Philadelphia Branch.

Don't Forget

—THE—

Philadelphia Branch

IS A

ONE-PRICED STORE.

Is again to the fore with an extensive assortment of

Fall & Winter Clothing,

and respectfully invites the public to call and examine our elegant Suits and Over Coats, for

Men, Youth, Boys, and

Children's wear manufactured for our trade of the best material, and in all styles to please.

Our stock of Men's suits in Cutaways, Sacks, Prince Alberts, Double Breasted Coats, Reversible, Chenchilla and Beaver Overcoats are Superior, and Invite Attention.

And now just look here, Men and Boys, are you going to freeze this Winter, or not? Why, of course you're not. You must have Winter Clothing, and what you want is the BEST in the Market for the LOWEST Price. You have got your money honestly, and of course you want the most for it. WE WANT JUST SUCH BUSINESS, and therefore invite your visit to the PHILADELPHIA BRANCH. Our business relations with the People of Centre County in the past have been pleasant and satisfactory, and in offering our Thanks for the Liberal custom heretofore given us, we renew the pledge upon which we started out—FAIR AND JUST DEALING TO ALL.

REMEMBER THE

FINEST AND CHEAPEST

CLOTHING,

IS AT THE PHILADELPHIA BRANCH ON ALLEGHENY STREET

LEWIN & CO., Proprietors

Bellefonte, Pa.

Rail Roads.

BALD EAGLE VALLEY R. R.—Time Table in effect Nov 19, '83.

WESTWARD.	Exp. AM.	Mail. PM
Leave Lock Haven	4 45	4 00
Flemington	4 48	4 04
Mill Hall	4 52	4 07
Beech Creek	5 01	4 21
Eagleville	5 04	4 26
Howard	5 13	4 36
Mount Eagle	5 18	4 43
Curtin	5 22	4 48
Milesburg	5 30	4 55
Bellefonte	5 40	5 05
Milesburg	5 50	5 15
Snow Shoe Int	5 53	5 19
Unionville	6 02	5 28
Julian	6 12	5 38
Martha	6 22	5 48
Port Matilda	6 29	5 56
Hannah	6 37	6 13
Fowler	6 39	6 16
Bald Eagle	6 49	6 19
Vail	6 53	6 24
Arrive at Tyrone	7 05	6 35
EASTWARD.	PM.	AM.
Leave Tyrone	7 30	8 30
East Tyrone	7 37	8 37
Vail	7 40	8 40
Bald Eagle	8 45	8 45
Fowler	7 54	8 56
Hannah	7 57	8 59
Port Matilda	8 05	9 09
Martha	8 13	9 17
Julian	8 23	9 26
Unionville	8 33	9 37
Snow Shoe Int	8 42	9 47
Milesburg	8 45	9 50
Bellefonte	8 55	10 00
Milesburg	9 05	10 10
Curtin	9 15	10 19
Mount Eagle	9 19	20 23
Howard	9 26	10 32
Eagleville	9 36	10 42
Beech Creek	9 40	10 46
Mill Hall	9 52	10 58
Flemington	9 55	11 01
Arrive at Lock Haven	10 00	11 05

BELLEFONTE & SNOW SHOE R. R.—Time Table in effect Nov. 19.

Leaves Snow Shoe 4:13 a. m., arrives in Bellefonte 6:20 a. m.

Leaves Bellefonte 9:30 a. m., arrives at Snow Shoe at 11:04 a. m.

Leaves Snow Shoe 3:50 p. m., arrives at Bellefonte 5:38 p. m.

Leaves Bellefonte 8:10 p. m., arrives at Snow Shoe 10:40 p. m.

S. S. BLAIR *Gen Sup't.*

LEWISBURG & TYRONE R. R.—Time Table in effect Nov. 19, 83.

WESTWARD.	Mixed. PM.	AM.
Leave Scotia	12 15	5 00
Fairbrook	1 00	6 20
Penn'a Furnace	1 15	5 40
Hostler	1 28	5 50
Marengo	1 35	5 55
Loveville f	1 38	6 00
Furnace Road	1 45	6 10
Warriors Mark	2 00	6 25
Pennington	2 12	6 40
Weston Mill f	2 25	6 50
L. & T. Junction	2 31	6 55
Tyrone	2 35	6 58
EASTWARD.	Mixed. PM.	AM.
Leave Tyrone	4 00	9 20
L. & T. Junction	4 04	9 25
Weston Mill	4 14	9 33
Pennington	4 32	9 48
Warriors Mark	4 42	9 58
Furnace Road	4 57	10 12
Loveville	5 02	10 16
Marengo	5 07	10 22
Hostler	5 17	10 35
Penn'a Furnace	5 27	10 44
Fairbrook	5 47	11 03
Scotia	6 20	11 30

