

# The Centre Democrat.

THE CENTRE DEMOCRAT is published every Thursday morning, at Bellefonte, Centre county, Pa.  
TERMS—Cash in advance..... \$1.50  
If not paid in advance..... \$2.00

A LIVE PAPER—devoted to the interests of the whole people.  
Payments made within three months will be considered in advance.  
No paper will be discontinued until arrearages are paid, except at option of publishers.  
Papers going out of the county must be paid for in advance.  
Any person procuring us ten cash subscribers will be sent a copy free of charge.  
Our extensive circulation makes this paper an unusually reliable and profitable medium for advertising.  
We have the most ample facilities for JOB WORK and are prepared to print all kinds of Books, Tracts, Programmes, Posters, Commercial printing, etc., in the latest style and at the lowest possible rates.  
All advertisements for a less term than three months 20 cents per line for the first three insertions, and 5 cents a line for each additional insertion. Special notices one-half more.  
Editorial notices 15 cents per line.  
LOCAL NOTICES 10 cents per line.  
A liberal discount is made to persons advertising by the quarter, half year, or year, as follows:

SPACE OCCUPIED.	3 MONTHS	6 MONTHS	1 YEAR
One inch (or 12 lines this type).....	\$5.00	\$8.00	\$12.00
Two inches.....	7.10	10.10	15.00
Three inches.....	9.20	13.20	19.00
Quarter column (or 3 inches).....	12.30	17.30	25.00
Half column (or 6 inches).....	15.40	22.40	32.00
One column (or 12 inches).....	18.50	27.50	39.00

Foreign advertisements must be paid for before insertion, except on yearly contracts, when half-yearly payments in advance will be required.  
POLITICAL NOTICES, 15 cents per line each insertion. Nothing inserted for less than 50 cents.  
Business Notices, in one editorial column, 15 cents per line, each insertion.

## TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

### Cleveland on Citizenship.

VIEWES EXPRESSED WHEN MAYOR OF BUFFALO ON THE RELEASE OF THE IRISH SUSPECTS.

When it became known in this country that Mr. Lowell had abandoned the Americans imprisoned in Ireland with out formal accusation, trial or conviction, the public indignation found expression in mass meetings to protest against his course, and about the time the controversy culminated such a meeting was called in Buffalo, N. Y. It was held April 9, 1882, in St. James Hall, and Gov. Cleveland, who had been then three months mayor of Buffalo, presided. On taking the chair he delivered the following address, which is certainly as frank and outspoken an utterance in regard to the duties of the American government to its citizens abroad as any one need ask for:

"FELLOW-CITIZENS: This is the formal mode of address on occasions of this kind, but I think we seldom realize fully its meaning or how valuable a thing it is to be a citizen. From the earliest civilization to be a free man, endowed with certain privileges and advantages and entitled to the full protection of the State. The defense and protection of personal rights of its citizens has always been the paramount and most important duty of a free, enlightened government. And perhaps no government has this sacred trust more in its keeping than this—the best and freest of them all—for here the people who are to be protected are the source of those powers which they delegate upon the express compact that the citizen shall be protected. For this purpose we choose those who for the time being shall manage the machinery which we have set up for our defense and safety.

"And this protection adheres to us in all lands and places as an incident of citizenship. But let the weight of a sacrilegious hand be put upon this sacred thing and a great wrong government springs to its feet to avenge the wrong. Thus it is that the native born American citizen enjoys his birthrights. But when, in the westward march of empire, this nation was founded and took root, we beckoned to the old world and invited hither its immigration and provided a mode by which those who sought a home among us might be come our fellow citizens. They came by thousands and hundreds of thousands; they came and

"Hear the dark old woods away,  
And give the virgin fields to day;  
They came with strong sinews and brawny arms to aid in the growth and progress of a new country; they came and upon our altars laid their fealty and submission; they came to our temples of justice and under the solemnity of an oath renounced all allegiance to every other State, potentate and sovereignty, and surrendered to us all the duty pertaining to such allegiance. We have accepted their fealty and invited them to surrender the protection of their native land.

"And what should be given them in return? Manifestly, good faith and every dictate of honor demands that we give them the same liberty and protection here and elsewhere which we vouchsafed to our native-born citizens. And that this has been accorded to them is the crowning glory of American institutions. It needed not the statute which is now the law of the land declaring that all naturalized citizens while in foreign lands are entitled to and shall receive from this government the same protection of person and property which is accorded to native born citizens, to voice the policy of the nation.

