## SCROFULA

Is that impurity of the blood which produces emsightly lumps or swellings in the neck; which causes running sores on the arms, legs, or feet; which develops uleers in the eyes, cars, or now, often causing blindness or deafness; which is the origin of pimples, canevrous growths, or "humors;" which, fastening upon the lub of, causes consumption and death. It is the most ancient of all diseases, and very few persons are entirely free from it.

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By taking Hood's Sarsaparilla, which, by the remarkable cures it has accomplished, has proven itself to be a potent and peculiar medicine for this disease. If you suffer from serofula, try Hood's Sarsaparilla.

"Every spring my wife and children have been troubled with scrofula, my little boy, three years old, being a terrible sufferer. Last syring he was one mass of sores from head to jeet. We all took Hood's Sarsaparilla, and all have been cured of the scrofula. My Elile bey is entirely free from sores, and all seer of my children look bright and healthy." W. B. ATHERTON, Passaic City, N. J.

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FITS, EPILEPSY or EALLING SICKNESS.

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of my infallelle Remedy. Give Expressand Post Office. It costs you nothing for a brial, and it will cure you. Address M.G. ROOT, M.C., 183 PEARL ST., NEW YOR A CONTRACTOR OF THE PROPERTY O

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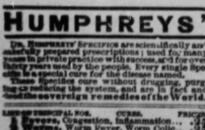
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## GEN. SHERMAN DEAD

The Illustrious Warrior Passes Peacefully Away.

ARRANGEMENTS FOR THE FUNERAL

Over 3,000 Messages of Condolence Received - The Funeral Takes Place Thursday-Interment at St. Louis, with Military Honors-Gen. Sherman's Brilliant Military Career-History of His Last Illness.

NEW YORK, Feb. 14.—Gen. Sherman died at his residence in this city at 1:50 this afternoon.

New York, Feb. 16.—Ever since the death of Gen. W. T. Sherman was announced Saturday afternoon, telegrams of sympathy and condolence have been pouring in from all parts of the country. Some 3,000 were received, including messages from the president, from

public officials, soldiers who had fought



GEN. SHERMAN.

The military guard from Governor's Island was on duty all night and will remain until the body is removed. Four men were always on duty and relays came on every three hours. One was stationed in the death chamber, while the others stood guard in the hall be-

It will be difficult to number the friends who called during the past few. days and left cards. Among those who left cards were Mrs. Gen. Grant, C. M. Depew, ex-Secretary Fairchild, Mr. and Mrs. Elkins, Samuel Dalton, adjutant general of Massachusetts; Maj. Gen. George M. Wheeler, United States army; Rear Adml. Stevens. United States navy; Mr. and Mrs. Vail, Maj. and Mrs. Bates. United States army; Lieut. Com. Cleney, United States navy; A. R. Eno, W. D. Guthrie, Col. L. E. Hendrick, Lieut. Brooks, United States army; Carl Schurz. John Scott, Col. Girard, Perry Belmont, D. O. Mills, J., W. Puncho, Charles H. Turner, of St. Louis; Rev. and Mrs. Mackay Smith and William Aspinwall.

Funeral Arrangements. The funeral services over the remains of the general will take place on Thursday from his late residence. Thursday evening the body will be taken to St. Louis in a special train of three cars. It will be in charge of Gen. Schofield,

and will be accompanied by a delega-tion from Post Lafayette, Grand Army of the Republic, No. 140, of this city. The interment will take place in Cal-vary cemetery, at St. Louis, by the side of Mrs. Sherman. There will be a mili-tary display in St. Louis. The funeral rites will not be in conformer with the rites will not be in conformnce with the ites of any particular religion, in o pliance with the request of the general. He desired a soldier's burial.

The Last Illness.

Ges. Sherman's disease, or complication of diseases, as it seemed to be, puzzled his fam-ily and friends. His vitality was wonderful. Rally and relapse succeeded each other so rapidly and from such apparant little cause that those about the general were ever, even till the last, at a loss to know what to exon several occasions prior to the final crisis the family gathered around the bed, expect-

Dr. C. T. Alexander, of the United states army, who attended the general, makes the following statement: "Wednesday night, Feb. 4, Gen. Sherman attended a performance at the Casino. On returning home he com-plained of a sore throat, but neither he nor his family paid any attention to it. The sore throat was present Thursday, but it did not prevent the general from attending the marriage of Mr. Elliott F. Shepard's daughter at noon on that day. Friday the sore throat had progressed to a point where Gen. Sherman concluded that he was sick, and I was sent for as an old friend of the general and his family. When I first saw him he was suffer-ing from slight tonsilitis—an ordinary case of sore throat—and I prescribed the usual remedies. Saturday the tonsilitis was improved.