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.—(Phila. & Erie Division.)—On and after Nov. 18, 1883:

WESTWARD.		
ERIE MAIL		
Leaves Philadelphia	11 20	p m
Harrisburg	4 20	a m
Williamsport	8 40	a m
Jersey Shore	9 09	a m
Lock Haven	9 40	a m
Renovo	10 55	a m
Arrives at Erie	7 35	p m
NIAGARA EXPRESS		
Leaves Philadelphia	7 40	a m
Harrisburg	11 15	a m
Arr. at Williamsport	2 55	p m
Lock Haven	3 55	p m
Renovo	5 10	p m
Kane	9 03	p m
Passengers by this train arrive in Bellefonne at	5 05	p m
FAST LINE		
Leaves Philadelphia	11 10	a m
Harrisburg	3 25	p m
Williamsport	7 15	p m
Arr at Lock Haven	8 05	p m
EASTWARD.		
LOCK HAVEN EXPRESS		
Leaves Lock Haven	6 50	a m
Williamsport	7 55	a m
arr at Harrisburg	11 30	a m
Philadelphia	3 15	p m
DAY EXPRESS		
Leaves Kane	6 00	a m
Renovo	10 05	a m
Lock Haven	11 15	a m
Williamsport	12 25	a m
arr at Harrisburg	3 43	p m
Philadelphia	7 25	p m
ERIE MAIL		
Leaves Erie	1 55	p m
Renovo	10 27	p m
Lock Haven	11 20	p m
Williamsport	12 35	a m
arr at Harrisburg	4 08	a m
Philadelphia	7 50	a m

Erie Mail East and West connect at Erie with trains on L. S. & M. S. RR.; at Corry with B. P. & W. RR.; at Emporium with B., N. Y. & P. RR., and at Driftwood with A. V. RR. T. GUCKER,

Gen'l Sup't.

CANCER CURED.

No diseases have so thoroughly baffled the skill of the medical profession as cancerous affections and as they have always been considered incurable, it has been thought disreputable to adopt their treatment as a specialty; and hence physicians have neglected their proper study. But of late years new and important discoveries have brought forth a course that now proves successful in any of its forms, with certainty, without the use of the knife or caustic plasters. We have a treatment that is comparatively mild. It is not poisonous, does not interfere with the healthy flesh, can be applied to any part of the body, even the tongue. We take nothing for our services until the cancer is cured. Address

D. J. HULBERT,

Eagleville, Centre Co, Pa.

—Subscribe for the CENTRE DEMOCRAT

On account of the great rush at our store during the past week, we were unable to prepare our publication this week. Look out for it next week.

C. U. Hoffer & Co.

The Story of the Shooting.

JAMES NUTT TELLS HOW HE HAPPENED TO KILL DUKES.

Pittsburgh, January 24.—After James Nutt had been released yesterday, h was asked: "Did you leave home on the evening of the killing with the intention of shooting Dukes? He said:

I am now free and will tell you the truth. I no more intended to kill Dukes that evening when I left home than I have of shooting Mr. Brown there now. I always carried a pistol. All boys have fancies, and mine was to be a good pistol-shot. Many hours I have spent practicing with a pistol before my father was killed and after I got father's pistol, I become more than ever infatuated with it. How I made such good shooting that morning I can't say, for I am not what is known as a good pistol shot. After I got the mail I started home that night and turned into that building like boys do—where they said I laid in wait for Dukes—for an entirely different purpose. Coming out I saw Dukes. pass' and the time from when I commenced to shoo till I quit is now and has always been a blank. I did not know how often I fired till I heard from others. None of my relatives ever advised me to shoot Dukes; on the contrary, they always wished he would go where none of us would see him Boys have advised me to kill him and I have received letters saying to kill him but all my relatives advised me not to think of doing such a thing."

During further conversation he said he would work on his uncle's farm until spring, as he desired to be at home. He said he had a horror of pistols and said he would not continue the practice of shooting. He had no fear of any person hurting him, and he intended to make a man of himself.

Jimmy Nutt, his mother, grandmother, Lizzie, his brother Joe, and James Junk, his uncle, arrived at Uniontown about 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon and were driven directly from the depot to their home on Mt. Vernon avenue. Some four hundred persons assembled at the depot, but there was no undue excitment, although there were warm expressions of gratification among those assembled. Some persons had suggested a demonstration, but the advice of well-known citizens prevailed and the idea was abandoned. A rumor was current that Jimmy would be killed if he came back to Uniontown, but there seems to be no ground for any such impression, and the general sentiment is to allow the matter to sink out of sight if such be possible.

After Eighteen Years.

