

The Centre Democrat.



F. E. & G. P. BIBLE, Proprietors.

"EQUAL AND EXACT JUSTICE TO ALL MEN, OF WHATEVER STATE OR PERSUASION, RELIGIOUS OR POLITICAL."

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FRANK E. BIBLE, Editor.

1887.

Democratic County Committee.

- N. W. H. Y. Steiner.
- Bellefonte S. W. Edward Brown, Jr.
- Howard Boro. W. W. James Schofield.
- Millsburg Boro. A. C. Weber.
- Milheim Boro. A. C. Withers.
- Centre Hall Boro. A. J. Frank.
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- Phillipsburg 2d W. Henry Lehman.
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- Spring twp. James Redding.
- Taylor twp. Wm Calderwood.
- Walker twp. John H. Beck.
- Worth twp. G. J. Woodring.
- Union twp. Charles McGraw.

H. Y. STEINER, Secretary. JAMES A. McCLAIN, Chairman.

Democratic State Ticket.

For Judge of Supreme Court, J. ROSS THOMPSON, of Erie. State Treasurer, BERNARD J. McGRANN, of Lancaster.

Democratic County Ticket.

For Associate Judge, JOHN GROVE. Treasurer, JAMES KIMPORT. Sheriff, JOHN NOLL. Register, JOHN A. RUPP. Recorder, W. G. MORRISON. Commissioners, A. F. GRIEST, M. S. FEIDLER. Auditors, H. A. McKEE, W. A. KRISSE.

Gov. FORAKER's presidential boom is a very delicate little piece of timber, and needs the utmost care lest it get lost between this and the next republican convention.

JUDGE GROVE don't own gas stock nor steam heat stock, he don't live in another man's "back yard" but he will get on the judicial-ermine after the first Monday in January next.

JOHN RUPP whose qualifications for the office of Register are being assailed by a certain scurvy sheet in town is better fitted for the office of Register than his traducer is to run a newspaper.

T. F. JAMISON, Esq., having declined the nomination for Auditor the county committee has substituted W. A. Krise of Gregg township. Mr. Jamison's reasons for declining are that he will be engaged in teaching school, and could not do justice to the people of the county as Auditor and to the patrons of his school as teacher. We regret Mr. Jamison's inability to serve, but are satisfied that in Prof. Krise the county committee has made an excellent selection.

As a sample of the economy that the people of Centre county may expect if Decker and Henderson are elected commissioners. We give below the millage laid for 1887 in the Borough of Bellefonte. This delightful Borough has been blessed by republican control for the past twenty-five years and we find it about \$170,000 in debt with a millage as follows: Borough—2 mills, Street—1 mill, Fire—10 mills, School—3 mills, Holding—3 mills, Poor—1 mill, County—2 mills, State—2 mills.

The Central Labor Union of New York City had a meeting on Sunday last at which a resolution was passed calling a Mass meeting to condemn the Illinois Supreme Court for sentencing the seven Anarchists. The Union had a glorious row over the resolutions and the opposers of anarchism left the hall protesting against the passage of the resolution. There is no disguising the fact that New York, Chicago and several of our large cities contain a large number of anarchists. And this dangerous class is constantly being augmented by importation from Europe and by the lawless elements of the different cities. The cry of the anarchist is murder, indiscriminate, dastardly, assassination and when some of them are caught in the act, tried, convicted and sentenced under the very laws they have outraged they rail at the courts juries and laws and cry that they are being murdered. The man who fools with edged tools may expect to be wounded. If an anarchist blows up policemen and others out of sheer devilishness when he gets his neck in a halter he knows how it is himself. This is a large country, but large as it is there should not be room in it for a single anarchist. The majority of them are foreigners who do not intend to become citizens of the United States who are not familiar with our language or our institutions, ignorant intolerant brutal and treacherous they are a constant menace to society. When tried fairly and convicted, nothing but the extreme penalty of the law should be meted out to them. To commute the sentence of the seven Chicago assassins to imprisonment for life is to put a premium on murder and flaunt the red flag of anarchy in the face of justice. No man is safe if assassination can go unpunished.

