THE ELECTION.

Detail of the Vote in This and Other States.

CONGRESS IS REPUBLICAN.

Singular Results of the Battle with the Ballots.

ONLY PARTIAL RETURNS AS YET.

Tammany Again Successful in New York City—The State Elects Hill and Defeats Cleveland—New Jersey Democratic, Legislature and All—Connecticut Goes for Cleveland, but Is Otherwise Republican. The Usual Result in Pennsylvania—Suspense in California, both Parties Claiming It—The Vote Elsewhere—All the Latest Election News, Incidents and Gossip.

NEW YORK, Nov. 9.—The campaign is over, the election of Gen. Harrison as the twenty-third president of the United States is conceded by the Democratic national committee, and the headquarters of the committee, at No. 10 West Twenty-ninth street, are closed. Chairman Brice has authorized the following statement:

"The National Democratic committee today concede the election of Gen. Harrison. When the National Democratic committee claimed the state of New York, on Tuesday evening, by 10,000 to 15,000 majority, the figures of the returns then received fully justified the estimate. The reports from New York city and from large communities in the interior of the state showed large Democratic gains, and the fisrt reports from Brooklyn were to the effect that the majority there was 19,000. The telegraph wires were very crowded, and the transmission of the committee's bulletins to the west was considerably delayed. There is evidently a misapprehension in some parts of the west as to the time at which this dispatch was sent."

The Republican national executive committee express the belief that West Virginia has given her electoral votes to Harrison; that Indiana and California are sure for the Republican ticket, and that without New York Harrison is elected. They have, of course, no doubt about New York, and say that Harrison will have the biggest vote in the electoral of any president for twenty-five years or more. The committee will maintain their present headquarters for the balance of the week, and Messrs. Quay and Dudley will probably not return home before Sunday.

THE ELECTORAL VOTE.

States.	Rep.	Dem.	States.	Rep.	Dem.
Alabama	....	10	Mississippi	....	9
Arkansas	....	7	Missouri	....	16
California	8	....	Nebraska	5	....
Colorado	3	....	Nevada	3	....
Connecticut	....	6	New Hampsh'e	4	....
Delaware	....	3	New Jersey	....	9
Florida	....	4	New York	36	....
Georgia	....	12	North Carolina	....	11
Illinois	22	....	Ohio	23	....
Indiana	15	....	Oregon	3	....
Iowa	13	....	Pennsylvania	30	....
Kansas	9	....	Rhode Island	4	....
Kentucky	....	13	South Carolina	....	9
Louisiana	....	8	Tennessee	....	12
Maine	6	....	Texas	....	13
Maryland	....	8	Vermont	4	....
Massachusetts	14	....	Virginia	....	12
Michigan	13	....	West Virginia	6	....
Minnesota	7	....	Wisconsin	11	....

Cleveland, 162; Harrison, 239.
Harrison's majority in electoral college, 77.

THE MAJORITIES.

The following table gives the majorities of the several states from present indications:

States.	Harrison.	Cleveland.
Alabama	....	50,000
Arkansas	....	19,000
California	5,000	....
Colorado	8,000	....
Connecticut	....	785
Delaware	....	2,300
Florida	....	5,000
Georgia	....	25,000
Illinois	18,000	....
Indiana	5,000	....
Iowa	20,000	....
Kansas	50,000	....
Kentucky	....	40,000
Louisiana	....	15,000
Maine	20,500	....
Maryland	....	5,000
Massachusetts	70,734	....
Michigan	12,000	....
Minnesota	15,000	....
Mississippi	....	35,000
Missouri	....	15,000
Nebraska	20,000	....
Nevada	1,000	....
New Hampshire	3,000	....
New Jersey	....	8,234
New York	8,768	....
North Carolina	....	20,000
Ohio	20,000	....
Oregon	5,000	....
Pennsylvania	75,000	....
Rhode Island	4,000	....
South Carolina	....	40,000
Tennessee	....	18,000
Texas	....	160,000
Vermont	27,500	....
Virginia	....	3,000
West Virginia	....	2,500
Wisconsin	15,000	....

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, Nov. 8.—The revised vote of this city for president gives Cleveland 162,963; Harrison, 105,750; Fisk, 1,293; making Cleveland's plurality 57,213.

