Condition of the Indians Under His Care-Their Manner of Living-Peace and Prosperty-An Example for Others to Follow.

Deaver Tribune Republican Don Pedro Sanchez, of New Mexico, is in the city. He is one of the most prominent and widely known citizens of his territory, and he belongs to one of those old spanish families whose names have been linked with the important and memorable events of Mexico and New Mexico from the early days of the Spanish conquest until now. He has for about two years teen the agent of the Peublo Indians of New Mexico. Last wight a re porter called on Mr. Sauche : at his room in the St. James for the purpose of get-ting some information in regard to Indian affairs and the progress of the Indians In reply te the reporter's inquiry as to the condition of the Indians under his care, Mr. Sanchoz said;

The Indians who belong to my agency are the Pueblos, and thes are doing very weil They are about 1000 in number. and they live in separar pueblos or vil-lages. There are nineteen of these vil-lages, the principal of which are Zuni, in the western part of the territory. Laguna on the line of the Atlantic and Pacino railway; Isleta, on the Rio Grande below Abuquerque Coms. Toss, Jemez and San Juan. uni has about 1,800 inhabmats, Laguna about 1,100, and Isleta something over 1, IN O.

"Which one of the pueblos do you think ,

" aguna is decidedly the best. The Indans there are more advanced. The rooms in their bouses are furnished after the style of civilized people. They have beds and chairs and stoves, such as you see in a white man's house, and they show a disposition to adopt many of the customs of white people. This is largely due, I think, to the good influence the Marmon brothers and their partner, Mr. Pratt, have had ever the Indians. They live among them, and they have taught them many useful things. The Indians have their own darms, and they raise corn, wheat, beans, and melons. They get very little from the government except the exspades, and other agricultural implements. They are beginning to use these implements now, and I have plows at the agency whichere to be given to the In-

"How about the education of the chil-

"They are doing very well. It is sur-prising how bright and apt to learn they are. I have now about 100 boys and girls from these pueblos at Carlisle school in Pennsylvania, and about 160 at the school in Albuquerque. They are taught English and how to read and write, and also the simpler rules of arithmetic. would be surprised to see how good a let-ter some of the boys at Carlisle can write. They are learning very well at the Albu-querque school also. I think the girls learn about as readily as the boys do. In addition to these schools there are also schools at several of the pueblos. But I don't think as well of them as lene of the schools at Albu-querque and Carlisle. The children should be removed entirely from the pueblos if object is to teach them civilization. As long as they remain under the influence of the other Indians at the pueblo will make but very little progress. boys and girls, however, who are sent away from home to school acquire new ideas and different habits as well as an education. When they return at the end of three years, to their homes they will carry these new habits with them, and they will mecessarily have a good effect upon their tribes." What imguage do these Indians

They almost all speak Spanish. besides the language of the pueblo to which they

The native language of the different pueblos is not the same in all cases?"
"Oh, no! The Zunis have a language of their own, and an Indian from the pueblo of Laguna could not understand a Zuni. The same thing is true of Isleta, Tais, and a number of other Fueblo's, This is very strange, for the pueblo Incians have lived in that country since be fore the Spaniards conquered it. But of all these differences the strangest, Tthink, is between the pueblo's of Sandia and Santa Ana, which are only ten miles apart, yet the inhabitants speak entirely distinct languages, and they can under stand each other only by conversing in

"What is the prospect of the Pueblos becoming citizens?"

"I think they are not fitted for that, and will not until they acquire more edscation Feople have tried to induce them to vote, but they will not vote, and they show that they do not care anything about They will continue to need the care of an agent. They are not able to care for themselves in business transactions. This was shown in the case of the Accmas. They made a load to certain white men, thinking it was a lease of 3,000 acres for three years. When I discovered it I saw at once that it was a fraud which had been worked apon them, and I re-fused to let the hadians be bound by it, The matter is now pending in the courts. The pueblo of Acoma is on a high

wock, isn't it?" "Yes, sir, but I am going to have them move. The rock is very steep, being 600 feet high, and to get to the top of it from the river, the Indians have to walk about two miles. They carry all their wood and water up there, and it is altogether too hard a task. I have persuaded them to move their villarge down to near the ricer bank. I expect to move them dur ing the coming spring, and I have already planned their new village for them. It will be built around a square, or plaza, and every family will have a separate home of its own. When I spoke to them about moving they readily consented, saying: Padre, it is for you to order and for

us to shey. Gen, Grant's Mild Oath. (Inter Ocean.)

