

The Centre Democrat.

BELLEVILLE, PA.

The Largest, Cheapest and Best Paper Published in Centre County.

THE CENTRE DEMOCRAT is published every Thursday morning, at Belleville, Centre county, Pa.

TERMS—Cash in advance, \$1.00. If not paid in advance, \$2.00.

A LIVE PAPER—devoted to the interests of the whole people.

Payments made within three months will be considered in advance.

No paper will be discontinued until arrearages are paid, except at option of publishers.

Papers going out of the county must be paid for in advance.

Any person procuring a ten-cent subscription will be sent a copy free of charge.

Our extensive circulation makes this paper an unusually reliable and profitable medium for advertising.

We have the most complete facilities for JOB WORK and are prepared to print all kinds of Books, Tracts, Programmes, Posters, Commercial printing, etc., in the best style and at the lowest possible rates.

All advertisements for a term less than three months 20 cents per line for the first three insertions. Special rates on long runs.

Editorial notices 15 cents per line. Local notices, 10 cents per line.

A liberal discount is made to persons advertising by the quarter, half year, or year, as follows:

SPACE OCCUPIED.	MONTH	QUARTER	HALF YEAR	YEAR
One inch (or 12 lines this type).....	75	225	450	825
Two inches.....	150	450	900	1650
Three inches.....	225	675	1350	2525
Quarter column (or 5 inches).....	12	36	72	135
Half column (or 10 inches).....	24	72	144	270
One column (or 20 inches).....	48	144	288	540

Foreign advertisements must be paid for before insertion, except on yearly contract, when half-yearly payments in advance will be required.

Pennsylvania Railroad Report.

The annual report of the Pennsylvania railroad company is published in the larger daily papers, showing the wonderful operations of this gigantic corporation—the vast extent of territory it traverses and accommodates with the facilities of trade and travel, and its no less wonderful productive resources. The following abstract well exhibits its income and expenses for the year 1881, which we clip from the Lancaster Intelligencer:

The Pennsylvania railroad company report for 1881, prepared and published in anticipation of the annual meeting of the stockholders, on March 14, shows that the gross earnings of the main line and branches from Pittsburgh to Philadelphia were \$27,647,009; expenses, \$15,468,469; net earnings from operating, \$12,178,540, to which add interest on investments in cash, \$3,211,466, and sundry other items, \$512,160, aggregating \$3,723,626, making the total net earnings \$15,902,166; from which deduct rentals paid branch roads, interest on bonded debt, interest on car trusts and state taxes, \$5,770,448, and it leaves the net income of the Pennsylvania railroad division at \$10,131,718. The United New Jersey railroad canal company shows gross earnings of \$13,022,865; expenses, \$8,811,281; net earnings from operating, \$4,211,584; to which add interest on investments in cash, \$210,836, which makes the total net earnings \$4,422,420, from which deduct the payments on account of dividends and interest and the interest on equipments, \$4,725,283, showing a net loss in operating of \$302,863, which deducted from the net income of the Pennsylvania railroad division, leaves a balance of \$9,828,853. The Philadelphia & Erie railroad shows gross earnings of \$3,454,309; expenses, \$2,430,060; net earnings, \$1,024,249, from which deduct interest for use of equipments and extraordinary expenses, \$300,624, and it leaves a balance of \$723,625, which was paid over to that company as rental. From the net income of the Pennsylvania railroad division \$9,828,853 have been deducted—payments to the trust fund, \$600,000; to the consolidated mortgage sinking fund, \$286,480, and sundry other payments on account of the guarantees, \$881,891, aggregating \$1,767,871, leaving a balance of \$8,060,982, out of which were paid dividends aggregating eight per cent, and leaving a balance of \$2,199,265, to which add the amount realized from settlements of old accounts, profits on the sale of securities, &c., \$359,686 making \$2,559,131, which is the amount transferred to the credit or profit and loss for the year. This amount at the beginning of the year was \$7,793,949, so that the total amount to credit of profit and loss December 31, 1881, is \$10,344,080. The lines west of Pittsburgh show a profit in excess of all liabilities of \$2,311,927, out of which was paid a dividend of one per cent, on the capital stock, \$1,000,000 (all of which goes to the Pennsylvania railroad), and sundry amounts charged off, \$807,554, and the amount carried to credit of profit and loss for the year was \$704,373—the total amount to the credit of profit and loss December 31, 1881, being \$3,853,747. The sum of \$4,659,639 was expended for construction and equipment east of Pittsburgh and Erie in 1881, and the sum of \$699,670 advanced to branch and auxiliary lines for improvements and extensions. The amount expended for betterments west of Pittsburgh was \$1,895,168. The gross earnings on all lines east and west of Pittsburgh in 1881 were \$75,182,974; gross expenses, \$46,243,278, showing net earnings of \$28,939,696. The number of tons of freight moved was 58,520,616, and the number of passengers carried was 29,686,985. The Trust Fund created October, 1878, has had appropriations made to it amounting to \$1,900,000, with which and its accretions securities have been purchased aggregating \$2,028,000. The report is a clear statement of the physical and financial condition of the company, and is full of interesting information.

