

CATARRH, Catarrhal Deafness and Hay Fever.

A NEW HOME TREATMENT.
Sufferers are not generally aware that these diseases are contagious, or that they are due to the presence of living parasites in the lining membrane of the nose and catarrhal tubes. Microscopic research, however, has proved this to be a fact and the result is that a simple remedy has been formulated whereby catarrh, catarrhal deafness and hay fever are permanently cured in from one to three simple applications made at home by the patient once in two weeks. N. B.—For catarrhal discharges peculiar to females (whites) this remedy is a specific. A pamphlet explaining this new treatment is sent on receipt of ten cents by A. H. DIXON & SON, 304 West Kinz St., Toronto, Canada.—*Scientific American.*

Sufferers from catarrhal troubles should read the above carefully.

The Chill Blast.

That sets the naked branches a-quivering, is not felt by the wealthy valetudinarian floors, but not all the covering that he can pile on his warm bed, nor all the furnace heat that anthracite can furnish, will warm his marrow when chills and fever run its icy fingers along his spinal column. Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is the thing to infuse new warmth into his chilled and anguished frame, to remedy the fierce fever and exhausting sweats which alternate with the chill. Dumb ague cake, bilious remittent—in short, every known form of malarial disease is subjugated by this potent, and at the time, wholesome and genial medicine. Biliousness, constipation, dyspepsia, sick headache, loss of appetite and sleep, kidney trouble, rheumatism and debility are also remedied by it. Use it with patience to effect a thorough cure.

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Grain OF ALL Kinds.

Highest Market Price Paid for Grain

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FINE CIGARS, TOBACCOS, CANDIES AND GREEN GROCERIES. Fresh fruits received daily in season. Leave your orders. 10-30.

gathering in the history of this, or perhaps any other country. Beautiful decorations, entrancing music and vast crowds of finely dressed men and women made it a brilliant event.

PRESIDENT HARRISON'S CABINET.

Brief Sketches of the Men Who Will Be His Chief Advisers.

WASHINGTON, March 4.—President Harrison's cabinet is as follows:

Secretary of State—James G. Blaine, of Maine.

Secretary of the Treasury—William Windom, of Minnesota.

Secretary of War—Redfield Proctor, of Vermont.

Secretary of the Navy—Benjamin F. Tracy, of Missouri.

Secretary of the Interior—James W. Noble, of Missouri.

Postmaster General—John W. Wamaker, of Pennsylvania.

Attorney General—W. H. Miller, of Indiana.

Secretary of Agriculture—Jeremiah Rusk, of Wisconsin.

James Gillespie Blaine was born in West Brownsville, Washington county, Pa., Jan. 31, 1830. At the age of 13 years he entered

Washington college in his native county, where he was graduated in 1847. In 1844 he moved to Augusta, Me., where he has since made his home. In 1856 he was a delegate to the Republican national convention. In 1858 he was elected to the legislature, remaining a member for four years, serving the last two as speaker.

In 1862 he was elected to congress, where he served for eight years. He was a candidate for the presidential nomination in 1870 and 1880. He was secretary of the state under President Garfield. Immediately after the convention of 1876, on his resignation the secretaryship of state, Mr. Blaine was appointed senator to fill the unexpired term, and in the following winter he was chosen by the legislature for the full ensuing term.

William Windom was born in Belmont county, O., nearly sixty-two years ago and gained some prominence there before moving to Minnesota in 1838. He served in the house as a representative during the thirty-sixth congress, and successively in the thirty-seventh, thirty-eighth, thirty-ninth and fortieth, and was appointed to fill an unexpired term in the senate and subsequently elected to a full term. When Garfield became president he was made secretary of the treasury. He had but a short term of this office, but in that time is regarded as having demonstrated his capacity as a financier. Since then he has been practicing law in New York and has not been much in Minnesota. He dropped out of Minnesota politics altogether. He is a close friend of Gen. Harrison.

Redfield Proctor, the secretary of war, is a native and ex-governor of Vermont. He has all his life been engaged in "trade," being in every sense a self-made man. He lives at Proctor, a town founded by him, and which is situated a few miles from Rutland. He is in practical control of the whole output of the Vermont marble quarries, and is one of the largest dealers in that commodity in the United States.

