

The Centre Democrat.

BELLEFONTE, PA.

The Largest, Cheapest and Best Paper Published in Centre County.

THE CENTRE DEMOCRAT is published every Thursday morning, at Bellefonte, Centre county, Pa.

TERMS—Cash in advance..... \$1 00 If not paid in advance..... 2 00

A LIVE PAPER—devoted to the interests of the whole people.

Payments made within three months will be considered in advance.

No paper will be discontinued until arrearages are paid, except at option of publishers.

Papers going out of the county must be paid for in advance.

Any person procuring us ten cash subscribers will be sent a copy free of charge.

Our extensive circulation makes this paper an unusually reliable and profitable medium for advertising.

We have the most ample facilities for JOB WORK and are prepared to print all kinds of Books, Tracts, Programmes, Posters, Commercial printing, &c., in the finest style and at the lowest possible rates.

All advertisements for a less than three months 20 cents per line for the first three insertions, and 5 cents a line for each additional insertion. Special notices one-half more.

Editorial notices 15 cents per line. A liberal discount is made to persons advertising by the quarter, half year, or year, as follows:

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Foreign advertisements must be paid for before insertion, except on yearly contracts, when half-yearly payments in advance will be required.

Local Notices, in local columns, 10 cents per line. Political notices, 15 cents per line each insertion. Notices inserted for less than 30 cents.

BUSINESS NOTICES, in the editorial columns, 15 cents per line, each insertion.

Democratic Delegate Election and County Convention.

The Democratic voters of Centre county will meet at the regular place of holding the general election for their districts, on Saturday, August 6, 1881.

to elect delegates to the Democratic County Convention. The election will open at two o'clock P. M. and close at six P. M.

The Delegates chosen at the above time will meet in the Court House, at Bellefonte, on TUESDAY, the 9th day of August, at two o'clock P. M., to nominate two candidates for Associate Judge; one candidate for Sheriff; one candidate for Prothonotary; one candidate for Treasurer; one candidate for Register; one candidate for Recorder; two candidates for County Commissioner; and to transact such other business as the interest of the party may require.

The number of delegates to which each district is entitled is as follows:

Table listing districts and their corresponding number of delegates. Includes Bellefonte, W. W., N. W., N. E., S. W., etc.

The delegate elections must be conducted strictly in accordance with the following rules:

1. The Democratic County Convention of Centre county shall be composed of one delegate for every fifty Democratic voters polled at the Presidential or Gubernatorial election next preceding the convention.

2. The election for delegates to represent the different districts in the annual Democratic County Convention shall be held at the usual place of holding the general elections for each district, on the Saturday preceding the second Tuesday of August, in each and every year, beginning at two o'clock, P. M., on said day and continuing until six o'clock, P. M.

3. The said delegate elections shall be held by an election board, to consist of the member of county committee for each district and two other Democratic voters thereof, who shall be appointed or designated by the County Committee.

4. Every qualified voter of the district, who at the late general election voted the Democratic ticket, shall be entitled to a vote at the delegate election; and any qualified elector of the district who will pledge his word of honor to support the Democratic ticket at the next general election shall be permitted to vote at the delegate elections.

5. The voting at all delegate elections shall be by ballot; upon which ballot shall be written or printed the name or names of the delegate or delegates voted for, together with any instructions which the voter may desire to give the delegate or delegates. Each ballot shall be received from the person voting the same by a member of the election board, and by him deposited in a box or other receptacle provided for that purpose, to which box or other receptacle no person but members of the board shall have access.

6. No instructions shall be received or recognized unless the same be voted upon the ballot as provided in Rule Fourth, nor shall such instructions be voted upon the ballot, be binding upon the delegates, unless one-half or more of the ballots shall contain instructions concerning the same office. Whenever half or more of the ballots shall contain instructions concerning any office, the delegates elected at such elections shall be held to be instructed to support the candidate having the highest number of votes for such office.

turn of such election, containing an accurate statement of the persons elected delegates and all instructions voted, shall be certified by said board to the county convention, upon printed blanks to be furnished by the county convention.