Folger Calls a Halt.

WASHINGTON, March 8.—The secretary of the treasury has directed a suspension of the collection of taxes, amounting to about \$500,000, due on the Reading railroad "pay certificates." Secretary Folger was induced to take this step in view of the fact that two courts have already sustained an injunction to restrain the collection of tax, and four committees of congress have at different times reported in favor of measures to relieve the road from it.

He has, therefore, decided that the legality of the tax should be finally and authoritatively adjudicated before proceeding to collect.

A Coal Mine Caving In.

THE BALTIMORE PIT NEAR WILKESBARRE THREATENING DISASTER TO THE CITY. WILKESBARRE, Pa., March 10. One of the most extensive caverns that ever occurred in this vicinity was announced this afternoon and at present great excitement, not unmingled with alarm, prevails in the neighborhood. The scene of the disaster is what is known as the old Baltimore mine, just a little beyond the eastern boundaries of this city. It appears that on Wednesday morning a gangway in the colliery fell and shortly after the surface became disturbed. The first accident happened at a depth of two hundred feet below the surface. This afternoon about two acres of the latter went down suddenly, to the consternation of people residing in the vicinity. Luckily there were no houses on the land which gave way, although a number stand just on the southern margin.

The inhabitants of these tenements are now busy removing their household goods, fearing that the cave-in will widen during the night. Thousands of people are gathered about the place and gangs of men are at work trying to provide a defense against a further extension of the cave-in. The opening into the mines is very large and is widening continually. This afternoon the greater portion of one man's property had entirely disappeared. Near the cave hole a small stream, which was turned in another direction, but the ground where it was very wet and soft, and the quicksand, together with the soft mud and water, is falling down the gangway with a terrific sound. Teams are busily engaged in drawing huge timbers to the spot, which are thrown into the hole in order to block it and thus prevent the rush of water and sand. Although an immense deal of these timbers and old trees have been used it appears as though very little had been done.

This will have a disastrous effect on the workings of the mines. It will throw a large portion of No. 3 Baltimore idle, and at the present time large bodies of gas have accumulated there. It also shut off the air course reaching to the Conyngham shaft and that mine will be unable to proceed with its operations until the cave ceases working and the obstructions made by it are removed. The gap to-night is still widening and there is no telling when it will cease. The damages are extensive. The mines belong to the Delaware and Hudson Canal Company.

Waiting for Death.

THE SITUATION OF THE PEOPLE IN SOUTHERN ARKANSAS.

