The Centre Democrat.

BELLEFONTE, PA.

THE CENTRE DEMOCRAT is pub-

LIVE PAPER-devoted to the interests of the

Payments made within three months will be considered in advance.

SPACE OCCUPIED. One inch (or 12 lines this type).

Foreign advertisements must be paid for before in ertion, except on scarly contracts when half-yearly sayments in advance will be required. Partical Various. Scenuts per line each insertion Nothing inserted for less than 50 cents. BUSINESS NOTICES in the editorial columns, 15 cents or line, each insertion.

Anti-Discrimination.

HARRISBURG, Pa., April 20 .- The senate committee on judiciary general has prepared an anti-discrimination bill which will be reported to day. In the first place it strikes out the clause inserted by Mr. Hulings, which prohibits a greater change for the transportation and delivery of any property than for a less quantity of property of the same class in the same direction to any more distant station. As the bill now stands the first simply declares that any undue or unreasonable discrimination by a railroad company or other common carrier in charges or facilities for the transportation of freight is unlawful. Section second defines undue and unreasonable discrimination to consist in carrying for any person, firm or corpora. tion any article of freight at a rate different therefrom by reason of a drawback or otherwise from that which such article of freight is carried for any other firm or corporation, or in giving facilities in cars, motive power or otherwise for transporting freight for one person, firm or corporation which are denied or neglected to be given after demand to any other person, firm or corporation; subject. or in giving greater facilities for the transportation of the freight of one person than for another, or in any other act or performance by which any person, firm or corporation obtains advances of any kind from or through the act of such railroad company that are not given, denied or neglected to be provided for any other. Any director or officer of one railroad company or any receiver, trustee or lessee thereof or agent who violates the provisions of this section is made guilty of a misdemeanor punishable by a fine of \$500 and six months imprisonment, or both or either. at the discretion of the court. Section 3 provides that the party injured by discrimination may recover treble damages in any court of common pleas, the question of what constitutes unjust discrim ination to be left to the jury. Section 4 extends the jurisdiction of the court to bills of discovery and bills to perpetuate testimony, and provides that the testimony of a witness shall not criminate him. Goods shipped for charitable purposes or for exhibition are exempted from the provisions of the bill.

The Dynamite Fiends.

EIGHT OF THE PRISONERS ARRAINGNED IN COURT-"NORMAN" TURNS INFORMER.

LONDON, April 19 .- Norman, Dalton, Wilson, Dr. Gallagher, Bernard Gallagher, Curtin, Ansburgh and Whitehead, the eight men arrested in connection with the dynamite plots, were arraigned this morning. Norman was conveyed to court by himself and when all arrived it was announced that he would turn informer. The others were formally charged with treason and felony. Norman on being called to the stand testified that his real name was Wm. Jos. Lynch, and that he was born of Irish parents in the state of New York. Lynch swore that he joined a secret society in New York, the object of which was to free Ireland by force. He was sive profits to the Diamond Match Comgiven money by Gallagher to go to London and was told he would know what r when he got there. He reached London on March 22 and met Gallagher on the 27th. They walked past the told him that was what they had to do. talk of his conspirators that O'Donovan sent him to Whitehead for material. In deposition was being read, and examination was adjourned until tomorrow. port trade will doubtless be established in a short time.—Valley Spirit.

Contract Prison Labor.

The passage of the bill abolishing prison contract labor by the New York Assembly and the avowed purpose of certain labor reformers to put such a measure through our own legislature brings this subject before the public for consideration on its merits, if it has any. It is a favorite theme with a certain class, and the people who are easily caught and carried away by clamor dered in advance.

No paper will be discontinued until arrearages are in except at option of publishers.

Papers going out of the county must be paid for in to suppose that great injustice is being

Papers going out of the county must be paid for in advance.

Any person procuring us tencash subscribers will be sent a copy free of charge.

Our extensive circulation makes this paper an unsually reliable and profitable medium for anvertising. We have the most ample facilities for JOB WORK and are prepared to print all kinds of Books. Tracts, Programmes, Posters, Commercial printing, &c., in the anset style and at the lowest possible rates.

All advertisements for a less term than three months 20 cents per line for the first three insertions, and 6 cents a line for each additional insertion. Special notices one-half more.

Editorial notices 15 cents per line.

Locat Norders, in local columns, 10 cents per line.

Locat Norders, in local columns, 10 cents per line.

