

On steamboats, cars and stage-coaches, Hoetter's Stomach Bitters is carried as the most important item in the materia medica of the traveling public. It deprives vitiated, brackish water of its hurtful properties and excitable flavor, counteracts the pernicious effects upon the stomach of bad or indigestible food-remedies emraps, heartburn and wind upon the stomach. It is a fine defense against malarial disorders, nullifies the effects of excessive heat, cold and damp, relieves sick headache, and is an incomparable cure for costiveness and biliousness. The fatigue of travel often tells most disastrously upon invalids and convalescents, occasionally to such an extent as to jeopardize life. Persons in feeble health, apprehensive of bad effects from travel, will find provided with the Bitters, be far less likely to have their fears realized.

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Winter term opens January 7, 1901; Spring term, April 8, 1901; Commencement week, June 26—July 2, 1901. For Catalogue or other information, address  
**GEO. W. ATHERTON, LL. D., Pres.,**  
**STATE COLLEGE, CENTRE CO.,**

**Attempted Revolution in Port au Prince, Haiti.**  
NEW YORK, June 2.—Haiti has had another revolution. This time the old followers of the exiled president, Gen. Legitime, arose in their might and attempted to control the capital of the Black Republic with a high hand. They paid the penalty with their lives. A cablegram from Paris on Saturday gave this information:  
"A cable message has been received at the Haitian legation here announcing that a revolution has broken out at Port au Prince. The dispatch adds that a state of siege has been proclaimed at Port au Prince. A French ironclad has been sent to the scene of the disturbance."  
Hannibal Price, the Haitian minister to the United States, confirmed the news in this message, when sent yesterday at his office in the old Cotton Exchange building.  
"I have just received this dispatch," he said, showing a telegram which was dated Port au Prince, May 29 and Washington, May 30. The message was in French and said:  
"Attempt at revolution, May 28, at Port au Prince failed. Rebels executed. Public order not disturbed. Department of the west has been placed under martial law."  
"That is all we have heard," said the minister. "I take it for granted that an armed mob who still had some feeling for Gen. Legitime, who was banished, made an attack on the capital and perhaps on the life of Gen. Hippolyte and were repulsed. They were afterward captured and publicly executed."  
"This outbreak is a great surprise to me. Gen. Hippolyte has shown himself to be too good a man to fight against just now. He has too many admirers and any further attempt at interfering with his administration will be met with the proper remedy. But I think this execution has done away with the handling of the dissatisfied element and there is not likely to be any further trouble."

**The Seal Fisheries.**  
WASHINGTON, May 29.—The Behring sea matter is rapidly approaching a solution, and the indications now are that Great Britain and the United States will act in concert on the fisheries question. The move in parliament yesterday by the English government is regarded in official circles here as an evidence that Great Britain is willing to accept, with a few modifications, the proposals of the United States to join hands in preventing poaching in Behring sea. The United States is willing and anxious to stop it. There are now fifty vessels, mostly Canadian, in Behring sea, fitted out and actively engaged in seal fishing. The president, Secretary Tracy and Secretary Foster were engaged much of the afternoon in discussing the fisheries question. "I have been talking little else than the seal question during the past week," said Secretary Foster after he came from the conference at the executive mansion. "I have been informed," he continued, "of the action of the British government, and it looks as though they would accept our propositions."  
WASHINGTON, June 2.—The state department yesterday made public the recent correspondence on the Behring sea fishery question.

**Murdered Both His Wives.**  
SACRAMENTO, Cal., June 1.—John Sewald has confessed to Justice Henry, in the presence of his own eldest son, to the murder of both his wives, one of whom he killed by poison at Anoka, Minn., and the other he smothered at Wayne, Neb., four years later. Both his wives were dissipated and made his life miserable. He said his conscience troubled him, and he could keep his guilty secret no longer. Justice Henry believes that Sewald tells the truth. Neighbors who have known him during his residence here say he is not insane, but morose over some great trouble. The matter was reported to Sheriff Stanley, who took Sewald into custody until his story could be investigated.