Cyrus Grow, of Reading, about 35 years of age, on Sunday night left his work and went home feeling sick and then to bed. He grew worse and soon was in violent spasms. These came at short intervals and became so terrible that he was handcuffed and tied on the bed and four men were placed in the room to watch him. Finally he frothed and made a singular resonant noise with his mouth like the bark of a dog. He seemed to want to snap at anything that came near him.

When given some water Grow said: "I know what is coming—this is hydrophobia. About eighteen years ago I was bitten by a dog, and I don't want to be the means of hurting anybody; if I get into a fit send for handcuffs and put them on me and see that I am taken care of."

About six o'clock Monday evening, while in one of the spasms, he freed himself from one of the handcuffs and jumped out of bed. He became so desperate that seven men who were in the room could not hold him and Grow chased all out of the room. They locked the door and Grow hoisted the window and jumped out to the pavement below. He had in some way procured a knife and with this he lacerated his throat and wrists. He was overpowered by several policemen and conveyed to the almshouse. The attending physician says that, in his opinion, all the trouble originated from malarial fever.

Sept. 14th, 1880.

Hop Bitters Co., TORONTO:

I have been sick for the past six years suffering from dyspepsia and general weakness. I have used three bottles of Hop Bitters, and they have done wonders for me. I am well and able to work, and eat and sleep well. I cannot say too much for Hop Bitters.

4-2t SIMON ROBBINS.

JAY GOULD was found by a reporter of the New York *World*, the other evening, in the little study of his residence, toasting his slippered feet before an open fireplace. The financier was asked what he considered the cause of the recent collapses of the Northern Pacific and other roads. Mr. Gould, after a moment's thought, replied, as to the Northern Pacific: "Why, the Northern Pacific is all well enough. The projectors of the enterprise are the ones to blame. In the first place, Mr. Villard is a man before unknown in railroad circles, who attempted to engineer the construction of a gigantic thoroughfare, of whose cost neither he nor any of the interested parties had a correct idea. As a natural consequence the company found itself even before the completion of the road saddled with a floating debt of $8,000,000 or more, in addition to the bonds issued. Of course the creditors soon began to clamor for their money. It was not forthcoming and then there was but one ending—disaster. I think the Northern Pacific itself, as soon as its local business can be developed, will become an exceedingly valuable property. How it could have cost so much I cannot understand. We built the Southwestern system about the same time for $20,000 a mile. The Northern Pacific cost, I believe, $25,000 a mile at first, and in addition to this $18,000,000 in second mortgage bonds were issued to finish and equip it. Ignorance of the cost on the part of the projectors was the cause of the Northern Pacific collapse."

Mark the Sacred Spots!

Referring to the resolution recently presented by Senator Vorhees to have congress appropriate a certain amount of money to mark the spots made memorable in the revolution, the Doylestown *Democrat* puts in an approving claim for the Jericho mountains of Montgomery county and remarks: "This is the proper thing for the Government to do. All the battle-fields of the Revolution, and such other places as the events of the period made historical, should be marked, by monument or other device, by order of congress, unless this has already been done by the state, or local authorities. As time rolls on these points will all become national Meccas, and the erection of something thereon, to mark the locality, will have a tendency to consecrate them with the people. Without the monument, Bunker Hill would never have become the resort it is. Should not the same encouragement be given to the people to visit Trenton, Brandywine and Valley Forge? That heart must be cold indeed, which cannot draw inspiration of patriotism from the spots where patriots died that Liberty might live. We believe it to be a duty the Government owes to the services and memory of our Revolutionary fathers. There is no time more fitting for this work than the present; and, with an abundance in the treasury, there can hardly be an excuse for not doing it. There is but one spot in this county, so often trod by the Continental army, that should be marked. This is the brow of Jericho mountain, near the Delaware, in Upper Makefield township. After Washington and his army had been driven across the Delaware, in December, 1776, he encamped it under the shadow of Jericho, and the commander in-chief, and his most trusted lieutenants, quartered near it. The eastern end of Jericho is a bold headland, and from its summit one has an unobstructed view down the river and over the country to the southwest. On that point Washington had his look out; and there congress should cause to be erected a modest monument to mark it for future generations. It is holy ground all about Jericho mountain. In every field are the remains of Revolutionary soldiers, and from there Washington marched to strike the enemy at Trenton, the turning point in the war. No part of our Revolutionary history is more memorable, or possesses a deeper interest, than that connected with this period. A few thousand dollars, in bringing it visibly before the rising generation, will not be spent in vain.

