THE CENTRE DEMOCRAT is pub

hole people.

Payments made within three months will be condered in advance.

No paper will be discontinued until arrearages are id, except at option of publishers.

Papers going out of the county must be paid for in trance.

Papers going out of the county must be paid for in advance.

Any person procuring us ten cash subscribers will be sent a copy free of charge.

Our extensive circulation makes this paper an unusually reliable and profitable medium for anvertising. We have the most ample facilities for JOB WORK and are prepared to print all kinds of Books, Tracts, Programmes, Posters, Commercial printing, &c., in the nest style and at the lowest possible rates.

All advertisements for a less term than three months 20 cents per line for 'he first three insertions, and 5 cents a line for each 'dditional insertion. Special notices one-half more,

Editorial notices lo cents per line.

A liberal discount is made to persons advertising by the quarter, half year, or year, as follows:

SPACE OCCUPIED.	3 mos	6 mos	1 year
	1 7	140	8.6
Three inches	10	20	- 68
Half column (or 10 inches) One column (or 20 inches)	120	(30)	4.84

payments in advance will be required.

Local Norices, in local columns, 10 cents per line.

Potricia. Norices, 5 cents per line each insertion.

Nothing inserted for less than 50 cents.

Rusiness Norices, in the editorial columns, 15 cents
per line, each insertion.

New York Platform.

The following in substance is the declaration of principles adopted by the Democratic State convention of

The Democratic party of New York again declares its fidelity to the principles set forth by the New York State Democratic conventions of 1874, 1875, and 1876, which were thrice approved at the ballot boxes by the people of the Empire State, and were vindicated by the wise administration of the Democratic State Executives then chosen, and to the principles set forth by the National Democratic Convention at St. Louis, which was approved by decisive popular and electoral majorities in the Presidential election of 1876. The victories then won in this State and in the United States were in the name and for the sake of reform. The people were defrauded of the fruits of vic-tory in the federal elections by the false of the electoral votes in 1876, and flagrant corruption in the election of 1880. Reform throughout the fedor 1880. Reform throughout the feeters and ministration is still a necessity. The continuing disclosures of new and hitherto concealed plundering of the people's fund by inner rings in the Treasury, the Postoffice and the Interior Departments demonstrate that reform is now more than ever a necessity. The assassination of the late President of assassination of the late President of the United States was a crime against authority, against free institutions and against humanity. We deplore and denounce the crime in all its public and private aspects. We extend as citizens our most profound condolence to the family of the murdered Chief Magistrate, and regard with great gratification the universal expressions of sympathy extended by all nations and people of the property of the control of the c pathy extended by all nations and people. We demand the payment, principle and interest, of every dollar of public indebtedness. "Readjustment" is repudiation. The act of the Northern Republican leaders in giving the support of that party to repudiation in Virginia, Mississippi, Minnesota and other States is a national disgrace, dan-

reform by legislative enactment, well as by administrative action, in civil service of the country as will sub

stitute for the present periodical scram ble for spoils, a wise system of appoint

ment and promotion, by which the in-cumbency of subordinate officers shall be regulated by law and depend only

upon capacity and character, and de-mand that no assessments shall be levied upon public officers for political purposes. The public welfare demands that the various questions relating to

that the various questions relating to chatered monopolies and the methods

chatered monopolies and the methods of transportation should be met and decided, and we are in favor of the adoption of measures to restrict the growing power of such monopolies. We approve of the unanimous action of the Democratic members of the last Legislature in providing for the early submission to the people of an amendment to the Constitution in favor of free canals.

