

THE WHALEBACK.

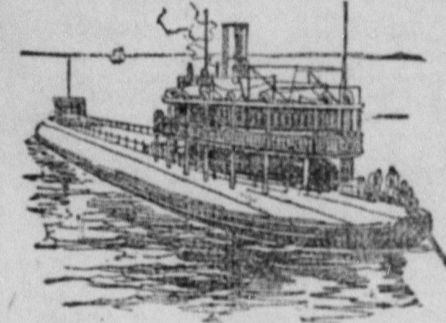
Curious Crowds Inspect the New Marine Monster.

A DESCRIPTION OF THE VESSEL

The Deck Resembling the Back of a Turtle Rather than a Whale. A Cross Between a Man-of-War and an Oil Tank.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 8.—Dickinson street wharf has been thronged all day with men, women and children, who came to view the whaleback steamer Charles W. Wetmore, which is taking on a cargo of machinery for a rolling mill on Puget sound, Washington.

The vessel is nothing but a great oblong shell of steel. With the exception of a compartment forward for the accommodation of the crew and a corresponding one aft for the engines and boilers its entire interior is one great cavity for storing freight. There is a steel deck three feet from the bottom, and the compartment thus formed is



THE CHARLES W. WETMORE.

filled with water for ballast. At a glance the vessel looks like a cross between a man-of-war and an oil tanker. There is not a mast or spar throughout her length of 265 feet.

The shape of the leviathan longitudinally is its oddest feature. The prow and stern are exactly alike. Both run to a blunt point on a line with the apex of the deck. The forward turret, in addition to concealing a gangway for the crew, protects the machinery that operates the two enormous anchors on either side of the prow. These anchors are of unusual size and one is of unusual pattern. It is shaped like an immense triangle, at the base of which is a heavy heart shaped tongue that drops out and becomes impeded in the bottom. The other anchor is of the old conventional pattern.

The deck of the vessel is gently sloping more like the back of a turtle than that of a whale. From the deck house at the stern to the forward turret are a succession of hatchways about ten feet square. They are of solid steel, one inch thick, and when at sea these are bolted down, and the seas may wash over the entire hull without doing any damage. The twenty-two officers and crew have no business on the deck when at sea. The quarters of the crew is below decks forward, and to reach them the men have to climb up the turret and go down through it to their bunks. They are nearly all employed in the boiler and engine rooms aft, which are reached by a sub-deck passage way.

The feature that gives the odd craft an almost grotesque appearance is the deck house at the stern, which contains the wheel house and officers' quarters. It is perched up on eight foot iron pillars, and contains in its structure the only woodwork on the vessel. It is built of iron and oak, both outside and in. The wheelhouse, directly in front and above it, is sort of an observation deck that does duty for the "bridge" on the ordinary ocean steamer.

On the roof of the deck house are the life boats and rafts, five benches and two tanks that supply the officers' quarters. Under the tanks are the three turrets that protect the machinery. The deck or back of the vessel is roped with wire ropes on movable iron uprights.

A Ghastly Hang-up.

SAVANNAH, Mo., Sept. 5.—Louis Bulling, the St. Joseph wife murderer, was hanged here yesterday afternoon. Sheriff Barry had set the hour for the hanging at 10 a. m. Bulling pleaded so piteously for an extension of time that the sheriff gave him until 1 o'clock to live. When the hour arrived Bulling fell on his knees and pleaded for an hour more. The sheriff yielded, and left him alone with his spiritual adviser. Suddenly two pistol shots rang out. The sheriff ran to the cell and found Bulling priest in his own blood while the priest lay unconscious beside him, having fainted. Bulling was not killed, however, and was dragged to the scaffold struggling, blaspheming and pleading for mercy. Blood was streaming from his shoes, and his hands and face were covered with the liquid, presenting a revolting spectacle. He refused to stand on the drop, and was held in place while the rope was adjusted, all the while screaming and cursing. The drop fell at 3:26 and his neck was broken. Rev. Mr. Lavake, the clergyman, was locked up on the charge of having supplied Bulling with the revolver. He denies the charge.

A Charge Against Jeff Davis.

