

The Centre Democrat.

THE CENTRE DEMOCRAT is published every Thursday morning, at Bellefonte, Centre county, Pa.
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A LIVE PAPER—devoted to the interests of the whole people.
Payments made within three months will be considered in advance.
No paper will be discontinued until arrears are paid, except at option of publishers.
Papers going out of the county must be paid for in advance.
Any person procuring us ten cash subscribers will be sent a copy free of charge.
Our extensive circulation makes this paper an unusually reliable and profitable medium for advertising.
We have the most ample facilities for JOB WORK and are prepared to print all kinds of Books, Tracts, Programmes, Posters, Commercial printing, &c., in the latest style and at the lowest possible rates.
All advertisements for a less term than three months 20 cents per line for the first three insertions, and 5 cents a line for each additional insertion. Special notices one-half more.
Editorial notices 15 cents per line.
LOCAL NOTICES 10 cents per line.
A liberal discount is made to persons advertising by the quarter, half year, or year, as follows:

SPACE OCCUPIED.	3 months	6 months	1 year
One inch (or 12 lines this type).....	\$5 00	\$8 00	\$12 00
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One column (or 12 inches).....	35 55	50 00	65 00

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POLITICAL NOTICES, 15 cents per line each insertion. Nothing inserted for less than 50 cents.
BUSINESS NOTICES, in the editorial columns, 15 cents per line, each insertion.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

Gen. Davis at Philadelphia.

The Democracy of Philadelphia gave a brilliant reception on the 20 ult. to Gen. W. W. H. Davis our distinguished Democratic candidate for Congressmen-at-large, at which Randall, Wallace Hensel, and others spoke. Gen. Davis made an elegant address on the occasion, concluding as follows:

The objective point of the campaign is good government, by the people and in the interest of honesty, purity and economy. Political management must be regulated to the golden age when Thomas Jefferson declared—"The whole art of government consists in being honest." The lessons, that an office is a trust and not a perquisite, an officer a servant instead of a master, must be retaught. The number of officers must be reduced to the actual necessities of the public service, and all stolen power given back to the people. When these things shall have been done our Republican system can be developed to its full capacity. Our business relations call loudly for a change. There is stagnation in nearly every channel and many of our industries are paralyzed. Furnaces are silent or blowing out, factories closed, workmen idle, values shrinking, and almost daily strikes prove that warfare exists between capital and labor. The problem of living bears harder on the men of toil and the number which "lives almost constantly in the shadow of anxiety is yearly increasing." This state of things after a quarter of a century of unrestrained power, should satisfy the most skeptical that the Republican party is not qualified to deal with the important and delicate interests of the country.

Happily, there are many indications that the true situation is understood. Prominent Republicans in all parts of the country are declaring for the Democratic nominee, not because they have turned Democrats, but realize the peril to the Government if longer continued in the same control. The most noted of these is ex-Governor Pond of Wisconsin, who declares against Mr. Blaine "for the company he keeps and the friends he has made," and because he "embodies most in American politics that is menacing to public morals and integrity in government." He turns to Grover Cleveland as the Moslem turns to his Mecca—his only hope.

I congratulate you, gentlemen, on the choice of candidates. Governor Cleveland possesses, in an eminent degree, the qualities that equip men for high executive duties. He has won renown in every public office he has filled. He recognizes the Government as the people's property, and that it must be managed in their interest. He favors a comprehensive system of reform that will purify the public service in all departments, and remove offices from the political auction block. He will take the Presidential chair deeply sensible of its high duties and great responsibilities. Mr. Hendricks is one of the most honored statesmen of the country, and few excel him in ability and experience. It is meet and proper he should preside over the distinguished body he once adorned by his talents and his integrity; and his appearance there will prove to the world that the American people stand ready to right great wrongs.

Honoring Mr. Tilden.

HIS CORDIAL WELCOME TO THE COMMITTEE!
NEW YORK, September 4.—The committee appointed by the Democratic national convention at Chicago to present to Messrs. Tilden and Hendricks the resolution of the convention respecting them, met at the Fifth avenue hotel

at noon and definitely determined the arrangements for the presentation. After a pleasant sail up the river, during which a very handsome collation was set, the company reached Yonkers. Mr. Henry, of Mississippi, chairman of the committee, and Governor Abbott were selected to present the resolutions. They were driven to Greystone. They were received in the parlor by Mr. Tilden who was dressed neatly and who welcomed them. Mr. Tilden has been indisposed lately and his physician advised against any formal reception. At this time the chairman, of the committee, Mr. Henry, made the following address:

"MR. TILDEN: We are before you as representatives of the National Democratic convention to deliver into your hands a testimonial of the esteem and admiration in which you are held by the party you so gallantly led to victory in 1876. In all ages of the world a grateful people have in some form signified their appreciation of distinguished public service.

