

# The Centre Democrat.

THE CENTRE DEMOCRAT is published every Thursday morning, at Bellefonte, Centre county, Pa.  
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A LIVE PAPER—devoted to the interests of the whole people.  
Payments made within three months will be considered in advance.  
No paper will be discontinued until arrearages are paid, except at option of publishers.  
Papers going out of the county must be paid for in advance.

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POLITICAL NOTICES, 15 cents per line each insertion. Nothing inserted for less than 50 cents.  
BUSINESS NOTICES, in the editorial columns, 15 cents per line, each insertion.

## TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

### Ohio Democracy Moving.

A. immense and enthusiastic gathering of the Democracy, met at Columbus, Ohio last week, in which all the prominent leading men of the State, mingled in harmonious consultation. Among the outside speakers, were Governor Hendricks of Indiana, Governor Mc Lane, of Maryland, Senator Bayard and speaker Carlisle, the reception of Governor Hendricks and his escort from the depot was a grand ovation, the procession over a mile in length, being introduced by Senator Thurman the Democratic Candidate for vice President said.

He had just come from his home and was astounded at the interest displayed in public affairs: but when he remembered that the State election was but three weeks and the national election but six weeks distant, his wonder ceased even when he saw the thousands gathered here. Every fourth year the people at the ballot box decided for or against a change in the management of the Government. In November the people must again decide for a continuance or change in administration. Did they think the same men must be continued from Olympia to Olympia. It is now twenty-five years since a change Millions of dollars have been collected and paid out in that time. Last year there was collected and paid out in the aggregation \$66,300,000. The story of these transactions was written in thousands of books by thousands of clerks, but all are Republicans. No Democrats allowed to read the story. Much more money is collected than used, The Government should have all that is needed for an economical administration of the affairs of the country, but not one dollar more. When citizens have paid in all the Government needs they have done their whole duty and ought not to be asked to do more. Senator Sherman said in very rough language last night that he (Hendricks) had misrepresented the national treasury. The remark reflected more on Calkins, Republican candidate for Governor of Indiana, than on himself. Calkins had said in a speech that the Republicans found the treasury empty and that now it is full to overflowing. He (Hendricks) had quoted Calkins on the supposition that he knew, being a member of Congress. The question is whether taxation is to high and ought to be reformed. Two years ago Arthur said taxation is too high and ought to be lightened. The revenues annually exceeded the need of the Government by \$100,000,000. In 1882 the excess was \$145,000,000 Congress undertook a slight concession, but at the second session afterwards the Secretary of the Treasury reported that the reduction did not relieve as it should, the excess is increasing annually, so that the speaker did not suppose Calkins was much mistaken. If the \$85,000,000 remained with the people or in the channels of trade would it not be a great benefit! In a sentence the Democratic platform says taxation shall not exceed the needs of the Government: it shall be for public purposes alone and shall be the highest on articles of luxury. By its honor the Democratic party stand pledged to support these principles.

The following letter was also read.  
EXECUTIVE MANSION,  
ALBANY, SEPTEMBER 23, 1884.  
My Dear Sir:  
I very much regret that the pressure of official duties will prevent my joining you at the meeting to be held in Columbus on the 25th inst. I hope the meeting will be a complete success, and that it will be the means of increasing the enthusiasm already aroused for the cause of good government. I believe that the voters of the country are fully alive

to the necessity of installing an administration of public affairs which shall be truly their own not only because it is the result of their choice, but because its selected instrumentalities, are directly from the body of the people, and impressed with the people's thoughts and sentiments. They are tired I think, of a rule so long continued that it has bred and fostered a class standing between them, and their political action, and whose interests in affairs end with partisan zeal and the advancement of personal advantage. Let me remind the people that if they seek to make their public servants feel their direct responsibility to them and be careful of their interests, their object will not be accomplished by a blinding adherence to a party which has grown arrogant with long continued power. Let me impress upon the people that the issue involved in the pending canvass is the establishment of a pure and honest administration of their Government. Let me show them the way to this and warn them against any cunningly designed effort to lead them into other paths of irrelevant discussion. With these considerations before them and with an earnest presentation of our claims to the people and of their responsibility, we need not fear the result of their intelligent action.