Among the reasons given for the recognition by the new president of the Green Mountain state in cabinet councils are, first, the eminence of ex-Governor Proctor in his party, and, second, the fact that he, as the chairman of the Vermont delegation to the Chicago convention last year, was head of the only delegation in the whole body which voted solidly for Harrison first, last and all the time.

Benjamin F. Tracy was born about fifty years ago in Tioga county, New York. His early life was passed first on a farm and afterwards in the study of law. In 1851 he was admitted to the bar, and three years later was elected district attorney of Tioga county. Notwithstanding the fact that Tioga county was Democratic and Tracy a Republican his election was almost unanimous. He was made chairman of the railroad committee and also chairman of the sub-committee of the whole. On June 23, 1862, Governor Morgan requested him to raise a regiment from the counties of Broome, Tompkins and Tioga. He raised two—the One Hundred and Ninth and the One Hundred and Seventy—got his commission and was given command of the former. When the war closed he had attained the rank of brigadier general. In 1866 he was appointed United States district attorney for the Eastern district of New York, and held the position until 1873, when he resigned. In 1875 he made the opening address to the jury in the famous Beecher-Tilton suit. He was nominated in 1881 by the Republicans for mayor of Brooklyn, but withdrew in favor of Seth Low, who was elected.

John Willcock Noble was born in Lancaster, O., Oct. 26, 1831. He passed his early days in Columbus and Cincinnati, where he enjoyed good educational advantages. He attended Miami university and afterwards Yale college, graduating from that institution in 1851. Upon his graduation he studied law. Mr. Noble settled first in St. Louis in 1855. Not meeting with the success in the practice of the law that he expected, he removed the following year to Keokuk, Ia., where he became prominent at the bar. At the breaking out of the war he enlisted as a private in the Third Iowa cavalry. This

regiment was actively engaged from the beginning to the close of the war, and distinguished itself in many battles. At the close of the war he was promoted to a brigadier generalship for meritorious services. He was mustered out in 1865. After the war Gen. Noble settled in St. Louis, where he was made United States district attorney by President Johnson. He resigned his position in 1870, and has since been engaged in the private practice of law. His firm is that of Noble & Orrick. He has lived in St. Louis since 1867. William Henry Harrison Miller is a typical Indiana lawyer of high standing. He has been a valuable member of Gen. Harrison's law firm in Indianapolis for about ten years, having left a large practice at Fort Wayne, Ind., to join it. He is a man on whom the new president has been accustomed to rely. Mr. Miller is not aggressive, but he is a man of high ability. He has been prominent in public office, and will enter upon an entirely new experience at Washington.

John Wamaker was born in Philadelphia in 1823. He was educated in the common schools, and early engaged in business. In 1861 he established a clothing house, to which he afterwards added other branches of business, and he now has one of the largest retail stores in the United States. In 1887 Mr. Wamaker adopted the system of co-operation in his store, and during the first year of its operation over \$100,000 was paid to employees in excess of salaries. He has also organized a savings bank for employees, a building association, classes for instruction and a library. In 1858 he began a Sunday school in Southwest Philadelphia, out of which has grown both a Presbyterian church, and he was one of the founders of the Christian commission and president of the Young Men's Christian association of Philadelphia.

Jeremiah Rusk was born in Morgan county, O., June 17, 1830, and removed to Wisconsin and settled in Vernon in 1853. He held several county offices, was a member of the assembly in 1862, was commissioned major of the Twenty-fifth Wisconsin Volunteer infantry in July, 1862, and was afterwards promoted to the colonelcy. He served with Gen. Sherman from the siege of Vicksburg until mustered out at the close of the war. He was brevetted brigadier general for bravery at the battle of Ball's Bluff. In 1866 he was elected for a term of two years as comptroller of Wisconsin, and was re-elected in 1868. He represented the Sixth congressional district in the Forty-second congress and the Seventh district in the Forty-third and the Forty-fourth congresses. For several years he was a member of the congressional Republican committee, and was a delegate to the national Republican convention in Chicago in 1880. He was elected governor in 1881, and was re-elected in 1884, and was again re-elected in 1888. His term as governor extended seven years, which is the longest period of any executive of the state.