The vote by counties for the two leading candidates, so far as at present received, is as follows:

Counties.	Cleveland.	Harrison.	Counties.	Cleveland.	Harrison.
Albany	21,057	19,254	Oneida	14,241	16,291
Allegany	3,622	7,067	Onondaga	....	....
Broome	6,447	8,406	Ontario	....	....
Cattar'gus	6,161	8,610	Orange	10,872	11,211
Cayuga	6,406	9,710	Orleans	3,214	4,277
Ch'tauqua	6,178	12,108	Oswego	7,422	11,291
Chemung	6,031	5,462	Otsego	....	....
Chenango	4,640	5,798	Putnam	....	....
Clinton	....	....	Queens	12,728	10,992
Columbia	....	....	Rensel'er	15,410	15,726
Cortlandt	....	....	Richmond	5,467	3,794
Delaware	5,352	6,602	Rockland	3,939	3,012
Dutchess	9,249	10,245	St. Law'ce	6,392	14,483
Erie	29,542	31,510	Saratoga	....	....
Essex	2,949	5,071	Schen'ct'y	....	....
Franklin	....	....	Schoharie	....	....
Fulton	4,043	5,354	Schuyler	1,775	2,704
Genesse	3,633	4,036	Seneca	....	....
Greene	4,494	4,460	Steuben	9,158	11,614
Hamilton	....	....	Suffolk	....	....
Herkimer	....	....	Sullivan	....	....
Jefferson	7,576	9,845	Tioga	3,615	4,823
Kings	79,351	67,652	Tompkins	....	....
Lewis	....	....	Ulster	10,401	10,770
Livingston	....	....	Warren	2,883	4,155
Madison	4,597	7,037	Wash'gt'n	4,304	8,019
Monroe	16,582	21,650	Wayne	....	....
M'ntg'm'y	5,607	6,365	W'ches'er	14,795	13,616
New York	102,963	105,750	Wyoming	3,166	4,398
Niagara	....	....	Yates	....	....

The revised vote of this city for governor gives Hill (Dem.) 167,991; Miller (Rep.) 98,948; Jones (Pro.) 1,132, making Hill's plurality 68,353.

The revised vote of this city for lieutenant governor gives Jones (Dem.) 169,410; Cruger (Rep.) 96,120; Powell (Pro.) 1,032; making Jones' plurality 73,200.

The following was the vote for mayor: Grant (Tammany Dem.), 103,361; Hewitt (County Dem.), 66,035; Erhardt (Rep.), 66,197; Coogan (United Labor), 8,299; Jonas (Socialist), 1,619. This elects Grant by a handsome majority. Returns from several election districts are incomplete, and it is therefore impossible to determine his exact majority.

Following are the other city officers elected: Sheriff, James A. Flack, Tam.; county clerk, Edward F. Reilly, Tam.; president board of aldermen, George H. Foster, Tam.; coroners, Ferdinand Levy, Tam.; Daniel Hanly, Tam.; Louis W. Schultze, Tam.

PENNSYLVANIA.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 8.—Harrison's majority in this state will be about 70,000. The returns exhibit some surprising results.

Following is the popular vote, giving the pluralities by counties. This is not the official count, but its figures are as accurate as it is now possible to obtain:

Counties.	Pluralities. Harrison.	Pluralities. Cleveland.	Counties.	Pluralities. Harrison.	Pluralities. Cleveland.
Adams	....	250	L'ck'w'n'a	2,500	....
Allegheny	18,000	....	Lancaster	11,000	....
Armstr'ng	1,150	....	Lawrence	2,350	....
Beaver	1,700	....	Lebanon	2,150	....
Bedford	150	....	Lehigh	....	1,600
Berks	....	7,000	Luzerne	....	1,500
Blair	1,900	....	Lycoming	....	800
Bradford	4,200	....	McKean	700	....
Bucks	....	100	Mercer	1,600	....
Butler	1,100	....	Mifflin	50	....
Cambria	....	450	Monroe	....	2,000
Cameron	250	....	Montour	....	450
Carbon	....	300	Montg'm'y	850	....
Centre	....	150	N'hampt'n	....	3,000
Chester	4,100	....	N'h'mb'l'd	....	250
Clarion	....	1,050	Perry	250	....
Clearfield	....	1,000	Philadel.	28,500	....
Clinton	....	200	Pike	....	600
Columbia	....	1,450	Potter	630	....
Crawford	2,150	....	Schuylkill	....	450
Cumberl'd	....	750	Snyder	750	....
Dauphin	2,500	....	Sullivan	....	250
Delaware	3,500	....	Susq'h'n'a	1,200	....
Elk	....	500	Tioga	4,100	....
Erie	2,600	....	Union	850	....
Fayette	....	450	Venango	500	....
Forest	300	....	Warren	1,750	....
Franklin	750	....	W'sh'gton	1,700	....
Fulton	....	300	Wayne	....	50
Greene	....	1,600	W'more'l'd	....	150
Hunt'gdon	1,150	....	Wyoming	50	....
Indiana	2,500	....	York	....	2,700
Juniata	....	200	Somerset	2,400	....
Jefferson	450	....			