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., March 9.—Mr. C. Harris, who was sent down to Desha county by Governor Churchville to aid in distributing government supplies to persons rendered destitute by the overflow, returned yesterday. In an interview with a reporter he said that along the river front to Desha county, 100 miles in length, the destitution is beyond description. The water has reached an unprecedented height. Scarcely a farm house or residence on the bottom has escaped the inundation. The people have been compelled to build false floors in their houses, or to seek safety on higher lands, where, in rudely constructed camps of brush, boughs and cane, they sit and wait for starvation and death. It is appalling, and without government aid, liberally and quickly bestowed, there is no telling when it will end. Many persons have been feeding on the carcasses of drowned cattle. Personal investigation, as well as the assurances of respectable gentlemen, convinces Mr. Harris that not less than six hundred families, averaging six persons to each, in Desha county alone, are dependent upon the charity of the government. He believed it to be no exaggeration to place the gross number old and young, at 3,500. The indications point to a long continuance of the overflow, the most sanguine hardly daring to hope for its subsidence before May.

Additional Government Aid.

WASHINGTON, March 9.—The house committee on appropriations considered this morning the proposition to vote additional relief to the sufferers by the floods on the Mississippi river. General Floyd King, of Louisiana, and several other gentlemen from the flooded districts, addressed the committee and described the suffering existing in consequence of the overflow of the rivers.

Memphis, March 12.

A special from Helena, Ark., says the river has fallen an inch, but the overflow in the city has risen an inch. A careful watch is being kept on the levee, and every effort is being put forth to make assurance doubly sure. The relief committee have their hands full and are doing good work. Rations for 960 persons were issued yesterday. These do not include the applicants who are supplied by the marshal and special commissioners. Many colored persons are coming in from the lower districts and from the outlook no labor will be scarce on the plantations when the time for making crops comes. Intelligence from Clarendon, fifty miles west of here, gives a gloomy picture of the situation there. Little or no business is being done there, and the water in some places is six feet deep in the streets. The board of health announced yesterday that starving cattle had been killed and sold in the market, and passed resolutions calling on the city authorities to prevent such sales.

\$15,000,000 for the Mississippi River.

WASHINGTON, March 8.—The bill introduced in the Senate to-day by Mr. Garland for the construction, completion, repairing and preservation of levees on the Mississippi River empowers the Mississippi River Commission to cause the construction or repair and to keep in order such levees along the banks of the river as shall be deemed of the greatest general importance to the preservation of the channel of said river and to the prevention of devastation from breaks and overflows. The bill appropriates the sum of \$15,000,000 for the purpose.

Pullman Car Taxes.

SUITS ENTERED BY THE COMMONWEALTH FOR THE DELINQUENT AMOUNTS. Philadelphia Times.

HARRISBURG, March 10. Among the cases on the trial list in the Dauphin County Court and soon to be tried is one against the Pullman Palace Car Company by the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, for the recovery of \$41,869.76. In the account stated against the company the Auditor General and State Treasurer say this company was called upon by the Auditor General to report its capital stock and dividends for the years included in the settlement "1870 to 1880," and to furnish other information that would enable the Accounting Department to arrive at a just and equitable settlement of the taxes due from it to the Commonwealth. The company did not furnish the information requested, and therefore the Auditor General and State Treasurer estimated an account from such reasonable data and information as they have been enabled to obtain. The estimate for 1870 is as follows: Estimated dividend of eight per cent, on capital stock of \$5,826,200; estimated proportion of capital taxable for Pennsylvania, \$557,976.79; tax of four mill, "one-half mill for each one per cent, of dividend," \$2,231.90; interest from February 15, 1871, to February 15, 1878, \$1,874.79; penalty for failure to report, \$223.19; total, \$4,329.88. The amount of taxes alleged to be due for the remaining years, which include interest and penalty for failure to report, varies from the amount stated for that year to \$2,986.86 for 1880. Although the suits have been brought against the Pullman Palace Car Company by the same Attorney General who instituted proceedings against the Standard Oil Company to recover over \$3,000,000 on its entire capital stock, in the present case it is sought only to tax the capital stock supposed to be represented in Pennsylvania.

Star Route Indictments.

DORSEY, BRADY AND OTHERS ENTER BAIL FOR THEIR APPEARANCE.

