

RAIL ROADS.		
BALD EAGLE VALLEY R. R.		
Time Table in effect May 12, '84.		
WESTWARD.		
Leave Lock Haven.....	AM.	PM.
Flemington.....	4 45	4 00
Mill Hall.....	4 48	4 04
Beech Creek.....	4 52	4 07
Eagleville.....	5 01	4 21
Howard.....	5 04	4 26
Mount Eagle.....	5 13	4 36
Curtin.....	5 18	4 43
Milesburg.....	5 22	4 48
Milesburg.....	5 30	4 55
Milesburg.....	5 40	5 05
Snow Shoe Int.....	5 53	5 19
Unionville.....	6 02	5 28
Julian.....	6 12	5 38
Martha.....	6 22	5 48
Port Matilda.....	6 29	5 56
Hannah.....	6 37	6 04
Fowler.....	6 39	6 06
Bald Eagle.....	6 49	6 19
Vail.....	6 58	6 24
Arrive at Tyrone.....	7 05	6 35
EASTWARD.		
Leave Tyrone.....	PM.	AM.
East Tyrone.....	7 30	8 10
Vail.....	7 37	8 17
Bald Eagle.....	7 40	8 20
Fowler.....	7 45	8 25
Hannah.....	7 54	8 35
Port Matilda.....	7 57	8 40
Martha.....	8 13	9 00
Julian.....	8 23	9 12
Unionville.....	8 33	9 24
Snow Shoe Int.....	8 42	9 32
Milesburg.....	8 45	9 35
Bellefonte.....	8 55	9 45
Milesburg.....	9 05	10 00
Curtin.....	9 15	10 09
Mount Eagle.....	9 19	10 14
Howard.....	9 26	10 24
Eagleville.....	9 36	10 36
Beech Creek.....	9 40	10 41
Mill Hall.....	9 52	10 57
Flemington.....	9 55	11 01
Arrive at Lock Haven.....	10 00	11 05

BELLEFONTE & SNOW SHOE R. R.		
Time Table in effect May 14.		
Leaves Snow Shoe 4:13 a. m., arrives at Bellefonte 6:20 a. m.		
Leaves Bellefonte 9:15 a. m., arrives at Snow Shoe at 10:54 a. m.		
Leaves Snow Shoe 3:50 p. m., arrives at Bellefonte 5:38 p. m.		
Leaves Bellefonte 8:10 p. m., arrives at Snow Shoe 10:40 p. m.		
S. S. BLAIR, Gen. Sup't.		

LEWISBURG & TYRONE R. R.		
Time Table in effect May 12, '84.		
WESTWARD.		
Leave Scotia.....	Mixed.	AM.
Fairbrook.....	12 15	5 00
Penn's Furnace.....	1 00	5 20
Hostler.....	1 15	5 40
Marengo.....	1 28	5 50
Loveville.....	1 35	5 55
Furnace Road.....	1 45	6 00
Warriors Mark.....	2 00	6 25
Pennington.....	2 12	6 40
Weston Mill.....	2 25	6 50
L. & T. Junction.....	2 31	6 55
Tyrone.....	2 35	6 58
EASTWARD.		
Leave Tyrone.....	Mixed.	PM.
L. & T. Junction.....	4 30	9 20
Weston Mill.....	4 34	9 25
Pennington.....	4 40	9 33
Warriors Mark.....	4 55	9 48
Furnace Road.....	5 05	9 58
Loveville.....	5 20	10 12
Marengo.....	5 26	10 16
Hostler.....	5 30	10 22
Penn's Furnace.....	5 30	10 35
Fairbrook.....	6 05	11 03
Scotia.....	6 25	11 30