NEW JERSEY.

JERSEY CITY, Nov. 8.—The latest returns indicate that the Democrats will have a majority of 5 on joint ballet in the next legislature.

The latest returns give these pluralities in the several counties of New Jersey:

Counties.	Pluralities. Cleveland.	Pluralities. Harrison.
Atlantic	600	350
Bergen	....	....
Burlington	....	518
Camden	....	2,761
Cape May	....	359
Cumberland	....	1,170
Essex	....	140
Gloucester	....	878
Hudson	8,163	....
Huntendon	2,302	....
Mercer	....	1,337
Middlesex	856	....
Monmouth	1,421	....
Morris	....	125
Ocean	....	844
Passaic	....	1,008
Salem	....	238
Somerset	159	....
Sussex	1,293	....
Union	891	....
Warren	1,695	....
Totals	17,351	9,828
Democratic plurality	7,523	

CONNECTICUT.

NEW HAVEN, Nov. 8.—Connecticut gives Cleveland a plurality of 494. Morris (Dem.) beats Bulkeley (Rep.) for governor by 1,500. Bulkeley will be elected by a Republican legislature.

The state senate stands 8 Democrats and 18 Republicans; the house, 105 Democrats and 144 Republicans, a Republican majority on joint ballot of 49, against 29 in 1887. The presidential vote by counties is as follows:

Counties.	Cleveland.	Harrison.	Fiske.
New Haven	12,150	19,011	830
Hartford	14,985	15,524	787
New London	7,529	7,225	533
Fairfield	15,242	14,920	401
Windham	3,185	4,194	276
Litchfield	5,843	6,393	643
Middlesex	3,614	4,359	273
Tolland	2,614	2,965	240
Total	75,162	74,668	3,977

Cleveland's plurality, 494.

CALIFORNIA.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 10.—There have thus far been canvassed 222,282 votes, including all but nine precincts in this city, and 1,123 out of 1,590 outside precincts, the result being: Harrison, 112,576; Cleveland, 104,615; Fisk, 4059; Curtis, 1,032. McKenna (Rep.) and Vandever (Rep.) are elected in the Third and Sixth congressional districts; Morrow (Rep.) almost certainly in the Fourth, and Biggs (Dem.) in the Second. The First and Fifth are yet uncertain, the chances seeming in favor of De Haven (Rep.) in the First and Clunie (Dem.) in the Fifth.

WEST VIRGINIA.

WHEELING, Nov. 10.—The voice of this state in the national election is still smothered. All reports so far received show Republican gains—some of them greater than expected—and if continued, Harrison will get the state by 900. The legislature will be close. The returns so far indicate a Republican majority of two in the senate and one in the house, a majority of three on joint ballot. Each side claims to have elected its candidate for governor.

INDIANA.

INDIANAPOLIS, Nov. 10.—County returns are very slow arriving here, but there is no question as to the result of the election. The latest returns on presidential electors indicate that Gen. Harrison's plurality will be about 4,000.

VIRGINIA.

RICHMOND, Nov. 10.—Republicans here assert that Harrison has carried this state by 2,000 plurality. Thirty-nine white counties out of forty were carried by an increased Republican vote of 6,500, and if the others had held their own the state would have gone Republican by 4,000.

FIFTY-FIRST CONGRESS.

STATE.	R.	D.	STATE.	R.	D.
Alabama	..	8	Mississippi	..	7
Arkansas	..	5	Missouri	4	10
California	4	2	Nebraska	3	..
Colorado	1	1	Nevada	1	..
Connecticut	3	1	New Hampshire	2	..
Delaware	..	1	New Jersey	5	2
Florida	..	2	New York	19	15
Georgia	..	10	North Carolina	2	7
Illinois	13	7	Ohio	15	6
Indiana	4	9	Oregon	1	..
Iowa	10	1	Pennsylvania	21	7
Kansas	7	..	Rhode Island	2	..
Kentucky	2	9	South Carolina	..	7
Louisiana	1	5	Tennessee	3	7
Maine	4	..	Texas	..	11
Maryland	2	4	Vermont	2	..
Massachusetts	10	2	Virginia	5	5
Michigan	9	2	West Virginia	3	1
Minnesota	5	..	Wisconsin	7	2
Republicans					169
Democrats					156
Republican majority					13

Cabinet Suggestions.

