

# SUDDEN CHANGES!

And cold weather is what we may now look for. It is necessary to prepare for it. To those who visited our store last Fall the elegance and magnitude of our stock was a great surprise. Our Stock this Fall is larger and more complete than ever. While it includes all the lower priced reliable grades, we have also a very large variety of Men's Overcoats at \$3, \$4, \$5, \$6, \$8, \$10, \$12 to \$15, Business Suits \$3, \$7, \$9, \$10, and Dress Suits \$13, \$15, \$20, \$15, \$18, \$20 and \$25, manufactured in our own Custom Department during the dull months of July and August, made by our regular custom tailors, cut by our custom cutters and made from goods selected for custom work. The prices we have marked these suits and overcoats will in no instance be more than two-thirds of what it would cost you to have the same goods made to order. We are showing the handsomest stock of Men's Suits and Overcoats that has ever been displayed in this city.

## A Department Which Merits Special Attention

IS THAT OF

# KAUFMANN'S

## BOYS' AND CHILDREN'S CLOTHING.

All Admit they never beheld such a magnificent display of novelties for the little ones, and willingly acknowledge our superior style, fit and finish over all competitors. All say our prices are remarkably low. We feel elated over success and are now ready to serve the people from an assortment better and cheaper than can be found anywhere.

- Boys' Cashmere and Cheviot Suits from \$1.10 to 2.50
- Children's Blouse Suits from \$1.10 to 2.50
- Boys' Worsted and Diagonal Suits from \$2 to 5.25
- Children's Oxford Suits from \$1.50 to 3.75
- Boys' Finest Dress Suits, satin lined from \$3 to 7.50
- Children's Croquet Suits from \$3.00 to 6.25
- Boys' Beaver Overcoats from \$4.50 to 7.00
- Children's Cheviot Overcoats \$1.35 to 3.50
- Boys' Chincheilla Overcoats \$1.75 to 7.00
- Children's Finest Dress Overcoat \$4.00 to 6.50
- Boys' Cassimere Overcoats \$4.25 to 9.00

When you call to see our immense stock of clothing we will have something furnishing about Fall styles of Men's and Boy's Hat, also Gents' Goods, and show you how we can save you money to tell you if you buy from us.

## Far Ahead of ALL Competition,

Because we carried away all the Honor's and all the Premiums and all the Diplomas, and all the Silver Medals offered at the late State Fair and Exposition for the Best and Finest Clothing for Men, Boys, Children.

# KAUFMANN'S

## RELIABLE ONE PRICE CLOTHING HOUSE,

83 TO 87 SMITHFIELD ST., Cor. DIAMOND STREET, PITTSBURGH, PA.

Samples of fabrics, blanks for self-measurement, showing how to order, and Fashion Books mailed free to any address.

## WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

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Published every week, one dollar a year, and the value of a beautiful picture or book to every subscriber. The most beautiful, largest, cheapest, and best weekly paper published in this country. It is independent in politics, and just to all parties, individuals, nations, and religions. It is the most interesting and valuable paper published in Cincinnati. The postmaster will receive your subscription if there is no agent in your place.

## THE CINCINNATI TIMES-STAR

In the best and cheapest daily paper published in the West. Eight pages—six columns—and only six cents a year, or 12 cents per month. It is independent in politics, and just to all parties, individuals, nations, and religions. It is the most interesting and valuable paper published in Cincinnati. The postmaster will receive your subscription if there is no agent in your place.

## HARDWARE!

WILSON, McFARLANE & CO. DEALERS IN

## STOVES, RANGES & HEATERS.

— ALSO —

## Paints, Oils, Glass and Varnishes,

— AND —

## BUILDERS' HARDWARE

ALLEGHENY STREET, HENNESSEY BLOCK, BELLEFONTE, PA.

## THE PATRIOT.

A Pennsylvania Newspaper for the General Public. The DAILY PATRIOT is the only morning newspaper published at the State Capital. The DAILY PATRIOT makes a specialty of Pennsylvania news.