The Democratic party, now and always unalterably opposed to centralization of power in either the State or Federal Governments, hereby requests its rep-

Governments, hereby requests its representatives in the Legislature to promote and make effective an amendment to the Constitution, which shall extend

Never forget that biliousness and con-stipation are entirely curable with Man-ALIN.

gerous as a precedent and destructive of the public credit. We indorse and of the public credit. We indorse and applaud the united and honest action for Democratic principles and candidates of the fifty-four Democratic members of the last Legislature. They honored their State, their party and themselves. We denounce the Republican majority because that majority defeats.

uates of the fifty four Democratic members of the last Legislature. They from ored their State, their party and themselves. We denounce the Republican majority because that majority defeats every measure of transportation reform at the bidding of its masters, the corporations. It prolonged the session of the Legislature far into the summer, at an aggregate expense of \$300,000 to the people. It became, in a factional struggle of placemen, the participant in scandals and crimes which brought dishonor and disgrace upon the good name of our State. We are in favor of such a reform by legislative enactment, as well as by administrative action.

THE PREMIER ANXIOUS TO BE RELIEVED OF CABINET DUTY.

A prominent New York politician, who returned from Washington Sunday evening, said to a reporter of the Herald, in regard to Secretary Blaine's intentions and preferences, that he was informed on excellent authority that Blaine was completely in the dark as to the President's plans and that he had not received the slightest intimation as to when his resignation would be accepted or whether he would be pressed to remain. A close friend of the Secretary of State assured him while in Washington that the Premier could not be induced to serve out his term to the Constitution, which shall extend the principle and the powers of local self-government to the cities of the State. To the record of the Democracy of New York we point with confidence. We challenge a comparison of its record with that furnished by the factions, which were once the Republican party of this State. To the candidates of this convention we pledge a hearty support, and we confidently submit our action as the representatives of a free Democracy to the good people of this commonwealth for their verdict at the polls.

The Outrage Mill Played Out.

From the Carbon Democrat.

Suppose President Garfield had been assassinated by a confirmed lunatic escaped from an asylum, and on committing the deed he would have exclaimed "I am a Democrat of the Democrats," and "I did it for the good of the country and the harmony of my party," or words of similar character, what would have been the political situation to-day? Every machine organ that has waved the bloody shirt during the last ten or fifteen years would now be filled with the most outrageous comments on the fifteen years would now be filled with the most outrageous comments on the "blood-thirsty" and "treasonable" Democracy. We all would be denounced as instigators of murder and anarchy. The words of the lunatic, "I am a Democrat of the Democrats," would be paraded on Republican banners and little children would be taught to believe that they are reminders that President Garfield was murdered by the Demo-Garfield was murdered by the Demo-cratic party, and the bloody crusade against the Democracy would be effective and crushing for at least twenty

years longer. Some years ago a drunken riot oc-Some years ago a drunken riot oc-curred at Hamburg, South Carolina, be-tween parties of blacks and whites, and some of them were killed. It was called the Hamburg slaughter, and be-cause more whites than blacks were killed the Republican organs insisted upon it that it was a Democratic massa-cre. And as United States Senator But-ler resided in the vicinity of the riot he ler resided in the vicinity of the riot he was repeatedly and peristently called a murderer or an instigator of murder, even after an impartial investigation clearly established the fact that he was

not directly or indirectly responsible for the bloody affair.

And so also in regard to the Chisholm murder in Mississippi a few years ago. Year after year the Republican organs persistently charged the murder against the Democratic party. Almost against the Democratic party. Almost every outrage perpetrated throughout the South—whether killing or attempt ing to kill-was in the same manner paraded in prints and proclaimed from paraded in prints and proclaimed from the Republican stump as Democratic murder, Democratic assault and Demo-cratic outrage! Every act of lawlessness in the South was thus magnified and

