There is no present prospect that work will be renewed on the Panama Canal.

The New York Telegram concludes that the Cherokee Nation is not likely to

It has been calculated that the railroads of the world are worth nearly \$300,000,000,000.

The Louisiana lottery has offered to assume the State debt of \$12,000,000 for an extension of its license for fifty

The balance of trade against Canada during the last fiscal year was \$17,000,-000, or \$6,000,000 worse than the previous year.

The New York Sun is startled at discovering that the internal revenue of the United States is increasing more rapidly than the customs revenue.

The Massachusetts Legislature has done well, thinks the New York Commercial Advertiser, in making it a penal offence to dock the tails of horses.

The startling and highly important information that the Shah of Persia has taken to wearing a silk hat instead of a jeweled turban has recently been cabled from Europe to America.

Before the recent Presbyterian General Assembly in New York the Rev. L. L. Coffin said that 2700 brakemen were killed and 20,000 injured every year on the railroads of this country.

The Alaskan seal fisheries must be protected, declares the New Orleans Times-Democrat, or they will be totally destroyed within a few brief years, and thus a great and unique industry annihilated.

Dogs are to be enrolled and trained in the British Army. They are to act as auxiliary sentinels, as scouts on the march, as despatch carriers, as searchers for the wounded and as auxiliary ammunition carriers.

The New Haven (Conn.) Register will give \$100 for a properly authenticated case wherein the cucumber ever did anyone harm. "The vegetable has been shamefully maligned and insulted," this champion claims.

"If some museum man wants a chamber of horrors," says the Minneapolis Tribune, "why doesn't he hire Chicago?" Or if he wants a deserted village, retorts the Chicago Times, why doesn't he make a date with Minneapolis?

President Carnot, of France, is very fond of Americans, and is cultivating sedulously the society of our countrymen now in Paris. At his receptions more Americans are to be found than in any drawing-room in Europe.

Various bodies have petitioned the Pennsylvania Legislature for so many legal holidays that, according to the Detroit Free Press, each day in the week, including Sunday, would have been a holiday had the petitions been granted.

Dr. Rosenberg, a New York chiropodist, tells the Epoch of a little patient that he was called upon to treat. It is a year and a half old and has three corns and two in-growing nails, although it has never walked. By the aid of cocaine the operation on its tiny feet was rendered painless.

Illinois has a new compulsory education law under which children between the ages of seven and fourteen years are compelled to attend school at least sixteen weeks a year, and attendance on any private day school teaching reading, writing, arithmetic and United States history in the English language, which is approved by the Board of Education, will be accepted as in compliance with the

"During the last sixteen months," says the correspondent of the London Times at Cairo, "only four slaves were imported into Egypt, and there have been only two cases of dealing between private persons. The slave trade may be reckoned as extinct in Egypt. The number of slaves in the possession of private families is decreasing rapidly, thanks to the Slaves' Home, which is a most effectual method of doing away with this class of

Work is at last to be begun in earnest on the Nicaraugua Canal, a large force of caril engineers having left New York for the Isthmus. It may be that operations were delayed owing to the belief that the uncompleted works of the Lesseps Company might be bought cheaply enough to make it better worth while to finish the Panama waterway than to construct a wholly new one in Nicaraugua. But if such a plan was at one time entertained, it now seems to have been given up. Probably the Panama bondholders and shareholders could not be induced to sell their interests for the very moderate sum at which they would now be valued.

The failure of the rice crop this year is a disaster, observes the New Orleans Times-Democrat, whose extent is scarcely There is almost a certainty of a reduction of the crop by 500,000 barrels below the average; and, more probably, the shortage will amount to 600,000 barrels or sacks of rough rice. This represents a loss of about \$2,000,000.

