETS.

Closing Quotations of the Stock and Produce Exchanges.

PHILADELPHIA, March 22.—The stock market was steady. There was some activity in the stock market after being weak in the morning advanced in the afternoon on large transactions. Closing bids:

Leh. Valley	57	Reading g. m. 4s.	85 1/2
N. Pac. com.	52 1/2	Reading 1st pf 5s.	75
N. Pac. pref.	54	Reading 2d pf 5s.	64 1/2
Penn. Ry.	54 1/2	Reading 3d pf 5s.	50
Reading	28 1/2	H. & B. T. com.	50
Lehigh Nav.	5 1/2	H. & B. T. pref.	50 1/2
St. Paul	7 1/2	W. N. Y. Pa.	8 1/2

General Markets.

PHILADELPHIA, March 22.—State and western flour, super, \$2.75@3.25; do. do. extras, \$3.40@3.60; No. 2 winter family, \$3.75@4.00; state roller straight, \$4.25@4.50; western winter, clear, \$4.15@4.45; do. do. straight, \$4.50@4.65; winter patent, \$4.65@4.80; Minnesota, clear, \$4.15@4.45; do. straight, \$4.50@4.75; do. patent, \$4.75@5.00; Minneapolis favorite brands, higher. Rye flour, \$4.25 per barrel.

Wheat—Dull, lower, with 97 1/2c. bid and 98c. asked for March; 97 1/2c. bid and 98c. asked for April; 96 1/2c. bid and 97c. asked for May; 95 1/2c. bid and 96c. asked for June.

Corn—Quiet, firm, with 45 1/2c. bid and 45 1/2c. asked for March; 45 1/2c. bid and 45 1/2c. asked for April; 45 1/2c. bid and 45 1/2c. asked for May; 45 1/2c. bid and 45 1/2c. asked for June.

Oats—Quiet, firm, with 35 1/2c. bid and 35 1/2c. asked for March; 35 1/2c. bid and 35 1/2c. asked for April; 35 1/2c. bid and 35 1/2c. asked for May; 35 1/2c. bid and 35 1/2c. asked for June.

Beef—Dull, unchanged; extra mess, \$9.25@9.50; mess, \$8.75@9.00.

Pork—Quiet, steady; new mess, \$11 1/2@11.50; old do., \$9.50@10; extra prime, \$11.50.

Lard—Quiet, firm; steam rendered, \$6.25@6.50; yellow, \$6.00@6.25; western, \$6.00@6.25.

Legs—Liberal receipts, easy; New York and Pennsylvania, 14 1/2@15c.; western, 14 1/2@15c.

BALTIMORE, March 22.—Flour dull, unchanged. Wheat quiet, lower; southern wheat dull; oats, 94 1/2c.; longberry, 95c. @91. Corn steady; southern corn dull; white 45 1/2c. @46c.; yellow, 46 1/2c. Oats quiet, steady. Rye steady. Hay steady; good to choice Timothy, \$14 1/2@15.50. Cotton nominal; middling, 6 1/2c. Provisions steady. Butter firm. Eggs steady at 14 1/2c. @15c.

AGAIN A WAR CLOUD.

Russia's Extensive Military Movements on the Frontier Cause Alarm.

VIENNA, March 23.—The Austrian government is greatly disturbed by the attitude of the military in Russian Poland. General Gourko, acting, it is presumed, under orders from St. Petersburg, appears to be making preparations for hostilities against some power, whether Austria or Germany is not apparent.

The defenses of Warsaw are being strengthened, and householders have been notified of the number of soldiers that each house will have to accommodate in the event of a Russian army taking up quarters in the city. Persons whose loyalty is questioned are expelled from Warsaw and other Polish cities, and some are being sent to Siberia.

The guards on the frontier have been reinforced and fortified camps have been established at convenient points for a sudden movement in the direction of either Prussia or Austria. Large bodies of troops are in continual motion, and altogether the situation is calculated to stimulate anxiety both at Vienna and Berlin.

General Gourko returned a short time ago from a personal conference with the czar, and preparations have been increased since he came back to his command.

General Krieghammer, at Cracow, has been ordered to maintain increased vigilance and the troops throughout Galicia have been placed in a position for immediate service. Altogether 200,000 soldiers are prepared to move at an hour's notice.

THE READING DEAL.

Allegations That It Includes Additional Big Coal Companies.