"In all lands where the semblance of liberty is preserved, the right of a person arrested to a speedy accusation or trial is, or ought to be, a fundamental law as it is a rule of civilization. At any rate, we hold it to be so, and this is one of the rights which we undertake to guarantee to any native-born or naturalized citizen of ours, whether he be imprisoned by order of the Czar of Russia or under the pretext of a law administered for the benefit of the landed aristocracy of England. We do not claim to make laws for other countries, but we do insist that whatsoever those laws may be they shall, in the interests of human freedom and the rights of mankind so far as they involve the liberty of our citizens, be speedily administered. We have a right to say and do say that mere suspicion without examination or trial is not sufficient to justify the long imprisonment of a citizen of America. Other nations may permit their citizens to be thus imprisoned. Ours will not. And this in effect has

been solemnly declared by statute. "We have met here to-night to consider this subject and to inquire into the cause and the reasons and the justice of the imprisonment of certain of our fellow citizens now held in British prisons without the semblance of a trial or legal examination. Our law declares that the government shall act in such cases. But the people are the creators of the government. The undaunted apostle of the Christian religion imprisoned and persecuted, appealing centuries ago to the Roman law and the rights of Roman citizenship, boldly demanded: Is it lawful for you to scourge a man that is a Roman and uncondemned? So, too, might we ask, appealing to the laws of our land and the laws of civilization, Is it lawful that these, our fellows, be imprisoned, who are American citizens and uncondemned? I deem it an honor to be called upon to preside at such a meeting, and I thank you for it. What is your further pleasure?"

\$385,000,000

John Roach was a visitor at the republican headquarters in New York on Saturday. His yacht name Yosemite is offered for sale to the government with the suggestion that she might be converted into a gunboat. She is to be bought by Secretary "Billee" Chandler as a vessel of "seven or eight hundred tons burthen" although she is said to be of only about four hundred tons. If accepted according to Mr. Roach's figures the Blaine corruption fund will no doubt get a very pretty contribution from the Chester subsidy seeker.

Speaking of this matter we are reminded that Senator Hawley said at the Blaine meeting in New York the other night that it is time we had a navy. Well, why hasn't the republican party given us a navy? Since 1866, a year after the close of the war, congress has voted for naval purposes Three Hundred and Eighty-five Millions of Dollars. Besides large sums were realized by the Navy Department from the sale of old materials. We once had a navy. That was during democratic times. The total appropriations for naval purposes from 1791 to 1860 was but \$336,000,000, or nearly \$50,000,000 less than those made since 1866. Yet our democratic administrations organized and maintained a navy which supported the honor and dignity of the government in a three year's war with England, in the war with Tripoli, the Mexican war, and wherever American interests required naval protection.

Observe the contrast! Republican administrations have spent \$385,000,000 in eighteen years in the Navy Department and yet we have no navy. Democratic administrations spent \$50,000,000 less than that sum in sixty years and created and maintained a creditable and powerful navy. But Mr. Blaine tells us that "not a dollar has been wasted" by the republican party. He probably got his information, so far as the Navy Department is concerned, from Contractor John Roach.—Harrisburg Patriot.

### Barnum Re-elected Chairman.

New York, July 24.—There was the usual bustle attending the gathering of a National Committee in the evening of the Fifth avenue hotel, from 8 o'clock until the morning until the Democratic National Committee. Earnest discussion of the situation was held on by a little knob of the committee men, and the feeling of confidence was marked. Statements of delegates amounted to a universal expression in favor of re-electing ex-Senator Barnum as Chairman of the Committee, Senator Wallace and William L. Scott, of Pennsylvania, Wm. C. Whitney and Daniel Manning having declined to stand.

At 11:40 a. m. the committee was called to order by Senator Gorman, of Maryland, Mr. Barnum having been suddenly called away last evening by a legal engagement. The session was an executive one, and all reporters excluded. Senator Gorman was at once elected Temporary Chairman, and Mr. Prince Temporary Secretary. H. O. Thompson of New York, made a motion, seconded by W. W. Armstrong, of Ohio, that Wm. H. Barnum be elected Permanent Chairman of the committee. This was done by acclamation unanimously. F. O. Prince was re-elected Secretary. Among others present was S. S. Cox, which was not a member of the committee.

### The Grand Army Demonstration.

MINNEAPOLIS, MINN., July 24.—The Grand Army parade was delayed in forming, but at noon was in motion and was received with tremendous cheers by sixty thousand people, who thronged every street on the line of march. The weather was fair but sultry. The whole Grand Army was in line and it was the largest demonstration since the war. As the parade passed the City Hall children on platforms waved banners and sang the old war song, which the veterans took up and passed on with uncovered heads. The blare of bands, waving of banners, shouts of thousands from street, windows and; housetops constituted an inspiring scene. As the tattered battle flags were recognized by old veterans a wild cry of delight went up. The enthusiasm was never equalled here.