## MONEY To Loan at 6 per Ct.

BY THE MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE CO. OF NEW YORK, on first mortgage, on improved farm property, in sums not less than \$2,000, and not exceeding one-third of the present value of the property. Any portion of the principal can be paid off at any time, and it has been the custom of the company to permit the principal to remain as long as the borrower wishes, if the interest is promptly paid.

## PATENTS

We continue to act as Solicitors for Patents, Caveats, Trade Marks, Copyrights, etc., for the United States, Canada, Cuba, England, France, Germany, etc. We have had thirty-five years' experience. Patents obtained through us are noticed in the SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN. This large and splendid illustrated weekly paper, \$3.00 a year, shows the progress of science, is very interesting, and has an enormous circulation. Address MUNN & CO., Patent Solicitors, 375 N. 3rd St., NEW YORK. Hand book about Patents free.

## New Advertisements.

# TUTT'S PILLS

**A NOTED DIVINE SAYS:**  
"I have tried many pills for constipation and flatulence. Last spring your pills were recommended to me; I used them (out with little faith). I am now a well man, have good appetite, digestion perfect, regular stools, piles gone, and I have gained forty pounds solid flesh. They are worth their weight in gold."  
Rev. R. L. SIMPSON, Louisville, Ky.

**A TORPID LIVER.**  
Loss of Appetite, Nausea, Bowels constive, Pain in the Head, with a dull sensation in the back part, Pain under the Shoulder blade, fullness after eating, with a disinclination to exertion of body or mind, Irritability of temper, Low spirits, Loss of memory, with a feeling of having neglected something, Weariness, Dizziness, Fluttering of the heart, Dots before the eyes, Yellow Skin, Headache, Restlessness at night, highly colored Urine.  
IF THESE WARNINGS ARE UNHEeded, SERIOUS DISEASE WILL BE DEVELOPED. TUTT'S PILLS are especially adapted to such cases, and their effects such a change of feeling as to excite the system.  
Try this remedy fairly, and you will gain a healthy Digestion, Vigorous Body, pure Blood, Strong Nerves, and a Sound Liver. Price, 25 Cents. Office, 35 Murray St., N. Y.

**TUTT'S HAIR DYE.**  
Gray Hair and Whiskers changed to a Glossy Black by a single application of this Dye. It imparts a natural color, acts Instantaneously. Sold by Druggists, or sent by express on receipt of \$1. Office, 35 Murray St., New York.  
DR. TUTT'S "MAYNARD" of Valuable Information and Useful Receipts will be mailed FREE on application.

**JUDICIOUS ADVERTISING**  
THE KEYSTONE OF SUCCESS.  
THIS PAPER IS ON FILE and Advertising Contracts for it and all other newspapers in the world can be made on the most favorable terms at the International Newspaper Agency, H. P. HUBBARD, Proprietor, NEW BAY, N. J. Publisher of the "Newspaper and Book Directory of the World."

**KIDNEY-WORT**  
HAS BEEN PROVED THE SUREST CURE FOR KIDNEY DISEASES.  
Does a lame back or disordered urine indicate that you are a victim? THEN DO NOT HESITATE, use Kidney-Wort at once, (Druggists recommend it) and it will speedily overcome the disease and restore healthy action. For complaints peculiar to Ladies, to your sex, such as pain and weakness, Kidney-Wort is unsurpassed. It will act promptly and safely. Either sex, Incontinence, retention of urine, dropsical swellings, and dull dragging pains, all speedily yield to its curative power. SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS. Price \$1.