WILLIAMSPORT, Pa., March 23.—An additional amendment was filed in the Arnot case against the Reading combine last night. H. C. and E. T. McCormick, counsel for the plaintiff, filed a supplemental bill naming the Lehigh Coal company, Philadelphia and Reading Coal and Iron company and Lehigh and Wilkesbarre Coal company as defendants in the action. It is claimed by the bill that they are all parties to the combination, which is in fact a confederation for the purpose of controlling the output of anthracite and fixing the price therefor.

It is also alleged that the defendant companies were competing lines, and that they are all now controlled by the Philadelphia and Reading Railroad company. The amended bill is a very voluminous document, covering the most intricate details.

It is believed that Mr. Arnot has now built up a powerful case, which will require all the legal force at the command of the Reading company to batter down. Judge Metzger issued an order of court permitting the filing of the additional bill.

Foster Leads in Louisiana.

NEW ORLEANS, March 23.—The primary elections for the selection of a Democratic ticket in the state took place yesterday. In the city the vote was light. It gives Samuel D. McEnery, for governor, a majority of between 6,000 and 7,000. Returns from parishes as far as received give Murphy J. Foster, of St. Mary, for governor, a majority of 6,150. This does not include several large parishes, which from all accounts will swell Foster's majority. It is conceded that he will carry the state by from 3,000 to 7,000. There is considerable excitement over the result, and the streets of the city are crowded with spectators waiting for returns.

The Revolt in Burmah.

CALCUTTA, March 23.—The revolt of the Lushai tribe, who occupy the country east of the Sonai river in northern Burmah, is extending, and it is expected that its suppression will entail extensive military operations. The trouble had its origin in an order issued by the British political officer, Lalpara, a Lushai chief, refused to carry out this order, and consequently a force of 100 men was directed to proceed to his village and compel obedience. The British troops were attacked on their approach to the village, but finally succeeded in occupying the northeastern part of it.

Chicago Crookedness.

CHICAGO, March 23.—It is reported in circles entitled to confidence that the culminating sensation of the present aldermanic bribery investigation will be the indictment of two city officials of great prominence and a similar number of aldermen, whose names have not been mentioned in the exposures, for accepting bribes. It is charged that for engineering the passage of this measure the four parties concerned divided up \$50,000. The evidence regarding this deal is said to lack but a couple of points to make it complete.

A Marders Captain Sentenced.

AMSTERDAM, March 23.—Captain Baker was yesterday sentenced to one year in prison for manslaughter in shooting a mutinous fireman on the Netherlands-American steamer Obdam last summer. The captain tried to frighten the mutineers into working and fired a revolver, killing one man. Captain Baker, under the laws of Holland, was allowed to be absent pending deliberation concerning his sentence, and is now on his way to New York in command of his vessel. There is no doubt that he will return and surrender.

Postal Telephones for England.

LONDON, March 23.—In the house of commons the Right Hon. Sir James Ferguson, postmaster general, in opposing a private bill for the establishment of a new telephone company, announced that the government would promote a measure placing the telephone trunk lines in the hands of the postoffice department, which would use the present telephone systems in alliance with the trunk lines.

Suicide on a Train.

ALTOONA, Pa., March 23.—At Spruce Creek, some miles east of here, a young man boarded the Altoona accommodation, which runs only to this city, and took a seat. Suddenly he drew a revolver from his pocket and placing the muzzle at his forehead fired. He was only able to give his name as Graham, and his residence as Middleburg, this state, before he died.

Mangled to Death by Dogs.

DUBLIN, March 23.—The wife of a farmer named McDonald, living at Ballynahinch, County Down, attempted to separate four her dogs that were fighting. The dogs turned on her, and throwing her down worried her to death. The sharp teeth inflicted terrible wounds in her head, and her limbs and body presented a horrible appearance.

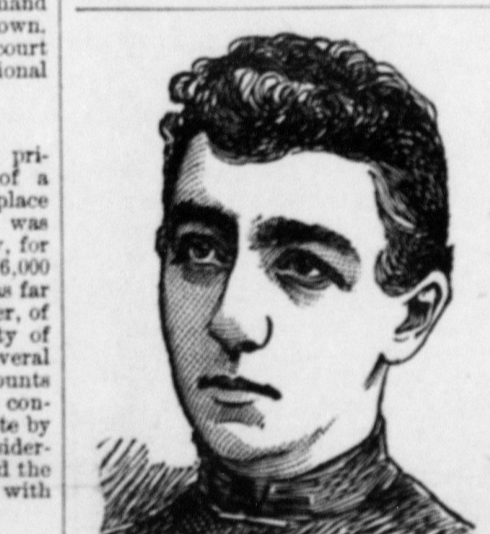
A Very Common Want.