WASHINGTON, March 10.—Samuel G. Cabell, indicted for conspiracy and perjury in connection with the Star Route frauds, came into the Criminal Court this morning and furnished bail for his appearance for trial in the sum of \$5000. Samuel Bacon was accepted as surety for Cabell. In the case of John R. Miner, indicted for conspiracy and perjury in the same connection, the defendant was unable to furnish \$5000 bail. In explanation of the failure to furnish bail Mr. Miner (Miner's counsel) said that their bondsman had found their property to be encumbered to such an extent as would make them unacceptable as security. Mr. Miner, with the permission of the court, then filed certified checks for the amount of the bail, payable on certain conditions. To this the court assented. Colonel Ingersoll then came into court with his client, ex-Senator S. W. Dorsey. Mr. Bliss, special counsel for the Government, asked that bail for the appearance of S. W. Dorsey and John W. Dorsey be fixed at \$10,000 in each case. In the case of M. C. Rerdell the Government would ask for surety in the sum of \$5000. Ex-Senator Dorsey then offered J. W. Pumphrey as his bondsman. After an examination of Mr. Pumphrey in regard to his competency as a bondsman he was accepted. On the name of John W. Dorsey being called, his counsel (Colonel Ingersoll) told the court that Mr. Dorsey was on his way here from New Mexico to furnish bail. The court granted a delay. Bail in the case of Mr. C. Rerdell was then fixed at \$5000. Mr. Rerdell did not appear to furnish the bail this morning. Ex-Assistant Postmaster General Thomas J. Brady, accompanied by his counsel (Mr. Wilson), then entered the Court room and offered N. W. Fitzgerald as surety, and Mr. Fitzgerald justified in the sum of \$20,000 as bondsman for the appearance of Mr. Brady.

A Gloomy and Graphic Picture.

RELIEF AFFORDED, BUT WILL IT BE IN TIME TO SAVE FROM STARVATION?

LITTLE ROCK, Ark., March 9.—The city is thronged with refugees from the overflowed districts. Governor Churchville said he received this morning a number of letters from prominent men in the overflowed districts who draw a gloomy and graphic picture of the death and suffering around them. Ashley county reports one thousand persons on the verge of starvation, and Chicot and Desha counties have as many, if not more. There are thousands also in other counties in destitute circumstances. Relief boards are busy distributing rations at all available points. The work is going on as rapidly as could be expected, but the trouble is that there are so many needy that it will be almost impossible to supply their wants in time to prevent suffering, if not actual starvation.

An Amendment to the Constitution Proposed.

WASHINGTON, March 8.—A joint resolution was introduced in the Senate to-day by Mr. Saunders, proposing an amendment to the constitution, which will enable elections to be made by the people of postmasters, United States marshals, district attorneys of United States courts, collectors of internal revenue and other officers, whose duties are to be performed within the limits of any State, or part of a State except judges of the supreme and inferior courts, and provides that all civil officers of the United States, heads of departments and officers whose duties are temporary in their character, shall hold office for a term of four years, unless a longer term shall be fixed by law. The amendment empowers the President to remove any officer elected for any cause against the incumbent's character, habits or other qualifications, excepting political or religious opinions. Article 2 of the proposed amendment provides that the officers mentioned shall be elected in such manner as the State legislatures shall prescribe.

Those who pretend to know predict a good fruit crop next summer.

LEMON JUICE in warm water is recommended for rheumatism.

Freed From an Incubus.

FINE SHOWING OF THE NEW YORK DEMOCRACY SINCE KELLEY'S FINAL SALE.

New York, March 12.—An apparently well informed and keen-eyed correspondent of the *Sun*, writes from Syracuse, in the center of the State, gives figures and indicates popular tendencies in politics, which should be most encouraging to the regular Democracy and cannot fail to carry dismay to the Republican Tammany coalition. Never has a political crisis been more swiftly and signally rebuked than has the bargain of Cornell and Kelly. The town meetings and charter elections held since Tammany became an avowed tender to the Cornell machine have shown how heartily the people of the interior condemn that bargain. From almost every county that has voted during the past four weeks comes unmistakable evidence that the voters repudiate the deal.