8. Whenever from any district qualified Democratic voters, in numbers equal to five times the delegates which such district has in the county convention, shall complain in writing of an undue election or false return of delegates or of instructions, in which complaints the alleged facts shall be specifically set forth and verified by the affidavit of one or more persons, such complainants shall have the right to contest the seat of such delegates or the validity of such instructions.

9. All delegates must reside in the district they represent. In case of absence or inability to attend, substitutions may be made from citizens of the district.

10. Delegates must obey the instructions given them by their respective districts, and, if violated, it shall be the duty of the president of the convention to cast the vote of such delegate or delegates in accordance with the instructions, and the delegate or delegates so offending shall be forthwith expelled from the convention, and shall not be eligible to any office or place of trust in the party for a period of two years.

11. In the convention, a majority of all voters shall be necessary to a nomination; and no person's name shall be excluded from the list of candidates until after the third ballot or vote, when the person receiving the least number of votes shall be omitted and struck from the roll, and so on at each successive vote until a nomination be made.

12. If any person who is a candidate for any nomination before a county convention shall be proven to have offered or paid any money, or other valuable thing, or made any promise of a consideration or reward to any delegate for his vote, or to any person with a view of inducing or securing the votes of delegates, or if the same shall be done by any other person with the knowledge and consent of such candidate, the name of such candidate shall be immediately stricken from the list of candidates; or if such fact be ascertained after his nomination, he shall be stricken from the ticket and the vacancy supplied by a new nomination, and, in either case, such person shall be ineligible to any nomination by the convention, or to an election as a delegate thereafter.

13. If any delegate shall receive any money or other valuable thing, or accept the promise of any consideration or reward to him or to any person for such candidate, as an inducement for his vote, upon proof of the fact to the satisfaction of the convention, such delegate shall be forthwith expelled, and shall not be received as a delegate to any party nomination.

14. Cases arising under the 8th, 12th and 13th rules shall have precedence over all other business in convention until determined.

15. That the term of the chairman of the county committee shall begin on the first day of January of each and every year.

16. That the delegates from the several boroughs and townships be authorized, in conjunction with the chairman of the county committee, to appoint the members of the committee for the various boroughs and townships.

The boards to hold the primary elections will be announced hereafter.

Tanner Outdone.

THE CHICAGO FASTER BEGINS TO EAT ONE MORE. CHICAGO, July 12.—Griscorn ended his fast of forty-five days in this city at noon today. A great crowd assembled in the Olympic theatre, notwithstanding the heat, and when the faster appeared he was vociferously cheered. His bill of fare was: Two quarts of milk, one quart of cream, a dish of milk toast, strawberries, huckleberries, a dish of boiled potatoes, crackers, butter, sugar and coffee. The stage was arranged for the occasion so that all present had a full view of the faster when he took his first mouthful. His present quarters were considered too small, and, besides, he says he was wearied of the monotony of their surroundings. After he feasted on his milk, berries, toast and potatoes, he will return to his private rooms, and in due time have something more substantial in the shape of roast duck, ham, garnished with celery, etc. He will remain in the city till next Monday, when he will return to his home in Fayette, Ohio. He intends to return to Chicago and make preparations for a lecture tour of two years, giving an account of his fast and the discoveries he claims to have made. He lost about forty-nine pounds in all, and was still very strong at the end of his fast. This morning the attendant physician recorded the faster's temperature, as 98.7-10 degrees, his pulse as 56 and his respiration as 14. To show that he has still a great deal of muscular strength he made a test with the dynamometer and pushed the indicator around to the highest point. Half a dozen of those present also made a test, but not one could push the indicator more than half way around the dial. He pushed it all the way with his left hand without apparently exerting himself.