**Dropped Dead in the Assembly.**  
DETROIT, Mich., May 29.—Judge S. M. Breckenridge, of St. Louis, spoke before the Presbyterian general assembly yesterday on the legal phase of the Briggs controversy. He had just finished his argument, arguing that the assembly had a clear right to veto the appointment of Dr. Briggs, when he gasped and fell to the floor insensible. He was carried to the ante-room where he died soon after. Judge Breckenridge represented the Missouri synod as one of the elders. Dr. Briggs' appointment to the Union Theological seminary was vetoed by the assembly today.

**Four Killed by Giant Powder.**  
GEORGETOWN, Colo., June 1.—Harry Taylor, William Coughlin, John Richardson and John Mulholland, employed in the Atlantic and Pacific tunnel, about six miles from here, were working with giant powder when an explosion occurred, resulting in the death of all four. It is supposed that while tamping holes a premature blast took place, exploding about seventy-five pounds of giant powder and shaking the earth for miles around. The bodies were torn and mangled almost beyond recognition.

**A Noted Frenchman's Suicide.**  
PARIS, June 1.—Senator Ayme died Saturday. It is reported that he committed suicide. Jules Gabriel Ayme was born in the Vosges June 14, 1856, studied law, became an advocate and later judge d'instruction at Neufchateau, of which place he was afterward mayor. He was a member of the corps legislatif from 1892 to 1893. In 1899 M. Ayme was promoted officer of the Legion of Honor.

**Wheat Damaged by Hail.**  
KANSAS CITY, June 1.—A heavy hail and rain storm fell to the north and west of this city yesterday afternoon, doing great damage to the growing grain. The hail stones beat down the wheat. Thousands of dollars worth of damage has been done. A rain storm, which almost amounted to a waterspout, washed out many bridges.  
"Kitty" O'Shea to Be Mrs. Parnell.  
DUBLIN, June 2.—It is stated that the marriage of Parnell and Mrs. O'Shea is set for next week. Richard Power and T. Harrington are mentioned as probable groomsmen.

**President Fonseca Prostrated.**  
RIO JANEIRO, June 1.—President da Fonseca is lying in a critical condition at Petropolis, a town twenty-five miles north of this city, from an attack of asthma.  
**Mrs. Duncan Worse.**  
LONDON, June 2.—Mrs. Duncan passed a very bad night, and her physicians held out slight hope of her recovery.

**Thanks! Many Thanks!**

You have treated us loyally the four years we have been in business. We consider ourselves under many obligations to you for the manner in which you have stood by us. But you deserve more than thanks, and you shall have it. We intend to merit your patronage now, more than ever.

Money is scarce—we know it; but clothing is plenty and we intend to put it within reach of the very poorest. If you want a suit for yourself, we have everything that is in the market. We can give you those cheap shoddy goods that you see advertised for \$3 and \$4 per suit. But that is not the class of goods we want to sell you. We want to sell you strictly honest goods, goods that will give you service, that you will be satisfied with and make you customers of ours for ever.

Now then we will sell you a suit for yourself that is all wool for \$7. And when we say all wool we mean it. For your boy, if he is within the age of 14 to 18, \$5.50 will get him the same kind of a suit. If he is within the age of 4 and 14, and wears short pants, \$3.50 is all that is needed.

These goods are all worth a great deal more money than we ask for them, but we have got more than we need. Some are single suits, odds and ends, a few of them from last season—but they are all the greatest values for the money that you have ever seen, and you must see them to get an idea how cheap they really are.

Thanking you again for past favors, and hoping that for your interests, as well as ours, you will give us a call and satisfy yourself that there is no place in Central Pennsylvania where you can buy clothing cheaper than from us.

Remain Respectfully,  
**M. FAUBLE,**  
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**BACCARAT SCANDAL.**

The Notable Case Opened in London Yesterday.