"Out of sorts," "distract," "the blues," these are familiar appellatives for uncomfortable, undesirable sensations, accompanied with lassitude, nervousness, indigestion. Poverty of the blood, to remedy which an effective, stomachic persistently used is the paramount need, is conclusive evidence that the system is insufficiently nourished because—and for no other cause where organic disease does not exist—the food is not assimilated. Reinforce the flagging energies of the stomach, reform an irregular condition of the bowels, keep up a healthy secretion of the bile with Hostetter's Stomach Bitters. For over thirty years this popular medicine has supplied the common want of the nervous invalid, the dyspeptic and of persons deficient in vitality an efficient tonic. In its power of imparting strength is attributable its efficacy as a preventative of malaria and of grippe. Thoroughly effective it is too for rheumatism, kidney complaint and neuritis.

—Here is another clear swindle which is being practiced by sharpers over the country. A man puts in an appearance; seeks the proprietor of the store, and informs him that he is seeking for rare coins, passing him a list of specimens and their alleged value. He also asks the interested proprietors to keep an eye out, and should he get hold of any keep them for him. Soon after another party strolls around, buys a cigar or some other article, and exhibits a couple of coins with the remark that they are pocket pieces. On consulting his list the proprietor finds they are marked \$45 each. Here he will see an opportunity for speculation, and after dickering, the second party sells him the pieces. Of course, number one never shows up, and the coins are worth no more than their face value. This is now being worked all over the State.

WAINED IN TIME.

People will have themselves largely to blame if the horrid grip secures a foothold here this winter. The Board of Health sounded a note of warning a few days ago. Physicians all agree that with proper precautions the disease may be prevented. Aged and enfeebled persons, in fact any one whose system is run down, require a healthful stimulant just now. The medical faculty are a unit upon this point. Kien's Silver Age and Duquesne eye whiskeys which sell respectively at \$1.50 and \$1.25 per full quart are the best stimulants known. The most skilled practitioners in the country endorse and prescribe these brands and leading hospitals use them exclusively. Major Kien also sells Guckenheimer, Fiebig, Gibson, Overholt and Bear Creek at 81 per quart or six quarts for \$5. His establishments are dealers for everything in the liquor line. Goods expressed everywhere. Send for catalogue, mentioning this paper, to
MAX KIEB, 82 Federal st., Allegheny, Pa.



Miss Lettie Huntley.

Is the sister of Mr. W. S. Huntley, of Cortland, N. Y., a well known carpenter and builder. Her frank statement below gives only the absolute truth concerning her illness and marvelous recovery by the aid of Hood's Sarsaparilla. She says:

"C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.:
"Dear Sir: Twelve years ago I began to have hemorrhages and four years ago became so low that the physicians told me

There Was No Hope
and I should soon die. I could not be moved from my bed. Under my face were napkins continually reddened with blood from my mouth. I could eat nothing and had no action at the bowels for a week. The doctor said the cause was ulcers in the stomach. At this time my mother said she wanted to make one more trial, and asked if I would take Hood's Sarsaparilla. I told her it would be

A Waste of Money
but finding it would comfort her, I began taking it. In a few days the bloating began to subside. I seemed to feel a little stronger, but thought it only fancy. I was so weak I could not get out of bed. In two weeks I was able to sit up a few minutes every day. In a month I could walk across the room. One day I asked what they were to have for dinner, and said I wanted something hearty. My mother was so happy she cried. It was the

First Time I had Felt Hungry for Two Years

I kept on with Hood's Sarsaparilla and in six months was as well as ever in my life. It is now four years since I recovered, and I have not had a day's sickness since, nor any hemorrhage. If ever a human being thanked the good Lord on honest grounds it was I. I know that Hood's Sarsaparilla, and that alone, unquestionably saved my life."

Messrs. Sawyer & Jennings, the well known druggists of Cortland, say that Miss Huntley is a highly respected lady, her statement of what

Hood's Sarsaparilla
has done for her is worthy the highest commendation."
Hood's Pills cure Liver Bile.