"The great party that laid the foundation for free government on this continent, a party you have loved so well, but follows a line of precedent as old as the ovation to David on his return from the slaughter of the Philistines when in these resolutions it recognizes your exalted talents, courage and fidelity to principles. Had not you, sir, emphatically forbidden, it would have gone further and elected you a second time to the highest office within the power of any people to give. The National Democratic convention accepted your declination and withdrawal from public life with reluctance and knew the influence of your example as a public officer would not be lost. That example has and will ever continue to largely influence political parties in this country for good. They have learned from it that with a chief executive officer of sagacity, firmness and integrity it is possible to secure what the people of the United States have practically lost—an honest and cheap administration of public affairs. But it will be no affront to you sir, when we add that, coupled with this purpose, to do your honor is another and no less fixed determination of the Democratic party to emphasize in coming years all along its march and line of battle the deliberate assault of the Republican party upon the constitution in the nullification of your election, instead of palliation of your election.

"It is undoubtedly the duty of all men to forgive individual wrongs and to cover more personal grievances with the mantle of charity and oblivion. But we know of no precept, sacred or profane which requires, a people to forget or forgive an organization that deliberately assaults the citadel of liberty in tramping under foot the only peaceful method known to their constitution, the laws through which a change of rulers can be effected. It will not be out of place to recall at this time the fact that zealous partisans counseled the exercise of force for the assertion of your rights but it was fortunate for the people that the voice of your reason and love for your country was then as ever stronger than the clamor of passion or the bladders of power. You, sir, and the men with whom you counseled had the magnanimity and patriotism to swathe the sober second thought of the country to right the wrong and through the peaceful medium of the ballot resent the outrage.

Standing, as we believe, on the verge of that suspicious event, we venture to congratulate you upon the wisdom of your course. It only remains for us to tender, with the complimentary resolutions of a great convention, our individual respect and affection, and to assure you that we speak not merely formal words when we express the wish that your valuable life may long be spared, and that its evening may be spent in tranquility and repose."

Mr. Tilden, though indisposed, nevertheless responded briefly, thanking the committee, and through them, the convention they represented, for the honor they had conferred upon him, and desired the gentlemen to return to their associates his kind appreciation of the honor and regard they had shown him.

They Ate His Flesh.

LONDON, September 7.—The crew of the yacht Mignonette was rescued after being many days in an open boat. They captured a turtle on the fourth day they were out after the sinking of the yacht on the 18th of June, then seven days without food and five without water. They discussed eating lots which should die that others might live, but were unable to agree. The next day they determined upon the boy Parker. Capt. Dudley opened the jugular vein with a penknife and the boy died instantly. The survivors, the Capt. and two seamen, drank the murdered boy's blood and sustained life by eating his flesh until they were rescued by the ship Montezuma on the fifth of July. The reason assigned for determining upon the boy's death is that he suffered the most from the thirst and was unmarried. When rescued the men looked like skeletons. They will be charged with murder.

Hon. C. J. Folger Dead.

HE SUDDENLY BREATHES HIS LAST ON WEDNESDAY AFTERNOON.

GENEVA, N. Y., September 4.—Secretary Folger died at his home in Geneva at 4.55 this afternoon. It was so sudden that time was not offered to summon his children to his bedside, and neither of them was there. The only persons present were Mrs. Horst, of Auburn, his deceased wife's sister; Drs. Knapp and Law, associates of his family physician, Dr. A. B. Smith, and his colored servant, James. Dr. Smith and Captain J. S. Lewis had left him only a short time before his death. Dr. Henry Foster, of Clifton Springs sanitarium, who had been here two or three times as consulting physician, arrived on the 4.45 train and was conveyed to the Folger mansion by Dr. Smith. Mrs. Ernest, of Buffalo, the Secretary's sister, arrived by the same train. Just as these three entered the room the Secretary breathed his last and all was over.

