tinct question of State policy involved remembered. Very sincerely yours. in the election of this year. One of the political parties has avowed its purpose to pass through two successive Legislatures, and submit to the people a Constitutional amendment forbidding the manufacture and sale of intoxicating liquors in this Commonwealth. A third party, constituting in themselves that "respectable portion of the people" referred to by the others in their platform, insist upon immediate and total prohibition by legislative enactment, without waiting upon the needless and tedious process of amendment. Neith er of these parties looks toward indem. nification for the large amount of private property which must be measure ably destroyed by the enactment of such a law or the adoption of such an amendment. The Democratic party has, on the other hand, from its forma. tion consistently opposed sumptuary laws "which vex the citizen and interfere with individual liberty."

But this denial of the rights of prohibition implies the duty of regulation; and though the just power of the State does not extend to the prescription of the drink, diet or dress of the individual man, it does extend to the preven tion of any abuse of his private right affecting his heighbor or society at large; and I favor the enactment of any laws, however stringent, which may be necessary to that purpose, and, in any event the rigid enforcement of those now in existence. Conscious of the terrible evils of excessive indulgence, we do not attempt to eradicate them by a species of legislation which has never failed to increase them, but which in evitable brings on the desperate resist. ance of the citizen, who feels himself deprived of a natural right, and with it a train of illicit crimes and ruinous disorders. I cannot better conclude this sparagraph than by the following pass. age from the hand of the illustrious

"Such legislation springs from a mis conseption of the proper sphere of government. It is no part of the duty of the State to coerce the individual man to except so far as his conduct may af fect others, not remotely and consequentially, but by violating rights which legislation can recognize and undertake to protect. The opposite principle leaves no room for individual reason and conscience, trusts nothing or self culture, and substitutes the wisdom of the Senate and Assembly for the plan of moral government ordained by providence. The whole progress of society consists in learning how to attain, by the independent action or voluntary association of individuals, those objects which are at first attempted only through the agency of government, and in lessening the sphere of legislation and enlarging that of the individual reason and conscience. Our American institutious have recognized this idea more completely than it has yet been recognized by the institutions of any other people, and the Democratic party has generally been the faithful guardian of its progressive development. To day, while it is in favor of sobriety

and good morals, it disowns a system of coercive legislation which cannot produce them, but must create many ser ious evils, which violates constitutional guarantees and sound principles of legislation, invades the rightful domain of the individual judgment and conscience and takes a step backward toward that barbarian age when the wages of labor, the prices of commodities, a man'a food and clothing, were dictated to him by a government calling itself paternal."

These appear to me to be the definite issues to be determined by the election. They are none of them partisan questions. They concern deeply and vitally the most important interests of society, and each of them involves the permanent welfare of entire classes of our people. Will the voters permit entirely partisan considerations to determine their action upon them? I cannot think so. They have heretofore shown that when pa rties have fallen under corrupt or reckless control, and a supreme public necessity arose, they knew how to assert the sovereign power of an entightened people. They did so when the constitut'o I w. s adopted, notwithstanding the resistances of the same political combinations and the same monopoly interests which now obstruct its enforcement. They did so four years ago, when they found it imperatively necessary to rescue the Commonwealth from unworthy hands. They had no occasion to regret the largely non- every trade, industry and productive inpartisan decisions then rendered. On the contrary, the new Constitution has proved an unmixed blessing in just so far as it should be adduced. A wise revision of the existing tariff would thus be settled upon the basis of sound financial principles, contrary, the new Constitution has proved Democratic executive brought into power by the independent action of a great number of citizens has given us an honest, frugal and irreproachable administration. It cannot be supposed they will now go to the polis and deliberately decree a relapse to perience. the servitude of the past. The personal characters of candidates, so they be comcharacters of candidates, so they be com-monly respectable, should be but lightly P. nusylvania with all the earnestness of weighed against questions of such gravity. The best of raen are sometimes sunk into welfare of those of my fellow citizens who abject helplessness by adverse curroundings. The last Governor of Pennsylvania of the State. Very respectfully, but one, the intellectual pector any who Maxwell Stavenson. but one, the intellectual peccol any who ever occupied the place, moved by a sens o of "self-respect" and patriotic duty, sounded "a note of warning to the whole | CRAT

people" against the choice of a chief magistrote owing altegiance to any power but that of the people, and especially against any one under the malign influences which in spite of his nobler instancts, had succeeded in obstructing and perverting his There is, I believe, but one other dis administration. It was a warning to be

CHAUNCY F. BLACK.