PARKEERSBURG, W. Va., Sept. 8.—General T. M. Harris, of Ritchie county, a member of the court martial which investigated the death of Lincoln, and condemned Mrs. Surratt, has just finished a history of the assassination of President Lincoln. The history was completed from the stenographic notes which are in General Harris' possession. In the book General Harris boldly asserts that Jeff Davis and certain members of his cabinet were interested in and encouraged the assassination of Lincoln. He fortifies the statement with a large amount of documentary evidence. His book will create a sensation.

A Lunatic's Fearful Suicide.

PARKEERSBURG, W. Va., Sept. 7.—Serious charges are made against the management of the insane asylum at Weston. Within a little over a month four suicides have occurred, said to be due to harsh treatment. One of the patients, William F. Cook, scalded himself to death. It appears that Cook, while suffering from dysentery, had gone to the bath room, and turning on the hot water, literally rolled himself alive and died shortly afterward. When lifted from the tub the flesh dropped from his bones.

Thirteen Seamen Drowned.

LONDON, Sept. 6.—The English bark Fiji, running from Glasgow to Melbourne, Australia, was wrecked at Warnhol and thirteen of the crew drowned.

PENNSYLVANIA NEWS

Items of Real Interest Presented in Condensed Form.

HAZLETON, Pa., Sept. 8.—The 3-year-old son of Paul Madio, of Sugar Notch, fell into a spring, and was drowned twenty inches of water.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 5.—Yesterday afternoon George Roney, director of public safety, tendered his resignation to Mayor Stuart. This act was the direct outcome of the recent grave charges preferred against him in connection with his stewardship of the almshouse affairs, and was done to save Mayor Stuart from removing him.

SHAMOKIN, Pa., Sept. 7.—John Perogish was being hoisted to the surface of the Nelson shaft when his drill, which was resting on his shoulder, caught a projecting piece of timber. This overbalanced Perogish, and he slid off the cage. His companions were unable to clutch him in time. A wire was lowered, and when the cage was lowered the miners found their comrade dead. His feet 50 feet, and was completely dismembered.

BETHLEHEM, Pa., Sept. 7.—Able at 103 years of age to dance a jig that would do credit to the agility of many a maiden at 25, Mrs. Mary Gallagher, of South Bethlehem, is a remarkable woman. She frequently entertains her friends with exhibitions in dancing, does all her own washing, wears no glasses, and is apparently good for some years to come. Mrs. Gallagher has children, some of whom are 70 years old.

PITTSBURG, Sept. 5.—The Dispatch says that William Livsey, ex-state treasurer and cashier of the treasury under Boyer, who is at Milwaukee, Wis. Mr. Livsey, who is at the family residence in this city, states that her husband has resigned his position at Harrisburg, and when Mr. Livsey was communicated by telegraph last night he promptly replied, but declined to either affirm or deny the statement that he had resigned.

NORRISTOWN, Pa., Sept. 5.—An epidemic of dysentery of an unusually severe type has broken out in the hospital for the insane here. Forty-two of the patients have been afflicted within the past six weeks, and three have died. Dr. Chase announces that the epidemic is on the wane. The cause of this disease is not known, though analyses were made of the food supplies, drinking water, milk and ice, but none of the contaminating influences were found in any of them.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 7.—The non-appearance of Cashier William Livsey, of the state treasury, before the legislature's investigating committee, it is hinted, is due not merely to the memoranda in John Bardsley's memorandum book. It was stated last night from a well informed source that the experts going over the ex-cy treasurer's books and papers have in their possession a parcel of correspondence between Mr. Livsey and Bardsley, which, it is believed, contains matter of a nature likely to be regarded as compromising to Mr. Livsey.

PITTSBURG, Sept. 8.—The auditing committee of councils, which is investigating the various heads of departments in Allegheny, reported that Market Clerk David Hastings is \$32,647 short in his accounts. The investigation goes back as far as 1879. It appears Hastings failed to collect rental from many stall keepers in the market, in some cases for years. The stub receipts have been burned with garbage, and it is not known yet whether Hastings collected and appropriated any of the money to his own use or not. After the other heads of departments of the city government are audited the committee will turn its reports over to council to take action on them.