NEW YORK, Nov. 9.—Ex-Assistant Secretary of the Treasury Charles E. Coon (Rep.) thinks Mr. Sherman will be secretary of state, Warner Miller secretary of the treasury, and Mr. Blaine minister to England. The Mail and Express (Rep.) thinks Gen. Alger will be secretary of war, though Gen. James H. Wilson, of Delaware, has a chance; John C. New, postmaster general; Senator Frye, secretary of the navy; Mr. Michener, of Indiana, attorney general; Senator Allison or Warner Miller, secretary of the treasury; that Mr. Blaine will succeed Mr. Frye, and that Mr. Reed, of Maine, will be speaker.

CONDENSED NEWS.

Events of the Day Boiled Down for the Benefit of Busy Readers.

Chairman Hunter, of the Democratic committee of Iowa, arrested for bribery, has waived examination and given bond for his appearance.

In a quarrel at Millbank, D. T., Charles W. Shatto, a prominent business man, shot and killed Richard McNabb, a farm hand.

In a collision on the Baltimore and Ohio railroad at Claypool John Doyle, Andrew Dennison and two brakemen were killed.

Michael Knonn, injured in the boiler explosion at Lancaster, Pa., Wednesday, died, making the second death from the accident.

The window glass works at Wellsboro, Pa., were burned. Loss, $30,000.

The Albany academy was damaged $5,000 by fire Thursday night.

Heinrich von Bamburger, the distinguished Austrian physician, is dead, aged 66.

A section of the wall of St. Mary's infirmary, St. Louis, fell, but no one was injured.

The Republicans of Missouri concede the election of Francis, governor, by a small majority.

Philip Baer fell from an elevated train on the Second avenue road, just north of the Canal street station, in New York, and was instantly killed.

Senhor Gomez, the Portuguese minister of foreign affairs, has written a letter giving the plans of Portugal for developing Mozambique.

The question as to the eligibility of Sheriff Grant to the office of mayor of New York city has been raised on a clause in the state constitution. Good lawyers hold that there is nothing in the objection.

Plans for the centennial celebration in New York of the inauguration of Gen. George Washington as first president of the United States are assuming a definite form.

Matthew Ash was murdered at Paterson, N. J., and a man named Connors was found dead at Red Bank, N. J., with marks of violence on him.

Two men have become insane in St. Louis from excitement over the election.

Chairman Barnum, of the Democratic national committee, is seriously ill at his home in Connecticut.

T. Provencher, a judge of elections at San Rafael, N. M., was murdered at the polls.

Senator McPherson, of New Jersey, may be his own successor in the national senate.

Thomas Gurley was found drowned in the Shrewsbury river with a gash on his forehead. Foul play is suspected.

Princeton college trustees met and announced a gift of $80,000; $50,000 of which is intended for scholarships.

Republicans and Democrats of Dakota are greatly rejoicing, and holding big meetings and parades over the prospects of statehood, to which the Republican party stands pledged.

The collision between the Nantes and Theodore Rugia, in the British channel, resulted in the loss of between seventy and eighty sailors.

Chairman Barnum, of the Democratic national executive committee, was in a very critical condition Saturday night and Sunday, but Sunday night he took nourishment and was considerably improved.

Mrs. Jay Gould is very ill and her recovery is not looked for.

Newburg celebrates its centennial of Free Masonry, Nov. 13.

Oscar Hoffman, a tinner, fell through a hatchway from the roof to the cellar of a building in Cincinnati and was killed. When he was missed a fellow workman, Adolph Niehaus, went to look for him, fell through the same hatchway and was fatally injured.

Four miners were severely burned, one fatally, by an explosion of fire damp in Brown & Son's coal mine near Reston, Pa.

Surveyor Beattie has resigned from the New York County Democracy.

W. A. Schumacker, postmaster at Carbon Hill, Ala., went home drunk and attempted to shoot his wife, who is only 17. She disarmed him, and when he made a second attempt she shot him dead.

The Washington Post gives an interesting bit of the history of the famous Murchison letter. Lord Sackville wrote the answer on a rainy, dreary day, while he was at home alone with nothing to relieve the monotony.