Yours, very truly,  
GUYVER CLEVELAND.  
To Allen G. Thurman.

### Why Blaine is on the Stump.

There is a very great modification of the air of breezy confidence with which the chief Blaine organ, the New York Tribune, has been wont to regard its candidate's chances of election. Until recently it buoyantly assumed that there was no earthly possibility of success for the unfortunate Democracy. Now, however, it is unmistakably disturbed over the prospects. It virtually concedes the 153 electoral votes of the South to the Democrats, who must, it intimates kill negroes by the drove to get them. Then it adds: "For all practical purposes, the issue is reduced to this: Out of 248 honest electoral votes cast by free people, can the Republicans secure 201—more than, four fifths! The odds are terrible. Even Republicans must realize the necessity of great exertion and vigilance."

This is extremely sad. Sympathetic men must feel deeply for the noble party which is confronted by such terrible odds. The Tribune proceeds:

Out of the Northern States, moreover several have been carried by the Democrats by means the most corrupt and shameful. Money is now being poured into Ohio in vast amounts, under cover of a careful pretense that the State is expected to give a Republican majority in any case. If the Republicans can be caught napping, if 20,000 Democratic scoundrels from Pennsylvania, Kentucky and Indiana can be disturbed in Democratic towns to cast fraudulent votes which Democratic officers will receive and count, if votes can be bought, thousands were for Hoadly, if the Republicans can be diverted by the lying pretense of independence, or by the crazy notion that the election of a liquor candidate will help the anti-liquor cause, then Ohio may be lost. In that event the struggle elsewhere would be fierce and doubtful.

If Ohio should be lost, it would no doubt be bad for the Mulligan candidate but all this prattle about Democratic money—a very sore article—or Democratic frauds, which is a mere pigment of the imagination, is only a cover to an attempted repetition in Ohio of the infamous corruption of the Indiana campaign of 1880. The same contributors have been conciliated by promises of official favors from Blaine, and Jay Gould and Cameron will furnish all the funds desired. Blaine is on the ground himself to see it placed where it will do the most good, and has in his train a lot of experienced agents in doling out corruption money. The political virtue of the Buckeye State will be sorely tried by Mulligan Blaine and his cohorts, but we have an idea the very means adopted to maintain Republican majorities may annihilate them. Blaine's presence will not inspire honest and reflecting citizens with any desire to promote his success, and it is from them the Democratic gains will come.—Pittsburg Post.

### Shot Himself Instead of the Burglar.

PITTSFIELD, Mass., September 26.—Francis E. Hernoehen, president of the Bellair manufacturing company and a wealthy and prominent citizen, was roused from his slumber at 2 o'clock this morning by the barking of his dogs. Believing burglars to be about the premises, he seized a revolver and started for the lower part of the house. On his way he stumbled, his revolver was discharged and a bullet entered his right side, passing through his body. It is thought he cannot recover.

## An Unfair Address.

THE DEMOCRATIC NATIONAL COMMITTEE TO THE PEOPLE OF THE UNION.

NEW YORK, Sep. 23.—The following address has been issued to the National Democratic Executive Committee through its Chairman:

To the people of the United States:  
The National Democratic party of the United States has pledged itself to purify the administration of public affairs from corruption, to manage the Government with the economy, to enforce the execution of the laws and to reduce taxation to the lowest limit consistent with just protection to American labor and capital, and with the preservation of the faith which the nation has pledged to its creditors and pensioners.

The open record of the man whom it has named as its candidate for the Presidency has been accepted by thousands of Independent Republicans in every State as an absolute guarantee that if he is elected all these pledges will be exactly fulfilled, and that under his administration good governments will be assured.