MR. RICKETT'S LETTER.

WILKESBARRE Pa., Sept. 14 .- Gentlemen: I scoept the nomination of the Democratic party of Pennsylvania for Lieutenant-Governor, tendered through you by the State Convention. If elected I will perform the duties of the office with fidelity, in the interest of the public sesvice, and to the best of my ability.

Yours truly, R. BRUCE RICKETTS.

MR. BRENNEN'S LETTER.

PITTSBURG, Pa., Sept. 15,1886 .- Gentle. men: I beg seave to formally accept the nomination tendered, and if elected I will discharge the duties of the office with fidelity and to the best of my ability.

In considering this nomination for Auditor-General, I have been impressed with the importance of the office and how carefully the framers of the Constitution and the Legislature have been to secure as far as possible a separation of interest and independence of policy between the Auditor-General and the State Treasurer, the latter being the receiving and disbursing officer, and the former .he accounting officer of the Commonwealth. The intended divorce of these offices is plainly shown in the law fixing that their concurrent election shall

be only every sixth year. The Auditor-General is, or should be, a sentinel at the door of the State Treasury. Upon his vigilance and fidelity in no small degree depend the honest accounting for the revenues of the State and the faithful State T easurer, together with the Secre- history of the Florida election returns also dying. The women spent all their tary of the Commonwealth, constitute the Commissioners of the Sinking Fund, authorized to dispose of the balance remaining in the Sinking Fund in excess of the incidents, Congressional and otherwise amount required to pay the interest on the public debt. They control the moneys of the disposal of favored depositaries to be used for private speculation and personal

advantage. duty of the Auditor General and State Treasurer to judge and pass upon claims and accounts for and against the State, makes it perfectly plain that wise policy and common sense demand that these officers should be filled by persons whose polical and personal interests are diverse Respectfully yours, W J. BRENNEN.

MR. AFÉTCA'S LETTER. HUNTINFDON, Ps., Sept. 11, 1886 .-Gentlemen: In reply to your official notification of my nomination for Secretary of Internal Affairs by the Democratic StateConvention which met at Harrisburg, on the 18th ult., I beg leave to say that I

The Department of Internal Affairs, reated by the Constitution of 1873, suceeded to the custody of the records and ntricate duties of the Surveyor General's office which pertained to the public surthe Commonwealth. It embraces, also, a bureau of industrial statistics, charged, among other duties, with that of impartia'y inquiring "into the relations of capital and labor, in their bearings upon the social, educational, and industrial welfare of all classes of working people and to offier practical suggestions for the improvement of the same," Annual reports are complied and published of the assessments of taxable property, the wages of labor, the propuctive statistics of mining, manufacturing and other industries, and of the operations and affairs of the railroad, canal, navigation, telegraph and telephone corporations of the Common-

Service in the department at duties made familiar by many years of practical exper-ience in kindred professional pursuits, warants me in stating that if this nomina-tion should be ratified by the voters at the next election, the duties incumbent upon the Secretary of Internal Affairs will be performed with fidelity. I am, gentlemen very respectfully yours,
J. SIMPSON AFRICA.

MR. STEVENSON'S LETTER.

PHILADELPHIA, Ps., Sept. 17, 1886.— Gentlemen: On the 2d inst. you courteously conveyed to me from the Demogratic Convention its unanimous nomination for Congressman-at.. Large. I thank the convention and the great party represented by it for this distinguished mark of confidence and favor. I accept the nomination because it comes from the Democratic party in response to an almost universal request of the workingmen of Pennsyl-

I favor a tariff upon imports, with the clear understanding that it shall be protective to labor and capital alike, securing the manufacturer against cheap foreign competition and the wage-earner against cheap foreign immigration; and to that end I will advocate such a wise and judicious revision and regulation of import duties as shall ensure to the wage-earner his equitable proportion of all tariff duties levied for revenue or protection.

