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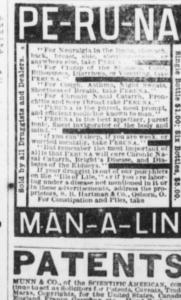
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The Centre Democrat.

BELLEFONTE, PA AGRICULTURAL.

Every farmer in his annual experience discovers something of value. Write it and send it to the "Agricultural Editor of the Demograt, Bellefonte, Penn'a," that other larmers may have the benefit of it. Let communications be timely, and be sure that

Poultry Notes.

By the Press' Special Contributor.

Neglect is the prime reason why so many people have what they call "poor luck" with fowls.

of wisdom in the hen business. The breeder who masters that difficulty will find other things comparatively

It is less difficult than many sup pose to know every fowl of a flock by sight. Variety in form and feature is not confined to the human race.

The habit of fieding a flock of fowls a little each morning, not half enough to fill their crops, and then of giving no more nutil the next day, is stroy every one; then filling up a common practice and a short-sight- around the tree with fresh earth and ed one- No domestic stock can be profitable if kept in a half-starved around the base. John Rutter, the condition. Comfort is the first re-

trees or under open sheds in winter, or so beneath the surface, about an don't make any serious complaint if ounce of hard, yellow soap, and apdishonest neighbors steal them. Death plies the same quantity to the place puts them out of a great deal of mist injured by the worm or in the inciery. When forced to sleep in this sion made in probing after it. The way at night it is a rational conclusosp, in his opinion, repels the insect sion that their comfort and happi- and the borer and acts as a stimulant

ally good reason for excessive fear flow into and fill up every hole, thus and shyness that does not all pertain destroying all by a scalding flood. An logs is not the way to gain their con fidence nor to deserve it.

Variety in food is what the poultry owner should bear in mind. Not all corn, nor all fresh meat, nor all of anything else which is excellent, but son, Superintendent of the State Ag. strict regularity should be observed a little of nearly everything by turns ricultural farm of Nebraska, reports in feeding. that a fowl likes. Corn may predommate, but corn will ruin a flock in preparations made for winter. Among time. Still it must be said that not these is a shed built for the stock enough corn ruins a great many more logs of the farm. This imposing flocks; in other words, starvation. A structure stands on a knoll in the pig hen or pullet that is thin and poor pasture, and is thirty-two feet by bout the 1st of November need not welve. Its walls on three sides were

night, into which a man cannot get, closely packed. The front, which is an excellent place in which to faces the south, is boarded up, except them to be free from gapes. breed hen cholera. Fowls can stand three feet square at each end, which considerable in the way of bad smells and bad air, but to roost month after per boards, for two feet down from twine and tie twigs from opposite per boards, for two feet down from two and bad air, but to roost month after per boards, for two tests and busy such bleaches butter. Wash in clean water before laying clothes on the butter. pretty sure to bring about results that hinges, so that they can be opened the owner can get every day and keep two men a day and a half to build it clean, the cleaner the better. If a it, requiring 200 feet of lumber and curing meat is in order, we republish, horse stable is to be cleaned out fity cents worth of hinges. The roof as of old, our famous eccipt for curevery day, why not a hen house two is made by laying poles across and or three times a week?

DEEP TILLAGE AND DROUGHT .-Last week three of the leading agricultural papers of the country discussed the value of deep tillage as a preventive of damage by drought No fact is better established than this. If the soil is stirred deeply before planting the roots will find a more enduring supply of moisture to carry the crop through a season of dry weather. Opinions differ as to the propriety of stirring the surface when the air contains little moisture, but it is not unreasonable to suppose that under these conditions the upper stratum of soil will dry out more rapidly than if left alone. But, on

The Peach Borer.

"I have received much information from the farmers' department of your paper, and now come to you for advice. I bought a farm this fall, and pecially where the broods are largeon it are about seventy-five young It does not follow that whole broods peach trees. In digging around the roots I find in some of them borers and in others a multitude of small worms, pure white, from one fourth to one-half inch in length, about the size of a coarse thread, and very tough. Can you tell me what these are, and how to save my trees? I once thoroughly understood, it may dug the worms out as well as I could be avoided. There are also some and put ashes around the trees." The grubs infesting your peach orch ard are peach tree borers. The eggs better for these to drop off while are deposited in the summer on the hase of the trunk near the collar. There they are hatched and bore The fear of lice is the beginning their way under the bark of the tree, either in the stem, root or both, producing usually, though not always. an effusion of gum. The usual treat ment of trees affected by these bor ers consists in removing the earth from around the collar of the root, scraping away the gum, destroying any cocoons that may be found and tracing the grub through their holes in the tree with a wire or other probe and killing them, being sure to deplacing a shovel or two of ashes well-known Pennsylvania peach grow er, after removing all grubs, rubs When fowls are forced to roost in around the base of the tree, an inch to the trees. Some of our corres When fowls are very wild it does pondents have attested to the efficacy not speak well for the care and kind. of boiling water poured in all around ness of the owner. There is gener. the neck of the tree, so that it may to the breed. Better have fowls that objection to this plan is there is no will take corn from between your certainty that all the grubs will be teeth than have them dash through a reached. If one grub is left in the window when you unexpectedly enter tree the work is not well done. Wood their premises. To chase them with shees and strong soapsuds are excellent applications for the peach trees. Ashes and lime form an excellent dressing to be applied about the trees spring and fall .- Cor. N. Y. World.