Conspicuous by Their Absence.

The absence of Mrs. Cleveland and other members of the president's household from the seats reserved for them in the private gallery during the inaugural ceremonies was the subject of much comment. Senator Ingalls was asked to give his permission for the use of the gallery by other distinguished guests, but he suggested that if Mr. Cleveland's family did not choose to come generally by their absence. The seats, which were in the front row, remained vacant, therefore, throughout the proceedings.

Lige Was in a Slew.

Secretary Halford went half off the hooks when, on arriving at Willard's, he learned that the carriage in which his wife and daughter had started from the Arlington had not arrived. He flew about wildly, inquiring here and there, and finally learned that the driver had misinterpreted the order. The Halfords reached the hotel late, just in time to get into the procession going to the Capitol.

Hero Was a Feature.

Oliver Sumner Tappan's great mastiff Hero, his huge shape decorated with ribbons, carrying a motto of protection on each baggy side and a rooster upon his broad back, was one of the features of the march. He strode along with a step long as a man's, and was as dignified as Webster, and everybody applauded as he passed.

The First Family Dinner.

After standing in the driving rain, which beat in even under the canopy, President Harrison joined his family in the White House, where dinner was served at 6 o'clock. After dinner the president received calls.

His First Official Act.

At the conclusion of the delivery of his address President Harrison turned and kissed Mrs. Harrison.

END OF A MODERN JUDAS.

Pigott, the Perjurer, Commits Suicide at a Madrid Hotel.

MADRID, March 2.—An Englishman, supposed to be Richard Pigott, was arrested at the Hotel des Ambassadeurs, under the name of Ronald Penobsky. The man afterward committed suicide with a revolver.

LONDON, March 4.—There is no doubt that the suicide at the Madrid hotel was Richard Pigott. Among his effects was a note book containing the addresses of many prominent people in Ireland, and a letter addressed to Henry Labouchere, in which he admits his perjury. The body will be formally identified to-morrow by a British detective now en route, after which it will be interred.

LONDON, March 5.—It is said that a letter has come to light in Madrid, addressed to Penobsky, otherwise Pigott, regarding Mr. Shannon's promise to pay the informer money. The letter is said to contain important evidence concerning the responsibility for Pigott's escape. It is remarked on Friday that Pigott committed suicide on Friday in room No. 13. A large number of dispatches have passed between the government and the British embassy at Madrid concerning the disposition of Pigott's effects. The informer's papers have been ordered into the custody of a special detective now in Madrid, and they will be put in evidence before the Parnell commission on Thursday next.

New Advertisements.

B. & B.

GREATEST MARK-DOWN SALE ON RECORD.

We find stock in every department in our stores too large for the season of the year, and have determined to reduce them before our annual inventory February 1.

We shall depend entirely upon prices to do this. We contemplate no profit from this month's business other than converting of part of these stocks into cash.

This is a rare opportunity for buyers of Dry Goods to secure bargains—real live bargains. Some of the sacrifices made are:

200 yards best makes Tycoco Repps, 8 cents a yard.

30-inch Dress Goods and Suitings, 50c. yds. were sold this season at \$1.25.

100 pcs. All-Wool Colored Cashmeres, 46 inches wide, 60c.—sold regularly at 75c.

35-inch American Suitings, double fold, 15c.—regular price, 25c.

Black Brocade Silk Velvets, 50c.—were \$1.00.

Black Brocade Silk Velvets, 60c.—were \$1.25.

Black Brocade Silk Velvets, 100c.—were \$1.75.

Entire Stock 18-inch Colored Brocade and Fancy Silk Velvets, 50c. yd.—to \$2.50.

Fancy Striped, Checked and Plaid Silk Velvets, 25c. 50c. \$1.00. \$1.50—were \$1.00 to \$5.00 yd.

Never has 10,000 yards of Velvets been placed on any retail counters in America at such prices.

Above but outline the great bargains on sale this month.

WRITE FOR SAMPLES.

Thoroughly organized MAIL ORDER DEPARTMENT, where your wants and requests will have proper attention.