on the South was thus magnified and paraded throughout the North for the basest political party purposes. But now the most monstrous, brutish and cowardly crime in the whole his-tory of our country—even more unprovoked and cruel than was the assassina-tion of honest Abraham Lincoln—has been committed, not by a Democrat, or a copperhead, or an ex-rebel, but by one who less than a year ago was a recog-nized stump orator of the regular Re-publican bloody shirt persuasion. By a "stalwart of the stalwarts," and, accord-ing to his own declaration, for the good and harmony of his party—to instal Arthur in the Presidential office! Ac-cording to Guiteau's further declaration voked and cruel than was the assassinacording to Guiteau's further declaration he had no personal feeling against President Garfield, but purely political -to take the machinery of government out of the hands of Garfield and put it into the hands of Arthur. And the into the hands of Arthur. And the bloody deed was done just at the time when Garfield's Cabinet had taken steps to crush out some of the notorious thieves and treasury plunderers who brought so much disgrace upon the country during the administrations of Grant and Fraud Hayes; just when Vice President Arthur had made unenviable notoriety for himself by doing all in his power at Albany to secure victory for power at Albany to secure victory for Conkling and the stalwart faction and against the Garfield administration. It was during this somewhat novel period in the history of the Republican party, when the newly inaugurated administra-tion manifested its purpose to bring the better elements of the party to the front, it was then, and not till then, that Guiteau fired the fatal shot, not because he loved Garfield less but because he

loved the stalwarts more.

And yet we do not and would not accuse the Republican party of the monstrous crime, because that would be almost as unfair, cowardly and contemptible as the Republican bloody shirt lies referred to.

in Washington that the Premier could not be induced to serve out his term under any circumstances. He had made up his mind to retire. That it was his intention to be a candidate for the Presidency in 1884 was unquestionable, and he seemed to be clear in the belief that his chances of carrying off the prize would be infinitely better out of the Cabinet of President Arthur than in it. If he remained he would be powerless to reward his friends. Besides, nearly all of them had been provided for either at home or abroad. By remaining in he might possibly save some of them, but he shrewdly saw that in his campaign for the Presidency they would be of infinitely more service to him in their different states than on distant diplomatic and consular posts in Europe and Asia. The publication recently of the letter which he wrote President Garfield accepting a place in the Cabinet was not accidental. It was really the first step in the canvass for the next nomination. This has been followed by other movements since which are only known to his most trusted followers. The informant, also gathered from a leading Senator, who

was unusually well informed in regard to the President's policy, that Mr. Blaine, within a few days, had urged Gen. Arthur to take immediate action on his resignation. The Secretary of State, it was asserted, was becoming restive, and desired that the matter be decided one way or the other as soon as possible.

Commissioner Dudley's Case.

A part of the business for which Judge McDonald, ex-Senator from Indiana, is now in the city is said to be the defeat of the confirmation of Commisssioner of Pensions Dudley. The objection to him is that, while marshal for Indiana, he used his office for party for Indiana, he used his office for party ends, exceeding his authority in the appointment of deputy marshals, who were selected merely because they were good Republican workers at the polls. If opposition to his confirmation be vigorously pushed, it will probably become a party fight. In addition to these complaints, employes of the Pension Bureau report that Commissioner Dudley has been and is now levying assessments upon his clerks in the interest of Mahone's Readjusters. est of Mahone's Readjusters.

Philadelphia Markets.

PHILADELPHIA, October 17, 1881.

There is more business in breadstuffs and wheat is

There is more business in breadstuffs and wheat is higher.

Flours is in fair demand and firm. Sales of 1,000 barrels; including Minnesota extras at \$868.12½; for clear, and at \$3.12½ abs. 25 for straight! Pennsylvania extra family at \$7.5067.75; western do, do at \$7.766 \$25, and patents at \$8.5069.25. Hys flour is firm at \$6.50 per barrel.

Wheat.—There's was not much activity in wheat. Wheat.—There's was not much activity in wheat. The closing figures the prices series was not much activity in wheat. The closing figures the prices was not much activity in wheat. The closing figures the prices was not much activity in wheat. The closing figures the prices was not much activity in wheat. The closing figures the prices was not much activity in wheat. The closing figures the prices was not much activity in wheat. The closing figures the prices was not considered by the close of the close of

Bellefonte Markets.

QUOTATIONS. White wheat, per bushel(old)\$1	2
Red wheat	
Rye, per bushel	8
Corn. cob	7
Corn, shelled	7
Oats	4
Flour, retail, per barrel 7	5
Flour, wholesale 7	0

Provision Market.