During the seven days from July 10 to July 16 inclusive the deaths in Cincinnati, from sunstroke numbered 264 and from excessive heat 150, making 414 deaths in all. The greatest number on any one day from these causes was on July 14, being 86. These figures are official and are carefully made from the records of the Board of Health. During the same period the deaths from other causes were 153.

LETTER FROM WASHINGTON.

From our Regular Correspondent.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 18, 1881.

Last evening one of the President's physicians reported the patients' condition as follows: "He is practically out of danger. Complications may arise, but we see no signs of any. We do not yet feel like throwing up our hats and saying the President is out of danger. That would be misleading the public. All we can say is that he is doing nicely, gaining in strength and improving in every particular." This tells the story as believed here now by every body.

There is now no excitement in Washington. The assassination is the principal topic of conversation. The President's condition is asked about the first thing in the morning, and eventual congratulations over the improvements are the last exchanged between friends at night. The feeling is deep and universal, but the excitement of the first few days of doubt is over.

District Attorney Corkhill in an interview said that he had not settled the point whether more than one indictment is to be presented against Guiteau. He said: I am not prepared to say whether two separate offences can be made out of the two shots fired. There were two shots fired, however. I am not entirely satisfied that they do not constitute two offenses. I have given no definite opinion and made no announcement that I intended to present him on two separate charges. The gravity of the crime is so great and the punishment so inadequate that many suggestions have grown out of the situation.

An amusing incident at the Pension Office lately was the experience of a clerk who felt like taking a foreign tour. He applied for leave of absence for two months, one with pay and one without. He was thunderstruck when in reply he received notice of his dismissal; the authorities apparently thinking that a man who was able to spend the summer abroad ought to make room for some one both deserving and needy.

The clerical force of the House of Representatives has an immense labor before it, considering the state of the thermometer. This work is the preparation of a complete index of all private claims that have been before Congress from 1852 down to the close of the last session.

In Ohio the other day when the Democracy met in State Convention, an excellent platform—as far as platforms go—was adopted, and a good ticket put in the field. I am and have been for many years an admirer and believer in Senator Thurman. He has been upon the whole, the ablest man in the Senate in a long time. I would like to have seen him nominated for Governor of the State the other day, as I would two years ago. But his ability does not run in the line of seeking his own opportunities, and he being out of the question, I don't believe a more judicious nomination could have been made than was made. With a reasonable amount of effort the Democracy can carry the State, unless all the Ohio Democrats in this city are greatly mistaken. None of them doubt it.

A Furious Cyclone.

DEATH AND DESTRUCTION IN MINNESOTA.

St. Paul, July 17.—The town of New Um, on the Minnesota river, about sixty miles from here, and containing about 9,500 people, was wrecked by a cyclone late on Friday afternoon. It seems that two currents of air swept the valley simultaneously, coming from different directions. The scene was appalling; stone and brick buildings were raised from their foundations, and the air was full of debris. The town and its suburbs are now a mass of ruins. The people are organizing for the work that is before them, and will be prepared to commence the rebuilding of their city to-morrow. Workmen from St. Peter and Mankato are on hand, and things are beginning to assume some system. The Governor's Guards are on duty protecting property. Large crowds visited the scene of the disaster, to-day and a special from Redwood Falls was run. The following is a partial list of the killed and wounded in New Um: Laura Reitz, Anna Warner, Anna Leisch Meggari. Wounded:—Mrs. Warner, struck by lightning. She was lying on the floor with a small babe, which was killed. The bolt struck her on the breast and extended to her feet, leaving the body as black as a coal. She cannot remember an event in her life anterior to the time she was struck, and will probably die. Mrs. Reitz's arm was broken twice. Ida Leisch left leg broken. A Swede boy, name unknown, badly wounded in the neck and head; Mrs. Leisch, skull fractured and internal injuries, probably fatal. Many others were more or less injured. Loss, \$200,000.