TREMENDOUS RUSH FOR SEATS.

The Prince of Wales Present—Counsel for Both Sides Open the Case. Career of Sir William Gordon Cumming—He Denies the Charge Against Him.

LONDON, June 2.—The sensational baccarat scandal case, in which Sir William Gordon Cumming is involved as plaintiff and five other prominent persons as defendants, and in which the Prince of Wales is a party, opened here yesterday before Chief Justice Coleridge and a special jury.  
The rush for places was tremendous, and though admission was only by card every available place in the court room was occupied. From the nature of the case the character of the assemblage was notable.  
All Ranks There.  
The highest ranks in London society were represented in the throng of struggling men and women massed in and about the court. All the principals in the case were present at the opening except Sir William, who did not make his appearance until later. The Prince of Wales, who was summoned by both sides, occupied a chair at the left of Justice Coleridge.  
In opening the case for the plaintiff Counselor Gill said his client's claim was slander, while the defense claimed a charge of cheating at cards. Solicitor General Edward Clarke followed in a speech of considerable length in behalf of Sir William. He said: "A serious question is involved in the case, which has affected the honor, reputation and who a career of Sir William. It is no ordinary case, and its interest is not and cannot be confined to those who are parties in the trial."  
Mr. Clarke reviewed in detail the events in his client's career. "Who," he said, "has given twenty-three of the forty-three years of his life to the service of his country. He served, too, with distinction in the Zulu war. He won a medal of honor in 1882. He fought in the Egyptian trenches at Tel-el-Kebir and again won a medal of honor in 1884. He was in the Camel corps in Egypt and he is now lieutenant colonel in Scots Grays. For many years he has enjoyed the friendship and has been intimate with the most illustrious persons of the land."  
Cheating at Cards.  
"Now he is suddenly brought face to face with a charge of cheating at cards," continuing Counselor Clarke said. "Sir William and the Prince of Wales have been friends for ten years. Sir William has often been a guest of the prince and princess at Sandringham Palace. Up to last year his presence at Tranby Croft, the country home of the Wilsons, was rather as a friend of the Prince of Wales than as an intimate friend of the Wilsons." Mr. Clarke described the scene at the Wilsons after dinner on the night when the alleged cheating at cards occurred. "There was music and a friendly chat till 11 o'clock, when some one suggested a game of baccarat. The proposal was generally accepted and the prince was appointed banker. The bank was limited to £100. The counters, indicating various sums from £1 to £10, were used for greater convenience instead of money. In the game, when one of the players said 'I go 10,' it was considered unnecessary to put the money down, and the player's word was sufficient. It was one of those bets when Sir William said 'I go 10' and did not put down the money that he was charged with cheating."  
Sir William was called to the witness box and repeated what Counselor Clarke had said, and added some further explanation of the game in question. He also said on that evening he had especially good luck, and won about £100.

Sir William Cross Examined.  
Sir William was subjected to a vigorous cross examination, and denied every charge brought against him.  
His case now appears quite favorable, but it depends almost entirely on the testimony of the Prince of Wales, who will probably be called to the stand today or to-morrow.  
Court adjourned for the day at the conclusion of Solicitor General Clarke's speech.

Declare Call's Election Illegal.  
TALLAHASSEE, Fla., June 2.—The opponents of Senator Call in the late contest in the Florida legislature over his reelection to the United States senate are making strong efforts to induce Governor Fleming to withhold his signature from Call's certificate of election. They want him then to declare that no legal election has been held and appoint another man to fill the vacancy.

Prentice Mulford's Death.  
GRAVESEND, L. I., June 2.—The body of Prentice Mulford, the editor of The White Cross Library, who was found dead in Frederick J. Needham's canoe in Sheephead bay on Decoration day, and which has been lying at the morgue of Deputy Coroner Abram E. Stillwell, has been removed to Brooklyn. Coroner Rooney will hold an inquest there.