BOGGS & BUHL,

115 to 121 FEDERAL STREET, ALLEGHENY, PA.

DIAMOND Linseed OIL WORKS THOMPSON & CO.,

Genuine Old Process OIL CAKE MEAL

OIL MEAL AS STOCK FOOD.

There is no better or cheaper food for MILCH COWS. It increases the quantity and quality of milk more than any other feed. For fattening Beef Cattle it surpasses all other food, making the meat more tender and juicy. No food known will fatten CATTLE so rapidly for market as Oil Meal. For HORSES, a small quantity can be fed daily with valuable results, and for Sheep, Hogs, Poultry, etc., it is an excellent food, keeping them in a healthy condition, making fine, palatable meat.

We manufacture by the Old Process—steam heat and hydraulic pressure. Well settled Linseed Oil and fresh ground Oil Meal always on hand. Write for circular and prices. Send your orders to THOMPSON & CO., Allegheny, Pa.

*** THE ***

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13.—PHYSICS; Mechanic, Sound, Light, Heat, Electricity, etc., a very full course, with extensive Laboratory practice.

14.—PREPARATORY DEPARTMENT; Two years—carefully graded and thorough.

Full term opens September 20, 1888; Winter term, January 3, 1889; Spring term, April 4, 1889. For Catalogue or other information, address GEO. W. ATHERTON, LL. D., Pres., STATE COLLEGE, CENTRE CO., PA.

AGENTS

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Terms and circulars free; if you mean business, and want to commence work at once, send \$1 for outfit. EXCLUSIVE TERRITORY GUARANTEED. Hoping to secure your services for 1889, we are yours truly,

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The largest and finest stock of Boots Shoes and Rubbers in town. Any person can get a perfect fit and everybody can be pleased.

Drop in as you go to and from the depot and examine my stock.

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A. C. MINGLE'S

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In town. At the most Reasonable prices.

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MARVELOUS MEMORY DISCOVERY.

Only Genuine System of Memory Training. Four Books Learned in one reading. Mind wandering cured. Every child and adult greatly benefited. Great inducements to Correspondence Classes. Proprietor, with opinions of Dr. Wm. A. Hammond, the world-famed Specialist in Mind Diseases. Daniel Greenleaf Thompson, the great Psychologist, J. M. Buckley, D. D., editor of the Christian Register, N. Y., Richard Proctor, the Scientific American, W. W. Astor, Editor of the Boston Herald, Benjamin and others, each put free by Prof. A. LOBBETT, 237 Fifth Ave., N. Y.

TERMS, \$1.50 PER DAY.

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Good Meals and Lodging at moderate rates, stable attached. JAMES PASSMORE, Prop.

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THROUGH TRAVELERS on the railroad will find this Hotel an excellent place to lunch, or procure a meal, as ALL TRAINS stop about 15 minutes.

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JAS. A. BRAVER, JNO. M. PALE, J. W. GEPHART, BRAVER, GEPHART & PALE, Attorneys-at-Law, Office on Allegheny street, north of Criders new block.

FRANK F. BIBLE, Attorney-at-Law, Office in Reynolds, Bank Block, up stairs.

W. F. REBER, Attorney-at-Law, And Stenographer, Office in Reynolds' Bank Block up stairs.

W. C. HEINLE, Attorney-at-Law, Office in Reynolds' Bank Block, up stairs.

J. B. LINN, Attorney-at-Law, And Justice of the Peace, Office North East Corner of Diamond.

CLEMENT DALE, Attorney-at-Law, Office in Criders Block High street.

JNO. G. LOVE, Attorney-at-Law, Office on West High street.

D. F. FORTNEY, Attorney-at-Law, Office in Conrad House Allegheny street.

JNO. H. ORVIS, C. M. BOWER, E. L. ORVIS, ORVIS, BOWER & ORVIS, Attorneys-at-Law, Office on High Street North of Court House.

J. L. SPANGLER, C. P. HEWES, SPANGLER & HEWES, Attorneys-at-Law, Office in Furst's Block, North side of High street.

D. S. KELLER, Attorney-at-Law, Office north side of High street.

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Free Bus to and from all trains.

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