Lateral additional insertion of the state of the proposition of the state of the highest bidder, the State can erect and sustain manufactories in order to give them employment, or the can be supported in idleness by the tax payers. One of these three method There are but three possible methods of supporting the criminals who are compelled to be confined for the protection of society. Their labor can be leased to the highest bidder, the State can erect and sustain manufactories in order to give them employment, or they can be supported in idleness by the tax payers. One of these three methods must be adopted. In some of the Southern States the first method is pursued and the convicts are employed on the roads, in quarries and on public works. in most of the Northern States the second method has been found best. Experience has shown that the ordinary prison officials have no aptitude or training to make them successful managers of manufacturing establishments. Hence t has been found necessary to contract the prison labor to practical manufacturers, who give their time and attention to the business for the profit there is in it. By this method the prisons in most instances have become self-supporting.

The labor reformers propose to abolish the contract system. If this is done the prisoners must be maintained in dleness at the tax payers' expense or the prison authorities must superintend the prison manufactories as best they can, and if they fail to make the prison self-surporting the tax-payers make up the deficiency. If by this method the labor reformers will have gained nothing, because the product of prison labor will be in the market for what it will bring, just the same as under the contract system. Practically speaking, therefore, there is no middle ground between the present system and supporting the criminals in idleness. If the men who do work for their living are benevolent enough to support theives and other blacklegs in idleness just to please a lot of fellows who work with their noisy tongues chiefly, there s nothing further to be said on the

A reference to the figures, however, will show how empty is the claim that the great mass of laborers are injured by the competition of prison labor. In 1880 the total number of convicts in the United States undergoing confinement at labor was about 43,000. The laborers employed in the manufactories alone at the same time numbered two and three quarter millions, while the total number of persons pursuing gainful employments at the time was between eight and nine millions. If the eight or nine millions of free-handed and willing workers cannot stand the competition of the paltry 43,000 criminals who only work because they are compelled to, their case is deserving of sympathy in-deed.—Phila. Times.

A NOTABLE illustration of the manner

n which injudicious taxation oppresses the people for the benefit of a few fortunate individuals, is affected by the lucifer match industry of the United States. On a yearly production of about ,600,000 gross, or over thirty-seven billion matches the Government has been collecting a stamp tax of about \$3,270,000, the result being that the Diamond Match Company, which monopolizes the manufacture of lucifer matches in this country, has sold its products at \$2.60 a gross. According to the American Grocer the cost of making a gross of matches, plus a fair manufacturer's profit, is about 36 cents, or. in other words, the consumer has been paying over seven times as much as ought to be necessary with the tax removed. It will be noticed that the stamp tax is only about \$1.36 a gross, and that the \$2.60 charged by the Diamond monopoly is 88 cents more than the cost of manufacture, with a moderate profit and the tax added. The people, then, have not only paid the Government impost, but also about \$1. 200,000 a year of unusual and opprespany. Of course natural competition would have prevented this had it not been interfered with by the Government, and it is this fact which makes the tax now happily about to end so Westminster explosion and Gallagher odious. Under the law, manufacturers have been obliged to give bonds for Lynch said that he inferred from the stamps or pay in advance, the result being that small concerns have been Rossa was in the scheme. Gallagher shut out for want of capital, leaving it easy for the few large ones to combine, the course of Lynch's testimony Gal- and charge any price they pleased. lagher and Whitehead several times After July 1, when the stamp tax ceases, called from the dock that he was a liar matches should be reduced to one-third and a traitor. Lynch fainted while his of their present price, and a large ex-

Gov. Hendricks in New York

WHAT PART THE TARIFF WILL PLAY IN THE NEXT CAMPAIGN.

NEW YORK, April 16 .- Ex-Governor Hendricks, of Indiana, who has just re turned from Florida, was met to-day at the St. Denis hotel, by a reporter of the Mail and Express, with whom he chatted "because I am not a candidate and any thing in regard to the various gentle'

however, Mr. Hendricks said : of tariff will enter, but I do not think will fail to agree on a verdict. It is it will be a very important issue. In stated that Eugene Kingston, who was Indiana a majority of the people hold arrested in Liverpool, yesterday, on susthat we should have a tariff for revenue, picion of having been connected with with a due regard to the interests of the the Phoenix park murderers and manufacturers. The question depends brought to Dublin, was for some time greatly on how the interests of the the head of the inner circle of the In country are affected by the new act. vincibles. The evidences of the wit-Should it be found to be beneficial it nesses for the crown was mostly a repewould go far towards settling the quest tition of that given in the cases Joe tion, and it is not probable that, in Brady and Daniel Curley. James Curthat case, the tariff question would en. ley swore that the conspirators had re ter into the campaign issues or be dis- solved to murder Colonel Hillier and ussed in the next Congress.