Some idea may be formed of the vast quantity of water discharged by South Fork Lake into the Conemaugh Valley when compared to the flow over Niagara Falls. Estimating the Niagara supply at 33,000,000 tons of 36 cubic feet per hour, and taking the measurement of the lake to have been 31 miles long by 11 miles wide, with a mean depth of 30 feet, we have the enormous volume of one trillion of tons of water, which would require thirty hours in passing over Niagara

John C. Klein, the New York World's special commissioner, has returned from the Isthmus of Panama. He reports that De Lesseps's canal has cost \$350,000,000, and is about one-third completed. Over 20,000 lives have been lost among the laborers. The project is pronounced the greatest ever undertaken by man, not excepting the pyramids of Egypt. It is reported that the French Government will take some action in the matter, but there are diplomatic as well as financial difficulties in the way.

The intelligence comes from Peru that the Verrugas viaduct on the Moya Railway, forty miles from Lima, was recently swept away by a great cloud burst. Ten minutes sufficed to destroy a great engineering work that cost two years to build and a half million of money. Peru, with its impoverished treasury, is powerless to rebuild this viaduct, and without it the country is useless. In this emergency Michael P. Grace has announced his intention of furnishing the money, but the result will be a firmer grip by the millionaire on the country's vitals.

The Atlanta Constitution is responsible for the following: "The death of a wealthy and eccentric old man at Tyler, Texas, has brought to light a remarkable will. The old man had no relations, and in his last will and testament he directs all his property to be divided equally among all persons living in the Southern States who were born on his birthday, the 9th of March, 1835. Mr. D. P. Atkins, of Tyler, notifies all parties interested to send in their names before the last of July. The amount of the fortune to be distributed is not mentioned, but it is said to be very targe."

According to Mr. David Dudley Field, who certainly speaks with authority, there are far too many lawyers in this country. Their number is out of proportion to the legitimate business of the community. There are, it seems, 11,000 lawyers in the State of New York, and there are in the United States altogether 70,000. When we remember, observes Once a Week, that in France, with a population of 40,000,-000, there are but 6000 lawyers, and in Germany, with more than 50,000,000, there are only about 7000, we must see that the number in this country is far in excess of the country's needs.

Bismarck thought a great deal of the late John Lathrop Motley. When Motley was Minister to Austria, Bismarck invited him to visit Berlin, and had a jolly time with him. In his conversation with the American, the Iron Chancelor laughed at the idea of any man being big enough to control events. He was willing enough to have the common people regard him as a powerful being who moulded public opinion and decided the destiny of the nation, but in private he admitted to his friend that it was all nonsense. A man may go along with events and be on the winning side, said the old statesman, but he does not produce or control them. In other words, concludes the Atlanta Constitution, Bismarck believes that a man is largely the creature of circum-

Two States, Michigan and Illinois, have undertaken an official investigation of the extent to which farms are mortgaged. In Michigan the data thus far returned are only partial, but the commissioner estimates the total assessed value of the farms of that State at \$335,-000,000, and the mortgaged indebtedness at \$64,000,000, with an annual interest of nearly \$5,000,000. In Illinois the aggregate value of the mortgages on lands and farms is \$142,400,000; the annual interest is \$4,919,000. The total number of acres of encumbered land in Illinois is 8,082,794 in a total acreage of 34,081,180. There is nothing formidable in these figures, when we recall the fact that (in 1879) the total value of the products of the farms in that State (outside of Cook County) exceeded \$200 .-

According to the statistics of the United Presbyterian Church the average salary of its ministers is \$998.

FLAMES AMID FIREWORKS.

appreciated by the people generally. Fatal Conflagration in a Boston Factory.

> Lives Lost During the Discharge of Bombs and Rockets.

The fireworks emporium of Heyer Brothers on Summer street, Boston, Mass., took fire about 5 P. M. in the evening, and by the time the flames were extinguished five of the employes met death. Two were badly injured

ployes met death. Two were badlytinjured by jumping, and \$100,000 worth of property was destroyed.

Heyer Brothers occupy the three upper stories of the building and part of the ground floor, Browning & Co., millinery, occupying the other part of the ground floor. The fire started in the back part of the lower floor, among the fireworks. This room, as well as the three floors above was stocked with a miscellaneous as-This room, as well as the three floors above, was stocked with a miscellaneous assortment of fireworks destined for the Fourth of July trade. Therewere firecrackers, large and small, bombs, Roman candles, rockets and torpedoes, together with a large stock of banners, flags, uniforms, torches, etc.