Secretary Folger's two daughters are in the Adirondacks, the elder being in very feeble health. His son, Captain Charles W. Folger, is at Alexandria, Va. The telegraph was not resorted to earlier as so sudden a termination of the father's malady was not apprehended. The Secretary returned to Geneva for the last time Wednesday evening, the 29th ult. He called his family physician next morning. The doctor gives the following diagnosis of the case of his distinguished patient: Great feebleness of the heart's action; congestion of the middle lobe of the right lung, and capillary congestion of the bronchial tubes; torpor of the liver, albuminous discharge of urine, showing disease of the kidneys. The doctor was informed that the Secretary had had hemorrhage of the lungs three times of late.

Secretary Folger rode out daily up to and including the 29th ult., after which he kept his room, but did not wholly abandon office work. He continued to answer important letters and telegrams to yesterday, and seemed reluctant to give up. Yet he was by no means unconscious of his critical condition and trusted to his friend Captain Lewis the final messages to his children and other directions of a confidential nature.

General gloom prevails among the people of Geneva over this sudden removal of their beloved townsman, men of all parties and of all conditions of life alike joining in expressions of sorrow. The remains will be interred in Geneva by the side of his wife, who died seven years ago.

His Twelfth Consecutive Term.

Ex-Speaker Samuel J. Randall was placed in nomination for his twelfth consecutive term in Congress by the Third District Democratic Congressional Convention, which met on Eighth street below Fitzwater. The Convention was temporarily presided over by William McAleer, and State Senator Kennedy was made Permanent chairman. A feature of the Convention was the presence of many old citizens of the district, who placed Mr. Randall in nomination for his first term, twenty-two years ago. After the organization was completed Mr. John M. Campbell made a speech highly eulogistic of Mr. Randall he said:

By exercising the strictest integrity in times of great national corruption, by indomitable pluck in times of great national peril, by insisting upon the strictest economy in times of great national profligacy, by the great name he made for himself by his sterling honesty, he arose from the position of a mere member to be thrice the Speaker of the House. He has honored this district as it has never been honored before, and, in honoring it, honored his native State, and in just requital Pennsylvania presented his name as its unanimous choice for president of the United States at the last National Convention of the Democratic party. Though defeated for Speaker of the House in 1884, he became the leader of the Democratic party in the House. By his wise and prudent course on the tariff question he gave the Democratic party the greatest chance of success it has had in twenty-five years."

Mr. Campbell also submitted the following, which was adopted:

The Democratic Congressional Convention of the Third Congressional District of Pennsylvania, having unanimously renominated the Hon. Samuel J. Randall for the twelfth consecutive time to represent it in the Federal House of Representatives, hereby declares that his long public service; his integrity, purity and honesty; his important services rendered to his country; his unselfish devotion to the true interests of his constituents; his defense of State rights and the safety of the people, his courage for the right; his bold advocacy of the prosperity of the individual against the demands of monopolists; his successful efforts to reduce taxation and to defeat the schemes of public plunderers, and his sagacity as a leader, have given to Samuel J. Randall a place among those statesmen of

this country who have won and received the confidence, support and esteem of the people.

Mr. Randall was brought before the Convention and returned his thanks for the honor conferred upon him.

They Fear Blaine.

But for the absence of the row of white pillars supporting the house "Ironides," at Bordentown, N. J., the home of Mrs. Parnell, which is named after her father, "Old Ironides," as the Commodore was affectionately termed, would be almost a counterpart of the home of Washington, at Mount Vernon. There is the same undulating, grassy lawn in front, from which spring tall maple trees mainly, though there are also pines and cedars and elms. Looking out from the doorway there is the same steep bluff 100 yards away. It is not so high as that at Mount Vernon, and the historic Delaware takes the place at its base of the morne recently historic Potomac. Three hundred acres of ground, mainly under cultivation, stretch away on three sides of the house. Mrs. Parnell spends little more than half the year at her Bordentown residence. While there she lives in quiet but nice style, taking occasional drives through the town, and now and then to Trenton, which by rail is fifteen minutes away. "Fanny," a daughter of the famous Messenger, is Mrs. Parnell's favorite driving mare, and is a speeder. She is named after Mrs. Parnell's daughter, who, up to the time of her death, a couple of years ago, took such an active interest in Irish affairs. A reporter had a talk with Mrs. Parnell in a cheerful looking drawingroom, where antique carved looking furniture predominated. The windows looking out on a large and handsome garden.