	Corrected weekly by Harper Brothers.
A	pples, dried, per pound
	herries, dried, per pound, seeded
	leans per quart
ž	resh butter per pound
€	hickens per pound
€	heese per pound
€	country hams per pound
	lams, sugar cured
E	lacon
1	ard per pound
	ggs per doz
	otatoes per bushel
I	oried beef

New Advertisements.

A UDITOR'S NOTICE.

A UDITOR'S NOTICE.

The undersigned, an auditor appointed by the Jrphans' Court to hear and pass upon the exceptions field to the administrator's account of the estate of John T. Hoover, deceased, and to make distribution of John the Hundin of the administrator, will attend to the duties of his appointment at his office in Bellemonte on FRIDAY, the I th day of November, A. D. 1881, at 10 o'clock A. M. of said day, when and where all parties interested can attend.

42-5t

A UDITOR'S NOTICE.

The auditor appointed by the Orphane Court of Centre county to ascertain the advancements and make distribution of the balance in the hands of B. F. Shaffer and William Carter, executors of, &c., of Michael Shaffer, deceased, to and among those legally entitled thereto, will attend to the duties of his appointment at his office in Beliefonte on THURBDAY, the 17th day of November, A. D. 1881, at 10 o'clock A. M., when and where all parties interested can attend if they see proper.

42-34

D. F. FORTNEY, Auditor.

Orphans' Court Sale. PURSUANT to an order of the Orphans' Court of Centre county, Pa., will be sold ablic sale, on the premises in Half Moon township, iid county, on

Thursday, the 10th of November, 1881,

Thursday, the 10th of November, 1881, at 1 o'slock P. M., the following described real estate late of George P. Mattern, deceased, to witt No. 1. A certain lot or piece of ground strate in Walkerville, Half Moon township storesaid, on the southeast side of Main street, adjoining lots of Mrs. Blakely on the east and lot of Henry Adams on the west, known in the filot or plan of said village as lot No. 24, fronting on Main street 65 feet and running back 165 feet. Thereon erected a FOTTERY KILN and building for storing and making pottery wear.

KILN and building for storing and maning poterly wear.

No. 2. A certain lot or piece of ground situate in Walkerville aforesaid, being a corner lot fronting on Main street 66 feet and on the Philipsburg read 214 feet, and known as lot No. 1 in the plot or plan of said town. Thereon erected a good, comparatively new TWO-STORY FRAME DWELLING HOUSE 20 by 40 feet, a large stable and other out, buildings, also having a well of good water.

No. 3. A certain messuage, tenement and tract of farming land in Half Moon township, adjoining land of Issac Way on the east, Henry, Lytle on the south, ——Lyons on the west and William Way and Jacob Hicks on the north, containing EIGHTY ACRES, more or less. Thereon sreeted a

Way and Jacob Hicks on the north, containing EIGHTY ACRES, more or less. Thereon orected a new TWO-STORY DWELLING HOUSE, large bank barn, wagon house, corn crib, smoke house and other cortuildings, also having thereon a good young orch

This farm is in the ore belt of Centre county and is underlaid with a large quantity of excellent iron ore. It is located within 3 miles of the Bald Eagle Valley ailroad and within two miles of the new railroad now building to River Hill ore mines.

TERMS OF SALE, Ten per cent. of purchase money when the property is struck down, the balance of one-third on ©onfirmation of sale, and the remaining two thirds in equal annual payments at one and two years with interest, to be secured by bond and mortgage on the premises.

F. G. MATTERN.

F. G. MATTERN, Milesburg, October 17, 1881. (42-ts) Administrato

DE DII NIA

	PE-RU-NA
	This is a new remedy, originally com- pounded and introduced to the medical profes- sion and the public at large by S. B. Hart-
ш	man, M. D., of 307 Penn Ave., Pittsburg. Pa., who has prescribed it to over 40,000 pa- tients, and in every case with the most grati- fying success.
	Its effect upon the system is entirely unlike that of any other remedy, and is the only medicine needed in almost every disease to
H	which flesh is heir—Epilepsy (Falling Fits) being the only exception. In this PERCHA should not be used. In Constipation and Diseases of the Fernals Organs and Riadder.
H	MANALIN should be given with it. PERUNA is composed of purely vegetable ingredients, each one, according to medical authors, a great remedy in itself.
	Dr. Hartman has succeeded in extracting the active principles from these ingredients and in combining them into one dimple com-
Н	pound, which at once coincides with the Vis MEDICATRIX NATURA in every disease, and the work of restoration commences with the first dose. There is not an organ that it will
	not reach nor a disease it will not cure. For