Don Carlos, the Spanish pretender, has been ordered to quit France. It is stated that he has been engaged in certain proceedings which are regarded as a manifestation against the present form of government in France.

The London Standard, commenting upon Jefferson Davis' book, "The Rise and Fall of the Confederate Government," says: "We give him recognition of being a straightforward and sincere chronicler of memoirs alike interesting to all English and American citizens."

Daring Desperadoes.

A Rock Island Passenger Train is Taken Possession of by a Band of Robbers—The Conductor Shot Through the Heart—Another Man Meets Death by a Shot in the Head.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., July 16.—Information has been received here by an incoming Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific train of a daringly planned and successful train robbery at Winston, on the Rock Island Road, a short distance east of Cameron. The robbers were six in number, and were supposed to be under the leadership of Jesse James. The men boarded the train, which leaves this city at 6 P. M., at Cameron. At Winston, when the train stopped, they stood up in the aisle of a car with drawn revolvers. One of the bandits advanced with a revolver in each hand toward William Westfall, the conductor, and ordered him to hold up his hands. The conductor was slow in complying with this demand, and was shot through the heart by the desperado. One of the other men shot through the head John McCullough, a stonecutter, of Wilton Junction, who turned outward in his seat. The men then went through the train to the express car and overpowered the United States Express messenger, Charles Murray, who was intimidated into opening the safe, from which \$2000 was taken. The desperadoes then went to the engine and told the engineer to start his train. This he could not do on account of the automatic brake, and he was at once fired upon by the robbers. The engineer put out the lights in the cab and crawled along the foot-board to the pilot, and after extinguishing the headlight lay down in the pilot. The robbers made no search for him, but departed. No attempt was made to rob the passengers. The populace rose en masse, and armed men are now seeking the desperadoes.

CHICAGO, July 16.—President Riddle, of the Rock Island Road, has received a dispatch confirming the report of a daring train robbery at Winston, Mo. The superintendent of the road offers a reward of \$5000 for the apprehension of the robbers. The officers of the United States Express Company say that the amount taken from their safe cannot exceed \$2000.

KANSAS CITY, Mo., July 17.—There is considerable evidence to show that the train robbery on the Rock Island Road last Friday evening was done by the notorious James gang, and it may prove that one or both of the James boys were present with the gang. The robbers boarded the train at Cameron. Two got on the front end of the baggage car next to the engine, three more on the smoking car and two on the platform between the baggage car and the smoker. There were seven men in all. At Winston they arose with drawn revolvers. Conductor Westfall and a passenger were shot and killed. Then the robbers went through the safe in the express car, jumped from the train and escaped. The horses used by the robbers in their escape were thoroughbred animals, in the best condition for the work on hand. The horses were hitched to a fence about fifty rods from Winston Station.

STATE NEWS.

Michael Heller, of Seidersville, Lehigh county, aged 79 years, and Jacob Mertz, of Upper Sancom, the same county, 81 years of age, frequently take a hand in the harvest field.

John Stewart, of Bellevue, Westmoreland county, accidentally shot and killed Frank McFall, of the same place, aged 14 years, on Friday last. McFall was up a tree, and Stewart, seeing the leaves move, thought it was a squirrel.

The Molly McGuire, it is ascertained, have an organization at Connelville, in this State, the coke region, and have commenced their operations of murder and threatening. The people are much excited, and have employed detectives from the East, who are secretly working to ferret out these things with a view to protection of the community.

On Friday last the Lancaster Cork Works, owned by A. W. Russell and occupied by Geo. W. Dodge & Son, were totally destroyed by fire, which originated in the boiler house. John Burger, J. B. Sanson, Walter Reed, Horace Martin and Edward Peters, firemen, were injured by falling walls. Russell's loss on the building is \$10,000; insurance, \$3,000. Dodge & Son's loss on machinery and stock is \$20,000; insurance, \$16,500. The fire was accidental.