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.		
(Phila. & Erie Division.)—On and after May 11, 1884.		
WESTWARD.		
ERIE MAIL		
Leaves Philadelphia.....	11 20	pm
Harrisburg.....	3 20	am
Williamsport.....	7 00	am
Jersey Shore.....	7 57	am
Lock Haven.....	8 25	am
Renovo.....	9 30	am
Arrives at Erie.....	6 00	pm
NIAGARA EXPRESS		
Leaves Philadelphia.....	7 40	am
Harrisburg.....	11 15	am
Arr. at Williamsport.....	2 55	pm
Lock Haven.....	3 55	pm
Renovo.....	5 05	pm
Kane.....	9 03	pm
Passengers by this train arrive in Bellefonte at.....	5 05	pm
FAST LINE		
Leaves Philadelphia.....	11 10	am
Harrisburg.....	3 25	pm
Williamsport.....	7 10	pm
Arr at Lock Haven.....	8 05	pm
EASTWARD.		
LOCK HAVEN EXPRESS		
Leaves Lock Haven.....	7 00	am
Williamsport.....	11 20	am
Arr at Harrisburg.....	11 20	am
Philadelphia.....	3 15	pm
DAY EXPRESS		
Leaves Kane.....	6 00	am
Renovo.....	10 05	am
Lock Haven.....	11 15	am
Williamsport.....	12 35	am
Arr at Harrisburg.....	3 43	pm
Philadelphia.....	7 25	pm
ERIE MAIL		
Leaves Erie.....	1 55	pm
Renovo.....	10 40	pm
Lock Haven.....	11 45	pm
Williamsport.....	1 00	am
Arr at Harrisburg.....	4 20	am
Philadelphia.....	7 50	am
Erie Mail East and West connect at Erie with trains on L. S. & M. S. RR.; at Corry with B. P. & W. RR.; at Emporium with B. N. Y. & P. RR., and at Driftwood with A. V. RR. R. NEILSON, Gen'l Sup't.		

CANCER CURED.		
No disease has so thoroughly baffled the skill of the medical profession as cancerous affections and as they have always been considered incurable, it has been thought irreparable to adopt their treatment as a specialty; and hence physicians have neglected their proper study. But of late years new and important discoveries have brought forth a course that now proves successful in any of its forms, with certainty, without the use of the knife or caustic plasters. We have a treatment that is comparatively mild. It is not poisonous, does not interfere with the healthy flesh, can be applied to any part of the body, even the tongue. We take nothing for our services until the cancer is cured. Address: D. J. HULBERT, Eagleville, Centre Co., Pa.		
—Wedding cards and all kinds of printing at the CENTRE DEMOCRAT office.		

A Deplorable Tale.

THE GREENLY'S PARTY'S DISSENSION.

NEW YORK, August 29.—A Times special says: The dissensions among the Greely party, which were more or less marked during their long stay in the Arctic regions, ended at last in a division of the survivors. As time passed at the camp on Cape Sabine, and the outlook became more gloomy and human flesh was finally resorted to as a food, the stronger ones obtained the lion's share. Lieutenant Greely, Hospital Steward Biederbeck, and Private Connell were the weakest ones of the party when the relief ships arrived. Sergeant Brainerd had a little strength left. He stood by Greely as none of the others did, and supplied him with a share of the food. Sergeants Long and Fredericks were quite strong. The former was able to go about on short hunting expeditions, in which he was accompanied by Sergeant Fredericks.

A statement has been published from Leigh Smith, of London, the famous Arctic explorer, in which he said the survivors should not have been so weak and prostrated if they had been living on human flesh. The truth is that the first reports of their condition seem to have been much exaggerated, especially with regard to Long, Fredericks and Brainerd. The first two named walked unassisted to the steam launch in a gale that tried the sailors of the relief ships to keep their feet. The others were quite weak—some of them too weak to walk.

Lieutenant Greely denies that there were two factions in the party, one under Kisingbury and the other under himself. He says Kisingbury desired to be relieved in 1881 and not wishing to retain a man against his will he gave him his liberty. He went southward, but the Proteus being sunk he returned to duty. The Lieutenant says he can but report that if there was any cannibalism, and he admits that there now seems to be no doubt about it, the man-eating was done in secrecy and with out his knowledge and contrary to his discipline.

"I can give no stronger denial," says the Lieutenant. "I have demanded an investigation, and it will come to time, but I can say nothing more than I have already stated. All my papers, Kisingbury's diary, Lockwood's diary, and in fact, every scrap of paper, relating to the expedition, are in charge of the War Department at Washington."