Bids for Building Cruiser No. 13.  
WASHINGTON, June 2.—Bids were opened at the navy department yesterday for building cruiser No. 13. There were but three bids received—Cramp & Sons, \$2,745,000; The Union Iron works, of San Francisco, \$2,793,000, and the Bath Iron works, of Bath, Me., \$2,690,000. The appropriation made by congress for this vessel was \$2,750,000.

Prize Fighters Indicted.  
TROY, N. Y., June 2.—George Dixon (colored) and Cal McCarthy, the prize fighters, were yesterday indicted by the grand jury. The members of the Cribb club, who arranged the affair, escaped.

Death of Charles Rice.  
ALBANY, June 2.—Charles Rice, the father of Secretary of State Rice, died at his home in Seneca, Ontario county, aged 72 years. Secretary Rice lost his mother two months ago.

To Try the Supposed "Hipper."  
NEW YORK, June 2.—Recorder Smyth, of the court of general sessions, set the trial of George Frank, alias "Frenchy No. 1," for June 15.

A Noted Electrician Dead.  
PHILADELPHIA, June 1.—David Brooks, the electrician and inventor of electrical appliances, died at his home in Germantown, aged 72.

**THE HISTORY OF A WEEK**

**Wednesday, May 27.**  
A movement is on foot in Reading (Pa.) for the erection of free public baths on the Schuylkill.  
The grip is epidemic in Newfoundland. Many are down with the disease and the physicians have their hands full. Many persons have died at Burin, Placentia and Fortune Bay.  
Jesse Pomeroy, serving a life sentence in the Massachusetts state prison for atrocious murders committed in boyhood, made another unsuccessful attempt to escape, in conjunction with Daniel Mullin, a five year prisoner. He had drilled and saved off the lock of his cell door.

**Thursday, May 28.**  
The People's party of Ohio will hold their state convention in Springfield Aug. 5.  
The biennial conference of the United Presbyterian church of the United States is in session in Princeton, Ind.  
The death is announced from London of Professor Charles William Naegeli, the German botanist, and of Joseph Roumannil, the Provençal poet.  
M. Mason, a banker doing business in Bordeaux, France, has closed his doors, leaving an indebtedness of 600,000 francs (\$120,000) unpaid for.

President Kramer of the American association, emphatically denies the report that the Cincinnati association club will remove to Indianapolis.  
A total of 170 Sunday schools and 67,000 pupils and teachers took part in Brooklyn's annual Sunday school parade, and half a million men and women thronged the streets along the line of march.

**Friday, May 29.**  
A circular railway is being built in Rome of strategic and defensive importance.  
The president has appointed Albert P. McDonald postmaster at Altoona, Pa.  
At Belton, Tex., S. D. Ford, while resisting arrest, was shot and killed by Policeman Russell.  
Edward Smythe, a tramway driver of London, has received a legacy of £16,000 from a wealthy relative, just deceased.  
An official denial is given in Madrid of any secret clauses or any hitch in the negotiation of a commercial treaty between the United States and Cuba and Porto Rico.  
A party of unknown men went to the house of Monroe Shepard, colored, near Belton, Tex., and calling him out, riddled his body with bullets. The cause of the act is not known.

Fire at Aberdeen, S. D., destroyed the Northwestern National bank, federal court building and several other structures. Loss \$10,000. The chief of the fire department had a narrow escape.

**Saturday, May 30.**  
Assistant Secretary Nettleton yesterday signed a draft for \$7,500,000 in payment of pensions due June 4.  
It is estimated at the treasury department that there will be an increase of \$400,000 in the public debt for May.  
At Cincinnati yesterday Manager Frank C. Hancock, of the local American Association Baseball club, charged with exhibiting a game of ball on Sunday, was acquitted.  
Secretary Foster has received the voucher of Miss Phoebe Cousins for her April salary as secretary of the board of lady managers of the World's Columbian Commission. It is not officially signed, but is merely a statement by Miss Cousins that \$163.90 is due for such salary.