CHESTER, Pa., Sept. 5.—A big sensation was caused here by the arrest of James M. Headley, a prominent business man, on a charge of desertion and non-support, brought against him by his wife, to whom he has been married nearly thirty years. He was given a hearing yesterday before Alderman Garvine and held in \$400 bail for court. He positively refused to have bail entered for him, and he was taken to Media jail to await the next term of court. Miss Jennie Wilson, who keeps a millinery store here, was arrested last night on a charge of adultery with Mr. Headley. She gave \$300 bail for appearance. Mr. Headley will also have to stand trial on the adultery charge.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 7.—Two more arrests in connection with the Keystone bank failing were made on Saturday night and another arrest will probably be made today. The two men arrested are Charles R. Ego and E. L. Maguire, both of whom were individual ledger clerks. The arrests were made at the instance of the government experts, on warrants issued on the sworn affidavit of one of them, in which the defendants are charged with making false entries in the individual ledgers, also with making such statements as would tend to deceive the bank examiner and thus prevent him from finding out the true condition of the bank. The prisoners were taken before United States Commissioner Craig early this morning and gave bail in \$10,000 each for a hearing at 1 o'clock tomorrow.

LEBANON, Pa., Sept. 7.—A fight occurred between the employees of Light's rolling mill and a number of strikers, developing into a riot which the police had great trouble in quelling. Special Policeman James W. Johnson and his son were roughly handled, both of them receiving numerous severe cuts about the head and face, inflicted with stones in the hands of the strikers. The assaulted men drew their revolvers, and one shot was fired, which lodged in one of the striker's shoulders. The police arrested Lewis A. Rickert, Jesse Weiler, Ed McLaughlin and Isaac Reed, colored. All were committed in default of bail. Proprietor Samuel Light ran to the rescue of his men, and pulled Weiler off one of them, whom he was hammering with a stone. More arrests will follow.

READING, Pa., Sept. 5.—Alderman Wickel and Constable Borrell, of the Twelfth ward, did some clever detective work when they recovered a lot of stolen goods on the premises of Jesse Grimes, in a small court leading from Locust street to Twelfth. Under the floor of a frame shed they found 2,000 fine cigars, a lot of sewing silk and other valuable articles. Grimes, who has been arrested for another robbery, was seen in prison by Alderman Wickel, and confessed that on Monday night he robbed four places in different sections of the city, to some of which he had been sent as a thief. He carried his plunder through the streets without being detected, and was engaged at this work until daylight. One of the places robbed was two miles from where he secreted the goods.

McKINLEY'S WHIP TRUST.

A Combination to Put Up Prices—McKinley's Helping Hand.

We have a brand new McKinley trust, a trust of the whip manufacturers. McKinley got in the work of his fine protective hand last fall in the duties on whips; and now the manufacturers of whips have combined to enjoy McKinleyism. A very natural thing to do; for shrewd business men do not engage in manufacturing industries for the good of the dear country, but to fill their own pockets.

The whipmakers do not understand what protection means if it does not mean higher prices. They know of no other way to realize what Major McKinley calls the "beneficence" of protection than through higher prices. Hence it is announced that whips are already higher now than ever before, and one of the monopolists adds, "with a chance of a rise in price as the stock grows scarce."

This enterprising infant trust has provided, moreover, that stocks shall "run scarce." The trust got control of the rattan market and shut off the smaller whip concerns from their supply of this indispensable material. Without rattan whips cannot be made; and with the smaller whip factories closed up and their workmen out of employment, where does labor come in for its portion of the blessings which were to follow McKinley's increased duties on whips? Labor simply gets left out more, and as usual a grasping monopoly pockets the tariff plums.

The Whip trust is a McKinley trust. Under the old tariff whips covered with leather were taxed in a general "basket clause" at 50 per cent.; but this "basket clause" of the leather schedule was pushed up by McKinley to 35 per cent.

Most whips, however, are covered with flax, and here McKinley got in more of his "basket clause" work, by which whips of this kind were made dutiable at 50 per cent., in place of the old duty of 40 per cent.

