## FOREIGN AFFAIRS.

#### A Budget of Late News From the Old World.

### Fanatical Chinese Rioters Attack American Missionaries.

The Department of State has received a telegraphic despatch from the Minister at Pekin, China, reporting that a riot has occurred at Ichang, on the Yangtse-Kiang River, in the Province of Hoo Pe, and that an establishment of American missionaries there has been destroyed. No further particulars are given.

The gravity of the situation in China increases daily, and the Navy Department is lending its aid to protect American interests in answer to the representations of the De-partment of State. The Charleston is now on her way to China from San Francisco, and the Petrel, in the neighborhood of New York, is under orders to proceed immediately to China to strenghten Admiral Belknap's fleet; but they can hardly reach their destination inside of two months.

Side of two months.

Particular concern is felt at the departments in this last riot because of its location. Ichang is about 200 miles further up the Yangtse-Kiang than Hong Kow, which is as far above the mouth as vessels of war can make their way under ordinary circumstances. In time of high water light draught war vessels may get above there, and, in fact, the Ashuelot and the Monocacy have each succeeded in reaching Ichang. But unless there is high water in the river at present Admiral Bel-knap will have difficulty in getting a vessel

### Corpse in a Coal Bunker.

up to the scene of trouble

A horrible discovery was made in the coal bunker of the Thompson line steamer Fre-mona at Montreal, Canada.

mona at Montreal, Canada.

While working among the coal the men found a human foot and a search for the body to which the feet was supposed to belong was made. The stench in and around the bunker was almost unbearable.

When the men got to the bottom of the bunker they found the body of a man. It was a shriveled mass. It was doubled up, both feat were cone and the features were

both feet were gone and the features were unrecognizable.

The remains proved to be those of S. Dickson, who kept a widowed mother in Shields, England. He was employed on the Fremona while in Shields Harbor as a coal trimmer. While thought to be ashore he was down in the bunker at work when the coal was being put in, and he was buried alive under 150 tons of coal.

The Immigration Into Canada. In the Canadian House of Commons at Ottawa there was a lively discussion on the immigration estimates. Sir Richard Cartwright said that he thought it was time the Government ceased paying out \$250,000 a year on an immigration which was either mythical or useless, inasmuch as a great majority of the immigrants leave Canada for the United States. In the last ten years the Government had spent nearly \$3,000,000 on immigration. An immigration of \$86,000 persons was reported, but the population had increased by only 504,000.

#### Burglars and Parricides.

Two young men named Hoeffler, aged respectively eighteen and twenty-four, broke into the house of their parents in Berlin, Germany, believing it to be empty at the time, and proceeded to the bedroom of their father, intending to steal some money which was usually kept there. The elder Hoeffer was in the room, however, and grappled with the burglars. A flerce strug-gle followed, which ended in the old gentle-man being beaten to death by his sons.

## Sad Death on the Alps.

Charles Lane, of New York, who has been living at Oberhofen, near Thun, sixteen miles from Berne, Switzerland, recently escorted a party of women on an excursion to on Lake In turned by the same way they came, but Mr.
Lane went by the dangerous Gustuchal
route. Late next afternoon his body was
found, horribly mutilated, at the foot of a

## Fatal Earthquake Shocks.

The volcanic disturbances at San Salvador, San Miguel and Izalco culminated in a dor, San Miguel and Izalco culminated in a terrible earthquake shock, which was fol-lowed by successive minor shocks. The people rushed in a panic from their beds shricking and praying, while buildings cracked, swayed and fell. Other towns have suffered greatly, some being virtually de-stroyed. Some lives were lost.

## Distress Leads to Disorder.

In the Province of Orel, Russia, bands of peasants are roving over the highways attacking convoys of grain and food even where the convoys are escorted by soldiers. Fights are of frequent occurrence and many persons have been killed. Crime is rampant owing to a desire to escape starvation by imowing to a desire to escape starvation by im-prisonment. The jails are crowded with prisoners.

## Collapse of a Building.

A house which had but recently been com-pleted and occupied in Regensburg, Ger-many, collapsed and eight of the occupants were killed and a number injured. The builder has been arrested, charged with maniaughter, and an official inquiry is in

## JULES GREVY.

## The Venerable Ex-President of the

French Republic is Dead. Ex-President Jules Grevy, of the French

Republic, died a few days days ago at Paris, at the age of eighty-four.

His death removes another of the prominent figures of French history that were arrayed against monarchy and despotism, and were instrumental in overthrowing the Napoleonic dynasty and establishing the in-fant French Republic on a firm and secure

M. Grevy was a Radical in politics and a member of the extreme left in the French Chamber. After the fall of Imperialism M. Grevy became President of the French Assembly, and filled that position again in 1878.