## Republican Revolt.

There has been no Republican assemblage in this or any previous year so remarkable for the high average of intelligence, respectability and social standing of its members as was the conference of bolting Republicans held in New York last week.

Most of them are gentlemen of the very highest standing in the communities where they reside. Many of them have earned national fame in the most honorable walks of life. They represent in a most marked degree, the brain and conscience of the Republican party. And their revolt shows more clearly and convincingly than anything else could show the low estate to which that party has been brought by leaders incapable of meeting the imperative demand of the times for reform in men and methods.

The learning of the New England and Middle States joins the educated moral sense of those sections in turning from the party whose course is downward to the party that is steadily progressing in the opposite direction.

If the nomination of Grover Cleveland needed vindication—if it did not vindicate itself, as it assuredly does—what grander vindication could it possibly have than its cordial indorsement by what may be fairly termed the moral and intellectual essence of the Republican party?

The platform adopted by this conference, or convention, is a very distinct and emphatic declaration in favor of Administrative reform and in favor of Gov. Cleveland for President because he is a fitting representative of such reform.

Yesterday was a bad day for the Republicans, and the news from Pittsburg indicates that to-day will be scarcely less afflictive.

### Millions in it.

A WILD CRY STORY OF AN ALLEGED PURCHASE OF CUBA.

WASHINGTON July 27.—A story is published here by George H. Butler to the effect that ex-Governor Warmoth, of Louisiana, and the Lorillards, of New York have formed a syndicate to purchase Cuba for \$100,000,000 to use as a sugar and tobacco plantation. The Rothschilds are to guarantee the purchase money. Which is to be paid \$20,000,000 down and the rest in installments of \$5,000,000 yearly. Ex-Governor Warmoth, August Belmont, S. L. M. Barlow, Pierre Lorillard, Leland Stanford, James Gordon Bennett, John W. Mackay are named as members of the syndicate. It is to conduct its affairs like the old East India Company. The United States will be asked to modify the Chinese laborers to Cuba and to keep out other immigrants with Yankee gun boats. It will be asked to keep small garrisons in the principal towns. The company will maintain an armed constabulary 1500 strong, made up of ex-Confederates, enlisted for five years, at the end of which time the island is to be peaceful and prosperous that they will be superfluous. In return for moral and material support, at the end of ten years the island is to be turned over to the United States, which is to pay the remaining \$30,000,000, the syndicate retaining enough of the best sugar and tobacco lands to reimburse them with profit. John Russell Young has been offered \$25,000 a year to act as general factor for the syndicate. George C. Gorham to take his place if he cannot serve, and Pinchback, of Louisiana to act as Governor of the negro population.

Warmoth is said to have planned and worked up the scheme. He is said to have secured the approval of the President and Secretary Chandler, but to find Frelinghuysen less willing to see that it would reflect glory on the Administration. Warmoth is said to have this scheme in view in going abroad. He is coming back in October, when work is to begin.

### An Absentee Cabinet.

WASHINGTON, July 27.—The Administration has never been more completely dissolved for the time being than now. It is doubtful if there is another Cabinet meeting for two months. The Secretary of the State will spend the month of August at his New Jersey home on the Raritan. Secretary Folger is at his home in Central New York. Secretary Lincoln has gone to the seashore for several days, and would be off for a month or two but for the sickness of his wife's mother. Secretary Chandler is in New Hampshire getting ready to receive the Greeley party. Secretary Teller and Postmaster General Gresham have gone to their Western homes. Attorney General Brewster is keeping cool at long branch. The Government does not suffer the least disadvantage from their absence. Routine business goes on as usual, and any question of sufficient importance can be forwarded to them for their action.

—Exclusively dry goods—Garman's

## One Way to Raise Campaign Funds.

From the Norfolk Landmark.

We understand that circulars have been sent to the various prominent Government employes about here "requesting and expecting" that said employes will subscribe to not less than twenty-five shares of the stock of the Richmond Whig at \$1. per share, as it is necessary, the circular states, to enlarge the paper and strengthen it as a party organ. A blank note is inclosed in each circular for the employe to fill up according to the amount of stock he wants, and forward it to the bank in Petersburg for collection.