Lieut. Greely adds that since his return to his cottage here from Newburyport, every man of the survivors has called upon him and assured him separately that they knew nothing about the condition of the bodies of their fallen comrades.

"I cannot tell," the Lieutenant said whether they told the truth or not, and I doubt if an investigation will reveal who are the cannibals. I can but answer for myself and for my orders to the party. For days and weeks I lay on my back unable to move. If in my enfeebled condition one or more of my men fed upon human flesh, it is beyond my control and certainly beyond my knowledge.

"The reason why I did not telegraph at once upon my arrival at St. John's of the fact of the shooting of Henry was due to my own wretched condition, mentally and physically. Henry was shot on my own responsibility, but exigencies of the case demanded prompt action. I have since been assured by Secretary Chandler and Lincoln that I did only my duty in acting as I did."

General Hazen was out of town when his office in Washington was visited. Before leaving he remarked that he had nothing more to say of the matter.

Another Lie Nailed.

HON. S. J. RANDALL WILL HEARTILY SUPPORT CLEVELAND AND HENDRICKS.

It is interesting to note the wild and futile attempts of some unscrupulous journals to mislead the people by lying statements, and the most bare-faced misrepresentation in regard to the present campaign. Prominent among such papers are the Philadelphia Press and the New York Tribune, whose false utterances are always echoed by the rag tag and bob tail following of the insignificant Republican country press. A recent dispatch from Philadelphia to the Pittsburg Commercial Gazette says: "It is just possible that Samuel J. Randall will be found an auxiliary to the Kelly Butler bolt against Cleveland. It was stated here today that the ex-Speaker was disgusted with the letter of acceptance issued by the Democratic nominee. Randall was the only candidate for nomination at Chicago who was on the ground."

All this, Mr. Randall's friends say, has disgusted the ex-Speaker, and he states that after the letter he will take very little part in the canvass save to look after his own Congressional district.

Of course all Democrats, and every fair minded Republican knows that these insinuations are barren of fact and have not the slightest foundation for belief. The following letter from the Hon. S. J. Randall, in reply to a letter of inquiry from the editor of the

Sun and Banner in regard to the Pittsburg report, effectually nails the lie, which was simply started in the vain attempt to alienate Pennsylvania people from their foremost statesman and beloved fellow citizen.

LETTER FROM MR. RANDALL.

BERWYNS, Pa., August 27, 1884.

EDITOR SUN AND BANNER.—My Dear Sir:—Not a word of truth in the statement nor semblance of justification for such. You can so say. I do not want, however, to notice such paragraphs myself. I expect to speak almost daily on the stump after October the 1st and frequently before that date.

Yours, Truly,
SAMUEL J. RANDALL.

To The People.

STATUE OF LIBERTY.

JOINT RESOLUTION authorizing the President to designate and set apart a site for the colossal statue of "Liberty Enlightening the World," and to provide for the permanent maintenance and preservation thereof.

"WHEREAS, The President has communicated to Congress the information that citizens of the French Republic propose to commemorate the one hundredth anniversary of our independence by erecting, at their own cost, a colossal bronze statue of 'Liberty Enlightening the World,' upon a pedestal of suitable proportions to be built by private subscription upon one of the islands belonging to the United States in the harbor of New York; and

"WHEREAS, It is proper to provide for the care and preservation of this grand monument of art, and of the abiding friendship of our ancient ally; therefore be it

Resolved, By the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, that the President of the United States be and he is hereby authorized and directed to accept the colossal statue of Liberty Enlightening the World, when presented by citizens of the French Republic and to designate and set apart for the erection thereof a suitable site upon either Governor's or Bedloe's Island, in the harbor of New York; and upon the completion thereof shall cause the same to be inaugurated with such ceremonies as will serve to testify the gratitude of our people for this expressive and felicitous memorial of the sympathy of the citizens of our sister Republic; and he is hereby authorized to cause suitable regulations to be made for its future maintenance as a beacon, and for the permanent care and preservation thereof as a monument of art, and of the continued good-will of the great nation which aided us in our struggle for freedom."