1876.

He was twice elected President of the French Republic, resigning from that office in 1887, being forced to the step by the famous Wilson cause celebre. He was an able and impassioned orator and an ardent admirer of pure democratic constitutions.

## TWO HORRIBLE DEATHS.

#### A Fight Among Farmers in Which One Avenges His Brother.

A terrible fight among farmers is reported from Celina, Ohio. While James Lewis and Tom Johnson were running a thrashing machine on John Coles's farm, Lewis cut Johnson on the hand. He claimed that the act was accidental. Johnson, however, would listen to no explanation, and rushed at Lewis, striking him a terrible blow in the face. Lewis fell under the thrashing machine and was drawn between the cylinders. He was killed instantly.

Frank Lewis, a brother of James, was witness of the affair. He caught up a pitch-fork, and, before anybody had time to restrain him, he plunged the times into Johnson's stomach, killing him almost instantly. Lewis is under arrest.

#### THE NATIONAL GAME.

DUFFY, of Boston, leads the Association in Among the League batters, Browning, of Cincinnati, is second.

THE American Association has had three Presidents within a year. PHILADELPHIA has beaten the Pittsburgs

in five games by one run. GRIFFIN was the first Brooklyn man to make one hundred safe hits.

Reilly, of Pittsburg, is playing by all odds, the worst first base in the League. Long now leads the Boston League team in batting, run-getting and base-stealing.

CURVED balls have been used less this season than any time since their discovery. "GLASS ARM" ball players is the term now used on a man drawing salary on a past

FOREMAN is the only one of the Washington pitchers with more victories than defeats

MYERS, Philadelphia's second basemen, has never been know to make a safe hit on the Cincinnati grounds.

PITCHER MCGILL has been effective for St. Louis, winning sixteen and losing six games up to a recent date.

WHEN Hutchinson is in the box for the Chicagos the players move about with perfect confidence of winning. BROOKLYN seems to have gone all to pieces

in the pitching department. Not one of the club's four high-salaried pitchers is doing THE Cincinnati Leaguers are the best paid

lot of ball players Cincinnati ever harbored and they are playing the worst ball ever seen on the League grounds.

CLEVELAND, Pittsburg and Philadelphia have hit Rusie, of New York, hardest this season. More recently, however, he has been roughly handled by all opposing teams. HAMILTON, of the Philadelphias, is leading the League in batting with a percentage of .340. He has stolen seventy-six bases in 109 games. Latham, of Cincinnati, is eight

Manager Mutrie, of the New Yorks, says more glass armed and maimed baseball players are being carried along on the payrolle of the different Association and League teams this year than has ever been the case since he has figured in the baseball arena.

THE Boston Association team can fairly claim to be a model organization. The men have all been sobriety itself, and not a player has conducted himself in an improper or un-seemingly manner. This will also apply to the Athletic, New York and Chicago teams.

JOHN EWING, of the New Yorks, has better percentage of victories than Rusie.
"Long John" has won sixteen out of twentythree games, and Rusie has won twenty-nine out of forty-five. Chicago's reliable Hutch-inson has the best record, having won thirtyfive out of forty-seven games.

CATCHER HARRINGTON thinks Crane, of Cincinnati, one of the best pitchers he ever supported. "It's a pleasure to catch his pitching," says Jerry, "for he can put the ball where he wants it. From his easy movements you wouldn't think he was going to send the balls over with any speed, but I'll promise you they come sailing in like a rocket."

The New Yorks have been practicing all this season at placing the ball with a man on first base, and have been fairly successful. The batter, with a man on first base, can tell pretty well who is going to cover second base, whether the second baseman or short stop, and that leaves him either one loophole or another. The Boston Association team has this style of playing down finer than any

### NATIONAL LEAGUE RECORD.

| Wom. Lost. et. | Wow. Lost. et. | Chicago...73 44 .624 | Brooklyn...50 63 .442 | Boston....68 48 .586 | Cleveland.52 66 .441 | New York.61 46 .570 | Pittaburg...49 67 .423 | Philadel...59 54 .522 | Cincin'ati...46 70 .397

AMERICAN ASSOCIATION RECORD. Boston....81 34 .704 Columbus 56 67 .455 82 Louis .73 45 .619 Milw'kse .50 67 .427 Bait'inore 66 49 .574 Wash'gt'n .38 73 .343 Athletic ... 64 54 .542 Louisville ... 39 77 .336

# PROMINENT PEOPLE.

FORT SWINBURNE is a red-headed bachelor. THE German Kaiser's new beard is a Ex-Senator Ingalls, of Kansas, receives

\$500 for each of his lectures. PRINCE BISMARCK has partly written five chapters of his autobiography.