Of the first and most crushing token of disapproval furnished by the citizens of the Eighteenth Senate district, enough has already been said. On a platform specifically denouncing the Bolden-Kelly compact, and congratulating the regular Democrats upon their position, an out-spoken "Filden Democrat" was elected Senator by 496 majority, over one of the richest Republicans in the district, and by the votes of five counties which gave Garfield nearly 5,000 majority in 1880. These are eloquent figures.

Since then Binghamton, which gave Garfield 300 majority, has elected a Democratic Mayor by over 500. Syracuse, Mr. Bolden's home, also forgot its 1,666 majority for Garfield and elected a Democratic Mayor. Oswego turns out a Republican Mayor and Common Council and puts Democrats in charge. So does Newburgh, which not only turned out a Republican Mayor to select Lawyer Ward, a partner of Senator Mackin, but gave him a majority larger by 500 than any Democrat ever before received in that city. In Rochester the Democrats cut down Mayor Parsons' majority over that ever before and secured the Common Council—the really important thing, because of patronage involved—by 11 to 5. In Utica the Republicans were so broken up that they ran no ticket at all but divided their votes between two Democratic candidates for Mayor. In Rome the Democrats carried the city handsomely and have eight majority in the Council. In Auburn the Democrats captured the Common Council for the first time within any one's recollection. The result in Elmira is especially significant, because it deals directly with the legislative question. Elmira is the real centre of Tammany sympathy outside of New York. The Democrats nominated for Mayor David B. Hill, the Democratic State Committee man, whose friendship for Mr. Filden and hatred for Kellyism are pronounced and well known. His Republican opponent was Mayor Niven, who was elected last year by 508 majority. Mr. Hill was elected by 350 over Niven. But the fruit toward Democracy is not alone noticeable in the cities. The country towns show it, too.

What a Newspaper Does for Nothing.

The following article should be read and pondered well by every man who takes a newspaper without paying for it: The result of my observation enables me to state as a fact that publishers of newspapers are more poorly rewarded than any other class of men in the United States, who invest an equal amount of labor, capital and thought. They are expected to do more service for less pay, to stand more sponging and dead-heading, to puff and defend more people without any fee or hope of reward than any other class. They credit wider and longer; get oftener cheated, suffer more pecuniary loss; and are oftener the victim of misplaced confidence than any other calling in the community. People pay a printer's bill more reluctantly than any other. It goes harder with them to expend a dollar on a valuable newspaper than ten on a needless gew-gaw, yet everybody avails himself of the editor's pen and the printer's ink. How many professional and political reputations and fortunes have been made and sustained by the friendly, though unrequited pen of the editor? How many embryo towns and cities have been brought into notice and puffed into prosperity by the press? How many railroads, now in successful operation, would have foundered but for the assistance of "the lever that moves the world," in short, what branch of American industry or activity has not been promoted, stimulated and defended by the press? And who has tendered it more than a miserable pittance for his mighty services? The bazars of fashion and the naughts of appetite and dissipation are thronged with an eager crowd, bearing gold in their palms, and the commodities there vended are sold at enormous profits, though intrinsically worthless, and paid for with scrupulous punctuality; while the counting-room of the newspaper is the Jewing, chespening trade of orders and pennies. It is made a point of honor to liquidate a grog bill, but not of dishonor to repudiate a printer's bill.

As suggestive of ex-Senator Conkling's honesty, the *St. Louis Post Dispatch* cites that "some twenty years ago Conkling, Blaine, Sherman, Allison, Windom and Wilson were all Republican members of the House together. They were all poor that time—very poor. They were of about the same age, had about the same start, and have been in public life constantly. Blaine is now a millionaire; Allison, of Iowa, in the Senate, is another millionaire; also got to be very rich. Roscoe Conkling, the ablest, greatest, proudest of them all, is poor to-day." It is not necessary to defend Mr. Conkling's reputation for integrity, but there is much food for reflection in the fact that these gentlemen managed to become so wealthy on the same salary Mr. Conkling drew. And this reminds us of Mr. Sherman's former colleague, ex-Senator Thurman, retired from public life even poorer than the gentleman from New York.