S. R. HARTMAN & CO.

Dissolution of Partnership. NOTICE is hereby given that the partnership heretofore existing between Arthur J. Brown and John Proudfoot, under the firm name of A. J. Brown & Co., in the furniture business, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. The books and accounts remain in the hands of Arthur J. Brown, to whom all persons indebted to the late firm will please make pagment.

JAMES B. ALEXANDER In the Court of Common vs. Pleas of Centre county. Pleas of Centre county. No. 236, Aug. term, 1881. NOTICE is hereby given to the heirs and legal representatives of Martha Mackall to come into court on the fourth Monday of November next and answer the petition of plaintif and show cause why a certain mortgage given by J. B Alexander to Martha Mackall should not be satisfied of record. Attest: JOHN SPANGLER, 42-4t

GEORGE N. HALE, for In the Court of Common bimself and others, JAMES HARRIS. In the Court of Common Pleas of Centre county, No. 38 November term, 1881.

NOTICE is hereby given to the heirs and legal representatives of James Harris, deceased, to come into court on the fourth Monday of November next and answer the petition of plaintiff and show cause why a certain mortgage given by Charles Huston to James Harris, dated the 29t. day of February, 1808, and recorded in Centre county in mortgage book "A," page 132, should not be satisfied of record. Attest: JOHN SPANGLER, 42-6t.

JANE W. HALE
JAS GRAY, JOHN MILLER AND JOHN PUR.
DON.

JANE W. HALE
Pleas of Centre county.
No. 37, November term,
1881.

DON.

OTICE is hereby given to the heirs and legal representatives of James Gray, John Miller and John Purdon deceased, executors and legal representatives of Matthew buncan, deceased, and to the heirs and legal representatives of the said Matthew buncan, deceased, and to the heirs and legal representatives of the said Matthew buncan, deceased, to come into court on the fourth Monday of November next and answer the perition of the plaintiff and show cause why a certain mortgage given by Charles Huston and Philip Benner to James Gray, John Miller and John Purdon, executors of Matthew Duscan, dated the 20th of April, 1814, and recorded in Centre county in mortgage book "A," page 287, should not be satisfied of record.

Attest—

JOHN SPANGLER, 42-6t

Orphans' Court Sale.

N accordance with an order of the

Thursday, the 3d of November next.

Thursday, the 3d of November next, at I ofclock, P.M., the following described real estate the, property of Samuel Varick, late of Walker township, deceased, to wit:

All that certain messuage, tenement and tract of land situate in Walker township, bounded and described as follows: On the north by lands of the heirs of R. R. Valentine, deceased, other lands of said Samuel Yearick and Issac Bickle; south by lands of Issac Bickle; court by lands of Issac Bickle; south by lands of Issac Bickle; south by TYPERCHES, and DONE HUNDRED AND FIFTY PERCHES, neat measure.

All that messuage, tenement and tract of land situate as above, bounded and described as follows: On the north and east by lands of the heirs of R. B. Valentine, deceased, and heirs of H. Brocker-hoff, deceased; south by lands of Issac Bickle; west by lands of camuel Yearick (above described)—containing TWENTY ACIES AND FIFTY-FOUR FERCHES, neat measure.

TERMS OF RALE—One-third in band on confirmation of sale and the residue in two equal annual payments thereafter with interest to be secured by bond and mortgage on the premises.

NO. S. YEARICCK. Administrator.

JNO. S. YEARICK, Administrator.

MRS. LYDIA E. PINKHAM, OF LYNN, MASS.,



LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S VEGETABLE COMPOUND.

