The Centre Democrat.

SHUGERT & VAN ORMER, Editors. "EQUAL AND EXACT JUSTICE TO ALL MEN, OF WHATEVER STATE OR PERSUASION, RELIGIOUS OR POLITICAL."—Jefferson. TERMS: $1.50 per Annum, in Advance.

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The Centre Democrat.

Terms $1.50 per Annum, in Advance.

S. T. SHUGERT & J. R. VAN ORMER, Editors.

Thursday Morning, November, 9, 1882.

Pattison Takes the Cake.

From Maine to Oregon the Glad Hosannas of Millions of Freemen annouce the Victory of Honesty and Reform.

Centre County Toes the Mark.

Curtin's Majority Largely Increased.

WALLACE ELECTED.

A Pressing Demand for the Organization of More G. A. R. Posts.

DEMOCRACY TRIUMPHANT EVERYWHERE.

The entire State and County ticket is elected. Hunter and Meyer are elected, despite the frantic efforts of the opposition. Disaster, dire and dreadful, overtook "the grand old party" and "reform next year" will likely result in the entire dismemberment of the Republican party.

Now the elections are over, it is presumed the public offices in Washington will again be opened for business.

GEN. BEAVER in the kindness of his heart refused to unload Cameron, even to be Governor. But he is unloaded, and Pattison acting for the people, will now unload Don's henchmen.

A CHARTER was issued at the State Department on Monday for a new line of railroad from Williamsport in this state, to Binghampton, New York, a distance of eighty miles. Capital $2,600,000.

A HEAVY FAILURE. The Philadelphia papers announce the failure of William A. Leavitt, proprietor of the "Herd Glass Works" of that city on Monday last. His liabilities are stated at $700,000.

THE Democracy of Centre have once more honored themselves by the election of the entire Democratic ticket composed of competent and deserving men. We give the official returns in this issue.

WILLIAM G. RUSSELL, the paying teller of the Pennsylvania Company for insurance in loses and granting annuities in Philadelphia, has gone to join Phipps leaving a small deficency of $20,000 as an affectionate remembrance to the company.

BOSS QUAY unloaded the State Department, the other day after reading an able and interesting letter of Gov. Hoyt, by resigning the office of Secretary of state. The Hon. Francis Jordon of Harrisburg, who was formerly Secretary of State under Gov. Geary, was appointed to the vacancy.

THE general inquiry which has been instituted all over the country as to the means used by stalwart bosses to control elections and enjoy the plunder of office, is having very salutary results just now. In all the states where boss methods have been omnipotent in stopping honest and fair expression of the public will, enlightened public sentiment asserts itself this fall and the stalwart Bosses are retired. In Pennsylvania; in New York; in New Hampshire; in Massachusetts, the money forced from the army of office-holders, the wages of labor and the living of widows and orphanage, has failed to save and each of these states will now be supplied with Democratic Governors and honest state officials, not subject to the Don Camerons, the Bill Chandlers, or the Roscoe Conklings. This is glory enough for one campaign!

VOTE OF CENTRE COUNTY, NOVEMBER 7, 1882.