We are in receipt of a simple little card sent out by the "Business Men's Association" of Buffalo N. Y., showing the growth, advantages and importance of that city as a great railroad and manufacturing Centre. Nothing illustrates the enterprise of that growing hive of industry more than energy displayed by its business men in making known to the world its advantages.

Here are some figures we find on this modest little card. Population 250,000, increase 61 per cent. since 1880. Transportation facilities. Lake canal and 22 lines of railway. Water supply, unlimited natural gas pumped from Pennsylvania. 50 miles street railway. Bituminous coal for manufacturing purposes from 1.25 to 2.75 per ton. 40 newspapers, Public schools, churches, theaters, parks, banks, library, music hall etc. etc. \$100,000 prize offered by the citizens for the best scheme or device for utilizing the unlimited water power of the Niagara river. Her business men and citizens are full of energy and enterprise and while their city is growing rapidly they keep pushing her along no fossils, clams or moss backs retard her progress.

The Harrisburg Evening Star comes to us in sort of a pink satin dress, cut decollete (5 cents per week) Langtry bangs, blue silk stockings, pink kid slippers, diamond breast pin and the most improved bustle. The Star is under new management and is putting on lots of style. According to its salutatory it has no politics. This may prove a good thing for its patrons and for the Star also. There is certainly nothing celestial in politics, and if the Star wants to twinkle in the still night of prosperity, the less politics it injects into its columns the better. The field of politics in Harrisburg is already well filled on both sides. We wish the new management abundant success.

A Hint to Foraker.

From the Philadelphia Inquirer, Rep. If Governor Foraker will pardon us for frankly stating a most obvious truth we should like to remark in language which is plain, that the obtuseness upon the public attention of his private griefs and personal lacerations are becoming a trifle, or for the matter of that, a good deal tiresome. When he first went about, up and down, over and through the land, whining and whimpering because as he tearfully said, a lady whose husband he had in sundry and several public places most grossly abused, in the language of Billingsgate, his countrymen tried to be sorry for him; but they cannot be sorry for him forever, and they would be rather pleased if he would bind up his wounds and not stand forever at the street corners of the country tearing them open and begging everybody to see how sore and bloody they are.

ABOUT the most transparent "campaign lie" we have seen this campaign is the Gazette's little squib on Galer Morrison, the democratic candidate for Recorder. In which Galer is represented as saying he would "sooner be a cripple than a laboring man." Mr. Morrison is unfortunate in being lamed for life; but he has been fortunate in always earning his own bread and that by the sweat of his brow. He is honest and industrious and has made for himself a record that the Gazette man would do well to emulate. Such silly lies as those circulated about Mr. Morrison and Mr. Grist cannot but re-act on the party that tolerates their circulation. Mr. Morrison can better afford such assaults than his opponents can.

The Salisbury coercion measure is the grandest piece of English folly and imbecility of the age. The tory administration has the skin of a rhinoceros and the perverseness of the circus mule. Ireland must and will have home rule. It is a right vouchsafed to every nation on the globe by the inexorable logic of human events and the teachings of history. Millions of money are lost each year to the English people in trying to crush out the desire of the Irish for local self government. It is the merest folly to say that a nation which has give to the world an O'Connell, Grattan, Emmet, Burk, Parnell and a hundred other men eminent in the world's history as statesmen, orators and patriots can not manage its local affairs. Every colony under English rule manages its own local affairs. Why not Ireland.

Very Like a Panic.

WASHINGTON, Sep. 21.—Representative Wilkins, of Ohio, who arrived yesterday from New York, says that it is generally expected in financial circles that the President will call an extra session of Congress, to meet early in November, to take some steps to release the Treasury surplus and prevent a financial panic, and he is of opinion himself that it ought to be done and will be done.

"The panic" said he, "is not only impending, but it has already begun. Stocks went down several points all round yesterday. Money is scarce. Brokers can borrow money only on call. They want it on time, and they can't get it. All the Treasury can do in the way of redeeming and buying bonds and anticipating the payment of interest will not be sufficient to relieve the market."