Von Moltke left a sort of autobiography comprising twenty-nine diaries.

SENATOR SHERMAN, of Ohio, has been nearly thirty-eight years in office. SENATOR STANFORD, of California, is said

to receive a larger mail than the President. Ex-Governor Berry, of New Hamp-shire, has observed his ninety-fifth birthday. LORD DUDLEY, of England, holds the highest life insurance ever taken out. It is for \$6,000,000.

LORD SALISBURY has made twenty-one new peers since he has been in office, besides raising the rank of several more.

THE youngest son of General Grant, Jesse D. Grant, has accepted the management of a group of silver mines in Mexico.

CLARENCE H. FREEMAN, the champion checker player of this country, is a mulatto, with a slight tinge of Pequot Indian blood. SENATOR HOAR, of Massachusetts, dis-tinctly objects to being classified among the old men of the Senate. He is sixty-five years

SECRETARY BLAINE'S fortune is estimate at \$750,000, a friend of his says, and much of it is invested in railroads and mining

GOVERNOR CAMPBELL, of Ohio, is bald headed, of Scotch extraction, with a droop-ing iron-gray mustache, and is rising nine-and-forty.

MRS. M. HOTCHKISS, of Lakeville, Conn., has given seventy-five acres of land and \$275,000 to found a preparatory school for Yale College.

Chang Jay, Governor of Shangtung. China, is dead. He was a prominent states man, and had he lived, would probably have been Viceroy.

SINCE Garibaldi's death no one has bee allowed to use his chair in the Italian Legis lative Chamber in Rome. It is now hun with a laurel wreath.

WILLIAM HAYWARD, the oldest jockey of the American turf, is supposed to be worth about \$60,000. The horses he rode won some thing in excess of a million dollars in stake

The remarkable vigor of Oliver Wendel Holmes's mind is due to the strict care he has taken of himself since he became an octogenarian. His life is now one of great abstemiousness.

BISHOP J. H. VINCENT, of Chautauque fame, has not been in good health for some time past. He is in constant demand as a lecturer, but it is doubtful if he will be able to lecture often in the coming season.

CAPTAIN PETER JOHN IRVING, command of the record-breaker Teutonic, is one of the youngest captains in the service of any the transatlantic steamship companies. Captain Irving is not much above forty.

The proposed bride of the Czarowitch of Russia, Princess Marie, of Greece, is only fifteen years of age. She is very pretty and is of the Danish type of beauty, with blue eyes and fair hair. The Czarowitzh met her a year ago, and immediately fell desperately in love with her.

THE biggest flour warehouse in the Unit States, owned by the Reading Railro Company, with a capacity of 125,000 bushs was opened recently at Philadelphia.

## NEWSY GLEANINGS.

Good order prevails in Chile.

ITALY has 100,000 organized Socialists. CANADA'S rye surplus will be very small

A LARGE oat yield is announced from MISSOURI has 23,000 square miles of coal

SMALLPOX is becoming epidemic in Sal-AMERICANS will build Russia's great Siberian Railway.

THERE are at present 325 electric roads in the United State New Mexico needs 200 school teachers,

women preferred. THE Eiffel Tower is said to have changed the climate of Paris. LONDON is full of Italian children, im-

ported especially to beg. THE British Consulate at Ichang, China, was destroyed by a mob.

THE mercantile agencies report business improving in all sections. THE Methodist Episcopal Church has 280, - 000 Sunday-school teachers.

COREAN Consulates in Philadelphia and New York are to be abandoned. Sealing vessels returning from Behring Sea report that seals are plentiful there. AT Buenos Ayres, Argentine Republic, gold is quoted at 302 per cent. premium. An insect, which is a puzzle to the scientists, has attacked the sugar beets in Califor-

THE Italian Government has sent an urgent order for 50,000 rifles to the Terni ACCORDING to the Government report, the

potato crop will not only be a big one, but of fine quality. ACCORDING to the live-stock report, the imports of wool for the year will be about 100,000,000 pounds.

THE Egyptian cotton crop this season is the largest on record, amounting to 3,700,-000 hundred weights. THE Railway Clerks' Association has paid

\$24,000 to beneficiaries during the year, leaving a balance of \$ 4349.35. A DEMAND is now being made for a large increase in the Japanese fleet, so as to make it as strong as the Chinese.

ABOUT 800,000 acres of land in Eastern Oklahoma, recently ceiled by Indians, will soon be opened to settlement.

CIGAR-LEAF tobacco promises to be the best ever grown in New England, New York, Pennsylvania and Wisconsin.