The firm employed twenty or twenty-five men and boys, and were busy with their holiday trade. They carried a stock of \$100,060 worth of fireworks and \$50,000 to \$90,000 worth of fancy goods. A large portion of the stock is ruined, although the loss is not total. The firm is well insured.

The discharge of the fireworks on the lower floor gave an impetus to the flames, which the employes were powerless to impede. What with the bombs and the rockets, the big with the bombs and the rockets, the big No. 10 forty-cent crackers, the neighborhood was awakened by a series of reports and detonations which suggested the rattle of musketry, while now and then an extra heavy bomb, exploding in a mass of other material with a dull report, gave an idea of light artillery firing in the distance. The flames ate through the ceiling into the upper floors and then ensued another series of reports, mingled with the the upper floors and then ensued another series of reports, mingled with the unmistakable sizzling of imprisoned rockets. Through all the dense, murky smoke poured out of windows and through the roof, obscuring the sky for blocks around, and giving forth the choking order of sulphur and

Blinded by the thickening clouds of smoke, seven unlucky employes of Heyer Brothers were unable to escape. They found themselves in the midst of a running fire of discharging rockets, bombs and crackers which shot through the limited confines of the building. now and again striking human targets wit now and again striking human targets with deatily aim. Despite the sickening fumes of the liberated missiles, Charles F. Callahan and Thomas Gage succeeded in groping up the stairway to the third floor. Here they jumped from the windows to the street. Callahan struck an awning and bounded headlong to the pavement; his legs, his arm and his back were broken and his clothes had been burned almost to the skin. most to the skin

Callahan died an hour later at the hospital Gage also jumped and fell in the middle of the street on his head. He was fatally injured and died almost immediately. A third employe, William F. Brenensthell, escaped miraculously by crawling downstairs through the spreading flames. His head, shoulders and body were horribly blistered, and his clothes were burned off almost to the skin. His injuries, however, are not fatal.

burned off almost to the skin. His injuries, however, are not fatal.

The firemen fought the fire bravely, and the wonder is that some of them were not burned up, too, or at least maimed by the rattling discharge of pent-up pyrotechnics. An old man named Smithers escaped by climbing out of the top-floor window to the coping above. Pulling himself up with the agility of an acrobat, he moved along the dizzy height while the spectators in the street below held their breath in suspense. He reached the adjoining building safely. A rocket shot out of a top-story window, and in its downward flight landed full in the face of a woman in the street, making a painful injury. A newspaper artist's hat was also shot off by a stray rocket.

Three corpses, taken from the ruins, were

Three corpses, taken from the ruins, were lying at the Morgue, burned so terribly as to make identification doubtful. It was believed they were all employes. Spontaneous combustion is said to have caused the fire, although an attempt to connect the fateful cigarette with the conflagration is being made. The total loss is about \$100,000, of which \$10,000 is on fireworks, \$60,000 on the stock of Browning & Co., and \$50,000 on the building.

MUSICAL AND DRAMATIC.

SARAH BERNHARDT is now a grandmother. MARY ANDERSON may not act in America

MARIE VAN ZANDT'S voice has become MADAME ADELINA PATTI at last accounts

MRS. LANGTRY has wrinten a novel. She MME. NEVADA-PALMER has been singing with great success in Madrid.

THE late Carl Rosa, English operamanager, left an estate valued at nearly \$400,000. Fave's Opera House, Scattle, Washington Territory, lately destroyed by fire, cost \$120,-

AUGUSTIN DALY, the New York manager, has signed Tim Cronin, a well-known variety

BLIND Tom, the pianist, was not drowned at Johnstown, as reported. A change of date saved him.

The municipality of Genoa has decided, that the name of Verdi shall be given to the insti-tute of music in that city. BUFFALO BILL's success in Paris is enormous, and immense crowds cannot obtain admission at every performance.