DISTRICTS.	Governor.					Lieut. Governor.					Sec. Internal Affairs				
	Pattison, D.	Beaver, R.	Stewart, I R.	Armstrong, G.	Pettit, P.	Black, D.	Davies, R.	Duff, I R.	Howard, G.	Williams, P.	Africa, D.	Greer, R.	Merrick, I R.	Dewoody, G.	Crossman, P.
Bellefonte, N. W.	102	209	5	.....	.....	127	182	7	1	.....	138	167	7	2	.....
do S. W.	134	140	3	6	.....	148	124	4	7	.....	147	125	4	7	.....
do W. W.	51	84	2	2	.....	51	86	1	2	.....	55	86	1	1	.....
Howard Boro	42	69	.....	2	.....	43	69	.....	2	.....	43	69	.....	2	.....
Milesburg do	44	83	2	7	.....	44	83	1	7	.....	46	82	1	6	.....
Millheim do	116	31	1	.....	.....	118	27	1	.....	.....	118	27	1	.....	.....
Philipsburg 1 W.	69	69	10	3	.....	63	68	11	3	.....	65	66	11	3	.....
do 2W	98	91	16	3	.....	97	92	16	3	.....					.....
do 3W	51	54	6	.....	.....	51	54	7	.....	.....	51	54	6	.....	.....
Unionville Boro	30	39	1	5	.....	31	38	1	5	.....	33	36	1	5	.....
Benner	139	61	5	4	.....	156	51	2	1	.....	144	58	4	4	.....
Boggs	192	189	6	20	.....	194	190	5	18	.....	192	190	5	19	.....
Burnside	36	40	7	.....	.....	37	40	7	.....	.....	39	40	7	.....	.....
College	78	164	12	.....	.....	86	157	9	3	.....	83	157	12	3	.....
Curtin	61	34	4	.....	.....	70	28	.....	.....	.....	67	28	.....	2	.....
Ferguson, N. P.	60	82	.....	.....	.....	61	82	.....	.....	.....	61	82	.....	.....	.....
do O. P.	161	75	3	.....	.....	167	66	1	3	.....	167	68	2	3	.....
Gregg, S. P.	248	74	3	1	.....	249	74	2	1	.....	249	74	2	1	.....
do N. P.	72	5	.....	.....	.....	73	4	.....	.....	.....	73	4	.....	.....	.....
Haines, E. P.	93	33	.....	2	.....	94	29	.....	3	.....	94	29	.....	3	.....
do W. P.	120	79	.....	.....	.....	121	77	.....	1	.....	122	76	.....	.....	.....
Halfmoon	44	81	9	12	.....	53	80	4	9	.....	48	82	.....	11	.....
Harris	128	67	5	.....	.....	136	64	2	.....	.....	132	66	4	.....	.....
Howard	71	105	2	5	.....	75	102	2	5	.....	70	107	2	5	.....
Huston	64	78	15	11	.....	65	77	14	12	.....	62	77	15	14	.....
Liberty	64	133	4	3	.....	68	134	2	3	.....	68	134	2	3	.....
Marion	99	39	.....	.....	.....	102	36	.....	.....	.....	102	36	.....	.....	.....
Miles	251	65	.....	.....	.....	254	62	.....	.....	.....	254	62	.....	.....	.....
Patton	58	97	1	1	.....	58	97	1	1	.....	58	97	1	1	.....
Penn	168	12	.....	.....	.....	168	12	.....	.....	.....	168	12	.....	.....	.....
Potter, S. P.	184	67	.....	1	.....	188	65	1	.....	.....	185	67	1	1	.....
do N. P.	165	59	5	1	.....	183	47	.....	.....	.....	168	56	.....	1	.....
Rush	164	63	8	6	.....	164	63	8	6	.....	172	56	8	6	.....
Snow Shoe	150	150	7	10	.....	166	140	1	10	.....	166	140	1	1	.....
Spring	193	235	7	15	.....	208	220	7	15	.....	203	224	7	16	.....
Taylor	37	68	2	.....	.....	36	70	1	.....	.....	36	70	1	.....	.....
Union	68	110	1	9	.....	72	106	.....	4	.....	68	111	1	8	.....
Walker	199	85	5	1	.....	199	87	3	1	.....	199	87	3	1	.....
Worth	81	80	2	4	.....	82	81	4	.....	.....	81	82	1	4	.....