TREASURY OFFICIALS SAY THERE IS NO CAUSE FOR ALARM. WASHINGTON, Sep. 23.—The indications of the financial barometer, as construed by the officials of the Treasury Department, did not threaten the serious disturbances

in the monetary world prophesied by alarmists, but in order to keep an anchor to the windward the circular of Thursday was issued, extending the operations of the statutory authority of the Secretary of the Treasury to buy bonds and anticipate interest in an emergency.

The information received by the government and which was brought to the attention of the President, did not point out a threatened stringency through natural causes, but an artificial scarcity of current cash in the usual routine of business and trade brought about by designing speculators. As Secretary Fairchild said in the outset: "We will open the way to a relief of the money market. If needed, the holders of bonds will avail themselves of the opportunity, and if not, they will retain their holdings."

Will Purchase Bonds.

WASHINGTON, Sep. 21.—The acting secretary of the treasury will issue the following circular to-morrow.

"On and after this date the government will purchase daily, until October 8, 1887, at the office of the secretary of the treasury, to be applied to the sinking fund of the United States. 4 1/2 per cent. bonds of 1891 and 4 per cent. bonds of 1909, acts of July 14, 1870, and January 20, 1871, upon the following terms: The 4 1/2 per cent. bonds will be excepted at 108.4 during the above stated time and 4 per cent. bonds during the remainder of the present month at 125, and from October 1 to October 8, 1887, at 124, which prices include accrued interest to date of purchases.

"The aggregate amount of both classes of bonds which will be accepted within the time above specified is not to exceed \$14,000,000. Offers should state the specific character of the bonds, whether registered or coupon. No further bids for bonds as provided in circular No. 90, dated August 3, 1887, will be received after this date. Interest due October 1, 1887 on United States bonds, amounting to about \$6,500,000, will be paid on the 16th inst, without rebate. (Signed) "HUGH S. THOMPSON, Acting secretary."

WASHINGTON, September 26.—The total amount of bonds purchased by the Treasury Department today under circular of the 22d inst., was \$1,253,250. The total amount already paid out for bonds under this circular is \$9,593,423, which represents \$8,134,650 principal and \$1,408,775 premium in bonds. These payments are in addition to Wednesday's purchase of \$11,565,300 of 4 1/2 per cent. bonds under the previous circular. The interest due October 1st on 4 per cent bonds, amounting to \$6,671,000, was paid by the Treasurer to-day without rebate. So it will be seen that the Treasury Department has recently put considerable money into circulation and has nearly extinguished the surplus of receipts for the present month.

Jacob Sharp's Sentence Affirmed.

NEW YORK, September 26.—The decision in the Sharp case has been affirmed by the general term. All four of the judges concur.

Jacob Sharp did not hear of the adverse decision of the supreme court until Lawyer Stickney called at 8:30 p. m. to-day. The news affected him but little. Mrs. Sharp was very much overcome. There is no apparent change in his condition. Assistant Prosecuting Attorney Nicholl says Sharp will be on his way to Sing Sing within forty eight hours.

OWING to the rain the great G. A. R. parade at St. Louis, which was to have taken place on Tuesday was postponed to Wednesday.

Mrs. Cleveland and the Ohio Governor.

To the Editor of The Times:

Referring to the controversy now being carried on by the various newspapers in regard to Mrs. Cleveland's treatment of Governor Foraker, of Ohio, kindly permit me to say a few words. In the first place I am a Republican; voted that ticket at last Presidential election and propose to vote it at the next (deo volente).

My impression is that very few people happen to know the provocation for any feeling which Mrs. Cleveland has against Governor Foraker. Not long since I read in one of the morning papers that Governor Foraker had said in one of his public speeches that President Cleveland had acted (in the matter of the battle-flag order) like a "whipped spaniel." Again, in a speech made later, he was reported to have said: "I am being criticised by the Democratic papers for using the above expression. I say here that I should not have so insulted the dog." I assume this to be a correct report, as I have not heard of its being denied. In this free and enlightened country there is a great deal of license in the matter of abusing one's political opponents, and a man must be willing to stand a good deal of abuse if he offers himself for public office, but such expressions as above quoted are beyond all reason, and any true woman would resent such language applied to her husband by declining to take the hand of or acknowledge an introduction to the man who used them. In my humble opinion no etiquette would require her to do so, and, in point of fact, it would require her to do just as she is reported to have done, and I think people will respect her the more for it. Very truly yours, FAIR PLAY.