"Is not the Democratic party greatly that appeared in the Freeman's Journal divided on the tariff?"

"Is there not a large free trade element in the party ?'

"Some of the leaders are termed free traders, but so far as I can learn there is not one among them who is in favor of absolutely abolishing duties and collecting by direct taxation. I do not about 2 o'clock Sunday morning a great think there will be so much difference meteor fell in the outskirts of the of opinion among Democrats as has town, killing several head of cattle and been supposed. The tariff is a question | destroying the dwelling house of Marof business. I know of no Democrat who advocates a horizontal tariff-that with his family, consisting of a wife and prisoners are made self-surporting the duties. There has to be a great deal of judgment exercised in the arrangement sembled a massive ball of fire, and the of taxation on different articles.

position of the Democracy on the

only say this in reply : Taxation for one acre of ground. The concussion protection is not going to be received was terrific, nearly every window in the by the Democratic party."

the contest for the next Speakership?" goods in the store houses were thrown "It may be advanced by some of the from the shelves. No lives were lost as candidates. Should it be understood far as known, except the Mexican that Mr. Carlisle is in favor of wiping herdsman and his family, although sevout all internal taxation, it will lose eral buildings fell to the ground. The him the votes of Indiana."

luced, for the revenue is in excess of could even conjecture what it was the proper expenditures of the Govern- This is the largest meteor that has ever ment. Congress has reduced the in- fallen, and it has already been visited ternal revenue, and it ought to be re- by many people, and will doubtless duced. Indeed, I stated in the last continue to attract attention for months campaign that the revenue should be to come. It has occasioned great exreduced one hundred millions of dol- citement, not only here, but all over

In regard to the next Speaker of the House, Mr. Hendricks was non-commit-

Eighteen Nihtlists Convicted.

OF THEM SENTENCED TO DEATH AND THE OTHERS TO LONG IMPRISONMENTS.

of eighteen prominent Nihilists ended Roach, Haywood & Hollingsworth and here today and resulted in the convic | Cramp, before Corringe entered the ship tion of all the prisoners. Six were con- building world, were quite sure of divivitude and the remainder to terms of appearance has upset plans long existtwenty years. Those sentenced to suf- be concerned. Ordinarily it would be fer capital punishment are Bogonovitch supposed that the government would who laid a mine in Little Garden street | see an advantage in competition. Not for the purpose of blowing up the czar; so, however; the prospect of competi-Saveli Zlotoposky, implicated in the tion has created at the department a Hartmann attack on the late emperor sensation, as though somebody was to in 1879; Michael Gratchefsky, one of the assassins of the czar; Telaloff, a par-ticipator in the attempt to blow up the the assassins of the czar ; Telaloff, a participator in the attempt to blow up the imperial train at Alexandrofsky in 1881. Klimenas, an escaped political prisoner who was subsequently arrested with Gratchefsky, and a retired naval officer named Boutsevitch. The two sentenced to imprisonment for life are Stevanovitch, who escaped from prison at Kieff, where he had been confined on a charge of having organized the revolt of thirteen districts or pheasants at Tchigrin, and Smirnitskaya, a priest's daughter.

Bleeding to Death.

READING, April 19 .- Two years ago the bone in the right arm of Dora Huls began growing abnormally and continned until it had obtained enormous proportions. Last Spring the young lady went to Philadelphia, and the case was examined by Dr. Gross. The doctor gave it as his opinion that amputation of the arm would be necessary to save the life of the patient. This she refus-

The Pheonix Park Murder.