HONDURAS banana culture has so increased as to keep twelve steamers plying toward New Orleans all the while with the fruit. THE Pennsylvania railroad bridge at Stucker's Creek, Ind., which has cost thirty-nine brakemen their lives, has been torn

In the month of August 14,528 European aliens landed in England, as against 9415 in in 1890, and 9817 of them left for the United

THERE are about thirty blood relations in New York and Connecticut uniting to try and break the \$30,000,000 will of Mrs. Hop-THE Cunard Steamship Company are to build four large steamers of "cruiser type," two for the New York and two for the

Boston service. PLANS for the Odd Fellows' Temple to be erected in Chicago provide for a building as high as the Washington Monument. The estimated cost is \$3,500,000.

TERRORITE was tested in buried shells at Fort Hamilton, New York Harbor, the three charges blowing holes of from thirteen to

fifteen feet each in the earth. THE splendid harvest in Kansas has re-habilitated the savings banks in Atchison that failed last winter, and real estate mortgages have again become valuable.

PRESIDENT DIAZ, of Mexico, has suspended the customs duties in Chihuahus, so that food may be imported from this country to the starving people of that State, which has had no rain for two years.

CENSUS AGENT PETROFF has turned up at which he says was 900 Aloutians, 5000 Indians and 18,000 Esquimaux, says rum is decreasing the population.

# TERRIBLE ACCIDENT.

#### A Drunken Bear on a Spree Kills Four Persons,

A strange and terrible accident has occurred in the neighborhood of Vilna, Russia. A large tame bear, which had been trained by the servants of a country gentleman to drink votky (whisky), entered a village tavern and killed the tavern keeper and three members of his family in a fit of

intoxication. The tragedy was brought about by the owner of the tavern, Isaac Rabbanovitch, attempting to snatch from the bear a keg of votky, which it had commenced to drink, votky, which it had commenced to drink, after staving it in with its paws. In the conflict that ensued the infuriated animal hugged to death the tavern keeper, his two sons and daughter. When some peasants arrived on the scene with guns they found the intoxicated animal asleep on the floor in a pool of blood and votky, surrounded by its four victims. The bear was immediately shot.

## THE WARFERS

9	THE MARKETS.
9	37 NEW YORK.
9	Beeves 2 00 @ 4 50
	Milch Cows, com. to good20 00 @45 00 / Calves, common to prime 2 25 @ 5 00
	Calves, common to prime 2 25 @ 5 00 Sheop 3 00 @ 5 00
	Lambs
3	Hogs-Live 5 50 @ 5 60
	Dressed 7 @ 81/4
	Flour-City Mill Extra 5 25 @ 5 35
	Patents 5 40 @ 6 00
	Wheat-No. 2 Red @ 1 031/
	Rye-State @ 1 05
9	Barley-Two-rowed State 90 65 92
10	Corn-Ungraded Mixed @ 73
	Oats-No. 1 White @ 40
	Mixed Western 35 @ 35%
533	Hay-Fair to Good 65 @ 70
200	Straw-Long Rye 60 @ 65 Lard-City Steam 60 0.75
•	Lard—City Steam
	Dairy, fair to good. 161/6 22
3	West, Im. Creamery 13 @ 18
233	Factory 12 @ 14%
5	Charles Charter Continue Calife Cal
	Skims-Light 4 @ 714
	Western, 6 @ 8
1	Eggs-State and Penn 20 @ 21
	BUFFALO.
硒	Steers-Western 2 40 @ 4 10
100	Sheep-Medium to Good 3 75 @ 4 75
1	Lambs-Fair to Good 5 50 @ 5 75
	Hogs-Good to Choice Yorks 5 10 @ 5 35
5	Flour-Winter Patent 5 15 @ 5 25
齫	Wheat—No. 1 Northern — @ 1 0714 Corn—No. 2, Yellow 71 @ 7114
223	Corn-No. 2, Yellow 71 @ 711/2 Oats-No. 2, White — @ 36
A O	Oats—No. 2, White
4	Control of the Contro
3	BORTON.
媚	Egg-Near-by 22 @ 23
9	Seeds-Timothy, Northern., 2 00 @ 3 25
	Clover, Northern 10 @ 11
ť	Hay—Fair
蝘	Butter-Firsts 18 @ 21
THE OWNER OF THE OWNER,	Dutter - Albertains and the William

WATERTOWN (MASS.) CATTLE MARKET.

PHILADELPHIA.

Flour—Penn. family....... 4 90 @ 5 00 Wheat—No. 2 Red. Sept.... 1 02% @ 1 02% Corn—No. 2 Mixed, Sept.... 73 @ 73 Oats—Ungraded White..... — @ 38%

4 @ 4%@ 5 @

6%

ef-Dressed weight.....

# REV. DR. TALMAGE.

THE BROOKLYN DIVINE'S SUN-DAY SERMON.