Is a Positive Cure

Is a Positive Cure

for all these Painful Complaints and Weaknesses
socommon to our best female population.

It will cure entirely the worst form of Fenale Complaints, all ovarian troubles, Infammation and Ulera
tion, Falling and Displacements, and the consequent
spinal Weakness, and is particularly adapted to the
Change of Life.

It will dissolve and expel tumors from the utserus in
an early stage of development. The tendency to cancerous humors thereis cleecked very speedily by its use.

It removes faintness, flatulency, destroyadl craving
for stimulants, and relieves weakness of the nomach.

It cures Bloating, illeadaches, Nervous Prostration,
General Debillty, Sleeplessness, Depression and Indigestion.

gration.
That feeling of bearing down, causing pain, weight and backsche, is always permanently cured by its use. It will at all times and under all circumstances act in harmony with the laws that govern the female system. For the cure of Kidney Complaints of eitzer sex this

Compound is unsurpassed.

LYBIA E. FINKHAM'S VEGETABLE COMFOUND is prepared at 23 and 23 Western Avenus,
Lynn, Mass. Price \$1. Six bottles for \$6. Sent by mail
in the form of pills, also in the form of losenges, on
receipt of price, \$1 per box for either. Mrs. Finkham
freely answers all letters of inquiry. Send for pamphlet. Address as above. Mention this Puper.

No family should be without LYDIA E. PINKHAM'S and torpidity of the liver. E cents per box.

EXAMINER'S NOTICE.

In the Orphane Court of Centre county: In the matter of the last will and testament of John Shope, ate of Boggs township, deceased:

The undersigned, an Examiner appoint-dby said court to take testimony upon a rule granted y said court to show cause why a feigned issue should on the awarded to try the validity of said will, will seet all the parties interested at his office in the orough of Bellefonte, to attend to the duties of his ppointment, on TUSSDAY, November 1, A. D. 1831, 110 o'clock A. M.

JOHN G. LOVE, Examiner.

COURT PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS, the Hon. Charles A. Mayer, Pres-dent of the Court of Common Pleas of the 25th Judicis District, consisting of the counties of Centre, Clinto and Clearfield, and the Hon. Samuel Franck and the Hon. John Divens, Associate Judges in Centre county JOHN SPANGLER, Sheriff.

New Advertisements.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

BY virtue of a writ of Levari Fa-cias issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Centre county, and to me directed, there will be ex-posed at public sale at the Court House, in Belle-fonte, on

Saturday, October 22, A. D. 1881,

to wit:

All those two certain tracts or pieces of land situate in Centre county, Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows: One thereof situate in Little Sugar Valley, beginning at a stone, or one of the tract; thence south 44% west, 25% or Washington Iron Company, and being the both corner of the tract; thence south 44% west, 25% perches; thence south 49% west, 25% perches; thence south 52% west, 120 perches; thence south 52% west, 120 perches; thence south 55% west, 120 perches; thence south 50% west, 186 perches; thence south 50% west, 186 perches; thence south 61½ west, 165 4-10 perches; thence south 61½ west, 165 4-10 perches; thence south 65% west, 25 perches to stones; thence south 57% east, 176 perches; thence south 27% east, 171 perches; thence south 62½ west, 100 perches; thence south 27% east, 171 perches; thence south 62½ west, 100 perches; thence south 27% east, 171 perches; thence south 62½ west, 286 perches to stone; thence north 62½ west, 281 perches; thence north 62½ west, 287 perches; thence north 62½ west, 287 perches; thence north 62½ west, 287 perches; thence north 62½ west, 288 perches; described of perches, more or less.