TIMOTHY KELLEY PEACED ON TRIAL YESTER

DUBLIN, April 19 .- Timothy Kelley, another of the men charged with participating in the murder of Lord Frede. rick Cavendish and Burke, was placed on trial this morning. Messrs. Sullivan in his usual, easy fashion. "Don't ask and McEnery were appointed by me about the Presidency," he protested, the court to conduct the defense of the prisoner. Judge O'Brien having complied with the request of Mr. Webb men who are named is of a personal and Mr. Adams to be released from furnature. I am here on business only, ther duty in defending the accused Of the issues of the next campaign, men. A jury was then sworn. One of the members is a Parnellite. It is "There is no doubt that the question consequently expected that the jury Mr. Burke in consequence of an article speaking of the desirability of a thor-"The leaders appear to be much more ough change of officials at Dublin Cardivided on that subject than they really tal, which had become an Augean stable.

An Immense Meteor

CRUSHING A HOUSE AND SEVEN INMATES IN ITS FALL IN A TEXAN TOWN. FORT WORTH, Texas, April 16 .- A

dispatch from Williams' ranch says that tinez Garcia, a Mexican herdsman, who, to say, a total abolition of revenue five children, are buried beneath the ruins. In its descent the meteor reshock was similar to that of an earth-"What, in general terms, then, is the quake. It is still hot and steaming. It is imbedded in the earth probably 100 feet and towers above the surface "That is a broad question. I can about seventy feet, and will cover about town being shattered People were "Will not this issue have a bearing on hurled violently from their beds and cattle fled in terror in every direction. "Are you in favor of a reduction of The air was filled with a sulphurous gas. The wildest confusion prevailed, "I hold that taxation ought to be re' as it was a long time before anybody the surrounding country.

The Navy Department Worried.

WASHINGTON, April 19 .- The New Department has for some time been in a disturbed state over the alleged intention of Ex-Lieutenant Commander Gorringe to bid for the new steel cruis St. Petersburg, April 19.—The trial ers, one or more. The three yards of

THE Elmira Gazette and Free Press states that Corning hopes to be a coal centre by the opening up of the new railroad connection to Clearfield and Centre counties in Pennsylvania. The principal object of the road is to furnish a good coal supply to the New York Central railway. The road is expected to be open by the first of July The length from Williamsport to Stone dale is sixty-five miles, the Corning, Cowanesque and Antrim is thirty five miles to Corning, the Syracuse, Geneva and Corning road is seventy-two miles, making a total distance of 172 miles from Lyons to Williamsport. The road offices are to be located in the Fall Brook depot, at Corning, it is expected. Corning will also be the centering point of all the divisions. The Syracuse, Geneva and Corning road is to be doubletracked this summer.

" "They who cry loudest are not al the life of the patient. This she refused to sillow, saying that she preferred death to the operation. Returning home she quietly awaited the end. Yesterday an artery burst and she bled to death. The enlarged bone measured two feet and a half in circumference and weighed forty-two pounds. She was seven teen years of age,—

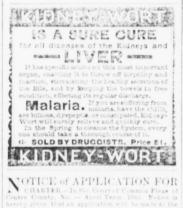
***They who cry loudest are not as ways the most hurt." Kidney-Wort does its work like the Good Samaritan, quickly, unostentatiously but with great thoroughness. A New Hampshire lady writes: "Mother has been afflicted for years with kidney disease. Last Spring she was very ill and had an alarming pain and numbness in one side. Kidnay-Wort proved a great blessing and has completely cured her."

Flooding a Burning Mine.

SHAMOKIN, Pa., April 23.—Every effort to extinguish the fire which has been burning in the Bear Valley mine for the past three months, having faild, the mine is now being flooded. It will require six months time to extinguish the fire in this way and put the mine in

New Advertisements.

30203 Absolutely Pure.



ADAM HOY

Senator Cameron's Ttip Abroad.

Washington, April 23.—Senator Cam eron arrived here on Saturday from Harrisburg, where he has been engaged in private business matters. The senator will leave for Europe, with his fami ly, next month and he is hard at work arranging his private affairs before start-ing upon the vacation.

New Advertisements.

Williams & Brother

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PROMPTNESS AND DISPATCH.

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ALL IMPURITIES OF THE BLOOD CONSTIPATION. DYSPEPSIA. APOPLEXY Epilepsy, Paralysis, d HEART, HEADACHE, eval or sharp in Dropay is caused by watery find tiams, dee, by uric acid in ticod corders by corrupt matter. Wormon Colds to choking or NWANGEN FILEA, by critical to the cold of the cold HEADACHE, riamps.) Address, DR. SWAYNE & SON, Philadelphia, Pa., Sold by Draggett

Keystone Clothing House, Bellefonte, Pa.

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