EMMA ABBOTT promises to bring with her the scores of three operas not yet heard here when she comes back from her European

MARION BOOTH has sufficient of the for-tune bequeathed her by her father, the late Julius Brutus Rooth Jr., to be reasonably

The Chinese lack appreciation of the stage. As soon as a Celestial enters on the stage he is deprived of citizenship and his children after him for four generations.

A concent tour that will extent to the Pacific coast is to be made the coming summer by Princeton College Glee and Banjo Clubs. The New York Tribune pronounces it the largest enterprise ever undertaken in this country by a student organization.

Among the "realistic" companies for next, season is a "Legitimate Hamlet Combination," in which Ophelia will drown herself in a tankful of real water, and a real fire engine will then be employed to pump out the water, while a Danish rescuing party and a "real" ambulance on the stage will await the recovery of the body.

THE death of John Gilbert in Bo The death of John Gilbert in Boston re-moves a unique personality from the Ameri-can stage, and closes a career which was as remarkable for its length as for its artistic consistency and value. Mr. Gilbert began to play old men at nineteen, and was making ready to go on, at the age of seventy-nine, in Mr. Jefferson's company next season, when his mammons came.

It is said that when Henry Irving and Ellen Terry were acting before Queen Victoria at Sandringham, a little while ago, in "The Merchant of Venice," Miss Terry, before beginning the famous "Mercy" speech, made, as is her wont, a decided pause, whereupon the Queen, who was apparently absorbed in the performance, prompted her loudly twice, very nearly succeeding in "breaking up" the whole company.

THE NEWS EPITOMIZED.

Eastern and Middle States. JOHN HENRY MILLER, a well-known far-mer of Holliston, Mass., committed suicide by hanging himself to a tree.

OTHNIEL GAGER, the old Town Clerk of Norwich, Conn., is dead, aged ninety-six.

JUSTICE ANDREWS, of the Supreme Court, ordered the release of Moroney and McDonald, held in New York city for alleged complicity in the murder of Dr. Cronin; three Chicago witnesses failed to identify them. JOHN GIBBS GILBERT, the famous Ameri-

can comedian, died of pneumonia, in Boston, at the age of seventy-nine. He was an actor for sixt f-one years. THE Hon. William E. Chandler has been re-elected as United States Senator for New Hampshire.

EMIL EBERT, of Waterbury, Conn., committed suicide in Central Park, New York city, leaving a most pathetic letter addressed to his wife, who, he said, had forsaken him. MICHAEL ANDREWS, Simon Novolk, John Kutski and Joseph Taylor were fatally burned in a mine explosion at Plymouth, Penn.

An ocean steamer which sailed from New York a few days since carried over 300 delegates to the World's Sunday-school Convention in London. They represented every section and every Protestant denomination in

GEORGIE DWYER, the fifteen-month-old grandson of Septimus Turner, a farmer liv-ing near Bristol, Penn., was drowned in a wash boiler filled with buttermilk.

STATE ATTORNEY BISBEE, of Barre, Vt. was thrown from his carriage at Williams town Gulf and fatally injured.

PRINCETON COLLEGE, of New Jersey, has conferred the honorary degree LL.D. on President Harrison.

GOVERNOR BEAVER, of Pennsylvani companied by the members of the Relief Committee, visited Johnstown. On reaching general headquarters the party mounted horses and made a tour of inspection which lasted over three hours. The Governor expressed gratification at the progress made.

Andrew Grimes, the colored murderer of John Martin, the mate of the schooner Annie Carl, at Atlantic City, on last Christmas Day, has been hanged at May's Landing, N. J.

AT Lynn, Mass., Charles Goodwin, aged fifty-one, in jail for stealing a hammer, committed suicide by hanging in his cell.

THE Comptroller of the Currency has appointed A. Barton Hepburn, of Canton, St. Lawrence County, N. Y., as Examiner of National Banks in New York city. THE majority in Pennsylvania against the

Prohibition amendment is 185,173, and against the suffrage amendment, which provided for the repeal of the poll tax qualifications of the poll tax qualific

South and West.