Subject: "The Droves at the Well," Delivered at Elmira, N. Y.

Text: "And they said. We cannot, until all the flocks be gathered together, and till they roll the stone from the well's mouth, then we water the sheep."—Genesis xxix., 8. There are some reasons why it is appropriate that I should accept the invitation preach at this great interstate fair, and to these throngs of countrymen and citizens horsemen just come from their fine charg-ers, the king of beasts (for I take the crown from the lion and put it on the brow of the horse, which is in every way nobler); and speak to these shepherds just come from their flocks (the Lord Himself in one place called a Shepherd and in another place called a Lamb, and all the good are sheep); and preach to you cattle man come as for the sheep of the sheep can be sheep. nd preach to you cattle-men come up fro and preach to you cathe-men come up from the herds, your occupation honored by the fact, that God Himself thinks it worthy of immortal record that He owns "the cattle on a thousand hills." It is appropriate that I come because I was a far-mer's boy, and never saw a city until I was nearly grown and having been I was nearly grown, and having been born in the country I never got over it, and would not dwell in cities a day if my work was not appointed there. My love to you now, and when I get through I will give you my hand, for though I have this summer shaken hands with problem. this summer shaken hands with perhaps forty thousand people in twenty-one States of the Union all the way through to Colorado and North and South I will not to Colorado and North and South I will not conclude my summer vacation till I have shaken hands with you. You old farmer out there! How you make me think of my father! You elderly woman out there with cap and spectacles! How you make me think of my mother! And now while the air of these fair-grounds is filled with the bleating of sheep, and the neighing of horses, and the lowing of cattle, I cannot find a more appropriate text I cannot find a more appropriate text than the one I read. It is a scene in Mesopotamia, beautifully pastoral. well of water of great value in that region. The fields around about it white with three flocks of sheep lying down waiting for the watering. I hear their bleating coming on the bright air, and the laughter of young men and indulging in rustic repartee. I look off, and I see other flocks of sheep coming. Meanwhile, Jacob, a stranger, on the interesting errand of looking for a wife, comes to the well. A beautiful shepherdess comes to the same well. I see her approaching, followed by her father's flock of sheep. It was a reproachly restricted. sheep. It was a memoriable meeting. Jacob married that shepherdess. The Bible account of it is: "Jacob kissed Rachel, and lifted up his voice and wept." It has always been a mystery to me what he found to cry about! But before that scene occurabout! But before that scene occurred, Jacob accosts the shepherds and
saks them why they postpone the slaking
of the thirst of these sheep, and why they
did not immediately proceed to water
them. The shepherds reply to the effect:
"We are all good neighbors, and as a matter of courtesy we wait until all the sheep
of the neighborhood come up. Besides
that, this stone on the well's mouth is
somewhat heavy, and several of us take hold somewhat heavy, and several of us take hold of it and push it aside, and then the buckets and the troughs are filled, and the sheep are satisfied. We cannot, until all the flocks be gathered-together, and till they roll the stone from the well's mouth; then we water the

sheep."
Oh, this is a thirsty world! Hot for the bead, and blistering for the feet, and parching for the tongue. The world's great want is a cool, refreshing, satisfying draught. We wander around and find the cistern empty. Long and tedious drought has dried up the world's fountains, but nearly nineteen centuries ago a Shepherd, with crook in the shape of a cross, and feet cut to the bleeding, explored the desert massages of this world, and plored the desert passages of this world, and one day came across a well a thousand feet deep, bubbling and bright, and opalescent, and looked to the north, and the south, and voice strong and musical that rang through the ages: "Ho, every one that thirsteth, come ye to the waters?"

Now a great flock of sheep to-day gathered around this Gospei well. There are a great many thirsty souls. I wonder why the flocks of all nations do not gather—way so many stay thirsty; and while I am wondering about it, my text breaks forth in the explanation saving: "We cannot until all the planation, saying: "We cannot, until all the flocks be gathered together, and till they roll the stone from the well's mouth; then we water the sheep."