The foregoing Resolution of Congress setting apart Fort Wood and Bedloe's Island, in the Harbor of New York, for the Statue of Liberty, and covenanting to provide for its permanent preservation and maintenance as a beacon and memorial of the ancient and continued good will of the great nation which so materially aided us in our struggle for freedom, is an equivalent on the part of our Government to a donation (including the maintenance of a powerful electric light in the hand of the Statue) of more than \$1,500,000 leaving it to the people of the United States to provide about one-fifth of that sum for the foundation and pedestal.

The whole structure when completed will exceed a height of 300 feet, and become a fitting monument to the grandeur of free government. The cost of the Statue—more than \$250,000—was contributed by one hundred and eighty one cities, and towns and precincts in the Republic of France, in appreciation of the blessing of a Government—"by the people, for the people"—such as exists in the United States of America, with a liberty that enlightens the world!—gracefully reminding us of the sympathy and help of their ancestors in our struggle to obtain it.

The American Committee having in charge the raising of funds for the completion of the pedestal are unable, from the very nature of the case, to organize sub-committees throughout the country for that purpose; therefore, they confidently appeal to influential and patriotic citizens of every locality, to Chambers of Commerce, boards of Trade, Exchanges and Societies, to aid them in this National Monument by forming sub-committees for the purpose of gathering the remainder of the needed funds.

The statue is finished, and has recently been formally presented to Mr. Morton, our Minister to France, and will be ready for transportation to our shores in a French national vessel as soon as the pedestal shall be ready to receive it. More than half of the sum required for its completion has been contributed—chiefly by New York and its immediate vicinity. The work is well under way, and ought not to be stopped by the indifference or apathy of the people. The Committee feel confident that it will not be, when the object of this international sentiment of friendship and love of liberty is fully comprehended.

Hitherto it has been misrepresented and misunderstood. It is in no way a private enterprise for personal or sectional glorification: it is the gift of the

people of France to the people of the United States!—the grandest monument ever dreamed of as a recognition of the blessings of Liberty. It is fitting that its pedestal should be constructed by the contributions of many and not of few. No North, no South, no East, no West; but throughout this glorious land. More than \$125,000 will be required to complete the pedestal of the Statue preparatory to its inauguration, as set forth in the Resolution of Congress.

The funds of the Committee are nearly exhausted; the work must stop within thirty days unless public spirit and patriotism is widely aroused to finish it. Indifference to it is tantamount to national ingratitude and humiliation.

All checks should be drawn to the order of H. F. SPAULDING, Treasurer.

Your fellow-countrymen,
WILLIAM M. EVARTS, President.
RICHARD BUTLER, Secretary.
HENRY F. SPAULDING, Treasurer.

Executive Committee:
JOSEPH W. DREARL,
PARKE GODWIN,
J. W. PINCHOT,
V. MUMFORD MOOR,
FREDERICK A. POTTS.

55 Liberty St., New York, Aug. 14th, 1884.

A Know-Nothing Candidate in Maine.

The Maine campaign has brought out the fact that Fredrick Robie, now Governor of that State, and a candidate for re-election, was the first President or what was known as "Grand Sachem" of a Know-Nothing Lodge in Biddeford. He not only took an active part in extending the organization, but he lived in a community where the prejudice against foreigners took the form of open violence.

Maine was then the home of prohibition and every other variety of fanaticism, so that the opposition to foreigners found easy lodgment and a natural home. Biddeford was the centre of the most of this feeling, and the violence went unchecked by the President of the lodge, now Governor of the State, and anxious for another term. It must have had his active sympathy, as a single word of opposition or even of disparagement from a man so situated would have been powerful to check or stop such outrages.

But Robie did not speak the word. He simply either encouraged the violence or sat dumb while they were going on only to come forward now and pose as the friend of the foreigner and the Catholic. Then he aided and abetted the creation of this dangerous sentiment, while his chief, Blaine, was also giving what encouragement he might in his newspaper and by voice and vote. Now, when they both want votes they come to the front as the noisy friends of the foreign-born citizen.