It is not generally known that there is a Mormon church in Scranton. It is not large, but makes up in firmness what it lacks in magnitude. This church was planted twenty years ago by a missionary from Wales. It has as complete an organization as the church at Salt Lake City, Edras Howell having from the beginning been its President. There are but twelve resident members, and for fear of awakening opposition no public meetings are held. The meetings are all private and are held at the houses of the members. The Mormons of Scranton do not practice polygamy, but send their converts as speedily as possible to Utah. They use the Scranton organization as a sort of recruiting station. There are branches at Plymouth Plains and Nanticoke, and several other places in the coal regions.

Bradford, Pa., was the scene of a destructive fire on last Friday morning. The fire started at about 2 o'clock in the morning, and gained such headway before the alarm was given that the destruction of a large portion of the business part of the city seemed imminent. The entire fire department, including three steamers and seven hose and truck companies, was quickly on the ground, but for a time its best efforts availed nothing in checking the conflagration. In less than an hour and a half all that part of the city lying between Main, Webster and Railroad streets, and Newell avenue was reduced to ashes. Nineteen buildings were totally destroyed. The Riddle House, a large brick hotel, caught fire repeatedly, but was saved, though the front was considerably damaged. The fire was got under control with great difficulty on account of the intense heat, a burning oil well and tank serving to spread the flames considerably. The fire is believed to have been the work of an incendiary. The total loss is estimated at \$60,000.

A Rope of Woman's Hair.

From the St. Louis Republican.

In his detail of Indian horrors that came under his notice Mr. Markley, the New Mexico Indian killer, stated that in 1867 he gave an Indian half a dollar for a hair rope ten feet in length and about the size of his little finger. He untwisted the end and found that it was made of red, auburn and black hair, which, from the length of each hair, was evidently that of women. He questioned the Indian, who told him the rope was made from the hair of the women and girls slain in the Mountain Meadow massacre, for complicity with which murder John D. Lee, the Mormon, was tried and shot a few years ago. The place where he purchased the rope was at Paleragonate, sixty-five miles from Mountain Meadow, where the most harrowing and brutal massacre of modern times occurred.

The excitement consequent upon the striking of oil at Pleasant Unity, Westmoreland county, has in no wise decreased. The well has been plugged until the proper casing and tubing arrives, when pumping will at once begin if the well be as abundant in its yield as before. The great desire among the land owners seems to be to develop the territory at once and prevent immense corporations like the Standard from gaining control of the territory.

Philadelphia Markets.

PHILADELPHIA, July 18, 1881. In breakfasts the only change was an advance in wheat. Flour—Flour is firm but quiet. Sales of 1,200 barrels, including Minnesota extra, at \$5.75; for good choice clear, and at \$6.25; for straight, Pennsylvania extra family at \$5.50; western do. at \$5.50; and patents at \$6.50; Rye flour moves slowly at \$2.00. Wheat—There was a fair demand for wheat at full prices. The closing figures were: \$1.23 1/2 bid, 61.24 asked for No. 2 red, July; \$1.20 1/2 bid, \$1.21 1/2 asked for No. 2 red, August; \$1.21 bid, \$1.21 1/2 asked for No. 2 red, September. Seeds—The sales are light at former prices.

Bellefonte Markets.

BELLEFONTE, July 21, 1881. QUOTATIONS. White wheat, per bushel..... \$1 60 Red wheat..... 1 50 Rye, per bushel..... 40 Corn, cob..... 40 Corn, shelled..... 45 Oats..... 30 Flour, retail, per barrel..... 5 00 Flour, wholesale..... 5 25

Provision Market.