DISTRICTS.	Supreme Judge.					Congress-at-Large.				Congress.		Senator.		Assembly.				J. Com'er		Coroner.	
	Clark, D.	Rawle, R.	Junkin, I R.	Cake, G.	Chase, P.	Elliott, D.	Brosius, R.	McMichael, I R.	Tomlinson, G.	Curtin, D.	Orwig, R.	Wallace, D.	Gordon, R.	Hunter, D.	Meyer, D.	Rhoads, R.	Spigelmeyer, R.	Tolbert, D.	Kunes, R.	Hoy, D.	Addleman, R.
Bellefonte, N. W.	128	176	10	1	.....	128	178	9	1	204	110	124	188	101	128	221	164	126	189	141	175
do S. W.	150	123	4	8	.....	150	125	3	7	186	98	146	136	138	141	165	120	148	135	157	124
do W. W.	50	84	1	2	.....	50	86	1	2	76	63	44	90	43	51	98	84	49	89	52	86
Howard Boro	43	69	.....	2	.....	42	69	.....	2	46	67	43	71	39	42	74	70	39	72	41	72
Milesburg do	44	82	1	8	.....	45	81	1	7	52	99	45	105	40	47	112	102	46	106	45	105
Millheim do	117	27	1	.....	.....	116	30	.....	1	117	29	115	31	101	114	36	33	115	30	116	30
Philipsburg 1 W.	62	71	9	2	.....	62	72	8	3	65	80	90	55	55	60	92	74	62	83	62	83
do 2W					.....															99	111
do 3W	50	53	.....	.....	.....	50	55	4	.....	50	59	56	53	49	49	61	55	50	59	50	59
Unionville Boro	30	38	1	5	.....	32	39	1	5	38	39	32	44	27	33	54	42	31	43	31	44
Benner	143	59	2	2	.....	144	62	2	1	148	56	143	65	151	145	71	46	144	65	145	65
Boggs	207	195	.....	.....	.....	191	200	.....	16	280	134	190	219	154	217	262	187	188	214	204	202
Burnside	39	41	.....	4	.....	40	42	2	.....											40	43
College	80	157	13	4	.....	84	156	12	4	114	139	80	173	77	92	179	147	82	172	82	173
Curtin	67	27	3	.....	.....	68	26	.....	2	77	20	67	28	62	70	30	25	65	29	68	27
Ferguson, N. P.	60	84	.....	.....	.....	60	85	.....	1	63	81	62	84	58	76	89	68	60	86	60	86
do O. P.	165	67	2	3	.....	168	67	3	3	169	68	167	72	161	168	74	65	167	72	167	72
Gregg, S. P.	257	72	1	1	.....	253	73	.....	2	257	71	250	77	231	247	81	79	249	77	250	77
do N. P.	73	4	.....	.....	.....	73	4	.....	.....	73	4	73	4	73	70	4	4	72	4	72	4
Haines, E. P.	94	29	.....	2	.....	94	31	.....	2											96	32
do W. P.	119	77	.....	.....	.....	121	76	.....	.....	121	76	121	77	107	124	89	74	114	76	119	77
Halfmoon	47	82	5	8	.....	45	88	3	9	56	90	43	102	65	47	104	75	45	101	45	101
Harris	132	66	3	.....	.....	128	68	5	.....	133	66	129	71	117	132	77	64	130	68	130	68
Howard	70	107	2	5	.....	71	107	2	5	75	109	71	114	69	70	114	112	71	114	71	114
Huston	60	78	15	13	.....	60	78	16	13	81	78	60	98	52	60	106	82	60	96	60	97
Liberty	67	132	2	1	.....	69	136	.....	.....	72	136	82	125	68	72	141	135	49	154	69	137
Marion	102	36	.....	.....	.....	102	36	.....	.....	104	33	102	36	101	98	39	34	99	38	103	35
Miles	254	62	.....	.....	.....	256	62	.....	.....	255	60	256	62	252	303	45	31	257	62	255	62
Patton	59	96	2	.....	.....	59	99	.....	2	59	98	58	101	59	50	102	99	59	101	59	101
Penn	168	12	.....	.....	.....	167	10	.....	.....	162	10	167	10	163	160	11	10	167	10	167	10
Potter, S. P.	186	58	.....	.....	.....	185	69	.....	1	187	67	183	70	181	187	72	67	184	70	183	70
do N. P.	168	67	4	.....	.....	167	62	2	.....	187	75	168	63	148	166	73	62	159	63	169	62
Rush	165	58	7	6	.....	175	61	8	1	176	65	172	68	166	164	83	63	171	71	171	70
Snow Shoe	165	135	2	11	.....	172	144	1	.....											172	145
Spring	203	222	5	15	.....	204	222	5	17	248	202	197	252	184	198	266	233	203	244	205	238
Taylor	36	70	.....	.....	.....	37	72	.....	.....	41	68	37	72	37	37	72	72	31	78	37	71
Union	66	109	.....	8	.....	71	113	.....	8	75	119	71	117	68	72	128	120	72	119	72	119
Walker	202	90	2	1	.....	197	89	3	1	200	90	194	96	195	192	103	86	197	90	198	92
Worth	83	81	1	4	.....	81	82	1	4	83	86	80	84	81	84	92	76	80	86	81	88

SOMETHING dropped, Mr. Cameron. Did you hear it?