WHY DO YOU COUGH?
Do you know that a little Cough is a dangerous thing?
DOCTOR AGNER'S ENGLISH REMEDY
Will Stop a Cough at any time and Cure the Worst Cold in twelve hours. A 25 Cent bottle may save you \$100 in Doctor's bills—may save your life. ASK YOUR DRUGGIST FOR IT.
IT TASTES GOOD.
PURE PINK PILLS.
Dr. Acker's English Pills
CURE RHEUMATISM, GOUT, NEURALGIA, MIGRAINE, COLIC, AND ALL THE LADDER.
W. H. HOOKER & CO., of West Broadway, N. Y.

AUDITORS NOTICE.

In the Orphans Court of Centre county in the matter of the estate of H. O. Watkins, late of the township of Curtin, County of Centre, State of Pennsylvania, deceased.
The undersigned, an auditor appointed by said court to make distribution of the funds in the hands of the administrator of said deceased, to and among those legally entitled thereto, gives notice that he will attend to the duties of his appointment at his office in Bellefonte, Pa., on Saturday, the 19th day of March, A. D. 1892, at 10 o'clock a. m., when and where all parties concerned may attend.
JAMES C. NOLL,
Auditor.

LEGAL NOTICE.

In re estate of James A. Beaver, et ux., conveyed to the Commonwealth, Guarantee, Trust and Safe Deposit Company, in trust for the benefit of creditors of James A. Beaver.

Notice is hereby given that James A. Beaver, of the borough of Bellefonte, county of Centre and state of Pennsylvania, and Mary, his wife, by deed of indenture bearing date the 7th day of December, A. D. 1891, have conveyed to the Commonwealth, Guarantee, Trust and Safe Deposit Company of the city of Harrisburg, county of Dauphin, and state of Pennsylvania, in trust for the benefit of the creditors of the said James A. Beaver, the estate, real and personal, of the said James A. Beaver in said deed described.
All persons indebted to the said James A. Beaver will make immediate payment to the Commonwealth, Guarantee, Trust and Safe Deposit Company and those having claims or demands will present the same without delay.
Jan. 27, 1892

COMMISSIONERS SALE OF UNSEATED

In pursuance of an Act of Assembly passed on the 29th day of March, A. D. 1824, the Commissioners of Centre county will sell at Public Sale at the Court House, in the borough of Bellefonte, on Wednesday, the 13th day of April, A. D. 1892, the following described tracts of land purchased by the County at Treasurer's sale and which have remained unredempted for the space of five years and upwards:

ACRES.	FEL.	WARRANTEE.	TWP.
50		Andrew Coon	Benner
50		J. Harris	"
50		John Moore	"
100		J. D. Shugert	"
30		Unknown	"
163		Walter Fraley	BOGGS
300		Frank McCoy	"
45		Unknown	"
45		J. M. Lucas & J. P. Packer	"
453		Wm. Gray	"
50		Unknown	"
431		Martina Goodfrey	Burns'd
415		Jesse Brooks	Curtin
400		J. D. Long	"
300		Jno. Palmer	"
300		H. L. Swedel	"
100		Peter Smith	"
185		Wm. F. Brady	"
300		Martina Goodfrey	"
300		Jno. W. Goodfrey	"
400		Joseph Kelso	"
200		Sarah Lane	"
200		Mary Lane	"
423		Samuel Scott	"
150		John Curtin	"
175		Paul Carter	"
175		Andrew Carson	Gregg
446		Harry Spiker & C. Weiser	Haines
135		H. B. Cawley	"
100		George Fowler	"
150		A. Ward	"
18		Thomas Castoria	"
100		Joseph Thompson	"
308		Geo. Seidel	"
427		Jno. Hartman	"
400		Bernard Crutcher	"
150		Unknown	"
125		Unknown	"
48		Daniel Beck	H. Moon
50		Jno. Irwin	Harris
400		James Reed	"
400		James Foyles	"
400		Wm. Harrison	"
400		Robert Patterson	Harris
407		92 Kearney Wharton	Howard
150		Martina Goodfrey	"
300		11 Wm. Chancellor	Huston
400		Job. W. Packer	Liberty
20		Thomas King	"
1/2 of 200		Christian Nestlerode	"
400		Mathew Leach	"
23		Thomas King	"
50</			