Corrected weekly by Harper Brothers. Apples, dried, per pound..... 6 Cherries, dried, per pound, seeded..... 10 Beans, per quart..... 15 Fresh butter per pound..... 18 Chickens per pound..... 8 Cheese per pound..... 20 Country hams per pound..... 12 Hams, sugar cured..... 15 Bacon..... 8 Lard per pound..... 10 Eggs per doz..... 18 Potatoes per bushel..... 75 Dried beef..... 18

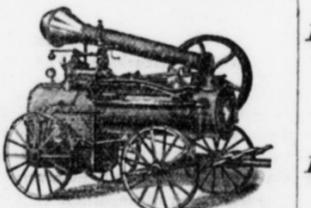
NOTICE is hereby given, that the account of D. Z. KLINE, committee of the person and estate of H. C. Brooks, deceased, has been filed in the office of the Prothonotary of the Court of Common Pleas in and for the county of Centre, and that said account will be presented for confirmation at the next term of said court.

MOUNTAIN HOUSE.

SNOW SHOE, CENTRE CO., PENN'A. OFFERS the best accommodations at reasonable rates of any Summer resort in the State. Board can be had at from \$5.00 to \$5.00 per week, and transient at 25 cents and 50 cents for each meal, as parties may desire. Clean Rooms and Superior Table combined. All are invited. Hotel opposite the Railroad Depot. Only first class houses in the place.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

In the Orphans' Court of Centre county, estate of SCOTT WILLIAMS, deceased. The undersigned, an auditor appointed by the said court to hear and determine the exceptions filed to the account of Messrs. Williams and J. W. Stuart, Executors of Scott Williams, dec'd, to restate the account and make distribution of the balance to and among those legally entitled thereto, will meet the parties in interest at his office in Bellefonte, on FRIDAY, the 13th day of July, 1881, at 10 o'clock, A. M. of said day, at which time and place all parties interested may attend.

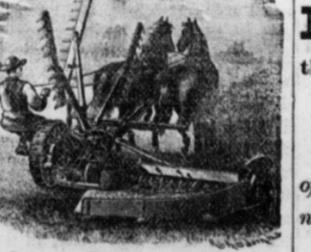


WE desire to call the attention of Farmers to the fact that we have a full and complete assortment of Agricultural Implements

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION, from best makers. Our prices are moderate, and the quality of our implements are second to none in the market. Farmers and consumers will do well to call on us before purchasing elsewhere.



Among our stock of implements will be found PATENT PORTABLE ENGINES, MILBURN WAGONS,



Adriance Reapers & Mowers.

GRAIN DRILLS, HAY RAKES, CORN PLANTERS, BROAD CAST GRASS DRILLS, THRESHING MACHINES, WARD CHILLED PLOWS, &c. &c. We also give special attention to REPAIRING, and would respectfully solicit the patronage of those desiring any thing in the line of Implements and Machinery of every description.

GORDON & LANDIS, BELLEFONTE, PA.

THE GREAT BEE HIVE STORES.

Strictly One Price.

GRAND CLEARING SALE

SUMMER GOODS

FOR THE NEXT 30 DAYS.

We are bound to sell the above goods regardless of price, as we must have the room for Fall Goods.

Special Bargains

In Dress Goods, Cambric and Lawns.

SPECIAL BARGAINS

In White Goods, Table Linens, and Napkins.

SPECIAL BARGAINS

In Boots and Shoes, Carpets and Oil Cloths.

SPECIAL BARGAINS

In Hosiery, Gloves, and Underwear.

SPECIAL BARGAINS

In Corsets, Ribbons, and Ties.

SPECIAL BARGAINS

In Laces, Lace Ties, and Fans.

SPECIAL BARGAINS

In Gents' Shirts, Collars and Ties.

SPECIAL BARGAINS

In Gents' Hats, Straw Hats at a Great Reduction.

Leave your measure for a Summer Suit. We will make you one to order, good goods and best make, at such a low price that it will pay you to get one for next Summer.

We manufacture the

Bee Hive Overall,

the best in market. Warranted not to rip. Call early and secure some of the above bargains for the next thirty days.

Yours, respectfully,

Bauland & Newman,

Originators of the One Price System, BELLEFONTE, PA.