If a herd of swine come to a well they

If a herd of swine come to a well they angrily jostle each other for the precedence; if a drove of cattle come to a well, they hook each other back from the water; but when the flock of sheep come, though a hundred of them shall be disappointed, they only express it by sad bleating, they come together peacefully. We want a great multitude to come around the Gospel well. I know there are those who do not like a crowd'—they think a crowd is vulgar. If they are oppressed for room in church it makes them positively impatient and belligerent. Not so did these Oriental shepherds. They waited until all the flocks were together, and the more flocks that came, the better they liked until all the flocks were together, and the more flocks that came, the better they liked it. And so we ought to be anxious that all the people should come. Go out into the highways and the hedges and compel them to come in. Go to the rich and tell them they are indigent without the Gospel of Jesus. Go to the poor and tell them the affluence there is in Christ. Go to the high and the state of the compel them. is in Christ. Go to the blind and tell them of the touch that gives eternal illumination. Go to the lame and tell them of the joy that Go to the lame and tell them of the joy that will make the lame man leap like a hart. Gather all the sheep off of all the mountains. None so torn of the dogs, none so sick, none so worried, none so dying, as to be omitted. When the fall elections come the whole land is scoured for voters, and if a man is too weak or sick to walk to the polls, a carriage is sent for him; but when the question is whether Christ or the devil shall rule this world, how few there are to come out and seek the sick, and the lost, and the suffering, and the bereft, and the lame, and induce their suffrages for the Lord Jesus. Why not gather a great flock? All America in a flock; all the world in a flock. This well of the Gospel is deep enough to put out the burning thirst of the fourteen hundred million world in a flock. This well of the Gospelis deep enough to put out the burning thirst of the fourteen hundred million of the race. Do not let the church by a spirit of exclusiveness keep the world out. Let down all the bars, swing open all the gates, scatter all the invitations: "Whosoever will, let him come." Come, white and black. Come, red men of the forest. Come, Laplander, out of the snow. Come, Patagonian, out of the beat. Come in furs. Come panting under palm leaves. Come one. Come all. Come now. As at this well of Mesopotamia, Jacob and Rachel were betrothed, so now, at this well of salvation Christ our Shepherd will meet you coming up with your long flocks of cares and anxieties, and He will stretch out His hand in pledge of His affection, white all heaven will cry out: "Behold the bridegroom cometh, go ye out to meet Him."

You notice that this well of Mesopotamia had a stone on it, which must be removed

You notice that this well of Mesopotamis had a stone on it, which must be removed before the sheep could be watered; and I find on the well of salvation to day impediments and obstacles, which must be removed in order that you may obtain the refreshment and life of this Gospel. In your case the impediment is pride of heart. You cannot bear to come to so democratic a fountain; you do not want to come with so many others. It is to you like when you are dry, coming to a town pump, as compared to sitting in a parlor sipping out of a chased chalics which has just been lifted from a silver salver. Not so many publicans and sinners. You want to get to heaven, but it must be in a special car, with your feet on a Turkish ottoman and a band of music on board the train. You do not want to be in company with rustic Jacob

and Rachel, and to be drinking out of the fountain where ten thousand sheep have been drinking before you. You will have to remove the obstacle o' pride, or never find your way to the well. You will have and your way to the well. You will have to come as we came, willing to take the water of eternal life in any way, and at any hand, and in any kind of pitcher, crying out: "O Lord Jesus, I am dying of thirst. Give me the water of eternal life, whether in trough or goblet; give me the water of life; I care not in what it comes to me." A way with all your hindrances of pride from the well's mouth.

well's mouth.

Come, an ye thirsty! You have an undefined longing in your soul. You tried money-making; that did not satisfy you. You tried office under government; that did not satisfy you. You tried pictures and sculpture, but works of art did not and sculpture, but works of art did not satisfy you. You are as much discontented with this life as the celebrated French author who felt that he could not any longer endure the misfortunes of the world, and who said: "At four o'clook this afternoon I shall put an end to my own existence. Meanwhile, I must toll on up to that time for the sustenance of my family." And he wrote on his book until the clock struck four, when he folded up his manuscript, and, by his own hand, concluded his earthly life. There are men here who are perfectly discontented. Unhappy in the past, unhappy to-day, to be unhappy forever, unless you come to this Gospel well. This satisfies the soul with a high, deep, all-absorbing, and eternal satisfaction. It comes and it offers the most unfortunate man so much of this most unfortunate man so much of this world as is best for him, and throws all heaven into the bargain. The wealth of heaven into the bargain. The wealth of Crossus and of all the Hothschilds is only a poor, miserable shilling compared with the eternal fortunes that Christ offers you to-day. In the far East, there was a king who used once a year to get on a scales, while on the other side the scales were placed gold and silver and gems; indeed, enough were placed there to balance the king; then, at the close of the weighing, all those treasures were thrown among the populace. ures were thrown among the populace. But Christ to-day steps on one side the scales, and on the other side are all the treasures of the universe, and He says: "All are yours—all height, all depth, all length, all breadth, all eternity; all are yours." We don't appreciate the promises of the Gospel. When an aged clergyman was dying—a man very eminent in the church—a young theological student stood by his dying—a man very eminent in the church—a young theological student stood by his side, and the aged man looked up and said to him: "Can't you give me some comfort in my dying nour" "No," said the young man; "I can't talk to you on this subject; you know all about it, and have known it so long," "Well," said the dying man, "just recite to me some promises." The young man thought a moment, and he came to this promise: "The blood of Jesus Christ cleanseth from all sin;" and the old man clapped his hands, and in his dying moment said: "That's just the promise I have been waiting for. 'The blood of Jesus Christ cleanseth from all sin;" Oh, the warmth, the grandeur, the magnifience of the promises! deur, the magnifience of the promises!