FRANK L. WOODRUFF, late Assistant Postmaster of Lawrence, Kan., has been arrested on a charge of embezzling \$5000 from the funds of that office.

Two daughters of John Leavitt, aged eight-sen and eight, who lives in Seward County, Neb., were found dead with their throats cut from ear to ear. No motive is known for the grime, and there is no clue to the perpetra-

A VERY heavy storm passed over the south-west part of Berkeley County, W. Va. The hailstones lay in some places three or four inches deep. Crops and trees were ruined. Live stock were badly bruised and in some instances killed. Several houses and barns were wrecked by the wind.

HEAVY forest fires were burning on the east side of the Cascade Mountains, in Washington Territory. Large quantities of fir

John Maple, a farmer living near Wabash, Ind., attempted to ford a small stream, which was greatly swollen by hard rains. He was accompanied by his wife and three children and a servant girl. In the middle of the stream the wagon upset and Mrs. Maple and two of the children were

A FEARFUL storm visited the southeastern portion of Indiana. It extended over a scope of country ten miles long and one mile wide, and ended in a regular cloudburst. Fences and bridges were washed away and barns torn down. Growing crops in the storm's nath were destroyed.

ISAAC WAATI and William Kangas were stantly killed by a cave-in in the Cleveland Iron Mine, at Ishpeming, Mich.

THE remains of John Sevier, first Governor of Tennessee, which have lain for seventy-four years in North Alabama, were reinterred in Knoxville with imposing ceremonies. A twenty-thousand-dollar monument will be erected over his grave.

SENATOR MANDERSON, of Nebraska, has just received \$4000 back pension money for an increase of pension on account of a gun shot wound received in the war.

THE postoffice at Waycross, Ga., was bro-en into and robbed of \$11,000 and a number of registered mail packages.

P. O'SULLIVAN, Detective Coughlin, Frank Woodruff and Martin Burke, who was re-cently arrested in Manitoba, have been in-dicted by the special Grand Jury of Cook County, Ill., for the murder of Dr. P. H. Cromn, in Chicago.

HARDY HAMILTON has been hanged at ome, Ga., for the murder of Joe Lee, a

THE losses by the fire at Seattle, Washington Territory, have been reduced by later inquires to \$4,000,000.

MR, AND MRS. JOHN LEAVITT have been arrested at Seward, Neb., on the charge of killing their two daughters.

ROBERT BEVERING, a cigarmaker, and a coung woman who was riding with him, were illed at Silver Springs station, Wis, by a

REV. FATHER JOHN CARROLL, the oldest Catholic priest in the United States, died a few days ago in his ninety-fourth year at the Mercy Hospital in Chicago.

Ar Carbon, Ind., Conrad Bauman shot his wife twice through the head and then com-mitted suicide. Bauman was forty-five and

MARTIN BURKE, who was arrested in Winsipeg, Manitoba, on suspicion of complicity in the Cronin murder in Chicago, has been identified by Officer Collins as the man who was "wanted."

Washington.

THE Attorney-General has accepted the esignations of George S. Peters, United States Attorney for the district of Utah; Peter S. Knight, United States Attorney for the Southern district of Florida, and E. M. loykin, United States Marshall for South

PRESIDENT HARRISON has appointed Royal A. Johnson, of Arizona, to be Surveyor-General of Arizona.

L. B. Agnew was appointed Superintendent of the Dead Letter Office, and ex-Governor Lucius Bairchfld, of Wiscousin, was made a member of the Cherokee Indian THE Civil Service Commission has asked

the President to extend the operations of the Civil Service law so as to include appoint-ments to clerkships in the Census Office.

THE Secretary of State has received a telegram from Mr. Straus, the United States Minister at Constantinople, saying the Sultan of Turkey donated \$1000 for the relief of the Johnstown flood sufferers. THE President has appointed John R. Lewis Postmaster at Atlanta, Ga., vice John W. Renfoel, resgned.

WILLIAM J. VICKERY, of Indiana; Charles H. Clarke, of New York, and Liewellyn Jordan, of Mississippi, have been appointed by President Harrison Postoffice Inspectors on mail depredations.