THE *Tablet* fraud did'nt pay Don Cameron for the investment. The quite Catholics were not so stuped as he supposed. He may as well discharge Delany and Gallagher. They are not worth keeping. The M'c and the O's know their friends, as well as their enemies.

Gov. HOYT, having declared himself in opposition to the machine rule of Mr. Cameron in a very able letter addressed to the Independent State Committee, the stalwart immediately made charges against him of using the funds of the state in private speculation, and that to avoid disgrace he called Cameron to his relief. The Governor pronounces the charge false, and says he never was a member of any pool engaged in stock speculation," and remarks: "I desire to state emphatically and without qualification that I have never requested, in person or by agent, of Mr. Cameron, any financial assistance, either for myself or anybody else; that he has never advanced one dollar to me or in behalf or on my account in any transaction, and that I have never had any relation or connection in business with any party or combination or pool to whom he may have advanced money directly or indirectly. So far in life I have not been compelled to draw on either the intellectual, political or financial resources of that gentleman. This attack is doubtless a part of their discipline of extermination to which I am to be subjected in common with a large number of other citizens of the commonwealth. We accept the situation.

The Increase in Pension Frauds.

Special Dispatch to the World.

WASHINGTON, November 1.—At the Pension Office the work of sending out special examiners is being pushed. This is made necessary by the increasing frauds on the Government, which have grown of late to an alarming extent. It is estimated that last year several millions were taken fraudulently from the Treasury. Two hundred and fifty clerks have been sent from the office here, to each of whom is assigned a district. They are to collect testimony on all irregularities and report to Commissioner Dudley. Hitherto the few examiners who have been in the field have not been able to keep abreast of demands upon them and suspected pensioners have not been looked after properly. Of the new examiners about twenty-five will cover all New England, while at least that number will be assigned to New York City alone, where, patterning after local Republican management, extensive frauds have been perpetrated.

THE GOVERNOR ELECT.

ROBERT E. PATTISON.

THE BOSSES SQUELCHED

In the Battle of the Ballot.

Which gives to the friends of Reform—of honest government, and honest politics in Pennsylvania.

A BRILLIANT VICTORY.

Blows in Court.

EX-SENATOR HENDERSON FINED FOR KNOCKING MR. CUNNINGHAM DOWN IN THE UNITED STATES COURT ROOM IN ST. LOUIS.

ST. LOUIS, November 3.—This afternoon while ex-United States Senator John B. Henderson and Henry A. Cunningham were discussing an order of the Court in the United States Courtroom, Mr. Henderson remarked that Mr. Cunningham had not kept faith in some matter connected with the case. Mr. Cunningham replied in a heated manner that Mr. Henderson's assertion was false, whereupon the ex-Senator struck Mr. Cunningham in the face and head, knocking him violently against an iron pillar and thence to the floor. Friends then interfered and the two lawyers were separated. Judge Treat became greatly excited. He characterized the affray as the most disgraceful that had occurred in the court during the twenty-four years he has been on the bench, and, notwithstanding the fact that Mr. Henderson made an apology, he fined him $20. Mr. Cunningham in his contact with the iron pillar had a finger broken and two others dislocated.

DIDN'T they unload Cameron?

General Butler Rescued From Drowning by Deck Hands of a Steamer.

LAWRENCE, MASS., November 5.

It has just leaked out that General Butler came near being drowned last Friday evening. He came up the river on the steamer C. L. Mather, and just at the upper edge of the rapid, four miles below this place, the steamer ran upon a rock and stuck there. It was indispensable that General Butler should be at Lawrence at an early hour, and a small boat carried by the steamer was brought alongside and the General Mayor Breen, the Hon. Caleb Saunders and Captain Homans took place in it. The water was running swiftly and as soon as the boat was loaded the current began to suck it under the counter of the steamer. In endeavoring to push it clear the boat was partially swamped and each effort to right matters only made them worse. The current was so swift that only a very strong swimmer could escape being drawn into the rapids and whirled down the river a mile or two before still water could be reached. Fortunately the deck hands, after much effort, succeeded in hauling each man on board, General Butler escaping with a banged hat and a thorough wetting.