"Sunday morning there was an outbreak of erysipelas on Gen. Sherman's nose. The erysipelas spread during Sunday and Sunday night, and Monday it had developed to the extent of involving in the aweiling the greater part of the forehead and the upper part of the face. From the very beginning the effect of the crysipelas was most marked and decided on the brain. There were delirous and unconscious spells from the start, and they marked each progress of the disease at intervals. Tuesday the symptoms be-

"From that point the complications in Gen. Sherman's condition were fully chronicied in the daily newspapers. The erysipelas was gotten under control, but other symptoms developed. Gen. Sherman's death was not due either to erysipelas or to pneumonia, but to inability to cough up the mucus which filled his lungs. The lungs were the weak

There was a slight improvement or There was a slight improvement on Friday which aroused scarcely justified hopes, which were abandoned for the last time Saturday morning. The end came just before 2 o'clock Saturday afternoon and the general passed away peacefully and painlessly, in presence of his family and one or two close friends.

Gen. Sherman's History.

Gen. Sherman's History.

William Tecumseh Sherman was born at Lancaster, O., on Feb. 8, 1829. He was the sixth of eleven children. On the death of his father, who was a judge of the supreme court of Ohio, he was adopted by Thomas Ewing, who afterward became United States senator and secretary of the interior.

Young Sherman graduated from the military academy at West Point in the class of 1840. After his graduation he served with distinction in the Florida war and subsequently in the war with Mexico. He next held a staff position in the army in California, Missouri and Louisiana from 1847 to 1853, when he resigned. Giving up the tent for the counting room, he became a banker in San Francisco, and was in that business for four years.

four years.

He had while in the army studied law and. He had while in the army studied law and, thinking this profession more to his taste, he practiced it for the next two years. He became superintendent of the Louisiana State Seminary of Learning and Military Academy in 1859, but resigned in 1861, at the beginning of the civil war.

Gen. Sherman was at once commissioned colonel of a regiment of infantry and com-

manded a volunteer brigade at the battle of Bull Run, July 21, 1861. He was soon ap-pointed brigadier general of volunteers and assigned to the command of the department of the Cumberland, but from some cause he was removed, and was for some months in command of a camp of instruction near St

He took part in the Tennessee and Mississippi campaign, commanding a division at Shiloh, April 6 and 7, 1862, and in the subse-quent siege of Corinth. On May 1, 1862, he was appointed major general of volunteers. and was frequently engaged during the sum-mer and autumn of 1862. He took an active

part in the Vicksburg campaign, and was made brigadier general in the regular army. Gen. Sherman succeeded Gen. Grant commander of the Army of the Tennessee on Oct. 25, 1863. He took part in the operations around Chattanooga and the assault and capture of Missionary ridge. He also organ-ized an army of 100,000 men for the spring campaign of 1864. On March 12, 1864, he succeeded Gen. Grant as commander of the mili-tary division of the Mississippi, embracing the departments and armies of the surrounding regions.
On May 2, 1864, he entered on the invasion

of Georgia, making Atlanta his first point, and between that date and Sept. I fought many pitched battles. He received the capitulation of Atlanta, Sept. 2, 1861, and occupied

it as a military post until Nov. 15, 1864. Having sent about two-fifths of his force under Gen. Thomas, to repel Gen. Hood's movement into Tennessee and destroy much of Atlanta, he marched southward to the sea, with a force of 60,000 men, in less than a month passing over about 30 miles with his army, without any important action till he reached ft. McAllister, below Savannah, which he captured after a brief action Dec. Savannah surrendering Dec. 21, 1834.
 He commenced Jan. 15, 1855, his invasion of