### Politics and the G. A. R.

The Milwaukee Sunday Telegraph, one of the most responsible and popular soldier newspapers in the country, says: "A leading Republican paper makes an announcement that the Grand Army of the Republic will take charge of General Logan's campaign for the Vice Presidency. The editor of that paper knows nothing of the principles of the Grand Army of the Republic, or, if he does, he intentionally misleads when he makes such an assertion. The Grand Army of the Republic will take charge of no candidate's campaign; it will boom no man for a political office under any circumstances. There are such Democrats as Bragg, Rosecrans, Slocum, Palmer, Black, Franklin, Woodward, Wyse, Rankin, Pettibone, Bouck, Ryan, and Hatch in the Grand Army of the Republic. Will the Republican editor in question imagine he sees those veteran Democrats throwing up their hats and booming a Republican candidate for office? No, gentleman, the Grand Army of the Republic is not a political club, and it never will be. The memories brought back in the meetings of the Grand Army are too sacred and to pleasant to be disturbed by so disturbing an element as party politics."

### Little Lottie Boyce.

HUNTINGDON, July 23.—Lottie Boyce, the young girl who was struck by an effect that the Huntingdon and Broad Top Railroad bridge at Saxton yesterday morning died in the evening. She was a general favorite among the community and her death has intensified the feeling against William Graw, the engineer. The latter has returned to his home, in this city. Before doing so he surrendered himself to the authorities of Bedford county and entered bail for his appearance at the next court in that county, to answer any charge that may be made against him. His statement is that before reaching the bridge he looked ahead and saw nothing on the track; that his fireman, who is also his son, had been oiling the cylinders and was unable to close the oil cups; that Graw went to close them and that his attention was thus occupied for several minutes; that when he looked out again his engine was within a car's length of the girl; that he put on the brakes and reversed the engine, but it was too late.

### Shot at Her Baby's Side.

York, July 27.—On Saturday night in Spring Garden township, about five miles from York, Mrs. Adam I. Miller was shot through the body while holding her sick infant upon her lap. She will in all probability die. Suspicion points to Pius Miller, the brother of her husband, upon purely circumstantial evidence. The supposed assassin is a young man of 21 years, son of Jacob Miller, a wealthy and respectable farmer living in the neighborhood. He has always been considered a monomaniac upon the subject of witchcraft, and has for years accused his sister-in-law of bewitching him.

On Saturday the husband took his family to his father-in-law's and retired at an early hour. Mrs. Miller was kept awake with her sick babe, and at midnight was sitting by the window in the second story of the farm house, when a report was heard and she received a shot in her right side, the ball penetrating the lungs.

The assassin climbed to the window on a ladder and fired the shot. The husband who was in bed, immediately ran to his wife's assistance and gave the alarm, but the guilty person could not be found. Medical assistance was summoned from York, and the woman's injuries pronounced fatal. To-night she lies in a precarious condition, suffering great pain. Adam J. Miller early this morning came to Freystown and made information against his brother Pius before Justice H. C. Grey, charging him with the crime.

Pius Miller has left the neighborhood and, as he has traveled considerably through the West, it is feared that he has crossed the river at Wild Cat Falls, taken the cars at Marietta and escaped.

### A Great Wheat Crop in Lancaster.

LANCASTER, July 23.—The farmers of this county have begun to thresh their wheat and find the yield to far exceed not only their most sanguine expectations

# LADIES

## TERRALINE

WE HAVE JUST RECEIVED A LINE OF

Vases and Plaques to which we invite your attention. The flowers and vines are in high relief, and when skillfully painted and glazed with AMBER ENAMEL, rival the celebrated English Doulton ware, costing from \$75 to \$100. In price they range from \$1 to \$3.

NO FIRING OR BAKING REQUIRED.

Call and examine the designs at

## GREEN'S PHARMACY,

Bush House Block,  
Bellefonte, Pa.  
We have Telephone Connection.

## PITTSBURGH FEMALE COLLEGE

AND PITTSBURGH CONSERVATORY OF MUSIC—100 full Music Lessons for \$18.  
Distinct Schools of Liberal Arts, Music, Education, Modern Languages, etc. Central, Healthful, where send for new Catalogue. Thirtieth year opens Sept. 2nd. Before making engagements see Catalogue to DR. I. C. PERSHING, Pittsburgh, Pa.

but all previous crops. Many instances of from forty to fifty bushels per acre on large farms are reported, and on B. J. McGrann's farm, near this city, 1,025 bushels were got off a twenty-acre field. The wonderful crop is cited in refutation of the theory that tobacco culture has deteriorated the Lancaster county lands for general agricultural purposes.

## A. C. MINGLE, SUCCESSOR TO DOLL & MINGLE.

BOOTS & SHOES.

Durability as well as appearance is the best test of cheapness.

I keep the best makes—goods of manufacturers who have gained a reputation for honest work.