A New Brunswick mechanic died in Boston, and a benevolent society, of which he was a member, put the body in a costly metal casket and shipped it to his friends. The customs collector levied $40 on the casket, which the dead man's friends were too poor to pay. They finally took the corpse, leaving the casket on the collector's hands.

There is probability of another strike in the Higgins carpet manufactory at New York.

Governor Oglesby, of Illinois, is considering a petition for the pardon of Willie Lee, who shot his stepfather, Banker Rawson, at the door of a Chicago church.

TRADE BULLETIN.

New York Money and Produce Market Quotations.

NEW YORK, Nov. 10.—Money closed at 1½ per cent., at which it loaned all day. Exchange closed quiet; posted rates $4.85@4.88½; actual rates $4.84½@4.84¾ for 60 day bills, and $4.88@4.88¼ for demand. Governments steady; currency 6s 122 bid; 4s, coup., 125¼ bid; 4½s, 108¼.

The stock market today has been dull and irregular in tone, Northern Pacific preferred and Oregon Transcontinental and the coalers and Vanderbilts being weak. The changes, however, have been only fractional and not ½ per cent. either way. Total sales of stock to-day, 79,083 shares.

Closing bids:

West. Union Tel.	85½	Chicago & Alton	135
Adams Express	148	Del. & Hudson	119
U. S. Express	78	Del., L. & W.	138
C., C., C. & I.	59	Erie	[illegible]
N. Y. Central	109¾	Kansas & Texas	15
N. J. Central	90¾	Lake Shore	103½
Illinois Central	116½	Northwest	111½
Northern Pacific	27	Do. pref.	143
Do. pref.	61¾	Pacific Mail	37½
Central Pacific	36½	Reading	49¼
Missouri Pacific	77½	St. Paul	66½
Texas Pacific	24½	Wabash	14½
Alton & T. H.	43	Bur. & Quincy	110½
Canada Southern	53½	Ore. R'y & Nav.	93¾
Canada Pacific	55½	Ore. Trans.	31½

General Markets.

NEW YORK, Nov. 10.—FLOUR—Dull and unchanged; City mills extra, $5.10@5.50 for West Indies; Minnesota extra, $3.45@5.35; superfine, $3.05@4.

WHEAT—Steady; receipts, 9,400 bushels; shipments, 20 bushels; No. 1 red state, $1.18; No. 2 do., $1.12¾; No. 2 red winter, December, $1.12¾.

CORN—Steady; receipts, 16,500 bushels; shipments, 2,364 bushels; No. 2 mixed cash, 52c.; do., December, 51⅝c. asked.

OATS—Steady; receipts, 16,900 bushels; shipments, 897 bushels; No. 1 white state, 40c.; No. 2 do., 39½c.; No. 2 mixed, November, 36⅞c.

RYE—Quiet and unchanged.

BARLEY—Dull; No. 4 round state, 86@88c.

PORK—Dull; new mess, $16@16.50.

LARD—Quiet; November, $8.46 asked.

MOLASSES—Nominal; New Orleans, 44@52c.

TURPENTINE—Easy at 45½c.

ROSIN—Steady; strained to good, $1@1.95.

PETROLEUM—Dull; refined, in barrels, 7⅝c.

FREIGHTS—Steady; grain to Liverpool, steam, 5¼d.

BUTTER—Steady; western fancy creamery, 26c.

CHEESE—Strong; Ohio flat, 8¼@11½c.

EGGS—Steady; western, 24@24½c.

SUGAR—Steady but dull; cut loaf and crushed, 8c.; granulated and mold A, 7⅞c.

JACK THE RIPPER.

A Man Arrested in London Proclaims Himself the Murderer.

DR. NANSEN'S EXPEDITION.

A Letter from One of the Party of Explorers in Greenland—Levying Oppressive Taxes to Build Useless Ships of War.

LONDON, Nov. 13.—Several arrests have been made in connection with the Whitechapel mystery, but all the men taken into custody were speedily released, no evidence being at hand against them. Late Sunday night a man who was publicly proclaiming himself to be "Jack, the Ripper," was arrested. He asserted that he is a doctor at St. George's hospital. It required a squad of policemen to protect him from the crowd, who tried to lynch him. The man is detained in custody for the present.

A letter from Sverdrup, who accompanied Dr. Nansen's expedition which is exploring Greenland, says: "The journey from the east coast to Godthaab occupied forty-six days. On the east coast considerable difficulty was experienced, owing to the ice packing and to the strong current. We worked twelve days before reaching the coast, and then landed sixty miles farther south than we calculated. We traveled on the inland ice in the direction of Christianshaaf. Beginning on the 15th of August, when we had arrived at a height of 7,500 feet, a snow storm from the north forced us to make for Godthaab. The greatest height reached was 10,000 feet, where the thermometer marked 40 to 50 degs. When we arrived at a fjord, a boat was built partly of tent canvas, in which Dr. Nansen and I rowed in four days to Godthaab."