The question of a tariff is so broad and deep and there are so many and varied interests to be considered, that its unintelligent agitation should be avoided. It is a great business problem that ought to be solved by a body of experts drawn from erest. Capital and labor should be perly represented and the fullest and best and the question of revenue divorced from

mere party politics. The operations of the 'Bureau of Labor,' established by Congress in 1884, ough: to be enlarged and perfected; especially in view of subsequent events and recent ex-

Should your nomination result in my election, I can only say that I will endeavmy lifelong convictions as a Democrat, belong to the labor and producing forces

-Subscribe for the CENTRE DEMO-

Brady Will Squeal.

Washington, September 16.-General Thomas J. Brady, ex-Assistant Postmaster General, is dividing his time between cultivating his farm and writing a book giving the inside history of the Star Route episode and of the "honest count" in the Florida election returns in 1876. General Brady was one of the visiting statesmen, Representing the Republican party, assigned to the duty in Florida during the exciting period old. The doctor found her dirty and in 1876, when the country was waiting ragged, couched in a corner in the for the election returns from the State, upon which hinged the fate of the election of Hays or Tilden as President. What the General does not know about the manipulation of those Florida election returns no one else does, and it is assumed that the statement of the true inwardness of that period of political strategy will create a startling sensation even at this late day. His full revelation of the secret history of the late Star Route episode is bound to produce a sensation which will startle filth. The people who prepared the the country and create consternation among certain persons who have heretofore escaped the public gaze in connection with the celebrated investige tion and court proceedings.

General Brady was here to-day and was prevailed upon to talk a little. He said: "I propose to place several alleged statesmen and others in the public pillory, in order that their fellow citizens may see them in their true light. I shall embellish my book with fac simile autograph letters and memoranda which will speak for themselves : enforcement of its fiscal laws. He and the in short, it will give the true inside fins, and since then is reported to be of 1876, and of the Star route investig ation and trials, with all the collateral connected therewith. I have shieldthe State, which are too often placed at | ed a lot of hypocrites and moral cowards long enough, and there is nothing lefe for me to do but to publish the trut The further consideration that it is the inside history of these events. They may say of me as was said of Rousseau's private memoirs. 'It is mighty inter. esting reading, but he was a d-d fool to publish them.' I can't help what anybody may say, it is my time now to speak out, and I shall do so fully and fearlessly."

The Mexican Side.

CITY OF MEXICO, September 16 .- In his annual message to Congress, read on the assembilng of that body to-day, continued generally on terms of friend- bodies until the gas is removed, which veys and original titles to lands throughout ship and good understanding. There will take from twenty-four to fortyhad, however, recently occurred an incident which threatened to destroy the harmony and cordiality existing between this Republic and its northern neighbor. A case of small importance manner, owing to a conjunction of circumstances, passions on either side of the Rio Grande.

> "I refer," continues the message, "to the matter of the American journalist, which has already come to your knowledge by publications made in the Diario Officiel. We must congratulate ourselves that in such an emergency the dignity of the Government and the good name of the country could be saved without a serious conflict. Thanks to the prudent and strictly legal covduct of the courts and authorities of the State of Chihuahua, as well as the good sense of our people and of the United States, which when better informed, did not insist on its demand, which gave rise to this transient difficulty, Texas papers have on this account al. JACOBS BROS .. luded to other cases of alleged outrage on citizens of that country by officials of our own. In their eagerness to accumulate charges against Mexico, they have referred mistakenly to the case of an individual named Francisco Erresuris the author of various crimes committed on our territory. It will suffice to observe that Erresuris was of Mexican nationality and was voluntarily delivered by the Texan authorities to a force of the State of Coahuila without any previous demand for his extradition, so that in this case it will be seen that as regards this supposed citizen of the United States, there is no occasion for controversy between the two Govern-

Murder by Imported Laborers.

LICONIER, Pa., September 19 .- Tony Quajlioto, an Italian employed on a pipe line, was brutally murdered Friday evening by two companiens of the same nationality named Nicholas Angeli and Frederick Steffin. The three quarrelled over a small money transaction and BEST LUMBER OPERATION IN Angeli and Steffin set upon Quajlioto. After Angeli had crushed in Quajioto's skull with a pick handle, Steffin jumped on his prostrate form and stabbed him several times in the breast. Death was almost instantaneous. The murder was committed in full view of the other workmen, but in the excitement following the murderers escaped and are still at liberty.