I have the best Men's  
\$3.00 SHOE  
MADE IN AMERICA.

BOOTS & SHOES  
Made to Order.

SHOE POLISH  
That will not  
Crack the Leather.

Give me a trial.  
A. C. MINGLE.  
A 23, 84. BELLEFONTE, PA.  
17. 1y.

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE—  
Letters of administration on the estate of Solomon Klockner, dec'd, late of Miles township, Pa., having been granted the undersigned, notice is given to all parties having claims against said estate to present them, duly authenticated, and parties indebted to same are requested to make payments at once.  
M. D. ROCKEY,  
Administrator.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—Estate of Henry Beck, of Walker township, Centre county, Pa.  
All claims against estate to be presented to Mrs. ANN ELIZA BECK, Executrix.

White Goods—Garman's.  
The season after the Holidays is generally dull with the Tailors. We are offering extra inducements in low prices. We have given large orders, and the new goods are now coming in. Leave your order now.  
MONTGOMERY & CO.,  
Tailors.

## Extraordinary BARGAINS IN

IRON-STONE CHINA  
AND TABLE GLASSWARE.

W. H. WILKINSON, Agt.  
Dealer in

CHINA,  
GLASS,  
and Queensware,

ALLEGHANY STREET,  
Bellefonte, Pa.

Is selling ALL KINDS of Crockery and Table Glassware at LOWER prices than ever known in Bellefonte, as the following list will show:

Best quality, Iron Stone China: warranted not to craze	
Tea Sets (58 pieces)	\$3.50
Dinner plates—largest size—per doz	1.25
Dinner plates—medium do	1.10
Tea Plates do	.90
Tureens—round or oval each	.60
Sauce dishes—round or oval—each	.20
Sauce Tureens—4 pieces	.90
Sauce boats	.25
Cups and saucers—handled—12 pieces do do unhandled do	.50
Fruit saucers—per doz	.50
Chamber sets—10 pieces	3.00
Pitcher and Basin	1.00
Covered chamber	.75

### TABLE GLASSWARE.

Tumblers, each,	04c
Goblets, "	06c
Fruit Bowls	25c
Cake stands	35c
Glass Sets, 4 pieces	35c
Full Stock of Decorated Tea, Dinner and Chamber Sets.	
Best English ware. Tea Sets, Decorated in Blue, Black, Brown or Claret, 56 pieces \$5.00—regular price \$7.00.	
Full assortment in Majolica and Fancy Goods, &c.	
Majolica Pitchers, 20c; Bohemian Vases height 10 inches, \$1.00, and everything else just as cheap in proportion.	

I desire to say to every reader of this advertisement: I want your custom, and in reaching out for it I am fully prepared to give you the greatest value for your money once yet obtained. Call and examine the goods and the price. If I do not fulfill strictly all I claim as to prices being LOWER than ever before heard, I do not ask your patronage. The greater amount of goods I can sell the lower prices can and WILL BE MADE.

Respectfully,  
W. H. WILKINSON, Agent.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN  
That Austin J. and James Gramley, executors of the last will and testament of Joseph Gramley, dec'd, late of Miles township, Pa., have taken out letters, etc., and all persons having claims against the estate, to present the same duly authenticated for settlement, etc.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.—Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, executor of the estate of Mary Dunkle, dec'd, late of Walker township, has taken out letters etc. All persons indebted to the estate are requested to make payments and those having claims against the same to present them duly authenticated, for settlement.  
JACOB DUNKLE,  
Executor.

ORPHAN'S COURT SALE.—  
Pursuant to an order of the Orphan's Court of Centre county there will be exposed to public sale on the premises in the borough of Howard on

WEDNESDAY, AUGUST 13th, 1884,  
at 1 o'clock P. M., a valuable lot of ground situate in the borough of Howard, Centre county, Pa., late the property of James Mahaffey, deceased, bounded and described as follows:

On the north by Main street; on the east by lot of Henry C. Miller; on the south by lot late of Henry Rothrock, deceased; and on the west by lot of Robert Cooke, Sr., being about 50 feet in width on Main street and extending back in depth about 150 feet.

Upon this lot are erected a good two-story frame dwelling house, store room, ice house, and horse wood house and other out-buildings. There is a good cistern with filter on the premises. All buildings are in good repair.

TERMS OF SALE—Ten per cent. when property is struck off; balance of one-third on confirmation of sale; one-third in one year, and one-third in two years. Deferred payments to bear interest and to be secured by bond and mortgage on the premises.  
J. W. SMITH,  
Adm'r. of James Mahaffey, dec'd.  
W. R. HOPKINS, Auctioneer.