An army officer stationed at San Franfrancisco, who was a general on Grant's staff all through the war, says there is not a word of truth in the stories that the general was fond of swearing. In all the years of their close relationship he never heard Grant use a stronger oath than "Dog gone it."

How Many Hairs.

An English physician has been trying to count the hairs on the human head. He quotes the average number of hairs per square inch at 1,066, and estimates about 128,000 hairs for the entire head as a general rule.

The Talmud: Never appease a man in

THE BUGBEAR COLD.

Let People Beware of It-Coddling Chil dren-Dampness.

[Family Physician in Castell's Magazine.] "Cold as a bugbear causes people to overprowd their beds with woolen stuffs, blankets and such like. The bed-cloth ing, even for old people, should be light, though warm. There is nothing better than elder down, when you can get it.
The night dresses of old people should be comfortable, and especially should they be warm through the shoulders; this is the place which cold likes, as a foe, to assail just about 3 in the morning, when the morsel of fire has got low or gone out. Let them beware of it?

"Cold as a bugbear plays much mischief in the nursery. Thousands of children in this country are coddled to death, and many notnaky stifled in bed. They call it being overlaid; it is being smothered. That is the right name of it.

"But the children must be kept warm?" "Bless their innocence! et. The bed as soft as down; the clothes as soft can be, but smooth withal, without any tendency to rumple up, or cover mouth or caca. This is warmth; this is comfort. The reom, too, should be moderately warm no more, I pray you, and the air ought to be as pure a id sweet as the odor of reses. Is it so in most nurseries? . Nay for your bugbear cold steps in and scaldoers and windows. No wonder that when baby wakes up it is peevish and

Your bugbear cold is the best friend the tailor has, for even young men wear deable the weight of clothes on a winter s dev that they ought to. They sweat themselves in consequence, so cold, the foc. steps in and ends many a life. Top coats, in my opinion, should never to worn except while riding by rail, or diing, or when standing about in a draugh It worm at air when walking, liey shou. the very thin. Very light should be worn when walking in winterworn over the arm. I mean, and never but or except when it is raining. But the warmer the socks the better, and the shoes ought to be moderately strong and thick for many an ailment is caught from stand

ing about on damp, cold ground Damp is much more to be dreaded than cold, but even this should not be made bugbear of; I would rather have damp derelothing, indeed, of everyone who perspires freely and easily is seldom, is ever free from damp. When I was newly married, sir, the little weman who ownme used to air my handkerchief, my newspaper, and my table napkin. She knows better now. But preserve me and you and every one from sleeping in a damp room.

> The Reporter of Hotel Arrivals. ["Walks and Talks" in Tribune.]

"How does my name get into the papers?" some public man often asks me. For about fifteen years one man in New York has made a business of visiting all the hotels nightly to look over the regis-ters and pick out the names of prominent visitors for publication. His name is Jo seph D. Lennon. He is a short, round faced, jolly young man, whose eyeglasse and black mustache are known to all hotel men, with whom he is a favorite by rea son of his good nature and long acquaint ance. He began this work when the Metropolitan hotel was "way up town." Originally he gathered the names for The Tribune only. Now he supplies all the

His nightly round begins about 9 o'clock at the Hotel Buckingham, Fifty-third street and Fifth avenue, and it is nearly midnight when he reaches Printing House square, so numerous are the hotels he must visit, and so widely distributed over the city. In the fifteen years that he has been doing this work he has become familiar with the names of nearly every congressman, governor, senator or public man of any kind in the country. He is, in fact, a walking dictionary of public men. Sometimes an effort is made to evade public mention of the arrival here of noted personages, but Mr. Lennon has ready means for discovering any such at-tempt, and it rarely succeeds.