THE ship railway, which is to transport added vessels across the Isthmus of Chig-secto, New Brunswick, is progressing and it. Seven hundred men and 200 horses

just died at his residence in Washington. He was a native of South Carolina and graduated at West Point in 1833.

Foreign. About 1700 houses in Naples, Italy, will be demolished in order to improve the city's sanitary condition.

MR. STRAUSS, the retiring United States Minister at Constantinople, had a farewell audience with the Sultan. He was after-ward entertained at a banquet in the palace. AT a meeting in London, the Prince of Wales presiding, it was resolved to erect a memorial to the late Father Damien, who devoted the last years of his life to the care of the lepers of the Sandwich Islands. The memorial will be erected at Molokal.

The call drivers' strike at Perio is core.

THE cab drivers' strike at Paris is over and cabs are running as usual A FIRE in Montreal, Canada, burned over fifteen acres of territory in the lumber district. The loss is estimated at \$200,000.

MARTIN BURKE, a fugitive from Chicago, was held at Winnipeg, Manitoba, as one of the men who murdered Dr. Cronih. Chief of Police Hubbard, of Chicago, notified the authorities to hold Burke at all hazards. Burke answers perfectly the description of the man Delaney. He is undoubtedly the man wanted. MARTIN BURKE, a fugitive from Chicago,

SEVERE hall-storms prevailed in many parts of Germany, interfering greatly with raflway traffic.

While a procession was passing through a Silesian town five of the paraders were struck by lightning and killed, and forty others in-

THE residence of Richard Wilson at Mano-

tick, Canada, caught fire, and Mrs. Wilson and two young children were burned to A DINNER was given by Andrew Carnegie to the Rt. Hon. W. E. Gladstone at the Hotel

Metropole, in London. The dinner was en-tirely private—no spesshes, no formality. It was given by Mr. Carnegie to enable Mr. Gladstone to meet Mr. Lincoln, the American Minister, and Mr. New, the Consul General. TORRENTIAL rains, accompanied by thunder, have swept over Hesse, South Westphalia, Nassau and Thuringia. The storm extended east to Saxony and south to Bavaria. Serious damage was done to corn, hay and fruit crops. Several persons and a large number of cattle perished.

A REVOLUTIONARY manifesto from Servia has been circulated in Bosnia and Herze-govina announcing that Austria intends to annex those territories. The populace was greatly excited.

FLOODS in the Resenbach River at Stuttgart, Germany, have submerged portions of the city and drowned eight people. ALEXANDER RIVERS, his son and Louis Saward, were drowned while fishing at Chambly Canton, Canada.

A FAMILY MURDERED.

Five Immigrants Found Butchered in the Wilds of Montana.

News has been received at Helena, Montana, of a most brutal crime committed in Fergus County, in what is known as "Judith Country," about one hundred and fifty miles north of Helena. The body of a middle-aged woman, who had been shot in the back, was found by a cowboy in a wild and unfrequented spot on Judith River.

The Coroner's inquest developed no information as to who she was. First day the bodies of two men, a sixteen year-old girl and a

mation as to who she was. Next day the bodies of two men, a sixteen-year-old girl and a six-year-old girl were dicovered about one hundred yards above the same place. All were shot in the back except the child, sho was strangled. Near by were found the remains of a burned trunk and camp equipage. Everything by which the bodies might be identified was destroyed. No one in Judith Country could recognize the bodies. They were supposed to have been a family of emigrants from Iowa or Illinois. The whole of Judith Country was aroused, and a hundred horsemen scoured the plains seeking the trail of the murderer.

PROMINENT PEOPLE.

POPE LEO XIII. is in precarious health. THE Rev. Dr. Talmage plays the banjo. THE Marquis of Ely was the first noble-

GENERAL SHERMAN'S mail is large enough each day to fill a bushel basket JAY GOULD is said to be in better health than he has been in fourteen years.

BEN BUTLER'S portrait is to be hung in the State Capitol of New Hampshire. TSCHIGORIN, the chess champion, was born at St. Petersburg, in Russia, in 1850.