the Carolina, being about six weeks in passing through South Carolina. He fought two battles in North Carolina, March 15 and 23-71, 1865; occupied Goldsboro March 22, and, have ing given his army a few weeks' rest, captured Raleigh, April 13, and negotiated with Gen. J. E. Johnston terms of surrender of all Confederate forces in the field. These terms were pronounced inadmissable by the federal government, and Gen. Sherman, under Gen. Grant's instructions, demanded and received Gen. Johnston's surrender. April 28, 1855. Gen. Sherman had been made a major gen

eral in the United States army Aug. 12, 1864, for his Atlanta campaign, and after the close of the war continued in command of the mil-itary division of the Mississippi for more than a year. On July 25, 1865, Gen. Grant having been promoted to be general of the army, Gen. Sherman was advanced to be lieutenant general, and was assigned to the command of the military division of the Mis-

In March, 1869, Grant having resigned the reneralship in consequence of his election as president, Sherman was promoted to the vacant rank. In November, 1871, he obtained leave of absence for a year's travel in Europe and the east. Upon his return he made his headquarters at Washington, but toward the close of 1874 changed them to St. Louis. Three years later he returned again to Washington. In 1876 and 1889 he was prominently spoker of as a cardidate for the nently spoken of as a candidate for the presi-

On April 8, 1882, Gen. Sherman retired to private life and moved to St. Louis. In the early part of 1886 he transferred his residence to New York city. Six children survive the general. His wife died on Nov. 28, 1888.

Jack the Ripper Again.

LONDON, Feb. 14 .- A renewal of the 'Jack the Ripper" scare terrorizes that quarter of that city where the performances of the mysterious murderer have heretofore been the cause of much alarm. The body of a young woman was discovered in a secluded locality in Chambers street. She had been horribly gashed with a sharp instrument. The woman's head had been severed almost entirely from the body, and it was a ghastly spectacle that met those who viewed the remains.

The woman was identified as an unfortunate known as "Carroty Nell." The poor creature had evidently been decoyed to the place of her death in the same way that the other victims of "Jack the Ripper" had been. That "Jack the Ripper" is the murderer is in no way doubted.

CONGRESSIONAL RESUME.

The Week's Work of the Fifty-first Congress.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 12.-After routine busias the house went into committee of the whole on the legislative appropriation bill. No action was taken on the bill. The senste passed the naval appropriation bil. The District of Columbia bill was reported and placed on the calendar. The copyright bill was taken up, but laid aside informally. A number of bills were taken from the calendar

WASHINGTON, Feb. 13.-In the senate the copyright bill was taken up, the pending question being on an amendment by Mr. Sherman; but owing to Mr. Sherman's absence the bill was laid aside, and the District of Columbia appropriation bill was considered and passed. A number of bills on the calendar were passed. the calendar were passed.

After routine business the house went into

the committee of the whole on the legisla-tive bill. Mr. Grosvener had read an account of the meeting at Cooper union, together with Ex-President Cleveland's letter to E. Ellery Anderson, to which he gave his hearty indersement. Comment on the Cleveland letter was made by Mr. Hooker, of Mississippl, and without disposing of the bill the

WASHINGTON, Feb. 14,-The house passed the legislative appropriation bill, and upon receipt of the president's message announcing the death of Admiral Porter adjourned After four hour's discussion the senate passed Mr. Sherman's amendment to the copyright bill providing that foreign editions of books, etc. which are copyrighted in the United States may be admitted to this country on the payment of the regular tariff duties. The bill was then init aside. bill was then laid aside. WASHINGTON, Feb. 16,-The senate agreed

WASHINGTON, Feb. 16,—The senate agreed to the conference report on the army appropriation bill. The copyright bill was taken up and a number of amendments rejected. The president's message announcing the death of Gen. Sherman was received, and Messrs. Hawley, Morgan, Manderson, Davis, Pierce and Evarts delivered culogies on the illustrious soldier.

The house discussed the naval appropria-

tion bill without disposing of it. Resolutions expressing grief at the death of Admiral Porter were adopted, and the house adjourned on receiving the announcement of Gen. Sher-

on receiving the announcement of Gen. Sher-man's death.

Washington, Feb. 17.—In the senate Mr.