The other thereof, situate in Pheasant and Little 8ugar valiles, beginning at the eastern corner of the tract; thence south 62% west, 238 perches to ear of the first thereof south 62% west, 238 perches to ear of the first thereof south 62% west, 238 perches to ear of the first thereof south 62% west, 238 perches to ear of the first thereof south 62% west, 238 perches to ear of ear of the tract; thence south 62% west, 238 perches to ear of the first thereof south 62% west, 238 perches to ear of the first thereof south 62% west, 238 perches to ear of the first thereof south 62% west, 238 perches to ear of the first ther All those two certain tracts or pieces of

The other thereof, situate in Pheasant and Little Segar vallies, beginning at the eastern corner of the tract; thence south 65° west, 239 perches to stones; thence by land of Jeremiah Stover north 374° west, 327 3-10 perches; thence by residue of tract, north 524° east, 45 perches; thence north 35° east about 25 perches to line of land of William While, formerly Abram Meyers; thence by same south 27° east, 310 perches to white pine; thence north 50½° east, 117 4-10 perches to stones; thence north 50½° east, 117 4-10 perches to stones; thence north 50½° east, 102 perches; thence south 37½° east, 230 perches to the place of beginning—containing 4630 acres and 59 perches, more or less; the 190 tracts containing 4600 acres, more or less; the 190 tracts containing 4600 acres, more or less; the 190 tracts containing 4600 acres, more or less; the 190 tracts containing 4600 acres, more or less; the 190 tracts containing 4600 acres, more or less; the 190 tracts containing 4600 acres, more or less. The title to which lands was conveyed to the said defendant by Moses Thompson and wife, by deed dated July 25, 1873, recorded in Centre county, in Deed Book 'H. 'No. 2 page 483, &c. Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of the Defendant.

TERMS CASH.—No deed will be acknowledged until the purchase money is paid in full.

JOHN SPANGLER, Shoriff

JOHN SPANGLER, Sheriff.

ELECTION PROCLAMATION.

GOD SAVE THE COMMONWEALTH.

I JOHN SPANGLER, High Sher-1 9 iff of the County of Centre, Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, do hereby make known and give notice to the electors of the County aforesaid, that an election will be held in the said County of Centre,

On Tuesday, November 8, 1881, or the purpose of electing one person to fill the office of State Treasurer of Pennsylvania.

Two persons to fill the offices of Associate Judges of lentre county.

One person to fill the office of Sheriff for the county of Centre.

Centre.

One person to fill the office of County Treasurer of satre county.

One person to fill the office of Prothonotary of the One person to fill the office of Prothonotary of the sunty of Centre.

One person to fill the office of Register of the coun-of Centre.

One person to fill the office of Recorder of the country of Centre. sons to fill the offices of Commissioner of

Three persons to fill the offices of Commissioner of entre county.

Three persons to fill the offices of Auditor of Cen-

tre county.

I also hereby make known and give notice that the
place of holding the aforesaid election in the several
Boroughs and Townships in the County of Centre are
as follows, to wit:

For the township of Haines, at the public house of
Henry Shafer (Aaronshurg).

For the township of Haif Moon, at the school house
in Stormstown.

Henry Shafer (Aaronsburg).

For the township of Half Moon, at the school house in Stormetown.

For the township of Taylor, at the house erected for that purpose on the property of Leonard Merryman.

For the township of Miles, in the school house in the town of Rebersburg.

For the township of Potter (Northern precinct), at the public house of D. J. Moyer, in Centre Hall.

For the township of Potter (Southern precinct), at the public house of D. H. Rubl, at Potter's Mills.

For the township of Gregg (Northern precinct), at the public house of D. H. Rubl, at Potter's Mills.

For the township of Gregg (Southern precinct), at the public house owned by J. B. Fisher, of Penn Hall.

For the township of College, in the school house at Lemont.

For the township of Ferguson (old precinct), in the school house in Balleyville.

For the township of Harris, in the school house at Boalsburg.

For the township of Harris, in the school house at Boalsburg.