If the taxpayers of continental Europe dared to lift up their voices as vehemently regarding the outlay of the money extorted from them as those of America, or even England, the reigning powers of Europe would find their positions much less enviable than they are. This very obvious truism receives added illustration from the debate in the French chambers on the state of the marine of that republic. Americans may allude sarcastically to their navy, indulge in remarks as to the supposed weakness of their seagoing force, and make invidious comparisons as to its strength in contrast with that of England, but in truth they have been spared an almost incredible expenditure for vessels which would have been absolutely worthless in the light of late experiences.

France and England have been actually compelled to vie with one another in the suppositious strength of their marine, and they are now awake to the consciousness that millions of money have been wasted upon ships that would be worthless in conflict. Such has been the impress of science that the ironclads of their present navies are ponderous hulks in which they can place little confidence. In fact, fortunate America has the benefit of their experience without making a corresponding outlay.

Admiral Krantz is respectfully listened to when he says that the French navy must in any circumstance be able to contend with that of any other nation; that it must put ship against ship and fleet against fleet, but it is a question of money in the long run, and the treasuries of France and England have widely different depths. His statement that England and America may descend to a warfare of corsairs, but that France must be capable of attacking the combined forces of any nation wherever it can find them, is resonant of French dignity, and had considerable effect upon French legislators, but its effect was lessened when he insisted upon the necessity of strongly fortified ports of refuge for the said navy.

To be sure, the peaceful policy of England has obviated somewhat the necessity of fortifying her harbors, priceless as they are to her, but it is plain that John Bull doggedly relies upon the efficiency of his navy to protect his shores, and is ready to virtually stake the existence of his independence upon the strength of his ships and the bravery of his seamen. In the Mediterranean France and Spain appear to be drawing toward a cordial understanding, jealousy of Italy being undoubtedly the motive, but the latter power relies upon the support of Germany and Austria in case of complications, and the naval force of the latter, though not large, is well manned, and would prove no contemptible ally in case of need.

He Gets Part of His Money at Least.

INDIANAPOLIS, Nov. 13.—Gen. Herman Sturm, a man who once possessed great wealth, but lost it through his dealings with the Mexican government, has, after many years of persistent effort, procured the allowance of a claim which will restore his fortune, with interest. At the time of the Maximilian invasion he entered into a contract to furnish the government a large supply of arms and ammunition at a greatly advanced cost. Philadelphia capitalists were interested with him in the transaction. Through the wrecking of a steamship containing a large part of the cargo and failure of the government to pay for its purchases, Sturm was bankrupted, and others associated with him lost heavily. Sturm endeavored to recover insurance on a part of his loss, and the case was in court many years. Two years ago there was an adverse ruling on the claim in court. Sturm pushed the matter, however, and has been rewarded by receiving an allowance of $2,125,000 on his claim. This is to be paid in Mexican bonds, and he will not realize the full amount. He owes heavy attorney fees, which will also tend to reduce the amount received.

The Course of True Love Very Rough.

ST. AUGUSTINE, FLA., Nov. 13.—As a bevy of girls, under the care of several sisters, were going from the convent of St. Joseph to the cathedral, a carriage containing two young men drove up. One of the men jumped from the carriage, seized one of the young ladies and attempted to place her in the vehicle. The sisters surrounded the couple and succeeded in preventing the abduction. Finding the scheme frustrated, the young man drove rapidly away, before any one could stop him. Later he returned and explained his conduct.

He is the auditor of Disston's Sugar Belt railroad, now building, and the young lady is the daughter of a well known jeweler of Kissimee. They are very much in love with each other, but the parents of the young lady object to their marriage and sent the young girl to the convent. On Thursday the young man succeeded in passing the yellow fever quarantine, secured a marriage license, took a carriage and attempted to secure the girl, with the unsuccessful result above detailed.

The Arkansas Congressmen.

LITTLE ROCK, Nov. 12.—C. R. Breckinridge is elected to congress from the Second district and William H. Cate from the First, giving Arkansas a solid Democratic delegation. Clayton and Featherstone, the Republican candidates in these two districts, will contest the elections. They claim fraud has been committed in counting the votes.

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