McConneil addressed the senate in advocacy of his bill directing proceedings of condem-nation to be commenced against the Union and Central railroad. The bill was referand Central railroad. The bill was refer-red. At 12.30 p. m. the senate went into ex-ecutive session. The doors of the senate chamber were not opened until 4.50, and im-mediately thereafter Mr. Quay arose and ad-dressed the senate in refutation of charges circulated against him. At the close of his remarks the senate resumed consideration of the diplomatic bill and the Hawaiian cable amendment adopted in executive session was

amendment adopted in executive session was agreed to. In the house the conference report on the army appropriation bill was adopted. The house then went into committee of the whole on the Indian appropriation bill, but without disposing of it the committee rose and after adopting resolutions of sorrow at the death of Gen. Sherman the house adjourned.

Death or Insanity.

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., Feb. 17.—The condition of City Attorney Warder, who shot and killed his son-in-law, C. M. Fugette, Jan. 18, is alarming. He fails to recognize any of his family, and the physicians do not think he will long survive. Should be by any chance recover, it is said he will be hopelessiy in an an analysis.

## KEYSTONE NOTES.

Items of Real Interest Presented in Condensed Form.

WHAT OUR NEIGHBORS DO AND KNOW.

Gleanings of Importance from All Fields of News, Picked Up Here and There in the State.

The visiting Sioux chiefs inspected the Indian school at Carlisle. A Lock Haven oyster opener found a \$40 pearl in a bivalve recently.

The English syndicate won't buy the Crane Iron works at Catasauqua. The Laurel Fire company, of York, has celebrated its 101st anniversary.

W. L. Scott will erect a \$200,000 dwelling at Eric and a \$100,000 hotel. Four law firms in Delaware county have dissolved since the first of the

year. The fifth convention of Samaritans will be held at Altoons on May 15

Legislators are looking into Norristown's claims for state aid for her asy-Inm and hospital.

A flock of 144 crows which had been caught for trap-shooting at Berkley escaped a few days ago. The Economites landed in this country

eighty-six years ago Sunday, and have property valued at \$15,000,000. Col. Frederick K. Boas, an old and prominent member of the Dauphin

county bar, died at Harrisburg. Peter McManus, a boy 12 years, broke through the ice at Wilkesbarre and was drowned. He is the son of a prominent

man.

Edward McMullen, a miner laborer. killed his wife with a red hot poker, while in a drunken frenzy at Sturmerville. While in Pottsville a few days ago

John L. Sullivan made a generous donation for the families of the miners killed recently. Ground will be broken this week for

a shirt and handkerchief tactory in Lebanon, which will give employment to 2,000 girls. Whooping cough and pneumonia have removed two of Michael A. Foley's

children at Reading within a week, and a third may die. Miss Kate Homan, of Reading, who has had to use crutches since last August's accident on the Gravity railroad,

has sued for damages. F. L. Robbins, a mine owner near Pittsburg, was sued by the Law and Order society for furnishing locomo-tives with coal on Sundays.

During a fight between a number of Hungarians at Latrobe, one of them was beaten to death by his companions. The murderers escaped arrest.

When William Todhunter was acquitted of murder in the Clearfield courts his friends yelled themselves hoarse and William wept like a child.

Ebenezer Evangelical church, Allentown, will refuse to permit Bishops Bowman or Esher to preside at the conference to be held on the 26th instant.

Henry Dyer, of Chickies, had both egs cut off by a freight train. Samuel Reed went to look at his body, was knocked down by an engine and lost a The Wind Gap Slate company's plant,

near Easton, was knocked down for \$500 to Conrad Miller and Daniel Kleinhaus at sheriff's sale, subject to a mort-Joseph Fisher, of Allentown, has been deluged by misfortune. Thieves broke

in and stole \$700 recently, and the next day the sheriff took charge of his Fifteen persons at Freeport have been held for maliciously painting the jail at that place. The color was changed from a somber red to a daz-

zling white. A trip of loaded cars in the Sterling colliers, Shamokin, jumped the tracks. crushed and instantly killed Miner Albert Modusker, who was leaning against a prop in the gangway.

The first wedding celebrated by the new pastor of Churchville, Rev. H. Craig, was between Miss Jennie Vansant, of Feasterville, and William D.

Cornell, of Churchville. The church floor fell from under forty negroes at the Braddock funeral of Harry Williams, colored. Fourteen persons were injured, but none seri-ously. The corpse was duly buried within an hour.

A FEBRUARY THAW.

Western Penusylvania Threatened by the Rising Waters.