To secure these results all good citizens must unite in defeating the Republican candidate for President. His history and political methods make it certain that administration would be stained by gross abuses, by official misconduct and wanton expenditure of the public money, and would be marked by an increase of taxation which would blight the honest industry of our people.

Against us and against those honorable Republicans who, for the sake of good government, have made common cause with us, not able combinations have been made.

These are made up chiefly of four classes.  
First. An army of officeholders who, by choice or compulsion, are now given to Republican committee, as parts of the campaign fund of that party, money paid to such officers out of the public treasury for service due to the people of the United States.

Second. Organized bodies of men who having secured by corrupt means the imposition of duties which are in excess of all sums needed for the wants of the Government and for the protection of American labor and capital, and having thus gained enormous wealth, are willing to pay largely to the Republican campaign fund for the promise of the continuance and increase of such duties which constitute a system of bounties to monopolies under the false pretense of protection to American industry.

Third. A host of unscrupulous contractors and jobbers, who have grown rich upon public plunder and are ready to pay bribes for what they have acquired in order to a void all risk of being called to account for the evil methods by which their wealth has been gained.

Fourth. Corporations which having sold the public lands by the aid of corrupt agencies in the Republican party, believe they will be compelled to give up their ill gotten gains if that party is driven from power and are, therefore willing to keep it in place by giving a percentage of their unrighteous profits.

This committee has no troops of officeholders at its command.

It will not agree to sell the future legislation of Congress for money paid now into the party treasury.

It will not promise immunity to thieves.

It will not contract to uphold any corrupt bargain heretofore made by the Republican party with any corporation, for all the wealth which such corporation can offer.

It appeals to the people against one and all of these opponents, thus corruptly banded together against the friends of good government.

The number of all these opponents is small but their wealth is great, and it will be unscrupulously used. An active and vigorous campaign must be made against them. Their paid advocates must be met and defeated in debate, upon the platform and in discussion in the newspapers. The organization of all who are opposed to them must be perfected in every State, city and county in the land. Money is needed to do this honest work. Your committee, refusing to adopt the methods by which the Republican party fills its treasury, calls upon all good citizens for the aid which it requires.  
It invites and will welcome contributions from every honest man who is opposed to the election of James G. Blaine as President. No contribution will be accounted too small. Wherever a bank, banker or postal money order office can be found the means exist for placing at the disposal of the treasurer of this committee individual or collective contributions in aid of the great cause in which we are engaged, or money may be remitted by mail to Charles J. Casada, Treasurer, at No. 11 West Twenty fourth street, New York.  
When victory is achieved over the un-

scrupulous combination which is now endeavoring to thrust James G. Blaine into the Presidential office, the recorded list of such contributors will be a role of honor such as no other party in this country has ever possessed.

Our opponents cannot be saved from disaster by forcing their unwilling candidate to speak to assemblages of the people.  
The man who wrote the Fisher letters will never be the choice of the people for the Presidency of the United States.  
ARTHUR P. GORMAN,  
Chairman National Democratic Executive Committee.

## The People's Choice.

MEMBERS OF THE NEW YORK EXCHANGE FOR CLEVELAND.

NEW YORK, September 25.—Parlor No. 2 in the Stevens House at Broadway and Morris streets, was made ready Monday for the use of the "New York Produce and Maritime Independent Cleveland and Hendricks club," and a corps of clerks have begun active work. The movement against the Republican candidate is rapidly gaining strength among the members of the exchange. The roll of names on the list of the Produce and Maritime club now numbers more than 750, and it is probable that before the end of the week there will be fully 1,000 names enrolled.

## ALL JOINING THE MOVEMENT.

H. S. Steele, the temporary secretary of the organization now forming on the New York Mining and National Petroleum exchange, says that since noon on Saturday about a dozen members of the Exchange had been conducting a canvass to learn how many members would join the movement. About 175 have been secured up to the present time, and of those about thirty three per cent. are Republicans.