READING, Pa., Septemper 16,-Richard Young, of Lower Montgomery county twenty years ago was worth \$40,000. He was a justice of the peace. He had two sisters, Sarah and Margaret. The brother became addicted to drink and now lives in utter poverty at Reiff's Corner, Hatfield township. Only a few days ago the two sisters died in wretch edness and neglect. Sarah was 67 years kitchen. Richard was intoxicated. The doctor lest medicine, but on the next visit found that the woman had not taken it She was on the third floor in a filthy room, quite ill, but able to chew tobacco in bed. Margaret, the other sister, was seventy years old, and suffering from rheumatism and entirely helpless. The neighbors and poor authorities were informed, but before they arrived Sarah had died. There was no food in the house. Everything was woman for burial found things in a horrible condition. While this was going on Margaret died. All their money had been exhausted. They were penniless and without sustenance. Two pine coffins were furnished by the county officials and the women were buried at Leidy's church without any funeral ceremony whatever. There were no mourners. Five families live within a stone's throw. Yet a short time ago the women were respectable, well to do people. Richard was not in a responsible condition when he ordered the cofmoney for laudanum. How they lived the past six months is a mystery. Everything had been spent. For months their ghouse was closed and their misery locked in with themselves. unknown to their neighbors. Their story is the worst of its kind that ever came to light in Montgomery county.

8.15 to-night the first pick broke through into the heading to Reddy's chamber in the Marvine slope where the entombed miners are supposed to be, and it was found to be filled with gas from roof to floor. It would be impossible for a human being to live in such atmosphere for three minutes. This settles beyond dispute that all President Diaz said that Mexico's rela- the men are dead. Nothing further tions with foreign Governments had can be done toward securing other

SOMETHING NEW

in itself, it excited in an unexpected Special Inducements in England is now being introduced in-OFFERED BY

JACOBS BROS.

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Candies and

Confectioneries We manufacture our own can . Wa

ter dies, and can give the mer chants of this county all kinds wa of candies at lowest prices." The

SEND FOR PRICE LIST.

10 West Bishop St.

BELLEFONTE, PA.

Urphans Court Sale.

FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 12, 1886 at 1 o'cleck p. m., the following described real estate late the property of Chas. Ripka, deceased, to wit. All that certain lot or tract of land situate in Gragg township, in Centre county, beginning at a stone, the castermost corner of lands of John Zettle, now Geo. Gentzel; thence by the said Zettle's lands north 29° west 220 perches; thence by other 'lands north 61° east 270 perches to a post, the westernmost corner of lands of Andrew Confer, now Jonas Confer; thence by the said Confer's land and other lands south 29 deg. sast 220 perches, to a post and thence south 61 deg. west 270 perches to the place of beginning, containing

370 ACRES.

Of the above 310 acres there is cleared and fit for Of the above 570 acres there is cleared and fit for cultivation seventy acres; there is 50 acres more ordinary timber land, but the balance o the tract, 250 acres, is the best timber land in the county. This part of the tract contains TWO MILLION FEET of the BEST WHITE PINE TIMBER IN PENNS VALLEY, and THREE MILLION FEET OF EXCELENT HEMILOOK. The tract also centains gold OAK and other wood. There is a good public road leading to Spring Mills, four miles fro a the tract to the Lewisburg & Tyrone Railroad station. This is a rare opportunity to procure the

CENTRE COUNTY. ## The timber land will be offered separately from the farm land. Besides the timber on the above tract there is a good farm, cleared and cultivated for thirty years, good orchard, large bank barn, and

TWO STORY PARM HOUSE. TERMS OF SALE—One-fourth of purchase money in confirmation of sale; balance in two equal annual oxyments, with interest secured either by bond and nortgage on the premises, or other approved security

W. H. RIPKA, Globe Mills, Pa.
A. C. BIPKA, Parmers Mills, Pa.
Adm'rsof the estate of Chas. Bipka, dec'd.
BPANGLER & HEWES,
Att'ye for getate, Bellefonte, Pa.

Narcotics and Whisky.

The Heading Filled With Gas.