PITTSEURO, Feb. 17. — The steady down pour of rain has had the effect of more or less seriously impeding travel on almost every railroad entering the city. The largest landslide that has occurred on the Baltimore and Ohio railway for several years now covers the tracks for a distance of 300 feet and nearly half that in depth near West
Newton. Passengers are being transferred at the slide, but the tracks will
not be cleared for several days. The
Youghiogheny river is bank full and
rising. A big flood is feared.
Reports from Greensburg are that the
streams in that vicinity are over their
banks, and many of the people living on

banks, and many of the people living on the low lands have been driven from their homes. The Manor Valley and Alexandria branch railroads are cov-ered in many places with water and slides. The lower end of Greensburg

ered in many places with water and slides. The lower end of Greensburg and the fair grounds are entirely submerged. Already the damage to property is great, the water still rising.

Johnstown, Pa., Feb. 17.—The highest water in Stony creek and Conemaugh river since the flood is reported. The Poplar street bridge, Cambria railroad bridge, a temporary bridge at East Conemaugh, Eleventh ward bridge and the partly constructed Walnut street bridge have all been destroyed. The cellars in the lower part of Johnstown are filled with water, and work at the Cambria Iron company's plants have been suspended, owing to the water backing up through the sewers into the mills and furnaces.

The water is still rising and the lower end of the city is almost entirely under water. Reports come from several sections of the town that thieves are taking advantage of the excitement attending the high waters and are plundering whenever the opportunity presents itself.

PENNSYLVANIA LEGISLATURE

How the Wheels of Government Revolve at Harrisburg.

HARRISBURG, Feb. 11.—A number of bills were introduced in the house. The bill directing the appointment of court stenographers was passed by 104 to 56. The house also passed finally the bill to prohibit mining and manufacturing corporations from carrying on company es, and the bill regulating the isane of policies of insurance and certificates of inspection made by steam boiler insurance companies in Philadelphia.

In the senate the amendment to the liquor law providing that the license money shall be paid into the treasury of the city, borough and township wher-ever the licensed places are situated, was read for the third time and finally passed. The act authorizing chattel mortgages on petroleum or coal oil and asphaltum blocks was passed HARRISBURG, Feb. 12.—In the senate

bills were passed finally providing for an additional law judge in the Eleventh judicial district; authorizing the purchase of land for public parks in cities of the second class; authorizing cities of the second class to change and improve public wharves and landings. A comunication was read from the governor nominating a number of persons to be notaries public. The rule was sus-pended and the senate went into executive session and confirmed the appointments.

In the house the Saturday half holiday bill was reported favorably from the committee on judiciary general. The calendar of bills on second reading was taken up, and the bill requiring public school directors to be sworn or affirmed before entering upon their duties was passed, with the provision that violation of the act shall work a forfeiture of the state appropriation

stricken out. HARRISBURG, Feb. 13 .- In the state senate, after the transaction of some routine business, Senator Gobin called up the veto message of the governor on the resolutions instructing the United States senators to favor the federal elections bill. The senator said that there was no warrant for such a message, and claimed that the governor's signature could neither add to nor take from the force of the resolution.

recommending that the general assembly make an appropriation covering the deficiency in the office of the adjutant general, and also suggesting an appropriation for the current year. The sen-ate adjourned till Wednesday, Feb. 18.

The house passed on second reading the amendment to the insurance act, allowing companies to change the par value of their shares of stock, and the bill requiring peddlers and venders in cities of the first and second class to pay

DOWN THE MOUNTAIN SIDE. A Boulder Kills One Student and Injured Others.

PITTSBURG. Feb. 17 .- A mammoth rock, weighing at least 200 pounds, fell from Duquesne Heights, and crashed into a passenger coach of the Washingington, Pa., express on the Pan Handle road, instantly killing one passenger and seriously injuring three others. Their names are: Killed-Miss Clara Fleming, aged 19 years: brains crushed out and badly mangled. Injured—J. F. Donahue, aged 20 years, badly hurt about the head and chest; Miss Mamie Baidwin, aged 18 years, cut about the head, breast and arm: unknown young man, badly bruised.