The McKinleyites have no right to condemn the Whip trust. This trust, like all the tariff trusts, is simply a means by which to harvest the tariff plums. The purpose of a protective tariff is to enable protected interests to charge higher prices for their goods, since this is the only possible way in which protection can protect. But a trust seeks to bring about precisely the same result.

The trusts themselves understand perfectly that they are working to accomplish, by combination, exactly the same thing that protection aims at by so called legal methods. President Havemeyer, of the sugar trust, blurted out this kinship between protection and trusts last year when certain high tariff organs were assailing that great monopoly. Here are the frank and honest words of the sugar king:

"The great cry of one of the great parties is for protection—that is, they cry for it loudly during campaigns. But when we proceed to give ourselves some protection a howl is raised. They demand protection for the industries. When an industry protects itself it is said that it is illegal."

RUSK SAYS HARRISON.

He Has No Doubt of His Renomination and Re-election.

CAPE MAY, Sept. 4.—Secretary Rusk, accompanied by his chief clerk, S. S. Rockwood, is here. The secretary was interviewed yesterday and said: "I have never doubted that President Harrison will be renominated and re-elected as president. It does not become me to say much in praise of this administration, a part of which I am, but I think the country has come to regard Mr. Harrison as a safe, satisfactory and substantial kind of a president."

You want to know what I think of Blaine as a candidate in 1892. Well, to be frank with you, I don't know anything about it; but this I do assert, that Blaine, if a candidate before the next convention, would be a very formidable candidate, though I cannot convince myself that there will be the slightest antagonism between President Harrison and James G. Blaine.

There is no reason why there should be, as the president and all good Republicans admire Mr. Blaine for his great qualities as a statesman and thus far unrequited services to the Republican cause. I am free to say that I think the indications for Republican harmony and success in 1892 are encouraging. Mr. Harrison, of course, has enemies, and these may unite on Major McKinley, of Ohio, who, I think, is not averse to becoming a candidate for the presidency in 1892.

They Indorsed Governor Hill.

UTICA, N. Y., Sept. 4.—At the Third assembly district Democratic convention the following delegates to the state convention were chosen: J. H. Flanagan, J. W. Potter and D. Clinton Ward. Resolutions indorsing the administration of Governor Hill were adopted and the delegates were instructed to vote for Hon. S. A. Beardsley for state committeeman from this district.

Peck Delegates Win.

MR. MORRIS, N. Y., Sept. 4.—The Democratic caucus was the most warmly contested ever held in the town. The strife was between the Peck and anti-Peck factions. The Peck faction was victorious and elected their delegates to the district convention.

Count Horwitz Blackmailed.

HALIFAX, N. S., Sept. 4.—In Philadelphia Count Horwitz, of Puck, Germany, who is traveling around the world for pleasure, became acquainted with a woman who agreed to accompany him on his travels. Here the woman demanded a large sum of money from the count, threatening if he refused to have him sent to prison for abduction. He gave her \$500, promising her \$1,000 more, but instead caused the woman's arrest. The woman admitted that she was "working" the foreigner and promised to return the money.

No Yellow Fever There.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 4.—Consul Willard, under date of Guaymas, Mexico, Aug. 18, writes the state department that the sensational reports published in the United States that yellow fever prevails at Guaymas and on the Pacific coast of Mexico are without foundation in fact. There has been, he says, no case of yellow fever in Guaymas or at any point on the Mexican coast so far as known; no cases of yellow fever on the Mexican coast of the Pacific since 1887.

Artistic Advertising.

Undoubtedly the Ivory soap people deserve credit for the best grade of illustrations now being used for advertising purposes. The series of full-page drawings which have been appearing on the last page of the Century represents some of the most capable book and magazine artists in the country. The series must have cost no small figure. As yet the "way up" artists do not sign the work they do for advertisers, but I apprehend that it will not be long ere we shall see in the advertising columns such names as George Warton Edwards, E. W. Kemble, etc. Such men as these bring to their work, besides mere mechanical skill, a trained imagination and an artistic conception of things. These qualities, when used in connection with advertisements, command scarcely less interest than when used in the ordinary literary way.—Printer's Ink, August 19, 1891.