SCRANTON, Pa., September 19 .- At

Son., Drug Store. of Interest to Ladies. The new treatment for ladies'diseases discovered by Dr. Mary A. Gregg, the distinguished English Physician and nurse, which has revolutionized the entire mode of treating these complaints

Absolutely Pure.

the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in compatition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or hosphate powders. Sold only in cans ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall st., New York.

When Raby was sick, we gave her Castoria,

When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria,

When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria,

When she had Children, she gave them Castoria,

MIRACULOUS ESCAPE .- W. W. Reed,

druggist, of Winchester, Ind., writes:

Pike, Bartonia, Randolph Co., Ind., was

a long sufferer with Consumption, and

She heard of Dr. King's New Discovery

One of my customers, Mrs. Louisa

to the U. S., under a fair and novel Sufficient of this remedy for one month's trial treatment is sent free to every lady who is suffering from any disease common to the sex who sends her address and 13 2ct stamps for expense, charges,

It is a positive oure for any form of female disease, and the free trial package is many times sufficient to effect a permanent cure. Full directions accompany the prckage (which is put up in a plain wrapper) also price list for future refer-No trial packages will be sent after Aug. 1st, 1886. Address, GREGG REMEDY COMPANY, PALMYRA, N. Y.



This medicine, combining Iron with pure vegetable tonics, quicely and completely Cures Dyspepsia. Indigeation. Weak-ness, Impure Blood, Malaria, Chilis and Fevers, and Neuralgia.

It is an unfailing remedy for Diseases of the Kidney and Liver.

It is invaluable for Diseases peculiar to Women, and all who lead sedentary lives. It does not injure the teeth, carse headache, or produce constitution—other Fron medicings do. It enriches and purifies the besod, stimulates the appetite, aids the assimilation of food, relieves Heartburn and Beiching, and strengthens the muscles and nerves.

For Intermittent Fevera, Lassitude, Lack of Emergy, etc., it has no equal.

The genuine has above trade mark and crossed red lines on wrapper. Take no other. Bade only by BROWS CHERICAL CO., BALTINGRE, RR.



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SALESMEN SANTED. Permanent positions guaranteed with SALARY AND EXPENSES PAID. Any determined man can succeed with us. Peculiar advantages to beginners. Stock complete, including many first-selling specialties. Outfit free.

Address at once,
BROWN BROTHERS,
NURSERYMEN, 36-184 ROCHESTER, N. Y.

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that | Castoria cures Colic, Constipation Rour, Stomach, Diarrhosa, Eructati I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me." H. A. ARCHER, M. D., 111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Sour Stomach, Diarrhosa, Eructati Kills Worms, gives sleep, and pro-Without injurious medication.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 182 Fulton Street, N. Y.

NOTICE OF APPLICATION FOR CHARATER.—In the Court of Common Pleas of Centre county, No.—, Nov. T. 1886 Notice is hereby given that an application will be made to the said court on Monday, the 22d day of November. the said court on Monday, the 22d day of November, A. D. 1886, under the Act of Assembly of the Communication of Pennsylvania, entitled "An Act to provide for the incorporation and regulation of certain corporations," approved April 29, 1874, and the supplements there to, for the charrier of an intered-d corporation to be called "The Rebersburg Corner Based," the character and object where the poration to be called "The Repersions Corner imag, the character and object whereof is to promote and cultivate the science of music and practicing and performing instrumental music, and for these purposes to have, possess and enjoy all the rights, beneuts and privileges of the said Act of Assembly and its supplements.

J. C. H. R.P. St.

RULE ON HEIRS.

In the Orphans' Court of Centre County, estate of Jacob Whiteleather, late of Marion town-hip, deceased, And now. August 23d, 1886, Court granting a Rule spon the heirs and other parties inter sted in the partition of the estate of mid Jacob Whiteleather deceased to annear in comp. Court on the fourth Mean. the partition of the estate of and Jacob White earner deceased, to appear in open Court on the fourth Moss day of November, A. D. 1886, next, and accept or refuse to accept the real estate at the valuation, or a show cause why the same should not be -od In para suance of the above order, notice is hereby given as all non-residents of Centre county, Pa. interested in said estate to appear at an Orphane Court on the 4th Monday of November, A. D. 1886, next, in accordance with said order. W. MILES WALKER

A DMINISTRATORS NOTICE

Administrator, 30-6t. Post Office Address Walker, Par

RULE ON HEIRS.