Come, also, to this Gospel well, all ye troubled. I do not suppose you have escaped. Compare your view of this life

escaped. Compare your view of this life at fifteen years of age with what your view of it is at forty, or sixty, or seventy. What a great contrast of opinion! Were you right then, or are you right now? Two cups placed in your hands, the one a sweet cup, the other a sour cup. A cup of joy and a cup of grief. Which has been the nearest to being full, and out of which have you the more frequently partaken? What a different place the cemetery is from what it used to be. Once it was to you a grand city improvement, and you went out on the pleasure excursion, and you ran laughingly up the mound, and you criticised in a light way the epitaph. But since the day when you heard the bell toll at the gate as you went in with the procession, it is a sad place, and there is a flood of rushing memories that suffus eye and overmaster the heart. Oh, have had trouble, trouble, trouble. God only knows how much you have had. It is a wonder you have been able to live through a wonder you have been able to live through it. It is a wonder your nervous system has not been shattered and your brain has not reeled. Trouble, trouble. If I could gather all the griefs, of all sorts, from this great audience, and could put them in one scroll, neither man nor angel, bould endure the recitation. Well, what do you want? Would you like to have your property again? "No," you say, as a Christian man, "I was becoming arrogant, and I think that is why the Lord took it away. I don't want to have my property back," Well, would you have your departed. hack." Well, would you have your departed friends back again? "No," you say, "I couldn't take the responsibility of bringing them from a teariess realm to a realm of tears. I couldn't do it." Well, then, what do you want! A thousand voices in the audience cry out: "Comfort, give us comfort." For that reason I have rolled away the stone from the well's month. Come, all ye wounded of the flock, pursued by the wolves, come to the fountain where the Lord's sick and and bereft ones have come.

"Ah." says some one. "you are not old."

ed of the flock, pursued by the woives, come to the fountain where the Lord's sick and and bereft ones have come.

"Ab," says some one, "you are not old enough to understand my sorrows. You have not been in the world as long as I have, and you can't talk to me about my misfortunes in the time of old age." Well I have been a great deal among old people, and I know how they feel about their failing health, and about their departed friends, and about their departed friends, and about the loneliness that sometimes strikes through their soul. After two persons have lived together for forty or fifty years, and one of them is taken away, what desolation! I shall not forget the cry of the late Rev. Dr. De Witt, of New York, when he stood by the open grave of his beloved wife, and, after the obsequies had ended, he looked down into the open place and said: "Farewell, my honored, faithful and beloved wife. The bond that bound us is severed. Thou art in glory, and I am here on earth. We shall meet again. Farewell! Farewell!" To lean on a prop for fifty years, and then have it break under you! There were only two years' difference between the deaths of my father and mother. After my mother's decease, my father used to go around as though looking for something; and he would often get up from one room without any seeming reason, and go to another room, and then he would take his cane and start out, and some one would say: "Father, where are you going?" and he would answer: "I don't know exactly where I am going." Though he was a tender-hearted man, I never saw him cry but once, and that was at the burial of my mother. After sixty years living together it was kard to part. And there are aged people to-day who are feeling just such a pang as that. I want to tell them there is perfect enchantment in the promises of this Gospel; and I come to them and offer them my arm, or I take their arm and I bring them to this Gospel well. Sit down, father, or mother, sit Jown. See if there is anything at the well for you. Come, David, the P

limbs.

But some one says, in the audience:
"Notwithstanding all you have said this morning, I find no alleviation for my troubles." Well, I am not through yet. I have loft the most potent consideration for the last. I am going to soothe you with the thought of heaven. However talkative we may be, there will come a time when the steutest and most emphatic interrogation will evoke from us no answer. As soon as we have closed our lips for the final silence no power on earth can break that taciturnity. But where, O Christian, will be your spirit? In a reene of infinite gladness. The spring-morning of heaven waving its blossoms in the bright air. Viotors fresh from battle showing their scars. The rain of

earthly sorrow struck through with the rainbow of eternal joy. In one group, God and angels and the redeemed—Paul and Silas, Latimer and Ridley, Isaiah and Jeremiah, Payson and John Milton, Gabriel and Michael the archangel Michael the archangel. Long times of chor-isters reaching across the hills. Seas of joy dashing to the white beach. Conquerors marching from gate to gate. You among

them.