For the township of Pation, at the house of Peter For the township of Pation, at the house of Peter For the township of Pation, at the house of Peter For the township of Pation, at the house of Peter For the township of Pation, at the house of Peter For the township of Pation, at the house of Peter For the township of Pation, at the house of Peter For the township of Pation, at the house of Peter For the township of Pation, at the house of Peter For the township of Pation, at the house of Peter For the township of Pation, at the house of Peter For the township of Pation, at the house of Peter For the township of Pation, at the house of Peter For the township of Pation, at the house of Peter For the township of Pation, at the house of Peter For the township of Pation, at the house of Peter For the township of Pation, at the house of Peter For the township of Pation, at the house of Peter For the township of Pation, at the house of Peter For the township of Pation at the Peter For the Township of Pation at the Peter For the Peter For the Township of Pation at the Peter For the

Boalsburg.
For the township of Patton, at the house of Peter
Murray.
For the borough of Bellefonte, and the townships of
Spring and Benner, at the Court House in Bellefonte.
For the township of Walker, in the school house at

Hablersburg.

For the borough and township of Howard, at the school house of said borough.

For the township of Rush, at the Cold Stream school

house.

For the township of Snow Shoe, at the school house at Snow Shoe station.

For the township of Marion, at the house of Joel Kling, in Jacksonville.

For the torough of Miesburg, at the school house in Milesburg.

For the township of Boggs, at the new school house in Central Client.

For the township of Huston, at the Silver Dale school house.

school house.

For the township of Penn, at the public house of William Musser.

For the borough of Millheim, at the school house opposite the Evangelical church in said borough.

For the township of Liberty, at the school house at Earleville.

opposite the Evangelical church in said borough. For the township of Liberty, at the school house at Engieville.

For the township of Worth, at the school house at Port Matilda.

For the township of Burnside, at the house of J. K. Boak.

For the township of Curtin, at the school house near Robert Mann.

For the borough of Unionville and the toynship of Union, at the new school house at Unionville.

For the borough of Philipsburg, in the new school house is said borough.

NOTICE is also hereby given, "That every person excepting the justice of the peace, who shall hold any office or appointment of any profit or trust under the Government of the United States, or of this State, or of any edit or incorporated district, whether commissioned officer or otherwise, subordinate effect or of the United States, or of any city or incorporated district, whether accommissioned officer or otherwise, subordinate effect or of the United States, or of any city or incorporated district; and also that every member of Congo or State Legislature, and of the Select or Commo Couract district; and also that every member of Congo or State Legislature, and of the Select or Commo Couract district, is by law incapable of holding or exercising, at the same time, the office or appointment of founds, unspector or Clerk of any election of this Common wealth; and that no Inspector, Judge or other officer of any such election shall be eligible to any office to be then voted for."

Given under my hand and seal, at my office in Bellefonte, the let day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and eligity-one, and in the one hundred and fifth year of the Independence of the United States.

JOHN SPANGLER,

JOHN SPANGLER,

Orphans' Court Sale. DURSUANT to an order of the Or-

Thursday, the 3d of November next, Thursday, the 3d of November next, at 2 o'clock, P. M., the following real estate, late the property of JOHN DUNKLE, deceased, to wit:

All that certain messuage, tenement and tract of land situate in Walker township, bounded and described as follows: On the north by the estate of Adam Decker, dec'd; on the seat by lands of David Harshbarger and A. C. Geary; on the south by A. G. Geary, and on the west by land of Jacob Dunkle, containing 30 across and 126 perches, about 75 acros cleared and in a high state of cultivation—thereon exceted agood two-dorry dwelling buuse, with a never-failing spring of water at the door, a commodious log burn, and all the mecasary outbuildings. There are two apple orchards on the premises of choice fruit, a good deep press, and all the conveniences desirable for a comfortable home.

TERM or \$83.88—One-third of the purchase money in

comfortable home.
TERMS of SALE—One-third of the purchase monadon confirmation of sale; one-third in one yeard the balance in two years, with intervet on the ferre- payments, to be accured by bond and mortgard JACOB DUNKLE, Administrate 10-3w

THE undersigned hereby gives no-tice that he has purchased from Ecos Bush a team of Marus—the one a rear mare and the other a thorour mare—and that he bus loaned them to the said Ecos Bush. All persons are notified not to interfer with this toom as it is ny property. JOB BUSH. Snow Shoe, Sept 20, 1881.

66 a week in your ewn town. Tornes and \$5 ou