New Advertisements.

VALUABLE REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

NO. 1. All that certain tract of land situate in Taylor township, Centre county, Pa., bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a post on the turnpike road; thence by land of Short & Co. south 22 degrees west 90 perches to a chestnut; thence north 27 degrees east 20 perches to a post; thence north 73 degrees east 20 perches to a red oak; thence north 12 degrees east 20 perches to a maple; thence south 78 degrees east 71 perches to a post; thence north 111 degrees west 122 perches to the place of beginning—containing

Fifty-Six Acres, more or less.

Thereon erected a large HOTEL, Hotel Stable, Bank, Bakery and other outbuildings. All in good order and condition.

No. 2. Also all that certain messuage, tenement and tract of land situate in said township, being more or less of the above tract, bounded by lands of the Bald Eagle Furnace company and others. Being the same premises which Thomas M. High, Sheriff of Centre county, by deed dated November 21, 1856, conveyed to John Coppenhaver—containing

147 ACRES, more or less.

Thereon erected TWO DWELLING HOUSES, Barns and other outbuildings.

No. 3. All that certain messuage, tenement and tract of land situate in Taylor township, Centre county, Pa., bounded by lands of the Bald Eagle Furnace company and others. Being the same premises which Thomas M. High, Sheriff of Centre county, by deed dated November 21, 1856, conveyed to John Coppenhaver—containing

130 ACRES, more or less.

Thereon erected a good DWELLING HOUSE, Barn and other outbuildings.

The above properties were purchased at sheriff's sale as the property of John Coppenhaver by George L. Reed, of Clearfield, Pa. The same will be sold as a whole or separately to suit purchasers. This property is in good condition, and it is very desirable as a Hotel property, or a Distillery, or a Farm. Terms will be made to suit purchasers, partly cash and partly on time. Inquire of GEORGE L. REED, or the CLEARFIELD COUNTY BANK, Clearfield, Pa., or A. O. FURST, Belleville, Pa.

THOMAS J. McCULLOUGH,

ATTORNEY AT LAW, PHILADELPHIA, PA. Office in Albert Owen's building, in the room formerly occupied by the Philadelphia Banking Company.

\$72 A WEEK, \$12 a day at home easily made. Costly outfit free. Address TRUE & CO., Augusta, Maine.

BLISS'S AMERICAN WONDER PEA

Extra Early, Very Dwarf (8 to 10 inches). Requires no Bushing, Exquisite Flavor.

See Henry Ward Beecher says: "Your peas are wonderful! I have never seen any other that are so good, so early, so early as late."

CAUTION.—There is an inferior Pea in the market called "AMERICAN WONDER." It is not the same as the "AMERICAN WONDER" pea.

For full description mailed to applicants.

For a trial send post package, 10 cents; plant 25 cents; return by mail, post-paid.

B. K. BLISS & SONS, 91 Barclay St., New York.

CATALOGUE

of BLISS & SONS' GARDEN FILLING AND HANDBOOK, FLOWERS, SEEDS, FRUIT, VEGETABLES, SMALL FRUITS AND GARDEN REQUISITES.

200 BEAUTIFUL ILLUSTRATIONS.

With a full and complete list of the names of the plants, and the price of each variety of flowers and vegetables. A single copy of the catalogue sent free to any one who sends for it.

For a catalogue send post package, 10 cents; plant 25 cents; return by mail, post-paid.

B. K. BLISS & SONS, 91 Barclay St., New York.

PERUNA

A SURE CURE FOR BRUISED, BLEEDING, ITCHING AND ULCERATED PILES.

Dr. Williams' Indian Ointment. A single box has cured the worst chronic cases of 25 or 30 years standing. No one need suffer five minutes after applying this wonderful soothing medicine. Lotions, ointments and salves are more harmful than good. Williams' Ointment soothes the tumors, allays the intense itching, (particularly at night after getting warm in bed, acts as a poultice, gives instant and painless relief, and is prepared only for Piles, itching of the private parts, and for nothing else.