Liquor Habit Cured.

By administering Dr. Haines' Golden Specific. It is manufactured as a powder, which can be given in a glass of beer, a cup of coffee or tea, or in food, without the knowledge of the patient. It is absolutely harmless, and will effect a permanent and speedy cure, whether the patient is a moderate drinker or an alcoholic wreck. It has been given in thousands of cases and in every instance a perfect cure has followed. It never fails. The system once impregnated with the specific, it becomes an utter impossibility for the liquor habit to exist. Cures guaranteed. 48 page book of particulars free. Address: GOLDEN SPECIFIC CO., June 92. 185 REX ST., CINCINNATI, O.

SCROFULA

Is that impurity of the blood which produces unsightly lumps or swellings in the neck; which causes running sores on the arms, legs, or feet; which develops ulcers in the eyes, ears, or nose, often causing blindness or deafness; which is the origin of pimples, cancerous growths, or "humors," which, fastening upon the lungs, causes consumption and death. It is the most ancient of all diseases, and very few persons are entirely free from it.

How Can SCROFULA Be CURED

By taking Hood's Sarsaparilla, which, by the remarkable cures it has accomplished, has proven itself to be a potent and peculiar medicine for this disease. If you suffer from scrofula, try Hood's Sarsaparilla.

"Every spring my wife and children have been troubled with scrofula, my little boy, three years old, being a terrible sufferer. Last spring he was one mass of sores from head to feet. We took Hood's Sarsaparilla, and all have been cured of the scrofula. My little boy is entirely free from sores, and all four of my children look bright and healthy." W. B. ATHERTON, Passaic City, N. J.

Hood's Sarsaparilla Sold by all druggists, \$1.12 for 30. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & CO., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass. 100 Doses One Dollar

WHY WE REPRESENT THE NORTHWESTERN MUTUAL LIFE INS. CO.

It is a strong Company.

Total assets \$42,353,972.96
Total liabilities 35,821,847.98
Net surplus 4 per cent. \$ 6,532,124.98

II.—It is a Prosperous Co.

Inc. in force Jan. 1, '91. \$28,958,867.
Increase during 1890. 36,562,884.
Increase in assets in 1890. 5,237,042.65
Increase in surplus in 1890. 801,377.65
Total income in 1890. 11,119,278.65
Increase over 1889. 1,739,819.65

III.—It is a Careful Company.

Death-loss incurred during 1890 per \$1,000 insured 49.50
Ditto, next lowest Co. 11.40
Average of the 9 largest competing companies. 14.90
Death loss at 69.50 per \$1,000. 2,122,250.25
Death-loss had rate been \$14.30. 3,289,549.00
Amount saved. 1,167,288.75
Assets in 1st mortgage bonds. 82 per cent
Ditto, nine largest competing co's 35 " "
Assets in railroad and other fluctuating securities. None
Ditto, in 9 largest competing co's. 32 per cent

IV.—It is a well managed Co.

Rate of interest earned in '90. pr. ct. 5.92
Average rate of 9 leading competitors. 5.15
Interest income at 5.32 per cent. \$2,136,563
Interest income had rate been 5.15 per cent. 1,910,958
Interest gained. 225,605

V.—It pays the largest dividends.

The NORTHWESTERN is the only company which, in recent years, has published her dividends. In 1885 and in 1887 the Company published lists of nearly 300 policies, embracing every kind issued, and challenged all companies to produce policies, alike as to age, date and kind, showing like results. No reference or reply to this challenge has ever been made by any officer or agent of any company, so far as known.

VI.—The Company's interest receipts exceed her death claims.

Interest receipts in 1890. \$1,136,562
Death claims in 1890. 1,122,250

VII.—It is purely American.

By its charter it cannot insure in any Foreign country nor in Gulf states. Its wise and conservative management in this, as well as in other respects is heartily approved of by the practical business men of this country.

Rates, plans and further information furnished on request.

W. C. HEINLE,
District Agent. BELLEFONTE, PA.

Bellefonte Academy.

