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Business Cards.

HARNESS MANUFACTORY In Garman's New Block, BELLEFONTE, PA. F. P. BLAIR, JEWELER, WATCHES, CLOCKS, JEWELRY, &c.

FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF BELLEFONTE, ALLEGHENY STREET, BELLEFONTE, PA.

CENTRE COUNTY BANKING COMPANY. Receive Deposits, And Allow Interest, Discount Notes, Buy and Sell Gov. Securities, Gold and Compo.

TRAVELER'S GUIDE. BELLEFONTE & SNOW SHOES. R. R.—Time-Table in effect on and after May 1, 1880.

BALD EAGLE VALLEY RAILROAD—Time-Table, April 29, 1880. WESTWARD. Exp. Mail. Exp. Mail.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD. (Philadelphia and Erie Division.)—On and after December 12, 1877. WESTWARD.

ERIE MAIL leaves Philadelphia 11:55 p.m. " " Harrisburg 8:25 a.m. " " Williamsport 8:55 a.m.

GIRARD HOUSE, CORNER CHESTNUT AND NINTH STREETS, PHILADELPHIA. This house prominent in a city famed for its comfortable hotels, is kept in every respect equal to any first-class hotels in the country.

BUSH HOUSE, BELLEFONTE, PA. IS OPEN. D. P. PETERS, Proprietor.

MONEY TO Loan at 6 per Ct. BY THE MUTUAL LIFE INSURANCE CO. OF NEW YORK.

GARMAN'S HOTEL, Opposite Court House, BELLEFONTE, PA. TERMS \$1.25 PER DAY.

Professional Cards.

H. A. McKEE, ATTORNEY AT LAW. Office opposite Court House, Bellefonte, Pa.

FRANK FIELDING, LAW AND COLLECTION OFFICE, CLEARFIELD, PA.

W. A. MORRISON, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW. Office in Woodring's Block, opposite the Court House.

ALEXANDER & BOWER, ATTORNEYS AT LAW. Office in Garman's Building.

BEAVER & GEHART, ATTORNEYS AT LAW. Office on Allegheny street, north of High, Bellefonte, Pa.

D. F. FORTNEY, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW. Last door to the left in the Court House.

JOHN BLAIR LINN, ATTORNEY AT LAW. Office Allegheny Street, over Post Office.

J. L. SPANGLER, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW. BELLEFONTE, CENTRE COUNTY, PA.

D. S. KELLER, ATTORNEY AT LAW. Office on Allegheny Street South side of Lyon's store, Allegheny, Pa.

MURRAY & GORDON, ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW. CLEARFIELD, PA.

T. C. HIPPLE, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW. LOCK HAVEN, PA.

W. M. MITCHELL, PRACTICAL SURVEYOR. LOCK HAVEN, PA.

W. C. HEINLE, ATTORNEY AT LAW. BELLEFONTE, PA.

W. A. WALLACE, D. L. KREBS. WALLACE & KREBS, ATTORNEYS AT LAW. CLEARFIELD, PA.

WILLIAM McCULLOUGH, ATTORNEY AT LAW. CLEARFIELD, PA.

DR. JAS. H. DOBBINS, M. D., PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON. Office Allegheny St., over Zeigler's Drug Store.

DR. J. W. RHONE, Dentist, can be found at his office and residence on North side of High street three doors East of Allegheny, Bellefonte, Pa.

CANCER REMOVED, WITHOUT KNIFE, and in most cases without pain. Apply to C. W. P. FISHER, Boalsburg, Centre County, Pa.

IRON A TRUE TONIC A PERFECT STRENGTHENER. A SURE REVIVER. IRON BITTERS are highly recommended for all diseases requiring a certain and efficient tonic.

AGENTS WANTED To take subscriptions for the INTERNATIONAL REVIEW, the latest and best American publication.

GILMORE & CO., LAW AND COLLECTION HOUSE. 627 F STREET, WASHINGTON, D. C.

ST. XAVIER'S ACADEMY, NEAR LATROBE, PA. NEARLY half a Century old, from which the most prominent and cultivated women in Pennsylvania have graduated.

New Advertisements.

HOP BITTERS. (A Medicine, not a Drink.) CONTAINS HOPS, RICH, MANDRAKE, DANDELION, AND THE PUREST AND MOST MEDICAL QUALITIES OF ALL OTHER BITTERS.

BLISS' AMERICAN WONDER PEAS. Extra Early, Very Dwarf (8 to 10 inches), Re-quires no Bushing, Exquisite Flavor.

B. C. TALCOTT'S B. C. TALCOTT'S GARDEN FIELD AND HANDBOOK.

NICHOLS, SHEPARD & CO. Battle Creek, Michigan, MANUFACTURERS OF THE ONLY GENUINE VIBRATOR.