**PE-RU-NA**  
HOUSEHOLD WORDS.  
"For sick stomach, bad taste, sinking pulse, and palpitation, Pe-Ru-NA is the best."  
"For want of appetite, dyspepsia, indigestion, and liver complaint, Pe-Ru-NA is the best."  
"Those in literary, professional or commercial pursuits especially need PE-RU-NA."  
"For sick headache, pain in the head, dizziness, and loss of spirits, Pe-RU-NA is the best."  
Read and study our book on the "Hills of Health," follow its teachings, and you will be happy. "Who will be paid, for every case of Pe-RU-NA will not cure or greatly improve."  
Ladies, if you wish strength, health and beauty, sweet breath, cherry lips and rosy cheeks.  
"Go to your nearest druggist for a bottle of Pe-RU-NA. Take it before you eat."  
"For nervous debility, catarrh of the bladder, or disease of the kidneys, Pe-RU-NA is the best and is cured."

**MAN-A-LIN**  
Sings  
Syrup  
at  
25 cents  
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Sings  
Syrup  
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25 cents  
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Sings  
Syrup  
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25 cents  
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**Sines Syrup**  
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25 cents  
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Sings  
Syrup  
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Sings  
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**WILD CHERRY**  
at  
25 cents  
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Sings  
Syrup  
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**HOARS**  
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**HOUND**  
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**COUGHS**  
at  
25 cents  
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Sings  
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25 cents  
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Sings  
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**COLDS**  
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25 cents  
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Sings  
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**FOR SALE.**  
A FARM containing Fifty Acres and having thereon erected a TWO-STORY FRAME BUILDING and out buildings. This is a very desirable place for a residence. Inquire of  
W. H. JOHNSON,  
169 Smithfield Street, Pittsburg, Pa.

## The Centre Democrat.

BELLEFONTE, PA.

AGRICULTURAL.

NEWS, FACTS AND SUGGESTIONS.

THE TEST OF THE NATIONAL WELFARE IS THE INTELLIGENCE AND PROSPERITY OF THE FARMER.

Every farmer in his annual experience discovers something of value. Write it and send it to the "Agricultural Editor of the Democrat, Bellefonte, Penna.," that other farmers may have the benefit of it. Let communications be timely, and be sure that they are brief and well pointed.

Our best corn for next spring has been carefully selected (from a small lot of less than one-tenth of an acre grown for the purpose), the husks stripped back, tied in bunches of a dozen ears each, and hung in an airy loft to dry. How is yours?

We note that Harvard University is to have a veterinary department. This is as it should be. There is a great and crying need all through the land for men learned in the knowledge of the diseases of animals and their treatment, and no college or university can make itself more useful than by furnishing the country with men fully equipped for this work.

Coarse, long manure will do well enough for some of the field crops—corn for instance, when applied to the sod during the winter, and plowed down in the spring—but for gardening purposes, satisfactory results can only be obtained by having it thoroughly well-rotted. It will be too late to think of this when you come to use it next spring. Make your plans for piling and rotting it during the winter.

The young turkeys have about accomplished their growth now, and may be put up on fattening diet. For this purpose nothing is better than old corn, boiled potatoes and milk. Do not pen them up. Let them have free run. Feed them moderately of corn meal, mashed potatoes and milk mixed together, in the morning. During the day they will range over the farm, devouring bugs, worms, young grass, fallen apples and so on, giving them the variety of food and exercise needed for good health. In the evening give what whole (old) corn they will eat clean. This course involves but little trouble, and is in every way satisfactory.

Walnut lumber is getting less and less plentiful, and higher and higher priced, every year. Most, or at least many, farmers have bits of waste land which might be put to profitable use, by planting with walnuts, and at no cost, excepting the little labor required. Just now the boys are gathering walnuts by the bushel for winter evening cracking. Suppose they be induced to donate a portion of them to planting. Instead of 'hulling' these, the hulls should be mashed, and then nut, hulls and all, planted in drills two or three inches deep. Next spring the young trees will appear, and should receive good cultivation, such as would be given to corn, until fall, when they should be planted in their permanent home. A little work and trouble in this matter just now will prove of great benefit to some one at some future time.