Minority Rule.

The Washington *Post* speaking on the subject of minority rule and the claims of the Republican party in connection with this principle of free government remarks: "As a minority ruler the Republican party in the United States has no equal in any country that has a representative government. It came into power as a minority, and as a minority it has ruled during the greater part of its period of ascendency. Leaving out of the record the war and reconstruction eras and coming down to the autumn of 1874, nearly ten years after the war closed, we find the country rising up and electing a Democratic House by an overwhelming majority Yet for four years thereafter we find the Democratic majority of the people as represented by the House, thwarted by a Senate that was held in the Republican grip by the votes of adventurers and desperadoes from the North, falsely claiming to represent Southern states; men who had no local habitation or name in the States for which they were voted by Morton & Co. Here was minority rule in its most insolent and exasperating shape, as hard to be born as it would have been for the Republicans to have endured Democratic ascendency based on the votes of such Southern men as Chalmers, Cash and Mahone, entered on the rolls as Senators from Vermont, Massachusetts and Rhode Island.

But one by one the non-resident Southern Senators passed out of the Senate into oblivion or the penitentiary—we forget which—and in 1876-77 a Congress, Democratic in both Houses, was elected. At the same time the people elected a Democratic President and Vice-President, thus decreeing the transfer of the Government to the Democratic party. Yet this decree was annulled by a revolutionary minority who boldly set aside the Presidential election and installed in the Executive office the man who had been defeated at the polls. For four years the Democratic majority was thwarted by this infamous crime and the minority continued to rule.

There has been no Congressional election for seventeen years, and there have been few State elections of any kind in that time, in which the power and prestige of the Federal machine have not been employed to prevent an honest verdict of the people. There has not been a day since the war when the Republican party would have consented to a fair test of the strength of parties, The vast mechanism designed for the transaction of the Federal business through the executive departments has been and is used as if its primary intent and chief purpose were to control elections and prevent a fair expression of public sentiment. Thus minority rule has been and is maintained; for a party that depends on purchase for its victories, a party that does not trust the people, that sends legions of "strikers" and millions of money into close States to control elections, is not in the majority in any fair sense of the word

THE story comes from Washington that Attorney General Brewster, has advanced his stepson to a comfortable office in Washington by the reward of a competent incumbent, a veteran of two wars, whose only offense was that he failed to respond to Hubbles assessment circular. The Attorney General's official record both in the star route investigations as in his South Carolina fizzle, is somewhat clouded, and his countenance to this kind of proscription of a poor government employe is not calculated to add brightness to it.

GOV. BLACKBURN, of Kentucky, is the right sort of governor. He sees that the law is respected by mobs. A Kentucky mob was determined to take two men, charged with murder, out of the hands of the officers of the law while they were being taken to another county for trial. The governor sent the state troops to aid the law officers. The mob came out in a boat to attack them as they passed down the Ohio river in a steamer. The officers of the law were fired upon and they returned the fire, wounding and killing some of those who assailed them and others in the crowd or those who had assembled to witness the conflict, if not to aid in it. Peaceable citizens ought not to have been in the vicinity of the danger, and their suffering, though unfortunate, was by their own fault.

We are delighted to note this one case where the executive of a state has had the nerve to shed the blood of a mob to maintain the law. Every man who undertakes to execute mob law deserves to be killed, and we have no sympathy for him if he meets his fate. The lynch law of the country is one of its greatest disgraces. Pennsylvania even has lately been disgraced by it, and no attempt has been made to punish those engaged in the scandalous crime in the Lehigh Valley.

Governor Blackburn declared that he would execute the order made upon him by the judge for the delivery for trial of these prisoners if every man, woman and child in the country whence they were to be taken was killed in the attempt; and that is the kind of a governor for us. Not one like our own governor, Hoyt, who, estimable in many respects, demonstrated his lack of nerve and energy as the proper executive of our great state.—*Phila. Times.*

UNLOADED.—*Phila. Press.*