## THE STOCK EXCHANGE.

The movement for the formation of an independent Cleveland and Hendricks club among the members of the Stock Exchange is now well under way. E. M. Fox, who was one of the most active workers in organizing a Garfield and Arthur club in the Stock exchange four years ago, is the chief promoter of this new movement and is assisted by George McKay and other well known Republicans who have signed the call for the organization of an independent Cleveland club. A gentleman who is actively at work in organizing the club said: "A canvass of 256 Republican members of the exchange shows that 153 are opposed to Blaine, and 103 announce their intention to vote for him."

## DESERVING BLAINE.

Several members of the Cotton Exchange are canvassing among the members of that institution for signatures to a call for the formation of an Independent Cleveland club, and are meeting with good success. About 150 names have already been secured, fifty per cent. of which are the names of Republicans who have heretofore worked earnestly and heartily for the success of the Republican cause.

## Franco-Chinese War.

LONDON, September 24.—The Chinese claim that in the Kee-Lung affair the balance of success belonged to them. They acknowledge that the French bombardment of the forts was successful, but they say that the French, misled by the Chinese evacuation, landed a detachment of sailors and marines, with three guns, and that the Chinese repulsed them, captured the guns and took one prisoner, whom they still hold.  
The Shanghai dispatch to the Times states that the Franco-Russian alliance means the disintegration of China and its partition between those two countries. France taking the three southern provinces and Russia having China as a recruiting ground for her armies, the two countries being connected by railways. The alliance also means a Franco-Russian preponderance in Europe, and is therefore fraught with danger to Germany. It also means the extinction of the China trade, and imperils all English possessions in the East.

## TIEN-TSUI, September 24.—

The Governor General of Minche, comprising the provinces of Tohe-Kiang and Fuh-Kien, has been dismissed from office and degraded in rank, but the Governor and the General of the province of Fuh-Kien, in which Foo-Chow is situated, have both been retained. The excuses which they gave for the successes of the French in their district were regarded as satisfactory, and the action which they took in the matter was commended. Li Hung Chang, the famous Viceroy of Fee Chi Li and leader of the peace party in China, whose power and influence had been greatly curtailed by the Government, has been reinstated in all the offices he formerly held.

PARIS, September 24.—The Francois reports that as many as 4,500 of the French troops in Tonquin are sick. It asserts also that Chinese troops have spread over the northern portion of the province of Quang Yen, in northwest-

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## GREEN'S PHARMACY,

Bush House Block, Bellefonte, Pa.  
We have Telephone Connection.

ern Tonquin, and are levying contributions upon the inhabitants.

The *Telegraph* asserts that the difference of views between Prime Minister Ferry and General Campeon, Minister of War, is expected to lead to the resignation of the latter. General Campeon urges the immediate convocation of the Chambers. It is said that in case General Campeon resigns M. Ferry will offer the Ministry of War to General Lewal, at present commander of the Seventeenth Corps, with headquarters at Toulouse.

It is reported that the suspension of French operations in China is due to German mediation. Admiral Peyron, Minister of Marine, has refused the requests of both General Briere Del Isle, in Tonquin, and Admiral Courbet, in China, to recommence warlike operations with a view to hastening the crisis. General Briere Del Isle is confident of success even without re-enforcements.

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Respectfully,  
W. H. WILKINSON, Agent

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Nice to take, from month unqualified for TORPID LIVER and Night Sweats, Nervous Weakness, Wasting, Loss of Appetite, etc. 50c per bottle, 4 for \$2.00, at Druggists, E. S. WELLS, Jersey City, N. J., U. S. A.

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Give me a trial.  
A. C. MINGLE, BELLEFONTE, PA.  
A 23, '84. 17. 1y.  
—Subscriber for the CENTRE DEMOCRAT.