THRESHERS, Traction and Plain Engines and Horse-Powers. Most Complete Thresher Factory Established in the World.

TRACTION ENGINES. Strong, most durable, and efficient ever made. 8, 10, 13 Horse Power.

BROCKERHOFF HOUSE, BELLEFONTE, PA. W. R. TELLER, Proprietor.

IRON BITTERS. A PERFECT STRENGTHENER. A SURE REVIVER.

The Centre Democrat.

BELLEFONTE, PA. AGRICULTURAL. NEWS, FACTS AND SUGGESTIONS.

THE TEST OF THE NATIONAL WELFARE IS THE INTELLIGENCE AND PROSPERITY OF THE FARMER.

Every farmer in his annual experience discovers something of value. Write it and send it to the "Agricultural Editor of the Democrat, Bellefonte, Penna."

NEVER overload a young team nor discourage it by a too heavy pull at first starting; nor start from a bad place, if possible to avoid it.

If any of our readers have any question with themselves as to the propriety of planting forest trees, let them read the article in another column headed, "Where our Forests are Going."

It is not probable that any very great number of Centre county farmers will adopt either "steamed fodder" or "ensilage" as their main reliance for winter feed at a very early day.

It will soon be time to have all ready for sowing in the garden the seeds of vegetables that cannot endure heat, and that help to keep the cook serving us rather than the doctor, and we know of no better place to secure these seeds, fresh, pure and true to name, than of B. K. Bliss & Sons.

We are in receipt, just as we send this to the printers, and too late for immediate examination, of a copy of the Country Gentleman, containing a finely illustrated article descriptive of the dairy barns and silos of Messrs. Whitman & Burrell, of Little Falls, N. Y.

Where Our Forests are Going. To make shoe pegs enough for American use consumes annually 100,000 cords of timber, and to make our lucifer matches, 300,000 cubic feet of the best pine are required every year.

I know of no better plan than this for wintering sheep in places where severe winters prevail. This sheep barn may not be exactly adapted to every case, but it will indicate the leading points to be kept in view.

Speaking of our gigantic crops of wheat, the American Miller remarks that few people, even in our own country, realize how inexhaustible our resources are for wheat growing.

THE N. Y. Tribune, in answer to a question, says that 123 pounds of the corn fodder must be given to supply the same nutriment as 100 pounds of hay would contain.

Value of Beets as a Stock Crop. I am satisfied, from personal experience in growing beets for stock purposes, that this can be done at no more cost than that of a crop of corn.

Why Good Water, and Plenty of It, is Needed by Stock. When we consider that all food to be assimilated by the animal system must be in the form of liquids, and that at least 70 to 75 per cent. of the whole animal is water, we shall see that to be healthy, contented and thrifty, a full supply of water is essential to all farm stock as good food.

Steeded Fodder vs. Ensilage. As so many are now "running wild" over "ensilage," and as Dr. Baily has, in the Massachusetts Ploughman, given the cost per day of feeding with ensilage to be "for a cow yielding 25 lbs. of milk per day 11-17 cents," allow me to give the cost of feeding "steamed fodder," based upon repeated trials and weighings during a period of twenty consecutive years.

Cost per day for 50 cows \$4.50 Cost per day for 1 cow \$4.50

With this ration young cattle and dry cows gain in flesh very rapidly, and are in good health with vigor of constitution unimpaired. The milk cows will also give 25 lb. of milk per day, but as we are not satisfied with so small a yield we feed 1/2 bushel of roots and 2 quarts of cornmeal to each cow and obtain from 40 to 50 lbs. of milk from each cow that has calved during the winter.

One of the gravest errors into which the uninitiated often fall is the great and needless hurry with which they commit their seed to the ground, before the warmth of spring has killed all traces of frost therein.

While it would appear that common sense teaches even the most un-knowing not to place small seed a half inch or an inch beneath the surface, there are many who do this very thing, and then, with refreshing ignorance, wonder why their seed do not grow; the cause is plainly attributed to the fact that the germ of a small seed being, in itself, naturally small and delicate, is unable to force itself through such a mass of soil, and must, consequently, perish.

Sheep as Renovators of Worn-out Farms.

I might say in very few words that there is no method of restoring over-cropped land, so good as turning it into sheep pasture, and using the manure the sheep make during the winters for the poorer parts of the land.

But a letter referred to me by the Agricultural Editor—from "New England Boy," Augusta, Me.—demands more of detail. My first advice to him is to procure "The Practical Shepherd," by the Hon. Henry S. Randall, by far the best book ever written on the whole sheep matter; every man who intends to keep fifty sheep should have a copy.

Never overload a young team nor discourage it by a too heavy pull at first starting; nor start from a bad place, if possible to avoid it.

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