Most of our readers will remember the vexation, trouble and loss endured by farmers three or four years ago, because of the poor quality of much of the seed corn. The vitality of the seed was so low, owing, in all probability, to the severity of the previous winter, and the careless way in which the seed had been stored, that much the greater portion of it failed to grow, even at the second and third planting. Proper caution in putting away and caring for the seed corn this fall will prevent a repetition of this unfortunate and costly experience next spring. The corn is unusually late this season in ripening, and great care will be needed to prevent the germ from being injured by the cold of early winter, before it shall have become fully hardened and dried out. Select the seed as early as may be, and hang where it will dry as rapidly as possible, and before hard froeering weather comes, put it in some part of the house that the coldest weather cannot reach. This is timely warning, and those who do well who heed it.

The harvest of roots—beets, carrots, turnips, cabbage, and so on—for winter use, is usually made in early November. The delightful 'open weather' which has prevailed up to the time of this writing, and a continuance of which seems probable, will make it necessary to postpone the digging and pitting until cold weather prevails. Most winter roots and vegetables not only endure the early frosts without damage, but seem to be benefited, both as to flavor and keeping qualities, by the moderate cold of late fall. A cool, frosty atmosphere seems requisite to their proper ripening, and the full development of their keeping qualities. And even when left standing until cool weather arrives, it is not safe to cover them in the pits to the full depth required to protect them from the severity of mid winter. The covering at first should be slight to allow the escape of the gases which are sure to arise when newly pulled or dug vegetables are massed in quantities. After a few days—ten days or two weeks—the danger of fermentation from this cause will have passed, and covering enough for ample protection may be added with safety. Perhaps the best arrangement of cover is first, a thin layer of earth, then one of straw, and a thicker one of earth on top of that, to be reinforced by a liberal outside cover of long, strawy manure when the cold of winter makes it necessary. It may not be amiss to add, what every one knows, that the pits or holes should be so located that water can neither enter nor collect about them.

A Paragraph or Two Concerning Manure.  
If animals are kept on low rations, the liquids are best. If rich food, grain, meal or oil cake is given, the solids are best. Sometimes the nitrogen of the dung exceeds that of the urine; but while the nitrogen of the urine is adapted to immediate use as plant food, much of that in the dung is comparatively inert. The urine contains more alkali than dung, and the dung contains all the phosphoric acid and most of the lime. Measured by assimilable nitrogen and alkalies the liquids are much the best; measured by phosphates, the dung is most valuable. In summer the manure of animals is usually scattered in the pastures, although cows on many farms are brought to the stable at milking time and remain during the night. In winter cows are kept in stables nearly all the time and it is during the cold weather that solid manure is saved from stock and it is with cows that the manure is usually lost. With swine, sheep, and horses, the bedding or absorbents are more abundant, and the urine in some measure retained.

How far the fermentation of dung should be carried depends entirely on two points; the quality of the soil to which it is to be applied, and the crop it is intended to feed. If the land is heavy and the desire is, as it naturally will be, to lighten it, then the manure, if free from the seed and roots of weeds, cannot well be applied in too green a state; all elements of fertility are there, and the conversion of the insoluble into the soluble, and of nitrogen into ammonia, will take place as surely, and with a better chance of being retained in the ground as out of it.

The Roots Will Go to the Manure.

It will be found difficult to place manure in an orchard or vineyard where the plants will not reach it. We have observed that roots of apple trees in sand pits extended downwards ten feet. The root growth is, however, different in other soils. We recently followed the roots of an old grapevine twenty feet under the location of a defunct building. When we stopped digging the roots were as large as a little finger, were four feet beneath the surface, and probably extended ten feet further. A pile of manure about the base of a vine would have done but little good. Knowing the extent and habit of root growth, it is apparent that cultivation close about the trunks of the trees or vines is not necessary, and is often productive of more harm than good in marring and breaking. It has been found by careful experiment by Professor Beal that the cultivation within three or four feet of the base of a tree has no apparent effect on its growth or health, but cultivation further away from the trunk is highly beneficial. It is difficult to realize that the strawberry often has roots five feet long, but it is a fact, the length varying according to the ease with which they can penetrate.