**Sunday, June 1.**  
Senator Dublin, Mexico's minister of finance, died at the city of Mexico early yesterday morning.  
At Norfolk, Va., John Kelly shot and fatally wounded his brother-in-law, Otto Cayton. Kelly is in custody. Cayton persuaded Kelly's wife to leave him.  
A reported attempt to steal the body of P. T. Barnum is said to have been invented by the special watchmen who have been guarding the grave.  
Mr. B. F. Bertolotto, who has been filling the position of train dispatcher of the Philadelphia and Reading railroad at Reading, has been appointed superintendent of the Atlantic branch of the company, vice W. H. Blood, resigned.

At New York customs officials made a seizure of the richest assortment of goods and jewelry that has perhaps ever been seized at this port. The property was in the trunk of W. T. Smith, a passenger on the S. S. Lahn. Everything in the trunk was of the finest quality and of a class never before seized by the customs officers, consisting of articles such as cups, saucers, spoons, etc., made of solid gold. It will take some time to ascertain their value.

**Tuesday, June 2.**  
At Duquoin, Ills., the Egyptian coal mine employes went on strike. The cause for the strike is a difference of opinion between the miners and operators regarding the contract.  
Mrs. Harrison, Mrs. Dimnick, Mrs. McKee and Mr. and Mrs. Russell Harrison arrived in New York last evening. Mrs. McKee and Mrs. Russell Harrison sail for Europe to-morrow.  
Incorporation papers were filed at Columbus, O., for the Consolidated Oatmeal company, with a capital of \$20,000. This is the long talked of oatmeal combination, and it will revolutionize this business.

**PHILADELPHIA MARKETS.**  
**Closing Quotations of the Stock and Produce Exchanges.**  
PHILADELPHIA, June 1.—The stock market was very dull. There was no important feature. Pennsylvania was firm. Reading was weak, and the preference income bonds declined.  
Following were the closing bids:  
Lehigh Valley..... 47½ Reading g. m. to 78¼  
N. Pacific com..... 39¾ Reading 1st pf 50 —  
N. Pacific pf..... 67½ Reading 2d pf 50 —  
Pennsylvania..... 67½ Reading 3d pf 50 —  
Reading..... 19¼ W. N. Y. & Pa. —  
Lehigh Navigat'ns... 46 H. & B. T. com. 48½  
St. Paul..... 67½ H. & B. T. pref. 48½  
**The Produce Market.**  
PHILADELPHIA, June 1.—State and western flour, super., \$3.70; do. do., extras, \$4.00. No. 2 winter, \$4.00; do. do., western winter, clear, \$4.00; do. do., straight, \$4.10; do. do., winter patent, \$4.20; Minnesota, clear, \$4.15; do. do., straight, \$4.20; do. do., patent, \$4.30; do. do., Rye flour, \$4.00 per barrel.  
Wheat—Dull, weak, with \$1.00 bid and \$1.05 asked for June; \$1.074 bid and \$1.096 asked for July; \$1.046 bid and \$1.085 asked for August; \$1.04 bid and \$1.05 asked for September.  
Corn—Inactive, weak, with 60c bid and 65c asked for June; 61½c bid and 61½c asked for July; 61½c bid and 61½c asked for August; 61c bid and 61c asked for September.  
Oats—Dull, easier, with 50c bid and 50½c asked for June; 50c bid and 50½c asked for July; 49c bid and 49c asked for August; 49c bid and 49c asked for September.  
Beef—Dull, firm; extra mess, \$9.50; family, \$11.00; etc.  
Pork—Steady, quiet; new mess, \$12.00; old mess, \$10.75; extra prime, \$11.00.  
Lard—Quiet, firm; steam rendered, \$6.75.  
Eggs—Steady, good demand; New York and Pennsylvania, 19c; southwestern, 19½c; western, 19½c; etc.