The victims were all students of Duff's college in this city, and were on their way to school when the accident hap-

It had been raining steadily for nearly twenty-four hours and landslides were reported at various points along the The Washington express was due here at 9 o'clock and had just entered the shadows of Duquesne Heights, which are opposite the city, when the rock came thundering down the mountain side. It crashed into the centre of

the coach, completely wrecking it.
Miss Fleming and Mr. Donahue were sitting in the same seat, but the young lady occupied the window side. Before she had time to escape the rock came through the car and crushed her to death. Donahue made a leap and escaped with serious cuts and bruises. The others were struck by pieces of the rock, which broke as it fell.

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With the above goods all in stock, and a corps of

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in the business, we think we are prepared for a large spring trade.

53-Work promptly done at fair prices. We ask all who contemplate papering to drop in and examine our goods.

No. 117 High Street, BELLEFONTE, PA. Disorders which Affect the Kidneys

Are among the most formidable known, Diabetes, Brights's disease, gravel and other complaints of the the urinary organs are not ordinarily cured in severe cases, but they may be averted by timely medication. A useful stimulant of the urinary glands has ever been found in liostetter's Siomach Bitters, a medicine which not only affords the requisite stimulus when they become inactive, but increases their visor and secretive power. By increasing the activity of the kidneys and bladder, this medicine has the additional effect of expelling from the blood impurities which it is the peculiar office of those organs to eliminate and pass off. The Bitters is also a purifier and strengthener of the bowels, an invigorant of the stomach, and a matchless remedy for billionsness and fever and ague. It counteracts a tendency to premature decay and sustains the aged and infirm. implaints of the the urinary organs are not

-Buy your winter clothing at the Philad. Branch. They have no old, shop-worn goods, auction truck or shoddy and are "not closing out" to deceive the people. The Philad. Branch always did a straight and honorable business.

DIVORCE NOTICE.

State of Pennsylvania, County of Centre, 88.

County of Centre, \(^{\)} 88.

In the Court of Common Pleas of Centre county, No. 25, Aug. Term 1890.

Sallie Miller by her next friend Isaac Yarnell vs. Quintiliis Miller.

And now, January 29, 1891, it appearing to the Court that the sheriff has made his publication in accordance with the directions of the Court, and defeedants having made no appearance, Wm. J. Singer, Esq., is appointed a Commissioner to take the testimony in the above stated case.

By The Court.

Certified from the Record.

L. A. SCHAEFFER,

Prothonotary.

To Quintillis Miller, Respondent:

To Quintillis Miller, Respondent:

To Quintillis Miller, Respondent:
You are hereby notified that the undersigned has been appointed commissioner in the above stated case to take tes imony, and that he will attend to the duties of his appointment at his office in Bellefonte, Pa., on Tuesday, the 24 day of February, 1891, at 10 o'clock, z. m., when and where you may attend if you see proper.

WM. J. SINGER,
2-12 Commissioner.

-Streble's millinery store moved way this week.

That Little Tickling

In your throat, which makes you cough once in a while and keeps you constantly clearing The governor sent in the message your throat, arises from catarrh, and as eatarrh is a constitutional disease the ordinary cough medicines all fail to hit the spot. What cough medicines all fail to hit the spot. What you need is constitutional remedy like Hood's Sarsaparilia. Many people who have taken this medicine for scrofula, dyspepsia, loss of appetite, and other troubles, have been surprised that it should cure this troublesome cough. But to know the actual cause of the cough is to solve the mystery. Many cases of consumption can be traced back to the neglect of some such slight affection as this. Cosumption can be controlled in its early stages, and the effect of Hood's Sarsaparilla in purifying the blood, building up the general health and expelling the scrofulous taint which is the cause of calarrh and consumption, has restored cause of calarrh and consumption, has restored to perfect health many persons on whom this ireaded disease seemed to have a firmhold.

# SCOTT'S

Of Pure Cod Liver Oil and HYPOPHOSPHITES of Lime and Soda

and Hypophosphites agents in the cure of as palatable as milk. ites are the recognized of Consumption. It is

Scott's Emulsion is a perfect is a wonderful Flesh Producer. It is the Best Remedy for CONSUMPTION, Scrofula, Bronchitis, Wasting Diseases, Chronic Coughs and Colds.
Ask for Scott's Emulsion and take no other



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10.—MECHANIC ARTS; combining shop work with study, three years course; new building and equipment.

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