Read what the Hon. J. M. Coffinberry of Cleveland says about Dr. Williams' Indian Pile Ointment: "I have used scores of Pile Cures, and it affords me pleasure to say that I have never found anything which gave such immediate and permanent relief as Dr. Williams' Indian Ointment."

For sale by all druggists or mailed on receipt of price, \$1.00.

HENRY & Co., Prop't.

62 Vesey St., New York.

DR. FRAZIER'S ROOT BITTERS.

Frazier's Root Bitters are not a dram-shop whisky beverage, but are strictly medicinal in every respect. They act strongly upon the liver and kidneys, keep the bowels open and regular, make the weak strong, and the flaccid, build-up the nervous and cleanse the blood and system of every impurity.

For Dizziness, Rush of Blood to the Head, tending to Apoplexy, Dropsy, Fever and ague, Dropsy, Pimples, Salt Rheum, Tetter, Ringworm, Scald Head, Chapped Hands, Sore Nipples, Sore Lips, cold, obstinate Ulcers and Sores, &c.

SKIN DISEASE. Dr. Frazier's Magic Ointment. Cures as if by magic, Pimples, Black Heads or Grease, Blotches and Eruptions on the face, leaving the skin clear, healthy and beautiful. Also cures Itch, Barber's Itch, Salt Rheum, Tetter, Ringworm, Scald Head, Chapped Hands, Sore Nipples, Sore Lips, cold, obstinate Ulcers and Sores, &c.

SKIN DISEASE. Dr. Frazier's Magic Ointment. Cures as if by magic, Pimples, Black Heads or Grease, Blotches and Eruptions on the face, leaving the skin clear, healthy and beautiful. Also cures Itch, Barber's Itch, Salt Rheum, Tetter, Ringworm, Scald Head, Chapped Hands, Sore Nipples, Sore Lips, cold, obstinate Ulcers and Sores, &c.

SKIN DISEASE. Dr. Frazier's Magic Ointment. Cures as if by magic, Pimples, Black Heads or Grease, Blotches and Eruptions on the face, leaving the skin clear, healthy and beautiful. Also cures Itch, Barber's Itch, Salt Rheum, Tetter, Ringworm, Scald Head, Chapped Hands, Sore Nipples, Sore Lips, cold, obstinate Ulcers and Sores, &c.

SKIN DISEASE. Dr. Frazier's Magic Ointment. Cures as if by magic, Pimples, Black Heads or Grease, Blotches and Eruptions on the face, leaving the skin clear, healthy and beautiful. Also cures Itch, Barber's Itch, Salt Rheum, Tetter, Ringworm, Scald Head, Chapped Hands, Sore Nipples, Sore Lips, cold, obstinate Ulcers and Sores, &c.

SKIN DISEASE. Dr. Frazier's Magic Ointment. Cures as if by magic, Pimples, Black Heads or Grease, Blotches and Eruptions on the face, leaving the skin clear, healthy and beautiful. Also cures Itch, Barber's Itch, Salt Rheum, Tetter, Ringworm, Scald Head, Chapped Hands, Sore Nipples, Sore Lips, cold, obstinate Ulcers and Sores, &c.

SKIN DISEASE. Dr. Frazier's Magic Ointment. Cures as if by magic, Pimples, Black Heads or Grease, Blotches and Eruptions on the face, leaving the skin clear, healthy and beautiful. Also cures Itch, Barber's Itch, Salt Rheum, Tetter, Ringworm, Scald Head, Chapped Hands, Sore Nipples, Sore Lips, cold, obstinate Ulcers and Sores, &c.

SKIN DISEASE. Dr. Frazier's Magic Ointment. Cures as if by magic, Pimples, Black Heads or Grease, Blotches and Eruptions on the face, leaving the skin clear, healthy and beautiful. Also cures Itch, Barber's Itch, Salt Rheum, Tetter, Ringworm, Scald Head, Chapped Hands, Sore Nipples, Sore Lips, cold, obstinate Ulcers and Sores, &c.