In the Orphans' Court of Centre County, estate of John Viehdorfer, late of Burneide township, dec'd And now, August 23d, 1886, Court grants a rule upon the heirs and other parties interested in the partition of the estate of said John Viehdorfer, deceased, to appear in open court on the fourth Monday of Now, A. D., 1886, next, and accept or refuse to accept the real estate at the valuation, or to show cause why she same should not be sold. In pursuance of the alsevorder, notice is hereby given to all son-residents of Centre county, Pa, interested in sai, estate, to suppear at an Orphans' Court on the fourth Monday of November, A. D. 1886, next, in accordance with said order

W. MILES WALKER.

Shevill.

Sept. 9th .1886.-35-3t

IN THE ORPHANS' COURT OF

CENTRE COUNTY.

In the matter of the account of &c., and S. F. Ishler and D. W. Myof, &c. of John Myers, deceased. was given up to die by her physicians. for Consumption, and began buying it of, ac. of John Myers, deceased.

The undersigned, an auditor appointed by suill
Court "to distribute the moneys is the hands of accountants to and among those legally entitled to receive the same," etc., hereby gives notice to all parties in injertest that he will meet them at his office in Bellefonte, for the purpose of his appointment, on Wednesday, the 6th day of October, 1888, of me. In six months' time she walked to this city, a distance of six miles, and s now so much improved she has quit using it. She feels she owes her life to Free Trial Bottle at J. Zeller & ment, on we one cay, the oth any of October, seem, when and where all parties having accounts against said estate must present them for final settlement and all parties in interest can be present if they as desire.

35-31

Auditor.

ON PROMISSORY NOTES. one month to twelve mouths. Amounts \$1,000 to \$1,000,000. Strictly confidential and cafe. Bonds given, settlements made. Correspondents wanted.

College,

101 FIFTH AVENUE, PITTSBUBG, PA. The only college in the whole world were young men can learn bookkeeping by actual practice—the only possible way o learn it, the bookkeeping being made entirely from the business transacted by the students themselves, the same as they meet it in real business. Learn easy, rapid writing by our new system. Write for College journal, sent free.

T. M. WILLIAMS, president and professor of plain and ornamental penmaaship. J. Philips, professor of the theory and practice of accounts. Authors, Teach ers, and Proprietors. 9 3 mo

IN THE COURT OF COMMON A PLEAS OF CENTRE COUNTY, TO THE LINGAL REPRESENTATIVES OF ANTHONY W. MEYERS A PLEAS OF CENTRE COUNTY, TO THE LEGAL
REPRESENTATIVES OF ANTHONY W. MEYERS.
Notice is hereby given pouthat John H. Sands has
presented his petition to said court setting forth that
William S. Wolf, executed an indenture of mortgage
to Anthony W. Meyers of a certain lot or piece of
ground situate on the west side of Allegheny street
in the borough of B-dictente, Pa., to secure the paymeat of the principal sam of six hundry dollars that
said mortgage is dated April 1st. 1850, and is recorded in the office of the Recorder of Courtre county in
Mortgage Book "D," page 59, etc. And that and
Anthoney W. Meyers is long since deceased, and that
no satisfaction has ever been entered upon the
record, and that your petitioner is the owner of said
premises and that no demend for the payment of said
Mortgage has been made for 30 years, and the pelitioner has every reseen to believe that the same has
been paid off, but through neglect was not satisfied of
record, and has been miscaid or lost, etc. and praying
the court fer a proper order directing the Recorder of
Deeds to satisfy of record said mortgage.

Whereupon the court directed notice to be given by
the shariff of said county to said Anthony W. Meyers,
the mortgage or his legal representatives, requiring
them to appear at the said court on the Fourth
Monday of November next to anywer said publices.

W. MILES WALKER,
Sheriff.

Spana	der &	He	FOR,	
ttorney	for I	Petit	lener.	
			-	ı

Grain Market, Ascorrected weekly by Lawnence L. Bnown

Wheat, red, per bushel
Wheat, white and mixed, per bushel
Rye, per bushel
Ooro, shelled, per bushel
Oats, per bushel

Produce Market.

Following are the produce quotations as received by us up to the hour of going to press - 3o clock, West needay P. M.:

Butter, per lb.