The eighty-fifth year of this institution will commence on Wednesday, the ninth of September, under most favorable auspices. The buildings have been thoroughly remodeled; the school rooms are nicely papered, well lighted and well ventilated, provided with new furniture and comfortably heated.

INSTRUCTORS.
Rev. J. P. Hughes, principal, will take charge of the young men and boys in the main school room teaching Natural Science, Mathematics and Book Keeping.

Miss Julia L. Reed, so favorably known to us, will take charge of the young ladies in the south wing, teaching History, Geography, Grammar, Rhetoric and Literature.

Mr. James B. Hughes will control the classical room, teaching French and German, Latin and Greek.

Miss Anna C. Valentine, a lady of culture and of seven years successful experience in teaching children, will have the care of the primary room, in the north wing. She will give instructions in Elementary English and Mathematics.

Miss Emma S. Hughes will teach instrumental music and class singing, and conduct the calisthenic drills in Calisthenic Hall on the second floor of the north wing.

Members of the Instrumental class, which will be limited, may have the advantage of the drill in class singing and calisthenic exercises whether they are pupils in the school departments or not.

Inducements are offered those who wish to pursue special or advanced studies in literature, science and modern languages.

Students residing out of town can secure students' tickets at reduced rates on all railroads running into Bellefonte, and the facilities of such scholars will be arranged to suit the railroad schedule.

BUTLER'S BOOK.

1,000 Pages, 200 Original Engravings, Elegant Bindings, Published in 3 Languages, Popular Prices.
FIRST EDITION, 100,000 COPIES.
—The only Authentic Work by—
GEN. BENJ. F. BUTLER

Exclusive territory and liberal terms given to reliable agents. Accompany application for territory with \$2.00 for prospectus.

J. W. KEELER & CO.,
239 S. 6th St. Philadelphia.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

In the Orphans' Court of Centre County. Estate of Benj. Smalls, minors.
The undersigned, having been appointed to ascertain what portion of the balance in the hands of the administrator is due and payable to the widow of said decedent, on acct. of her share in his estate, as widow, and what portion of the fund is payable to her for the support and maintenance of the said minor children, will attend to the duties of his appointment at his office in Bellefonte, Pa., on Tuesday, the 2nd day of Sept., 1891, when and where all parties in interest may attend.
W. J. SINGER,
Auditor.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

The undersigned having been appointed by the Orphans' Court of Centre County as auditor in the estate of Jacob Brumgart, deceased, late of Miles twp., to distribute the funds in the hands of the adm'n to those legally entitled to the same, give notice that he will be in his office in Bellefonte for the duties of his said appointment, on September 23d, 1891, at ten a. m., when parties in interest will please attend.
E. R. CHAMBERS,
Auditor.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

Sarah A. Meehan by her In the Court of Common Pleas of Centre Co., No. 185, Jan. 1891, vs. Samuel Shedy, Term, 3d, Divorce William Meehan, A. V. M.
ORDEE OF PUBLICATION.
And now, August 2d, 1891, it appearing to the Court that the subpoena and alias subpoena heretofore issued were returned by the sheriff non est in return, the sheriff is directed to cause a notice to be published in some newspaper published in the county for four successive weeks, requiring said defendant to appear on the 4th Monday of November next to answer to the above case, and to abide the order of the Court in the premises.

BY THE COURT.

L. A. SCHAEFFER,
Prothonotary.

To William Meehan, Defendant.

Please take notice and you are hereby notified and required to appear before the said Court on the fourth Monday of November, 1891, to show cause why a decree of divorce, vinculo matrimonii, should not be made and entered in favor of libellant in above case, personal service upon you having failed on account of your absence, should you fail to appear as commanded, the libellant will proceed ex parte.

W. A. ISHLEB,

Sheriff's Office, Bellefonte, Pa., Sept. 1st, 1891.

Chas. H. Smith, In the Court of Common Pleas vs. T. M. Smith, Divorce A. V. M.

And now, Aug. 27, 1891, the sheriff of said county has returned two subpoenas in above case non est in return, publication by the sheriff of said county is hereby ordered according to law, requiring said respondent to appear last Tuesday in October next. BY THE COURT. L. A. SCHAEFFER, Proth'y.