"Mr. Blaine has manifested great neglect of our interests in this country, as well as the protection of American citizens abroad," said Mrs. Parnell, speaking of the letters of Mr. William Hurlbert, which have appeared in the New York Herald. "His record certainly shows him never to have been the champion of Irishmen, and I fail to see on what the claim rests that is now put forward for him. I am dreadfully afraid of Blaine."

"Of course every man who becomes the occupant of the White House is supposed to and usually does become a good American if he has not been one before, but as I say, the Irish have reason to fear Blaine. I do not believe that if he is elected we will hear much more of his present alleged intense Americanism. Irishmen would like to have somebody in the Presidential chair that they can trust. You can't judge of a man by his promises for the future, but must judge of him by his record in the past, and Mr. Blaine's record certainly is not one calculated to inspire confidence in Irishmen that their interests will be taken care of. That record is very clearly set forth in the straightforward story told by Mr. Hurlbert. I have studied as it occurred that part of our recent history. I know that Mr. Blaine did not look after the rights of American citizens of Irish birth who were locked up in British prisons, and that it was not until Mr. Frelinghuysen came into office that this government took a bold stand in their behalf. Then see how quickly England gave away. It is difficult to get Great Britain out of the notion that people who leave her shores and coming here are naturalized are not still amenable to her. But it certainly is the duty of an American Secretary of State to disabuse England's mind of any such impression, and that Blaine did not do."

"Then you think, Mrs. Parnell," said the reporter, "that Mr. Blaine's record in regard to the defense of the rights of foreign born citizens is such as to repel the votes of Irishmen for him?"

"Well," responded Mrs. Parnell with a smile, "if I had a vote I certainly should not cast it for Mr. Blaine. Why, just for the reason I have stated. He is now put forward as the champion of Irishmen, but his actions in the past do not justify the claim that is made for him. Besides, if Irishmen are looking for a party to defend them in their rights, the democratic party is the party for them to return to. It has always been a friend of the foreign born citizen. I would not support any party that did not uphold American citizens abroad, but I know that the principles of the democratic party must make it do that in the future as it has done in the past."

"I am a firm believer in democracy. My father was a democrat of democrats, and my son is now leading a democratic movement on the other side. He is a warm advocate of the franchise. He has been trying to get the Irish people to enter into their affairs and manage them. In his work he never acts until he learns what the people desire. He stands aside, as he did in Davitt's case, until the people declared what they want. He is a thorough advocate of democracy. If he were a citizen here I'm sure he would not support Blaine for President."

—Fancy a shirt and collar—Garman's.

LADIES' TERRALINE

WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED A LINE OF

Vases and Plaques to which we invite your attention. The flowers and vines are in high relief, and when skillfully painted and glazed with AMBER ENAMEL, rival the celebrated English Doulton ware, costing from \$75 to \$100. In price they range from \$1 to \$3.

GREEN'S PHARMACY,

Bush House Block, Bellefonte, Pa.
We have Telephone Connection.

—Get your tombstones and monuments of S. A. Stover, before cold weather comes and have a good job of the same.
—Have you visited Doll's shoe store? If not, go and look at his nice stock of children's shoes.
—Fancy flannel shirts—Garman's.

Wanted.
An agent in every borough and township in Centre county. Best 25-cent selling article ever introduced. Just out and sells at sight. No money required until goods are sold. One agent made over \$100 in less than a day. Send 25 cents for sample, or two 2-cent stamps for particulars, etc.
E. J. SWAVELY,
Bellefonte, Pa.

NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that all persons hunting or in any other way trespassing on my premises will be dealt with according to law.
D. W. WILLIAMS,
Five Grove Mills Pa.

The Farmers' Favorite,
Double Force Feed Grain Drill,
—WITH THE—
"Favorite," "Wizard;"
—OR—
"MARK'S" Fertilizer Attachment,
THE BEST IN THE WORLD.

J. S. Wait & Co., Agents,
State College, Pa.

A. C. MINGLE,
SUCCESSOR TO
DOLL & MINGLE.

BOOTS & SHOES,
Durability as well as appearance is the best test of cheapness.
I keep the best makes—goods of manufacturers who have gained a reputation for honest work.