"A Fine Actress Herself."

[Brooklyn Eagle.] While in Paris I was at breakfast with a friend from New York, and we were talking about the great performances of Ristori in "Medea" which we had enjoyed on the preceding night. At the same table were seated a party of ladies and gentle men who were discussing the same subject. One of the ladies said: "Rachel is a great artist and is almost faultless; but Rachel is a machine; Ristori is a woman."

The manner in which these words were said are such as cannot be described. The face of the speaker lighted up with enthu-siam, and her clear and sonorous voice attracted the attention of every person in the room. I said to my friend, "That lady would make a fine actress herself." My friend replied, "Do you know who she is? That lady is Charlotte Cushman."

Has Lost His Curiosity.

[Philadelphia Times "Notes."] I asked Mark Twain, whom I recently met in a railroad car in the west, if he liked his home in Hartford. "Yes," said he, "I want to be in such a position that I can go to New York or Boston if I want to I don't want to go to either, but I like to have them near by. I am sick and tired of European travel, because I have lost my curfosity. When I go to a strange new city in Europe I apply my whole intellect to seeing if my quarters are good, and if the table will do, and when that is over I six right down and pay no further attention to the place. pay no further attention to the place. Do you keep up your curiosity?" asked Mark; "if you do you are all right and will never give out, I have got no more curiosity whatever."

Artificial Cheese.

INew York Commercial Advertiser.] Artificial cheese, made of one part oleomargarine and two parts skimmed milk, mixed to the consistency of cream, and subjected to the usual processes of manufacturing the general article, is the latest edible commodity contributed by Germany to the world. The cheese of the fatherland, however, is generally of too high a flavor for the uncultivated taste of foreigners, and the probability is that the new variety, by reason of its constituents, will attain the most exalted rank in both taste and smell.

> A Crocodile's Throat. [Chicago Herald.]

Crocodiles are the only reptiles whose nostrils point in the throat behind the palate, instead of directly into the mouth cavity. This enables the crocodile to drown its victim without drowning itself. for by keeping its snout above water it can breathe while its mouth is wide open.

Velocity of Shot.

The highest velocity that has been imparted to shot is given as 1,626 feet per second, being equal to a ntile in 3,2 ABOUT GROUND GLASS.

An Accidental Discovery-Producing the "Frosting" - Artistic Work. [M. Quad's Letter to Boys.]

Did you ever wonder how the hanging baskets and beautiful scrolls displayed on the glass panels of front doors were placed there? Come with me into the works and we'll post up about it. In the first place, all the glass received is plain. The first move with ground glass is to frost it. They were a good many years finding out how to do this, and a very simple thing gave them the clew. An English servant maid found some paint on a window which would not wash off. She took a smooth pebble and some sand and scoured away, and she not only removed the paint, but frosted that portion of the glass. The glass men soon had the correct idea, and here it is before It is a tight box about five feet wide us. and ten feet long, with a depth of about a foot. It is hung on fron rods so that it rocks like a cradle as the steam-power is applied to the machinery. The glass is laid that in the box covered with wet sand and pebbles, and the shaking begins. The pebbles and sand shaking over the surface of the glass scratch it and produce the frosting. It takes about an hour and a quarter to compicte the work, but this homely invention accomplishes as much in that time as a

diligent man could in two weeks by band When the glass has been frosted it is ready for the artist. He takes it to his bench and draws the pattern in crayon. thus making black and distinct lines

which show through the glass.
When the grinder takes it in hand he sits before a revolving grindstone which has been turned to an edge hardly wider han the blade of a table knife. crindstone cuts straight lines, another the turves and so on to the number of five or s.x. The side on which the pattern is drawn is held on the stone, and he must have a true eye and a steady hand. If he deviates from the lines his work is spoiled, for the eye can at once detect the carelessness. An adept will grind scrolls, bou-quets and the finest work as neatly and rapidly as an artist can draw them

Where colored glass is ground the pattern is made by simply grinding out the color, which leaves the ornamentation in white and the body of the glass in color. There are only about twenty-five ground glass factories in the United States, and the pay of an adept workman averages \$3 per day the year round. All the grind-stones are imported from one quarry in Scotland, there being no stone in any other country so well fitted for the work.