It is scarcely probable that such demagoguery will find the reward it seeks among the citizens once abused, hated and mal-treated. The Know-Nothing movement is too bitter in memory for the intelligent foreigners of the country to turn and kiss the hands that once smote them.

An "Old Soldier's" Questions.

Is it not a fact that Jay Gould and every stock gambler who would profit at the expense of the people in case of war and an unsettled condition of finances are all shouting for Blaine?

Is it not a fact that Blaine advocated the collection of more taxes than needed for the expenses of the Government and then distributing the surplus per capita among the States, thus making one section of the Union pay tribute to the other and furnishing employment to a horde of worthless politicians?

Is it not a fact that Blaine justifies Virginia's repudiation of an honest debt and champions the most notorious free-booter and political jobber, Mahone, in his attempt to destroy the standing of that glorious old state?

Is it not a fact that Blaine at this very time permits his own son to act with a committee who are assessing the Government employes in open defiance of law, and yet he pretends to advocate the very law he is violating?—New York Herald.

—Wilson, McFarlane & Co., call attention to the only reliable Ready Mixed Paint in the market. The Pioneer Prepared Paint is not only superior to any Ready Mixed Paint sold but rivals pure white lead in its smoothness in working and durability. This paint is guaranteed by the manufacturers not to crack or peel within three years. The guarantee is not only good for replacing the paint but it will be put on if it should crack or peel within the time specified. It will be to your interest to call and see Wilson, McFarlane & Co., before purchasing either white lead or any other Ready Mixed Paint.

—Brocade velvets, brown, garnet, black, and blue—German's.

E. BROWN, JR., & CO.,

No. 3 and 3
Bishop St.,
Bellefonte.

WE ARE BUSY!!

It would be strange if we were not as our Stock of

MEN'S, YOUTH'S AND BOYS CLOTHING

Is unrivaled for completeness and every excellence.

HOW DO WE KNOW?

From our customers, and we are sure they say what they mean.

Buyers Don't Flatter.

Our Prices are Right, which Means LOW.

It has been our aim to sell everything at as small profits as we can possibly afford. Many lines very choice goods have already been scaled a little lower down. How do we know we are right? From our customers. It is the only way to get at the truth that we know of.

SUMMER SUITS

In the latest and most stylish fabrics of the country.

If you are thinking about purchasing clothing call and examine our attractive stock. Look at our goods critically, inspect the style, fit and make, and see if they are not equal in every respect to the best Merchant Tailor's make and at ONE-HALF the cost.

Also, a full line of GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS, Hats, Caps, Etc., Etc.

OUR PRICES:

Lake Herring, 1-4 bbl.	\$2.00
1 Sack Best Roller Flour	1.40
3 Cans String Beans	25
3 " Lima "	25
3 " Corn "	25
3 " Tomatoes "	25
Granulated Sugar	8
1 Can Finest California Peaches	35
1 " Apricots	30
1 " Pears	30
3 pounds Sultana Prunes	25
1 gal. Best Table Syrup (all sugar)	60
Sugar Syrup	35
Choice Rice	08
3 " Peas	25
1 " Good Table Peaches	20
3 Bottles Catsup	25
1 lb. Baking Powder	30
1 lb. Pure Pepper	25
1 " Glucose Syrup	45
Lump Starch	06
Corn Starch, per pound	08
1 pound best Coffee	17
Sardines, 3 boxes for	25
Scaled Herring, per box	35
Loose Valencia Raisins	09
French Prunes 2 lbs. for	25
Olive Soap	08
Bloater Herring, per doz	20
2 lbs Canned Corned Beef	30
Tapioca Flake or Pearl	07

EVERYTHING ELSE

Sold as Cheap in Proportion.

We also have in connection with our store a first-class

Meat Market,

And sell CHEAPER than any other Meat Market in town.

E. BROWN, JR., & CO.

6-1-1 BELLEFONTE, PA.

Philadelphia Branch.

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