Asiatic Cholera.

NEW YORK, September 23.—The dreaded plague has reached the United States.

The steamship Alesia, which arrived below last night, from Marseilles and Naples, with six hundred passengers, has Asiatic cholera aboard.

Eight of her passengers died on the passage, and on her arrival at Quarantine the Health Officer found four cases aboard.

The Alesia and her passengers have been sent to West Bank, in the lower bay.

The Alesia left Marseilles August 30, and Naples September 3.

From September 12th to the 22d seven passengers and one sailor took sick and died and were buried at sea.

The Alesia is now in the lower bay. Her sick passengers will be transferred to the Swineburne Island Hospital. All the remaining passengers will be transferred to Hoffman Island for observation.

The ship will remain in the lower bay until she has been thoroughly fumigated and cleaned.

THE AUTHORITIES NOT ALARMED.

WASHINGTON, September 23.—Surgeon General Hamilton, of the Marine Hospital Service has received a dispatch from New York confirming the press report of the arrival there of the steamship Alesia with cholera on board.

The telegram merely announces the facts in the case as published, without making a request for Government assistance, and it is thought the quarantine authorities of New York feel confident of their ability to stamp out the disease without asking the assistance of the United States health officers.

Dr. Sooner, of the Marine Hospital Service, says that no authority is vested in the Bureau to interfere

in State quarantine affairs unless a request comes from the health officers of the States for assistance. New York, he says has a very large and efficient Quarantine Board, fully able in his opinion, to cope successfully with the exigencies of the occasion.

Dr. Hamilton, Surgeon General of the Marine Hospital service says to-night that the arrival of a single ship at New York infected with Asiatic cholera need not give occasion for alarm. In his judgment the Health Officer at New York will be able to handle the cases at the quarantining without difficulty. Orders have been sent by the Marine Hospital service to the National Quarantine stations at Cape Charles and the Delaware breakwater, to detain any vessels coming from Italy and report the same to the Bureau.

God in the Constitution.

BALTIMORE, Md., Sep. 25.—Cardinal Gibbons preached the sermon at the laying of the corner stone of the new St. Jerome's Roman Catholic church in South Baltimore this afternoon, taking as his subject: "The overruling providence of God, and the government of the physical and moral world." Among other things he said:

We should recognize the hand of God not only in the government of the physical universe, but also in the moral government of the world. Complaints have some times been made in certain quarters that the name of God does not occur in the Constitution of the United States, and attempts have been made to have that hallowed name inserted in the charter of our liberties. But we need not be over anxious to have the name written in the Constitution so long as it is inscribed in the hearts of our people, and especially of our rulers. I would rather sail under the guidance of an experienced captain than put my trust in the figure-head at the prow of a ship; and so long as our rulers recognize the controlling influence of Providence in the government of the Ship of State we need not inscribe the name on the prow of the vessel. But if the framers of the Constitution did not insert the name of God in that instrument they, nevertheless, had devout faith in the guidance of a superintending Providence, by whom kings reign and law givers give us just things.

Hope Vanishing.

CHICAGO, Sep. 21.—A. R. Parsons, the condemned Anarchist, sent for reporters to-day and gave out for publication a long document addressed "To the American people," and made special request that it be published without any alteration. He quotes at length the evidence and rulings of the Supreme Court and says: "I am prepared to lay down my life for my rights and the rights of my fellow-men, but I object to being killed on false and unproven accusations. Therefore I cannot countenance or accept the efforts of those who would endeavor to procure commutation of my sentence to imprisonment in the penitentiary. Neither do I approve of any further appeals to courts of law, as between capital and its legal rights and labor and its rights the court must decide with the capitalistic classes. To appeal to them would be the appeal of the wage slave to his capitalistic master for liberty. If I had never been an Anarchist before my experience with the court and the laws, they would make an Anarchist of me now. I appeal not for mercy, but for justice. After again saying that he will not accept commutation of sentence, he closes by quoting the language of Patrick Henry—"Give me liberty or give me death."