Society undertakes to protect itself by abating nuisance. Are not confirmed drunkards nuisances? They destroy the peace of families; they endanger the peace of the community; they fritter away uselessly the earnings of labor: to themselves and to others they are a constant menace. Why should they be allowed a liberty they abuse? We put lunatics who are not responsible for their lunacy in safe keeping; ing: why should we not provide against a form of lunacy which is accompanied by legal responsibility? It would de quite as practicable, as a matter of economy, to take care of a drunkard before he gets to be a pauper or a criminal who has to be shut up in a poorhouse or a penitentiary as to take care of him afterward; and what a world of misery might be thus prevented? Habitual drunkenness should be made a statutory crime, to be punished by confinement and dispossession of the control of property during the time of its continuance. In Germany a record is kept in every town of the of number confirmed inebriates. Physicians are required to aid in making up the list. The unfortunate person then becomes the charge of the State. Some policy of this sort—with proper sanitary and humane restrains to facilitate recovery and prevent abuse—will sooner or later be adopted in every civilized country. It is the measure of temperance reform which promise certain benefits.—*Phila. Record.*

General.

Gen. Hancock was recently asked, by a rural genius in the West where he was during the late war.

You can ponder and study on the subject of friendship, but go to work, earn a dollar and then save it, and you will have hold of the best friend possible in this world.

Engineering in China has achieved a notable triumph in the construction of the bridge at Lagrang, over an arm of the China Sea. It is five miles long, built entirely of stone, has 300 arches seventy feet wide. The pillars seventy-five feet apart.

A French authority says that boots and shoes may be rendered permanently waterproof by soaking them for several hours in thick soap water. A fatty acid is formed in the leather by the soap, which makes it impervious to water.

Judge Pershing, of Pottsville, has decided that the professional base ball player is not a laborer within the meaning of the statutes giving laborers a preference over other creditors in the distribution of an insolvent estate.

Holland, in the last three centuries has recovered from the sea at least 90,000 acres. The lake of Harlem became terra firma between 1840 and 1852, and the Zuyder Zee is in process of transformation into 500,000 valuable acres. Holland has now 1,479,000 oxen and cows, and her present output of cheese is estimated as worth $3,000,000.

The shell of a fossil turtle of a tertiary time, unearthed in India and placed in the collection of the British Museum, was nearly nine feet in length and twenty-seven in width. Its feet were as those of a rhinocerous, and when alive the animal must have been over twenty feet long and have weighed several tons.

A women can do anything or everything, and do it well. She can do more in a minute than a man can do in an hour, and do it better. She can make the alleged lords of creation bow down to her own sweet will, and they will never known it.

It is related of the 13-year old Boston school girl who died last week as alleged, of over-study, that during her delirium she repeated page after page of history, and struggled with the notes of music frequently crying: "Oh, mother, if I could only get these notes out of my head!"

Denis Kearney now presides over a cake stand at a place on the beach near San Francisco called Mooneyville. The beach belongs to the city, and the squatters there will soon be compelled to leave, when Kearney will have a grievance to howl about.

In his will, which was offered for probate in New York Saturday, the late Charles Delmonico gives one-half the estate of about $2,000,000 to his sister Rosa and the other half to his nephews, Lorenzo D. Christ and Charles Delmonico Christ, and his neice Josephine.

Dakota is almost ready for admission into the union. Her politicians are calling each others liars, the governor has been charged with bribery, two Episcopal dioceses have been created, Henry Villard has smashed all to pieces, and the snow is seven feet on a dead level.

A prominent and prosperous farmer is quoted as saying recently: "When I was a boy and trudged along to school I was taught to take off my hat and make obeisance whenever I met a grown person. How is it now? Why, a man is fortunate if he can pass by a school house without being snow-balled."

The Augusta (Ga.) *Chronicle* expresses conviction that "the true political and commercial alliance of the South is with the East, and not with the West. This is essentially true," it says, "of the South Atlantic States, whatever it may be with regard to the Gulf and Mississippi River Commonwealths."

The Constitution of Missouri forbids a railway corporation giving a free pass to any State official, but Gov. T. T. Crittenden has a happy way of evading this cruel provision. The railways send him passes made good for "Mrs T. T. Crittenden and family," and the foxy Gov. deadheads his way as one of the family.

Few people are aware of the magnitude of India, or comprehend that it contains some 50,000,000, more people than all Europe west of the Vistula. Fewer still know that it contains 62 cities with a population of more than 50,000, people, and 22 cities with more than 100,000 inhabitants. Below the limit of 50,000 the towns become much more numerous, and there are hundreds with population above 20,000.

A singular case of the effects of imagination recently occured in Elizabeth N. J. Samuel Morgan, a short while ago, complained of a sensation in the shoulder as if the amputated limb was still on and the hand cramped and aching. He caused the arm to be dug up a few days ago, when it was found that it was bent at the elbow and the hand were straightened out and buried again. Since then he says the unpleasant sensation has disappeared.