To T. M. Smith, Defendant.

Please take notice and you are hereby notified and required to appear before the said Court on the first Tuesday of October next, to show cause why a decree of divorce, vinculo matrimonii, should not be made and entered in favor of libellant in above case, personal service upon you having failed on account of your absence, should you fail to appear as commanded, the libellant will proceed ex parte.

W. A. ISHLEB,

Sheriff's Office, Bellefonte, Pa., Sept. 1st, 1891.

VALUABLE MILL PROPERTY

ORPHANS' COURT SALE.

By virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court of Centre county, there will be exposed at public sale, on the premises, at Oak Hall, Pa., TUESDAY, OCTOBER 6th, 1891, at 10 a. m. the following real estate, the property of S. H. Weaver, dec'd:

FULL ROLLER MILL.

equipped with a complete system of rolls and the latest improved machinery for the manufacture of flour, etc., with a never failing water power for driving the same. In connection with the mill there is a COAL SHED, connected by a switch with the L. & S. R. R. road. The property embraces 19 acres and 35 perches of land, thereon erected, in addition to the mill.

—THREE DWELLING HOUSES.—One large barn, one stable and all necessary outbuildings. This place is well located in a rich farming community and always enjoyed a large and lucrative custom trade, worth at least \$2,000 per year. Terms will be made known on day of sale. For information address, Spangler & Hester, Administrators.

BEEZER'S MEAT MARKET

ALLEGHENY ST. --- BELLEFONTE.

We keep none but the best quality of Beef, Pork, Mutton, &c. All kinds of smoked meat, sliced ham, pork, sausage etc.

If you want a nice juicy steak go to BEEZER'S MEAT MARKET.

10-43-ly.

PENNA. STATE COLLEGE

LOCATED IN ONE OF THE MOST BEAUTIFUL AND HEALTHFUL SPOTS IN THE ALLEGHENY REGION; OPEN TO BOTH SEXES; TUITION FREE; BOARD AND OTHER EXPENSES LOW. NEW BUILDINGS AND EQUIPMENTS.

LEADING DEPARTMENTS OF STUDY:

- 1.—AGRICULTURE (three courses), and AGRICULTURAL CHEMISTRY, with special illustrations on the Farm and in the Laboratory.
- 2.—BOTANY and HORTICULTURE; theoretical and practical. Students taught original study with the microscope.
- 3.—CHEMISTRY; with an unusually full and thorough course in the Laboratory.
- 4.—CIVIL ENGINEERING; These cover ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING; and MECHANICAL ENGINEERING; accompanied with very extensive practical exercises in the Field, the Shop and the Laboratory.
- 5.—HISTORY; Ancient and Modern, with original illustrations.
- 6.—INDUSTRIAL ART and Design.
- 7.—LADIES' COURSE IN LITERATURE AND SCIENCE; Two years. Appropriate facilities for Music, Yoga and Instrumental.
- 8.—LANGUAGE AND LITERATURE; Latin (optional), French, German and English (required) one or more continued through the entire course.
- 9.—MATHEMATICS AND ASTRONOMY; pure and applied course.
- 10.—MECHANIC ARTS; combining shop work with study, three years' course; new building and equipment.
- 11.—MENTAL, MORAL AND POLITICAL SCIENCE; Constitutional Law and History, Political Economy, etc.
- 12.—MILITARY SCIENCE; instruction theoretical and practical, including each arm of the service.
- 13.—PREPARATORY DEPARTMENT; Two years—carefully graded and thorough.

Winter term opens January 7, 1891; Spring term, April, 1891; Commencement week, June 25—July 1, 1891. For Catalogue or other information, address

GEO. W. ATHERTON, LL.D., Pres't., STATE COLLEGE, CENTRE CO., Pa.

Administrators.

Democratic County Committee, 1891.

Bellefonte, N. W. W. S. Galbraith

Centre Hall Borough John Dunlap

Centre Hill Borough John T. Lee

Howard Borough J. H. Moore

Milesburg Borough A. M. Butler

Millheim Borough C. C. Musser

Phillipsburg, 1st Wm. C. Fisher