HENRY GRORGE was elected honary President of the Agrarian Congress at Paris. THE oldest living peer is Lord Teynham, who has just completed his ninety-first year. SECRETARY NOBLE will probably remain Washington a greater part of the sum-

KAID McLEAN, a Scotchman, is Commander-in-Chief of the army of the Sultan of Morocco.

AGRICULTURAL SECRETARY RUSK is Writing a book on the common diseases of horses and cattle. SIR JULIAN PAUNCEPOTE, the new British

Minister, has made a good impression in Washington, Mr. PARNELL has been denied the liberty of the city in Edinburgh on the occasion of his visit in July.

KING KALAKAUA of Hawaii, has succeeded in borrowing \$10,000 to defray the expenses of a visit to Paris. It is said that John Bright's papers will be withheld from publication during the lift time of Queen Victoria.

Louis Kossuth, the Hungarian patric has improved so much in health that he expected to live several years longer.

JOHN ANTON WOLF GRIP, the new Minister to the United States from Sweden an Norway, is a remarkable shot with a revo Ir appears that the name of the now !

mous inventor of the great tower has on been Eiffel since 1880. Before that time In a week's travel over considerable terr tory Gladstone, who is nearly eighty year old, made a dozen speeches and returns home none the worse for wear.

GERONIMO, the swarthy old savage wh was captured in Arizona a few years ag-and is now confined on a reservation in Flor ida, has learned to play a cuttage organ. THE oldest Catholic priest in this counts is said to be Rev. Peter Havermans, of Tro N. Y., who has just celebrated the sixtic anniversary of his ordination as a priest.

THE Shah of Persia has discarded the seautiful headdress with the aigrette of dis-monds, which he were on his former visit to condon, and now sports an ungainly "plug

electric lights, was a reporter on a Clevelan newspaper at \$15 a week less than fifte years ago. He still lives in Cleveland, who he owns a million dollar house.

The Sultan of Turkey will hereafter keep cool while sitting in state, as a system of fans worked by a shaft from the rear can be set in motion when he desires. The power behind the throne will be a muscular Turk who turns the crank. GENERAL LAOYD S. BRYCE, the new editor of the North American Review, is the son-in-law of ex-Mayor Cooper, of New York. He is thirty-seven years of age, and gets his title of General from having been Paymaster-General of New York in 1886.

POSTAL CLERKS KILLED.

Four Lives Lost by a Railway Accident in Ohio.

The New York and St. Louis mail train met with a disastrous accident at Cumberland Junction, three miles east of Steubenville, Ohio. Owing to imperfect connections with the Pennsylvania road, the Pan-Handle section road, the Pan-Handle section was nearly two hours late in leav-ing Pittsburg, and had orders to make up an hour of the lost time between Pittsburg and Columbus. Just east of Cumberland Junotion is a steep down grade over a sharp reverse curve. On this the train, consisting of verse curve. On this the train, commany or an engine, express and four mail cars, plunged at the rate of sixty miles an hour. The last car was whipped from the track like the end of a whip lash and ploughed along the embankment on its side along the embankment on its side for a distance of over one hundred feet. In leaving the track it drew with it the In leaving the trace it drew with it the two mail cars in front, and the forward car struck a car loaded with steel rails, crushing in the side and throwing both cars, which were not uncoupled, down an embankment twenty-five feet high and landing them, bot-

tom up, in the ditch.

In these cars were the conductor and brakeman and twelve postal cierks. Two of the postal cierks were killed outright, and nine injured. They were John G. Fayne, of Indianapolis, and James Rinehart, of Effingham, Ill. Both had their skulls crushed. Lee Burris, of Columbus, the conductor, had his right hip crushed and his thigh split open from the hip to the knee. John MacFarland, a brakeman, had his left leg completely severed from his body and his right leg crushed to a jelly. Both men were fatally injured and died during the night.

EIGHT PERSONS DROWNED.

An Arkansas Farmer's Futile Efforts to Save His Family.