Oh, what a great flock of sheep God will gather around the celestial well. No stone on the well's mouth, while the Shepherd waters the sheep. There Jacob will recognize Rachel the shepherdess. And standing on one side of the well of eternal rapture, your children; and standing on the other side of the well of eternal rapture. on the other side of the well of eter-nai rupture, your Christian ancestry, you will be bounded on all sides by a joy so keen and grand that no other world has ever been permitted to experience it. Out of that one deep well of heaven the Shepherd will dip reunion for the be-reaved, wealth for the poor, health for the sick rest for the weary. And then all the flock of the Lord's sheep will lie down in the green pastures, and world without end we will praise the Lord that on this first autumnal Sabbath of 1891 we were permitted to study among the beating flocks and dowing herds of this fair-ground the story of Jacob and Rachel the shepherdess at the well in Mesopotamia. Oh, plunge your buckets into this great Gospel well and let them come up dripping with that water of which if a man drink he never again shall

#### SCIENTIFIC AND INDUSTRIAL.

There is no way to bend wood better or cheaper than by steaming.

Recent experiments show that with proper appliances ordinary gaslight can be used in making photographs.

To the inhabitants of the moon, if there be any such beings, the earth appears sixteen times larger than the sun and of a blue color. That the aurora boreals is the tail to the earth like the tail to comets, and as seen from the moon streams out behind our globe in a bright

and beautiful trail. The rate of growth of corals is difficult to estimate. At the meeting of the Academy of Natural Sciences of Philadelphia, Professor Heilprin exhibited a specimen of Porites astropoides which had been taken from an anchor cast in the autumn of 1885. He estimated that the annual amount of increase was scarcely one-twentieth of an inch.

The latest plan to improve the draft of the furnaces of ocean steamers is to increase the height of the smoke pipes. The new steamer Scot, of the Cape Mail Line, is provided with smoke pipes 120 feet high above the grates, being the loftiest pipes ever put into a steamer. A draft of three-quarter-inch water pressure is thus obtained, all the steam needed is easily secured, and the use of fans is dispensed with. Her speed is nineteen knots.

Bombay has the greatest piece of solid masonry construction that the world has seen in modern times. For years past the water supply of Bombay depended upon works known to be defective, involving the possibility of a water famine. A consultation of eminent engineers was beld, under the direction of the Government, with the result that a large dam was determined on to inclose the water shed of the valley which drains into the

sea south of Bombay. At Sophia experiments have been made in the last four weeks to ascertain the accuracy of the rapid-firing cannon recently d from the Gruson Works Magdeburg. At a distance of 5600 feet a target representing two field cannon and ten men was almost completely demolished by twenty-five shots. A line of thirty wooden soldiers, lying six feet apart, so that only the heads were in sight of the marksmen, received twentysix loads of chain shot and nine of shrappell. Twenty of the chain shot and fortyone pieces of shrapnell struck fourteen

wooden soldiers.

Only twelve years have clapsed since the first crude suggestions of the practical working of an electric railway were made, and four years ago a list of a dozen would comprise every such road in the world in even passably successful operation, whatever the method of application. The first large commercial electric railway was, after many difficulties and discouragements, opened in the early part of 1888 at Richmond, Va.; and since that demonstration was made, the indus-

Wonderful Growth of Electric Travel.

try has grown until there are now in operation or under contract, on the general lines laid down at Richmond, not less than 350 roads in the United States, Europe, Australia, and Japan, requiring more than 4000 cars and 7000 motors, with more than 2600 miles of track, a daily mileage of nearly 500,000 miles, and carrying nearly a billion passengers annually. Fully 10,000 people are employed on these roads, and there has never been an authenticated report of death on account of the electrical pressure used. Over \$50,000,000 are invested in this industry in this country alone .- The Forum.

#### A Moose Horn Grafted Into a Tree. Something of a curiosity is on exhibi-

tion in a show window at D. J. Hennessy's. It consists of a very large moose horn grafted into the base of a tree. It has been in that position for years, as the tree has grown around it so as to get such a grip on it that cut-ting the wood away is the only means of separating the two. It was found near the Kitty O'Brien mine on the Highlands, south of the town, by Tom Gordon. It is evident that at some remote period a huntsman was chasing the monarch of the woods, who, in running away, was caught in a tree, and in trying to extricate himself the horn was broken off .- Butte Inter-Mountain.

## For the King's Pleasure.

In ancient records we find mention of four-wheeled carriages drawn by mules, to convey in vessels set apart the water of a noted river, for the use of a king then engaged in battle; for none other would the royal gentleman accept as a beverage, and even that not only until it had been boiled in silver vessels. In such princely manner rumbled the water-cart withersoever it might please his Highnese to travel.—Harper's Weekly.