> The Vitality of Seeds. [Arkansaw Traveler.]

The seeds of the willow will not germ Inate after having been once dry. The seeds of coffee and various other plants do not germinate after having been kept for any considerable time. Wheat over two centuries old has been found quite fit for food, but the grains usually lose their power of growth after the lapse of seven years. Specimens of rye and wheat known to be 185 years old could not be induced to germinate.

"The stories of 'mummy wheat' sprouting after having lain dormant in Egyptian tombs for thousands of years, are, to say the least of them, very dubious," de-clares Dr. Robert Brown, F. L. S. "No well authenticated instances of such finds are extant, while among other articles sold by the Arabs to credulous travelers, as coming out of the same tomb as the ancient wheat, have been dahlia bulbs and maize, the deposition of which in the receptacle from which they were said to be extracted necessitates the belief that 3,000 years ago the subjects of the Pharachs were engaged in commerce with Amer-

When kept dry and protected from WM. P MITCHELL, ight and air, however, seeds have been known to retain their vitality for some what lengthened periods. Seeds of the bean and pea order have sprouted after 100 years' storage in an herbarium, and many similar instances-most of them somewhat doubtful-have been recorded.

> Praying Plutes. [Virginia (Nev.) Enterprise.]

The wife of Capt Bob, of the Piute tribe, died the other morning, and was buried in the Catholic cemetery. few of the Piutes have been baptized into the Catholic church. A number of their chiefs became Catholics long before there were any whites in Nevada. They were in the habit of paying annual visits to the California coast towns, and some of their women married Spaniards at Santa Cruz, which made them acquainted with the Christian religion. Through the influence of the wives of the Spaniards, their kin-dred, several of their leading men and women were baptized each year when the annual trip was made to the sea-coast.

Their own religion is not a bad one, and from it to any orthodox religion is but a short step. Strange as it may appear, they are a praying people, are a people always ready to either pray or fight. The Princess Sarah Winnemucca's book is full of instances where her people were assembled in prayer, and she herself was wont to pray to the Great Spirit whenever she got into trouble—prayed aloud as she fled before her enemies on a wild retreat across the deserts.

Baby's Outspoken Sympathy.

omerville Journal.] Baby has an idea—the result—perhaps of painful experience-that if any one is of painful experience—that if any one is sick, the trouble must lie in the epigastric region. The other day her father came home from the office with a bad cold and a raging headache. Baby appeared to be very sorry for him, but said little. Two hours later her mother was taking her down town in a well-filled horse car. Suddenly looking up, after a season of reconstruction. denly looking up, after a season of pen-sive musing. Baby was moved to remark in a tone audible to every one of the smil-ing passengers: "Mamma, Baby's a wfu' sorry papa's got 'e tummick ache!"

Medicine Called for.

[Exchange.] An examination of 3,726 prescriptions in a Boston drug store showed that 504 different drugs were called for by the doctors. Quinine took the lead by appearing in 292 prescriptions, morphine appeared in 172, bromide of potassium in 171, iodide of potassium in 155, and muriate of iron in 134. The whole number of articles in the pharmacopogia is 994 of articles in the pharmacopæia is 994 and Boston used more than half of them

Behind the Times.

[Chicago Herald.] In some parts of North Carolina candles and kerosene lamps are still con-sidered articles of luxury, while resinous torches are most generally used by the

Tempering the Storm. According to a French scientist the

force of storms can be lessened by placing a large number of lightning rods on the telegraph poles along railway lines.

It is said that Mgr. Capel does his bent work after midnight.

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