During a heavy rain storm an old man named Emmerson, living in Conway County, Ark., had the misfortune to lose his wife and soven children in a flood. There had been a tremendous rain on the upper Red River. Emmerson, who is an oid settler, was with his family in his house at night when the storm was raging. After an hour's rain the water gradually flooded his house, and, fearing danger, he gathered two of his children in his arms and made for the door to oscape. As the door opened a huge log dashed in the entrance and knocked the little ones from his arms. They fell at his feet into the swift current and were lost.

He then took up two more, one in each arm, and succeeded in getting out with them safely, telling his wife to follow with the others, but in attempting to escape in the same manner, the mother, with two children in her arms and three clinging to her dress, was carried down with the flood and drowned. The father and two children the only core left in a farmand two children, the only ones left in a family of eleven, escaped with their lives.

The night was dark, and the father, with

the only two survivors of his large family, stood in water above the waist, clinging to a tree for several hours, and when the waters tree for several hours, and when the waters subsided in the morning a search was made, and the dead bodies of the mother and seven children were discovered scattered here and there for a considerable distance around the place, the clothing having caught in underbrush and the bodies held fast in that way. Two of the bodies were found in the garden lot, a short distance from the house, where they had been carried by the force of the water, and others as far as fifty yards from the house.

OVER THE FALLS.

A Batteau Breaks Away and Carries Six Passengers to Death.

While the batteau which conveys passenmers and freight across the St. Maurice River, at Grand Piles, Canada, was attempting to cross the river at noon, the strong wind and current got the best of the chains which held it about half way across and snapped them as if they were threads. The current is deep and runs with a fearful velocity, as just below the Grand Piles Railway Station are the Grand Piles Falls and rapids. There were ten passengers, two horses, a quantity of freight and the boatmen on board.

As the factories was read and the

As the fastenings snapped and the current seized the battenu, whirling it toward the rapids, the men aboard seized oars and poles, or whatever else came handy, and did all in their whatever else came handy, and did all in their power to save the boat. But it was useless. The batteau struck a rock, careened and commenced to fill. Many of the passengers jumped overboard, and two succeeded in reaching a small canoe, but the others, Joseph Rivard, his son and his daughter, George Hamilton, of St. Etienne, Baptiste Bellerine, and his sister, Amelie Bellerine, none of whom could swim stuck to the betnone of whom could swim, stuck to the bat-

It looked at one time as if the vessel would It looked at one time as if the vessel would stick on one of the rocks of the rapids, but the hundreds of people on shore were horrified to see the batteau suddenly disappear beneath the waters. The passengers struggled for a brief moment in the waves; then they disappeared. The cries of the doomed people were heart-rending, but it was utterly impossible to render them the slightest assistance.

THE President and directors of the Chesa-peake and Ohio Canal have been authorized to restore the channel to a navigable con-dition. The cost will be about \$300,000.

	THE MARKETS.
be le-	25 NEW YORK. Beeves 3 75 @ 4 8734
t, is	Milch Cows, com. to good25 00 @45 00 Calves, common to prime 2 50 @ 5 50 Sheep
e d	Lambs
a- yet	Patents
-i-	Corn—Ungraded Mixed 41 @ 42¼ Oats—No. 1 White — @ 38 Mixed Western 26 @ 30 Hav—No. 1 82½@ 90
rs sd	Hay—No. 1
7.0	Dairy, fair to good. 14 @ 16 West, Im. Creamery 12 @ 17)4 Factory
y. h.	Choese
	Eggs—State and Penn 141/2@ 15
10 10 10	Steers-Western
o d	Hogs-Good to Choice Yorks 4 50 @ 4 70 Flour-Family 5 00 @ 5 25 Wheat-No. 2 Northern 82%@ 83%
9.0	Barley-No. 1 Canada — @ 19
p in	Fiour—Spring Wheat Pat's 5 60 @ 6 25 Corn—Steamer Yellow 433/@ 455/ Oats—No 2 White 22 @ 405/

WATERTOWN (MASS.) CATTLE MARKET.

PHILADELPHIA.