There is usually a profit in growing a large crop on a few acres; but to extend the acreage without proportionally increasing the crop usually results in loss and disappointment.

## How is it With Your Butter?

Out of the Breeder's Gazette.

To fastidious persons butter can be spoiled before the milk leaves the stable; it can be spoiled by the filthy or unhealthy condition of a cow, by a careless milker, by dirty pails or pans, and in numberless ways. To avoid all this every process should be under the management of one intelligent and cleanly person. To begin at the beginning, all of the cows should be good, healthy animals and rich milkers. A single scalding will deteriorate the gilt-edge quality of the butter and detract from the profits. Then their feed should be suitable in quality and quantity; the water absolutely fresh and pure, stabling clean and comfortable, free from foul odors. The milking must be looked after closely to insure its being done in a cleanly manner with clean hands.

## Protecting Apple Trees.

Out of the Gardener's Monthly.

A few years ago I was greatly annoyed with rabbits barking my young apple trees. To prevent their depredations, I made ropes of hay. These I wound around the trunks of the trees, from the roots to the first limbs, in the Fall. I left them on all the following Summer, and when I removed them in the Fall, I found the bark fresh and healthy and free from all blotches. I repeated the operation for some years, and in consequence have healthy vigorous trees, free from fungus and all diseases, and yielding an abundance of fruit. The process is not only good for protecting the trees from rabbits, but also to protect the bark from the cold winds of Winter, and the hot sun in Summer.

## The Grass has Become Woody Fibre.

Nebraska Farmer.

This is a very favorable time for stock to decline in flesh. The grass has become woody fibre, and you might as well expect stock to thrive on saw dust as on the dried up, frost bitten pastures. Stock will not stand still; they will either improve or go back. Every pound of flesh represents so much money, and the farmer that allows his stock to fall off in flesh, not only loses the money that the shrinkage represents, but he loses all that he feeds them. If you cannot keep your stock improving, by all means sell and put your money at interest until such time as you can. Farmers are not able to throw away good beef, mutton, pork or horse flesh.

## Million- Instead of Fifty.

Western Farmer.

A farmer announces in a meeting of fifty that he has made a valuable discovery. Another announces that he has been able to demonstrate that a certain method is a failure. Those fifty farmers are all benefited by adopting the right method and avoiding the wrong one, but how much more general would have been the benefits, if these communications had been made to some good paper, where the audience might have been millions instead of fifty? We say millions, because a valuable item is copied into hundreds of papers, and may even cross the ocean on its mission of good.

## The Best Mutton Sheep.

American Agriculturist.

A Southdown ram, running with a flock of Merinos or common sheep, will bring grades giving an excellent quality of lamb and mutton, though not equal in flavor to the purely bred. If these grades are put with a Cotswold ram, we have a sheep much increased in size, with an excellent quality of mutton. This cross gives a carcass from one-quarter to a third larger than the grades, and sometimes one-half. The lambs mature early, and are great favorites with the butcher. We have found no better breeding.

## Keeping Onion Sets.

American Gardener.

Sets as well as large onions should be kept as dry and cool as possible, without being actually frozen, although they are not injured materially by frost, provided they are not handled while frozen. If spread on a tight barn floor and covered thickly with chaff or cut straw they will keep well till spring.

## Keeping Vegetables in Moss.

Professor Beal recommends to pack Celery and other vegetables in damp moss, for keeping through winter. It is said that vegetables thus packed will not only keep a long time but retain their flavor and purity so well that they can hardly be distinguished from fresh ones.

The success of an orchard depends immensely on its early treatment. Culture, pruning and manuring are more important during the first few years than subsequent care can ever be. It is with orchards as with children—the characters are formed in youth.

The rule that whatever is worth doing at all is worth doing well is especially applicable to the operations of the farm.