SKIN DISEASE. Dr. Frazier's Magic Ointment. Cures as if by magic, Pimples, Black Heads or Grease, Blotches and Eruptions on the face, leaving the skin clear, healthy and beautiful. Also cures Itch, Barber's Itch, Salt Rheum, Tetter, Ringworm, Scald Head, Chapped Hands, Sore Nipples, Sore Lips, cold, obstinate Ulcers and Sores, &c.

SKIN DISEASE. Dr. Frazier's Magic Ointment. Cures as if by magic, Pimples, Black Heads or Grease, Blotches and Eruptions on the face, leaving the skin clear, healthy and beautiful. Also cures Itch, Barber's Itch, Salt Rheum, Tetter, Ringworm, Scald Head, Chapped Hands, Sore Nipples, Sore Lips, cold, obstinate Ulcers and Sores, &c.

SKIN DISEASE. Dr. Frazier's Magic Ointment. Cures as if by magic, Pimples, Black Heads or Grease, Blotches and Eruptions on the face, leaving the skin clear, healthy and beautiful. Also cures Itch, Barber's Itch, Salt Rheum, Tetter, Ringworm, Scald Head, Chapped Hands, Sore Nipples, Sore Lips, cold, obstinate Ulcers and Sores, &c.

SKIN DISEASE. Dr. Frazier's Magic Ointment. Cures as if by magic, Pimples, Black Heads or Grease, Blotches and Eruptions on the face, leaving the skin clear, healthy and beautiful. Also cures Itch, Barber's Itch, Salt Rheum, Tetter, Ringworm, Scald Head, Chapped Hands, Sore Nipples, Sore Lips, cold, obstinate Ulcers and Sores, &c.

SKIN DISEASE. Dr. Frazier's Magic Ointment. Cures as if by magic, Pimples, Black Heads or Grease, Blotches and Eruptions on the face, leaving the skin clear, healthy and beautiful. Also cures Itch, Barber's Itch, Salt Rheum, Tetter, Ringworm, Scald Head, Chapped Hands, Sore Nipples, Sore Lips, cold, obstinate Ulcers and Sores, &c.

SKIN DISEASE. Dr. Frazier's Magic Ointment. Cures as if by magic, Pimples, Black Heads or Grease, Blotches and Eruptions on the face, leaving the skin clear, healthy and beautiful. Also cures Itch, Barber's Itch, Salt Rheum, Tetter, Ringworm, Scald Head, Chapped Hands, Sore Nipples, Sore Lips, cold, obstinate Ulcers and Sores, &c.

SKIN DISEASE. Dr. Frazier's Magic Ointment. Cures as if by magic, Pimples, Black Heads or Grease, Blotches and Eruptions on the face, leaving the skin clear, healthy and beautiful. Also cures Itch, Barber's Itch, Salt Rheum, Tetter, Ringworm, Scald Head, Chapped Hands, Sore Nipples, Sore Lips, cold, obstinate Ulcers and Sores, &c.

SKIN DISEASE. Dr. Frazier's Magic Ointment. Cures as if by magic, Pimples, Black Heads or Grease, Blotches and Eruptions on the face, leaving the skin clear, healthy and beautiful. Also cures Itch, Barber's Itch, Salt Rheum, Tetter, Ringworm, Scald Head, Chapped Hands, Sore Nipples, Sore Lips, cold, obstinate Ulcers and Sores, &c.

SKIN DISEASE. Dr. Frazier's Magic Ointment. Cures as if by magic, Pimples, Black Heads or Grease, Blotches and Eruptions on the face, leaving the skin clear, healthy and beautiful. Also cures Itch, Barber's Itch, Salt Rheum, Tetter, Ringworm, Scald Head, Chapped Hands, Sore Nipples, Sore Lips, cold, obstinate Ulcers and Sores, &c.

SKIN DISEASE. Dr. Frazier's Magic Ointment. Cures as if by magic, Pimples, Black Heads or Grease,