I have the best Men's
\$3.00 SHOE
MADE IN AMERICA.

BOOTS & SHOES
Madeto Order.

SHOE POLISH
That will not
Crack the Leather

Give me a trial.
A. C. MINGLE.
A 23, '84. BELLEFONTE, PA.
17. 1y.

Extraordinary
BARGAINS IN
IRON-STONE CHINA
AND TABLE GLASSWARE.

W. H. WILKINSON, Agt.
Dealer in
CHINA, GLASS,
and **Queensware,**
ALLEGHANY STREET,
Bellefonte, Pa.

Is selling ALL KINDS of Crockery and Table Glassware at LOWER prices than ever known in Bellefonte, as the following list will show:

Best quality, Iron Stone China: warranted not to craze.	
Tea Sets (58 pieces)	\$3 50
Dinner plates—largest size—per doz	1 25
Dinner plates—medium do	1 10
Tea Plates do	90
Tureens—round or oval each	60
Sauce dishes—round or oval—each	20
Sauce Trays—4 pieces	90
Sauce boats	25
Cup and saucer—handled—12 pieces	60
do do unhandled do	50
Fruit saucers—per doz	50
Chamber sets—10 pieces	3 00
Pitcher and Basin	1 00
Covered chamber	75

TABLE GLASSWARE.
Tumblers, each, 04c
Goblets " 06c
Fruit Bowl " 25c
Cake stands 35c
Glass Sets, 4 pieces 35c
Full Stock of Decorated Tea, Dinner and Chamber Sets.
Best English ware. Tea Sets, Decorated in Blue, Black, Brown or Claret, 56 pieces \$1.00—regular price \$7.00.
Full assortment in Majolica and Fancy Goods, &c.
Majolica Pitchers, 20c; Bohemian Vases height 10 inches, \$1.00, and everything else just as cheap in proportion.

I desire to say to every reader of this advertisement: I want your custom, and in reaching out for it I am fully prepared to give you the greatest value for your money once yet obtained. Call and examine the goods and the price. If I do not fulfill strictly all I claim as to prices being LOWER than ever before heard, I do not ask your patronage. The greater amount of goods I can sell the lower prices can and WILL be MADE.

Respectfully,
W. H. WILKINSON, Agent.

Sheriff's Sale.

By virtue of sundry writs of Fieri Facias and Venditioni Exposita issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Centre county, and to me directed, there will be exposed at Public Sale, at the Court House, in Bellefonte, on

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 20th, A. D. 1884,
at 1.30 o'clock, p. m., the following described real estate of the defendant, to wit:
All the defendant's right, title and interest in and to all that certain messuage, tenement or piece of ground situate in the Borough of Philadelphia, bounded on the north-west by lot No. 52 (now Myers property) on the south-east by Laurel street, on the north-east by Second street; and on the south-west by North Front street, said lot being 66 feet front on North Front street, two hundred and forty feet back along Laurel street to Second street, and 66 feet on North Second street, said lot being numbered in the plan of said Borough of Philadelphia as lot No. 52 and having thereon erected a large, well-finished frame dwelling house, a large store building of two rooms, one now occupied by Joe Lehman, clothier, the other by Davis & Son, Jewelers, the same being located on North Front street; also a small store room, partly finished, on Laurel street, also the Borough Engine House and Council Chamber, also situated on Laurel street; also two large dwelling houses fronting on North Second street, one being a double house, suitable for two families, with stable and carriage shed attached, standing back along the north-western line of said lot, with the necessary outbuilding, all being of wood, well finished, and in good condition.
Said, taken in execution, and to be sold as the property of Dr. J. H. Pierce.
T. J. DUNKEL,
Sheriff.

EXECUTRIX NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, executrix of the last will and testament of John Meyers, dec'd, late of Walker township, has taken out letters of administration. All persons having claims against the estate to present the same, duly authenticated for settlement.
MRS. ELIZABETH MEYER,
Executrix.

EXECUTRIX NOTICE.—Letters testamentary on the estate of John Meyers, dec'd, late of Walker township, having been granted to the undersigned, all persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make immediate payments, and all having claims against the same to present them, duly authenticated by law, for settlement.
ELIZABETH MEYER,
Executrix.

—Subscribe for the CENTRE DEMOCRAT.