in The Farmer, of that State, some be counted on to be profitable through made by setting up two panels of our movable fence two feet apart, and fil-A room for fowls to roost in at ing the space between with straw covering deeply with straw. For wintering stock hogs, a pen like this, which can be changed to a new place next year, has some advantages over a fixed one, and no doubt the swine will be as comfortable as any of their brethren on the prairies.

advice of E. P. Roe is to set out small fruits in the fall in well prepared and deeply pulverized soil. The following simple directions will secure almost uniform success: Set the plants so that there is four inches on light soil and three inches on heavy after the ground is leveled off. Give mulch upon the finely pulverized plant after the ground is levelled. Just before freezing weather—say in feeding. It is to be remembered, also, November in our latitude—mound up also the best safeguard against excessive moisture. Indeed, it would be by the frost. Level these mounds as any other. The meat is unsurpassed difficult to find a season, wet or dry, soon as the frost is out in the spring. for sweetness, delicacy and freshuess difficult to find a season, wet or dry, soon as the frost is out in the spring, when deep cultivation and thorough and maintain level culture. I have drainage would injure an ordinary rarely lost a plant, and have usually secured double growth by this course.

How to Avoid Disease.

Young chickens frequently die, and it is almost an Impossibility to raise every chick that is batched, more esshould be lost. That so many die, is the result of carelessness and negligence. Unforseen accidents happen in every one's experience, but can be avoided the second time. The gapes is not the worst disease known to the fraternity, for when this difficulty is weak, puny birds among the broods, that can never reach maturity. It is young, as no amount of care or nursing can be of avail. The strong, robust ones can be raised. To avoid weakness, which is the hand-maid of disease, the fowls should not be close. bred. In order to secure strong chicks from the start, the breeding birds should be young, and in full vig or. They must be well fed and cared Then the chicks come from the shell strong and active. To avoid weakness feed this strength with -trong hearty food.

Eggs from well kept hens are better than those from poorly fed fowls; therefore it is better to keep the fowls well. If the chicks are well fed and kept dry and warm, they are proof gainst all disease. It is only the oor half starved ones that are attackd with disease. A strong, vigorous constitution will stand a good deal-Moistened meal, as many young beginners are apt to think, is not good for them. It is almost an impossibility for them to endure it day after lay, even if freshly wet, and not in in acid and fermenting state. Chicks hould be given whole grain, and fed corn as soon as old enough to manige a kernel, which they will do quite young. Strong, hearty food is sure to prevent gapes, and full crops keep the young blood in motion.

Strength and activity keep the anmal's blood in motion, and this promotes growth. All of this is brought about by giving good tood, and keeping the chicks clean, dry and warm. Anything which retards growth, and interferes with temperature and acion, promotes disease. Any dampness of apartments where the fowls are confined at night or throughout the day, brings on roup, which is often incurable. Dampness and cold, chilly quarters provoke the gapes, which often ends in death. Chicks can endure quite a degree of cool air if it is dry, without receiving an injury, but dampness and cold are almost sure death. The diseases to which chickens are subject may all A Hog Shed.-Prof. S. R. Thomp | be avoided what care and finite, and Fowls are regular in their habits, and be avoided with care and forethought.

> FARM AND HOUSEHOLD HINTS .-Barley fattens young geese.

Salt sown under fruit trees kills the codling moth. Gas lime sown in the fields in winter

drives away moths and moles.

Plant the quick growing Virginia creeper around trellises and out-

Keep chickens on clean runs and away from manure beaps if you want When forked trees threaten to split

Grease is said to be a sure remedy will lead the owner to say that "hens in pleasant weather to let in the sun. for apple tree bark lice. It should be d n't pay " Have a place into which This edifice took the united labors of applied cau iously, however, for it injures the twigs.

As the season has arrived when ing beef, pork, mutton, hams, etc., as follows:

To one gallon of water Take 11 ths. of salt, th. sugar, oz saltpetre, vz. potash.*

In this ratio the pickle can be increased to any quantity desired. Let these be boiled together until all the dirt from the sugar rises to the top, SETTING OUT SMALL FRUITS .- The and is skimmed off. Then throw it into a tub to cool, and when cold, pour it over your beef or pork. The meat must be well covered with pickle, and should not be put down for at least two days after killing, during which time it should be slight, ly sprinkled with powdered saltpetrewhich removes all the surface blood, soil above the branching of the roots

etc., leaving the meat fresh and clean.

Some omit boiling the pickle, and find it to answer well, though the operathe other hand, if made to lie more to each hill one or two shovelfuls of throwing off the dirt always to be locsely it may be more effective as a manure on the surface around the found in salt and sugar. If this receipt is strictly followed, it will require only a single trial to prove its that this preparation for drought is the earth against the plant. This pre- most ways, of putting down meet, also the best safeguard against exces-

of color.